# **Predictive Analytics: Assignment 10.2**

#### Joshua Greenert

#### DSC630-T301 Predictive Analytics

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```
In [82]: # Import the required libaries.
         import numpy as np
         import pandas as pd
         import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
         # Pull in the data to begin preparation.
         df ratings = pd.read csv('../../../Downloads/ml-25m/ratings.csv')
         df ratings.head(5)
Out[82]:
           userId movieId rating
                               timestamp
        0
                     296
                           5.0 1147880044
                     306
                           3.5 1147868817
        2
               1
                     307
                           5.0 1147868828
                           5.0 1147878820
                     665
               1
         4
                     899
                           3.5 1147868510
         # Pull in the links, movies, and tags datasets to use later.
In [83]:
         df movies = pd.read csv('../../../Downloads/ml-25m/movies.csv')
         df links = pd.read csv('../../../Downloads/ml-25m/links.csv')
         df tags = pd.read csv('../../../Downloads/ml-25m/tags.csv')
In [84]:
         # Merge the datasets together to obtain one full dataframe.
         merged data = df ratings.merge(df movies, on='movieId', how='left')
         # Create a new dataframe with userId, movieId, and rating.
In [85]:
         df user recommended = merged data[['userId', 'movieId', 'rating']].copy()
         # Set the values to use for the csr matrix dimensions.
         n ratings = len(df user recommended)
         n movies = len(df user recommended['movieId'].unique())
         n users = len(df user recommended['userId'].unique())
         # print the n ratings to ensure they are valid.
         print(f"Total Movies: {n movies} \nTotal Users: {n users} \nTotal Ratings: {n ratings}")
        Total Movies: 59047
        Total Users: 162541
        Total Ratings: 25000095
In [86]: # Map the indices to users and movie ids.
         user map = dict(zip(np.unique(df user recommended['userId']), list(range(n users))))
        movie map = dict(zip(np.unique(df user recommended['movieId']), list(range(n movies))))
```

user i map = dict(zip(list(range(n users)), np.unique(df user recommended['userId']))) movie i map = dict(zip(list(range(n movies)), np.unique(df user recommended['movieId']))

# Create indices for the csr matrix to be used next.

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movie index = [movie map[i] for i in df user recommended['movieId']]
In [87]: # Create the csr matrix for comparison
         from scipy.sparse import csr matrix
        matrix = csr matrix((df user recommended["rating"], (movie index, user index)), shape=(n
In [88]: # Map the movies to the ids.
         movie names mapped = dict(zip(merged data['movieId'], merged data['title']))
In [102...
         This function will use K nearest neighbors to determine the best matching movie from the
         list will be returned along with a links.
         @param: name - the name of the movie
         @param: total matches - the total number of movies to return
         from sklearn.neighbors import NearestNeighbors
         def find related movies(name, total matches):
             # Increment total matches since we'll be removing the one that matches the closest (
             total matches += 1
             # Create a variable to hold our neighbors.
             neighbour ids with distance = {}
             # Look up the movie the user entered with contains (less strict) and obtain the movi
             user movie id = next((k for k, v in movie names mapped.items() if v == name), None)
             # Prepare a vector for the KNN model.
             movie index mapped = movie map[user movie id]
             movie vector = matrix[movie index mapped]
             # Set the KNN model and fit it.
             knn = NearestNeighbors(algorithm = 'brute', metric='cosine')
             knn.fit(matrix)
             # reshape and determine distances for KNN values.
             movie vector reshaped = movie vector.reshape(1, -1)
             distances, indices = knn.kneighbors(movie vector reshaped, n neighbors=total matches
             # Loop over the data and flatten the distances.
             for i in range(0,len(distances.flatten())):
                n = indices.flatten()[i]
                neighbour id = movie i map[n]
                 neighbour ids with distance[movie names mapped[neighbour id]] = distances.flatte
             # Remove the same movie from the list.
             neighbour ids with distance.pop(movie names mapped[user movie id], None)
             # Sort the data by accuracy
             sorted neighbours = sorted(neighbour ids with distance.items(), key=lambda x: x[1],
             # Print the games and their related accuracy.
             count = 1
             movie link = "https://www.themoviedb.org/movie/"
             print(f"Movies related to: {movie names mapped[user movie id]}\n")
             for movie, accuracy in sorted neighbours:
                 if count == total matches:
                     break
```

user index = [user map[i] for i in df user recommended['userId']]

```
else:
    # Set the movie link to pass with the data.
    next_movie_id = next((k for k, v in movie_names_mapped.items() if v == movie
    tmdb_id = df_links.loc[df_links['movieId'] == next_movie_id, 'tmdbId'].item(
    neighbour_movie_link = movie_link + str(int(tmdb_id))

    print(f"{movie}: {neighbour_movie_link}")
    count += 1
```

### Test the Results

```
In [103... # Test 1
        movie name = "Toy Story (1995)"
         total matches = 5
         find related movies (movie name, total matches)
        Movies related to: Toy Story (1995)
        Star Wars: Episode IV - A New Hope (1977): https://www.themoviedb.org/movie/11
        Toy Story 2 (1999): https://www.themoviedb.org/movie/863
        Back to the Future (1985): https://www.themoviedb.org/movie/105
        Forrest Gump (1994): https://www.themoviedb.org/movie/13
        Jurassic Park (1993): https://www.themoviedb.org/movie/329
In [104... # Test 2
        movie name = "Toy Story 2 (1999)"
         total matches = 10
         find related movies(movie name, total matches)
        Movies related to: Toy Story 2 (1999)
        Toy Story (1995): https://www.themoviedb.org/movie/862
        Bug's Life, A (1998): https://www.themoviedb.org/movie/9487
        Monsters, Inc. (2001): https://www.themoviedb.org/movie/585
        Shrek (2001): https://www.themoviedb.org/movie/808
        Finding Nemo (2003): https://www.themoviedb.org/movie/12
        Ghostbusters (a.k.a. Ghost Busters) (1984): https://www.themoviedb.org/movie/620
        Chicken Run (2000): https://www.themoviedb.org/movie/7443
        Men in Black (a.k.a. MIB) (1997): https://www.themoviedb.org/movie/607
        Back to the Future (1985): https://www.themoviedb.org/movie/105
        Sixth Sense, The (1999): https://www.themoviedb.org/movie/745
In [105... # Test 3
         movie name = "Fight Club (1999)"
         total matches = 10
         find related movies(movie name, total matches)
        Movies related to: Fight Club (1999)
        Matrix, The (1999): https://www.themoviedb.org/movie/603
        Memento (2000): https://www.themoviedb.org/movie/77
        American Beauty (1999): https://www.themoviedb.org/movie/14
        Lord of the Rings: The Fellowship of the Ring, The (2001): https://www.themoviedb.org/mo
        vie/120
        Pulp Fiction (1994): https://www.themoviedb.org/movie/680
        American History X (1998): https://www.themoviedb.org/movie/73
        Lord of the Rings: The Return of the King, The (2003): https://www.themoviedb.org/movie/
        122
        Kill Bill: Vol. 1 (2003): https://www.themoviedb.org/movie/24
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Lord of the Rings: The Two Towers, The (2002): https://www.themoviedb.org/movie/121 Dark Knight, The (2008): https://www.themoviedb.org/movie/155

## Conclusion

Based on the data that were provided, I decided to use a K-Nearest Neighbors (KNN) model to generate predictions based on how close the ratings were with each respective movie title. Once the list of movies were collected, I looped through the results and created a link — using the links dataset — on the "tmdbld" column to allow the user to easily navigate to the movie suggestion for review. Based on the tests shown above with the movies "Toy Story", "Toy Story 2", and "Fight Club", we can easily see that the model has fairly decent accuracy in terms of recommendations. For instance, the test on "Toy STory" and "Toy Story 2" both reference one another, as they should, along with other movies that fall into either a children's movie theme or an action/adventure theme. Alternatively, the suggestions for "Fight Club" match a darker theme of movie with mentions such as "Kill Bill" and "American History X". Overall, the KNN recommendation model shows promise in generating accurate and relevant movie suggestions based on user input, while also providing links to the recommended movies for user perusal.