## STA4211 Question 3

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```
group_A <- c(14, 18, 11, 13, 18, 17, 21, 9, 16, 17, 14, 15) # Sleep (Group 1)
group_B <- c(12, 12, 14, 13, 6, 18, 14, 16, 10, 7, 15, 10) # Caffeine (Group 2)

# Combine data
data <- c(group_A, group_B)
n_A <- length(group_A)
n_B <- length(group_B)
```

(a)

```
# Observed difference in means
obs_diff <- mean(group_A) - mean(group_B)
cat("Observed Difference in Means:", obs_diff, "\n")</pre>
```

## Observed Difference in Means: 3

(b)

```
# Null hypothesis : No difference in mean
# Alternative hypothesis : Two-sided difference in mean
```

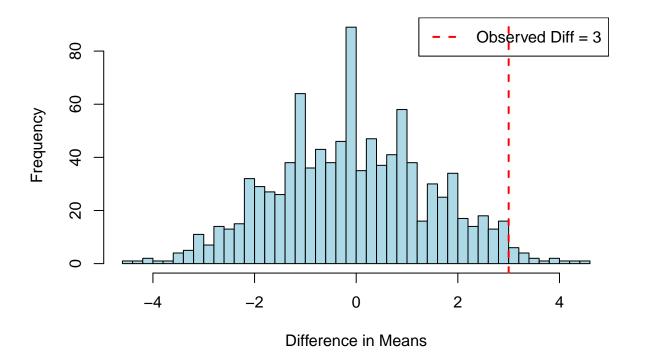
(c)

```
# Randomization test
n_perm <- 1000
perm_diffs <- numeric(n_perm)
set.seed(347)

for (i in 1:n_perm) {
    shuffled <- sample(data)
    perm_group_A <- shuffled[1:n_A]
    perm_group_B <- shuffled[(n_A + 1):(n_A + n_B)]
    perm_diffs[i] <- mean(perm_group_A) - mean(perm_group_B)
}</pre>
```

(d)

## **Permutation Test: Difference in Means**



(e)

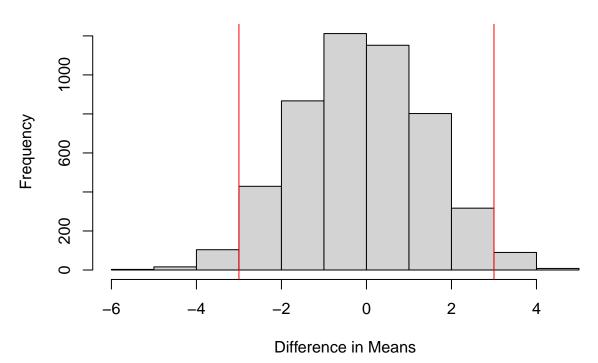
```
# 5,000 permutations, seed=913
n_perm <- 5000; set.seed(913)
perm_diffs <- replicate(n_perm, {
    s <- sample(data)
    mean(s[1:n_A]) - mean(s[(n_A+1):(n_A+n_B)])
})

cat("Center:", mean(perm_diffs),
    " SD:", sd(perm_diffs),
    " Shape: bell-shaped around 0\n")</pre>
```

## Center: -0.02406667 SD: 1.520956 Shape: bell-shaped around 0

```
hist(perm_diffs,
    main="5,000 perms",
    xlab="Difference in Means")
abline(v=c(-obs_diff,obs_diff), col="red")
```

## 5,000 perms



(f)

```
p_value <- mean(abs(perm_diffs) >= abs(obs_diff))
cat("(f) P-value (5,000 perms):", p_value, "\n")
## (f) P-value (5,000 perms): 0.0494
# At the 5% level, we reject the null hypothesis but not so convincingly
(g)
t_test_result <- t.test(group_A, group_B,</pre>
                         alternative = "two.sided",
                         var.equal = FALSE)
p_value
## [1] 0.0494
t_test_result
##
## Welch Two Sample t-test
##
## data: group_A and group_B
## t = 2.1438, df = 21.894, p-value = 0.04342
\mbox{\tt \#\#} alternative hypothesis: true difference in means is not equal to 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## 0.09699633 5.90300367
## sample estimates:
## mean of x mean of y
##
       15.25
                 12.25
\# Both p-values are very close, so can make the same conclusion
```