

# ELEM/ ADATSZERKEZETEK & ADATTÍpusok

Stack

- A: T[]

- m: N

- constant max:  $N_f := 16$

+ Stack(max:  $N_f := m_0$ )

{ A := new T[max]; m := 0 }

+ push(X: T)

+ pop(): T

+ top(): T

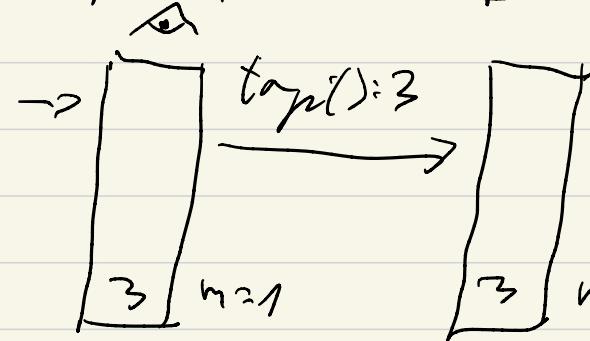
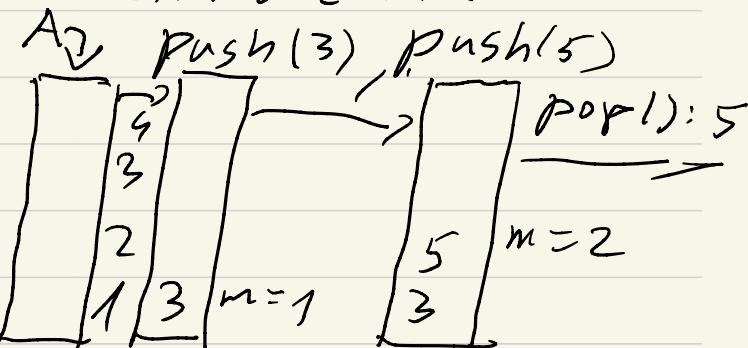
+ isEmpty(): B { return m = 0 }

+ setEmpty() { m := 0 }

+ ~Stack() { delete A }

UML körz (Verum)

LIFO tároló



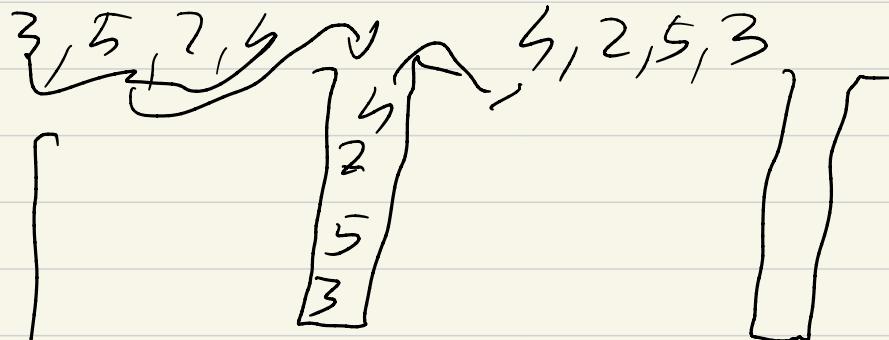
{ S: Stack; . . . } | AT  $\stackrel{(m)}{\text{push}} \in \Theta(1)$ ,  $| \Theta(1) | / \text{hil. push}() \stackrel{\text{end}}{\in} \Theta(1)$

$| \Theta(1) | / \text{HT}(m) \in \Theta(m)$

`read(&x:y):B`

function

`S:Stack`  
`read(x)`  
`S.push(x)`  
`G.using(y)`  
`write(S.pop())`



## Queue

- constante  $m_0 := N_t := 16$

-  $Z : \mathbb{T}^{\lceil \rceil}$

-  $k, n : \mathbb{N}$

+ Queue( $m := N_t := m_0$ )

{ $Z := \text{new } \mathbb{T}^{\lceil \rceil}[m]; k := n := 0$ }

+ add( $x : \mathbb{T}$ )

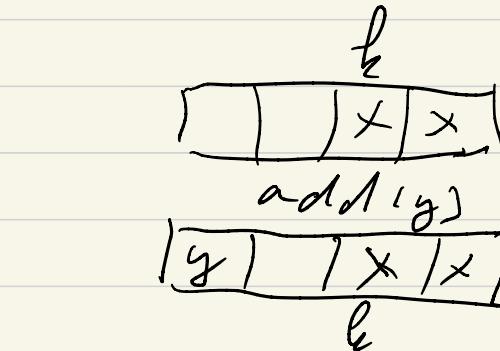
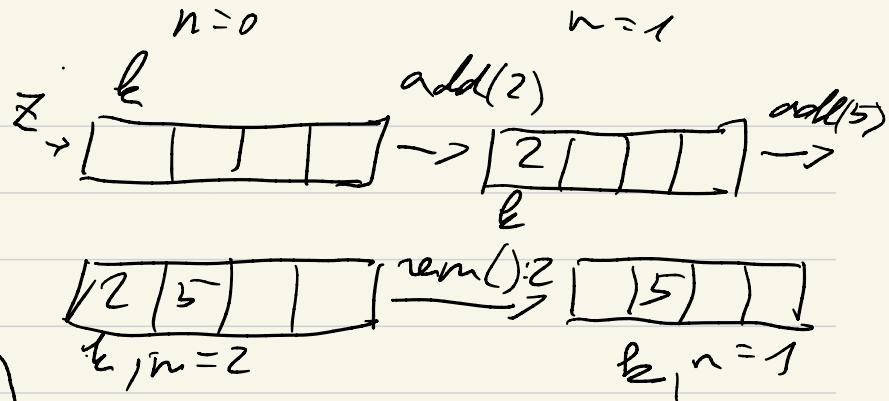
+ rem() :  $\mathbb{T}$

+ first() :  $\mathbb{T}$

+ length() :  $\mathbb{N}$  {return  $n$ }

+ setEmpty() { $k := n := 0$ }

+ ~Queue() {delete  $Z$ }



$O(1)$

$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{MT}(n) \in O(n) \\ \text{AT}(n) \in O(1) \\ \text{mT}(n) \in O(1) \end{array} \right.$

AMORTIZIERT  
ZALT min.  
wegen  
Nameita,

Möglichkeit:  $\Theta(1)$ , bzw.  $\text{add}(x)$

$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{MT}(n) \in O(n) \\ \text{AT}(n) \in O(1) \\ \text{mT}(n) \in O(1) \end{array} \right.$

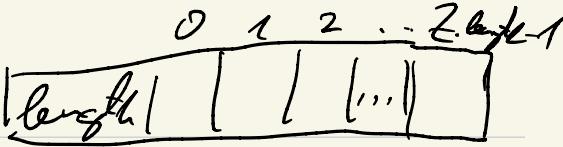
Queue :: add(x: T)

$n = Z.length$

DoubleQueueArray(Z, k) | X

$Z[(k+n) \bmod Z.length] := x$

$n++$



$Z$

$*Z = Z[0]$

$*Z + 1 = Z[1]$   
:

Queue :: rem( ) : T

1

$n \geq 0$

$i := k ; n--$

$k := (k+1) \bmod Z.length$

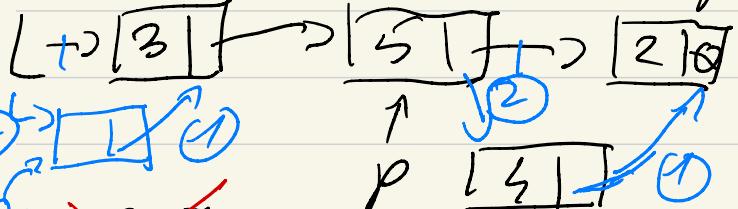
return  $Z[i]$

throw

EMPTY\_QUEUE\_ERROR

# LÄNCÖLJS LISTÁK

$\langle 3, 5, 2 \rangle$  reprezentációja



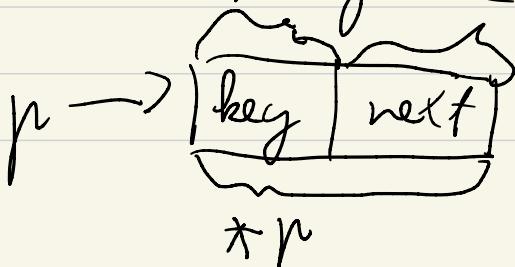
$L[i]$

Beszívás

a lista elején

$p \rightarrow \text{key}$

$(\ast p), \text{key}$

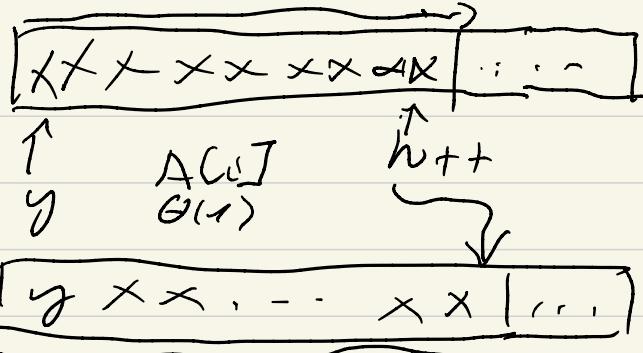


$p \rightarrow \text{next}$

$(\ast p), \text{next}$

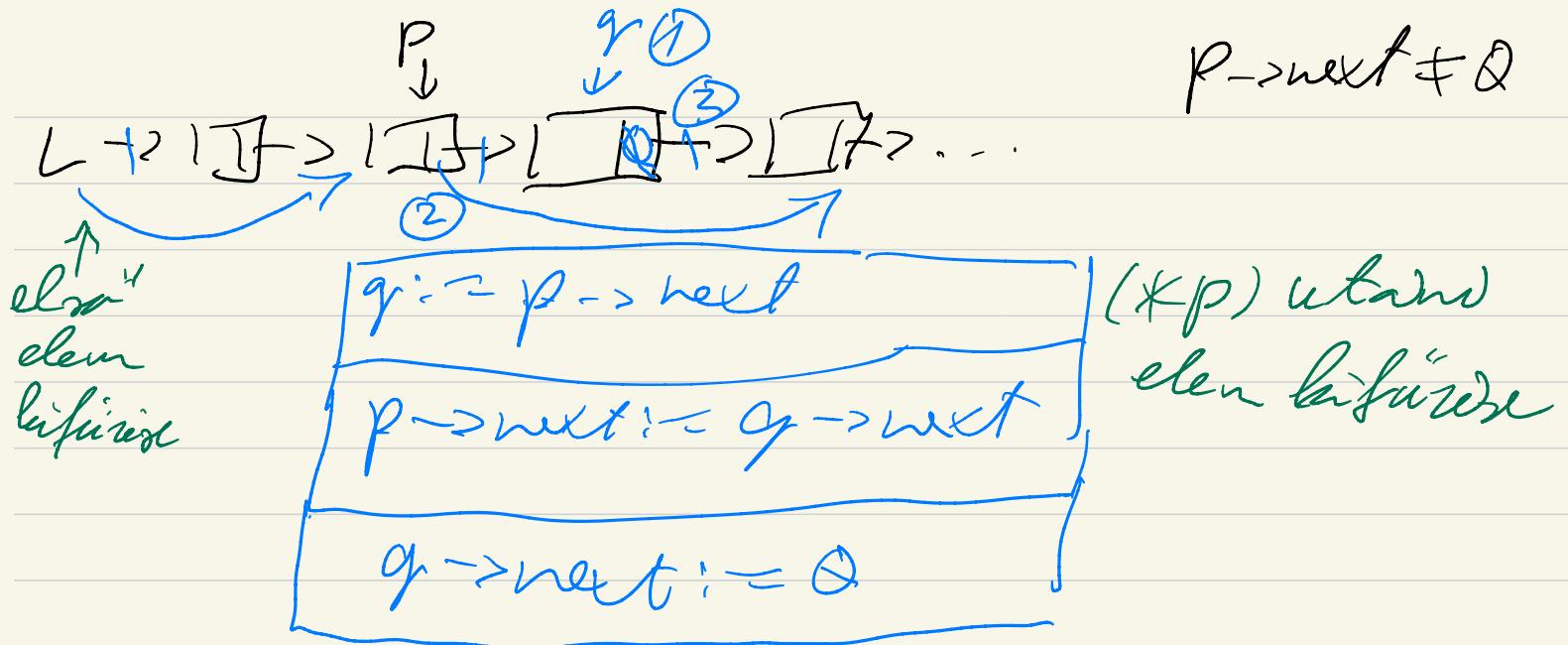
Beszívás( $\ast p$ )  
után

A



$q \rightarrow \text{next} := p \rightarrow \text{next}$   
 $p \rightarrow \text{next} := q$

$E1$   
 $+key: 5$   
 $+next: E1 * := Q$



S1L - el (lines:  $L = \emptyset$ )

# Lancolt listák

eggyéinnyű

egyszerű  
(S1L)

$$L = \emptyset$$

$$L \rightarrow [5] \emptyset \rightarrow [2] \emptyset \rightarrow [3] \emptyset$$

$$H \rightarrow \boxed{1} \emptyset$$

$$H \rightarrow \boxed{1} \emptyset \rightarrow [s] \emptyset \rightarrow [2] \emptyset \rightarrow [3] \emptyset$$

$$\boxed{1} \\ \uparrow \\ f \quad t$$

$$[5] \emptyset \rightarrow [2] \emptyset \rightarrow [3] \emptyset \rightarrow \boxed{1}$$

$$\uparrow \\ f$$

$$[5] \emptyset \rightarrow [2] \emptyset \rightarrow [3] \emptyset \rightarrow \boxed{1} \\ \uparrow \\ t$$

$$H$$

p := new E1

Q = q +> ~~1~~

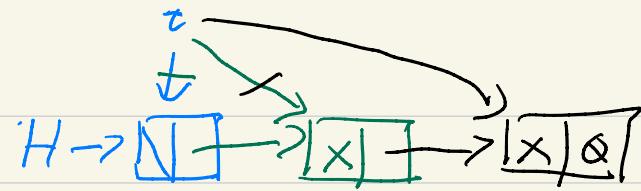
SOK reprezentációjaihoz

p → ~~1~~ Q

· delete q ; ... ; r → next := s

???

read\_HL(): E14

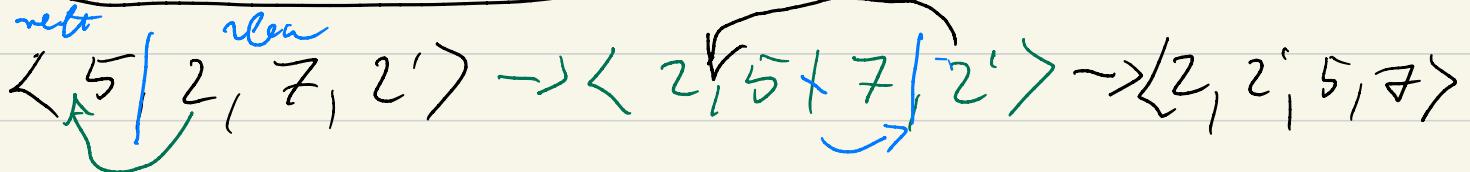


$t := H := \text{new } E1$

$\text{read}(x)$

$t := t \rightarrow \text{next} := \text{new } E1$

$t \rightarrow \text{key}. = x$

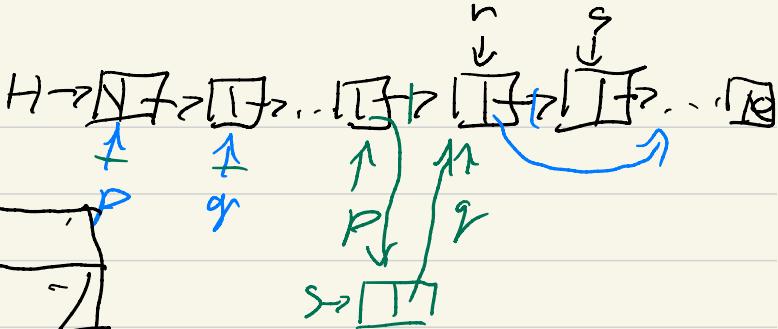


Insertion-Sort (IS)

IS~HIL (H := E1\*)

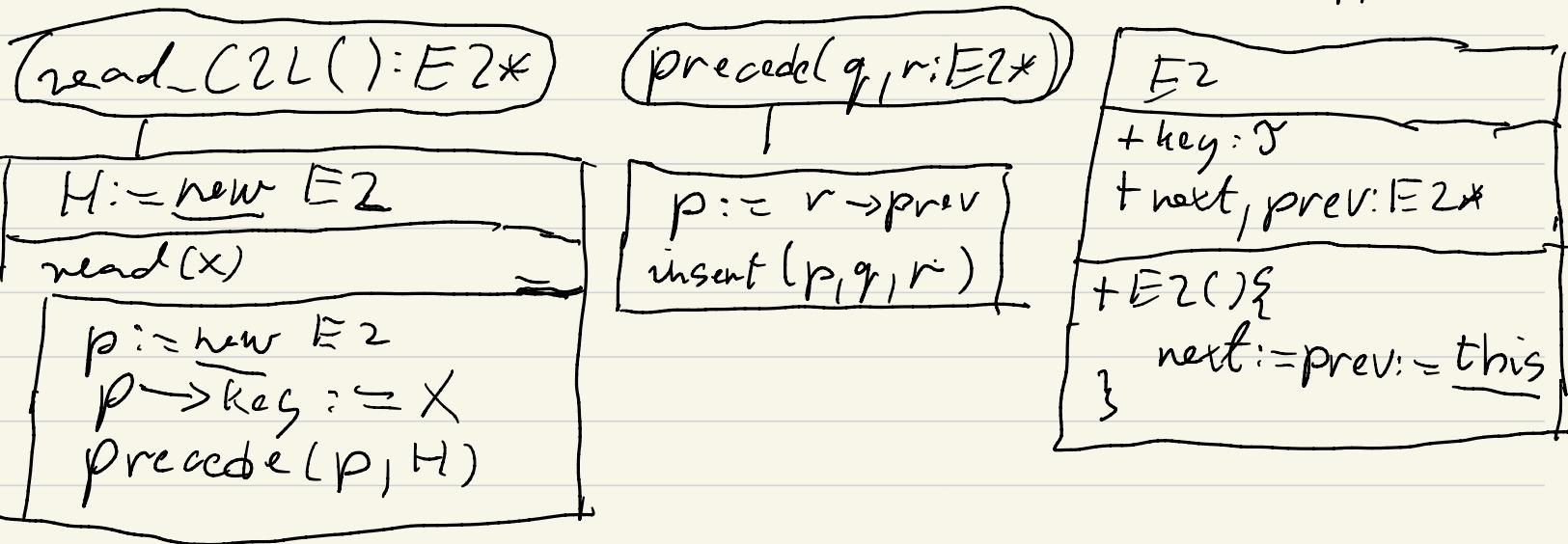
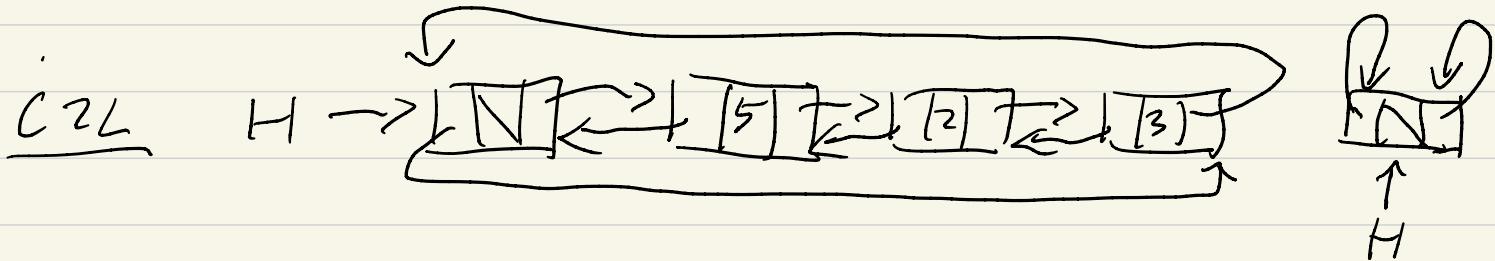
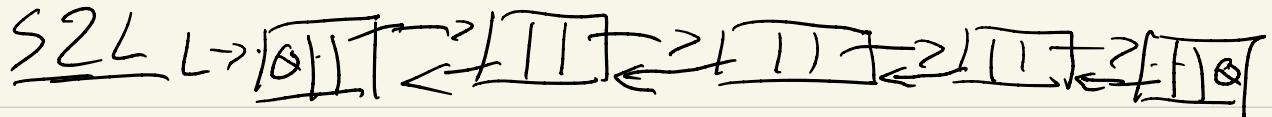
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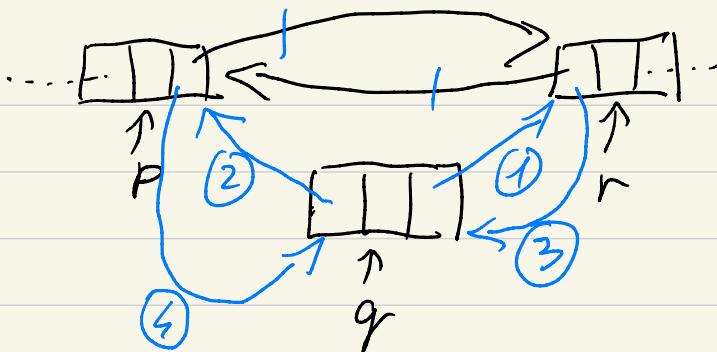
r := H->next
r ≠ Q
s := r->next
s ≠ Q
r->key ≤ s->key
r->next := s->next
:= q->key ≥ s->key
s
p := r; q := q->next
s->next := q
p->next := s
s := r->next
    
```



$$mT(n) \in \Theta(n)$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} mT(n) \\ AT(n) \end{array} \right\} \in \Theta(n^2)$$



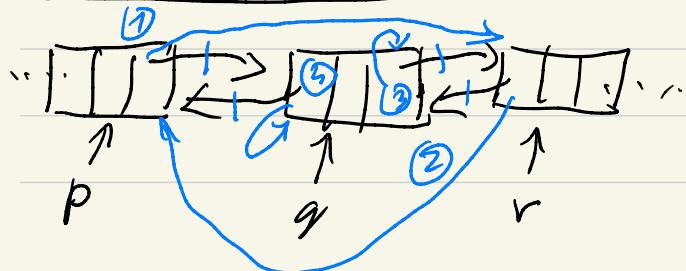


$\text{insert}(p, q, r : E2\&)$

$q \rightarrow \text{next} := r$   
 $q \rightarrow \text{prev} := p$   
 $r \rightarrow \text{prev} := q$   
 $p \rightarrow \text{next} := r$

$\text{follow}(p, q : E2\&)$

$r := p \rightarrow \text{next}$   
 $\text{insert}(p, q, r)$



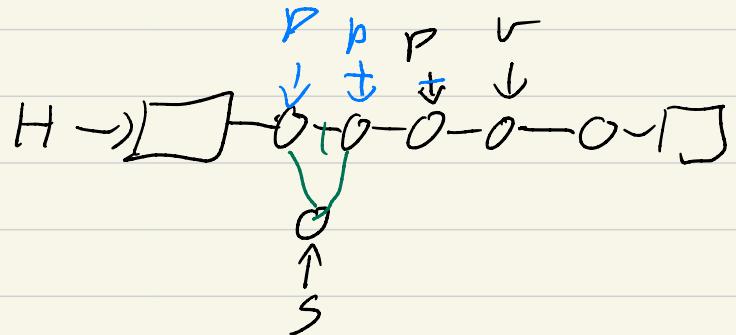
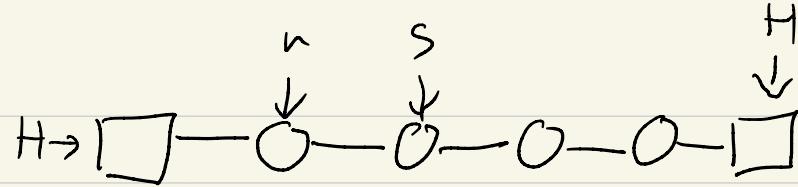
$\text{unlink}(q : E2\&)$

$p := q \rightarrow \text{prev}; r := q \rightarrow \text{next}$   
 $p \rightarrow \text{next} := r$   
 $r \rightarrow \text{prev} := p$   
 $q \rightarrow \text{prev} := q \rightarrow \text{next} := q$

IS\_C2L(H:EZ\*)

```

r := H->next; s := r->next
S ≠ H
    r->key ≤ s->key
    r | unlink(s)
    := p := r->prev
    S | p ≠ H ∧ p->key > s->key
        p := p->prev
    } follow(p, s)
    S := r->next
  
```



$$mT(n) \in \Theta(n)$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} mT(n) \\ AT(n) \end{array} \right\} \in \Theta(n^2)$$