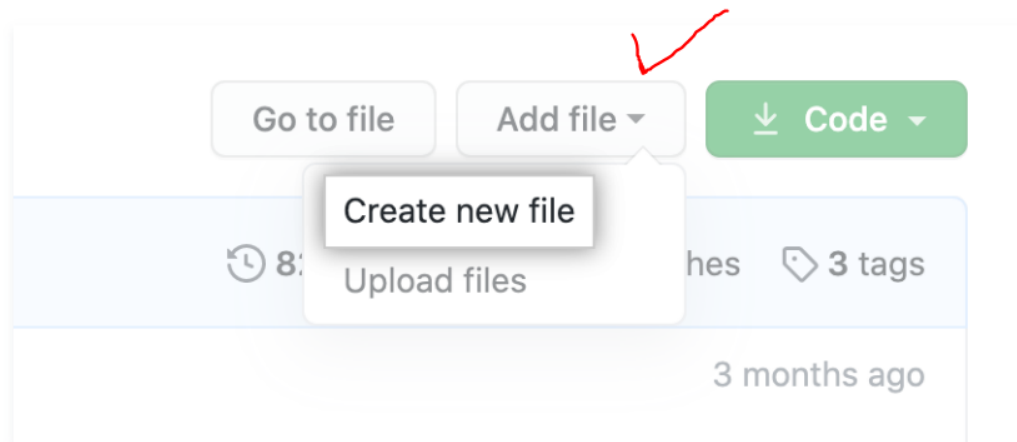


Creating a Pull Request Template for your Repository

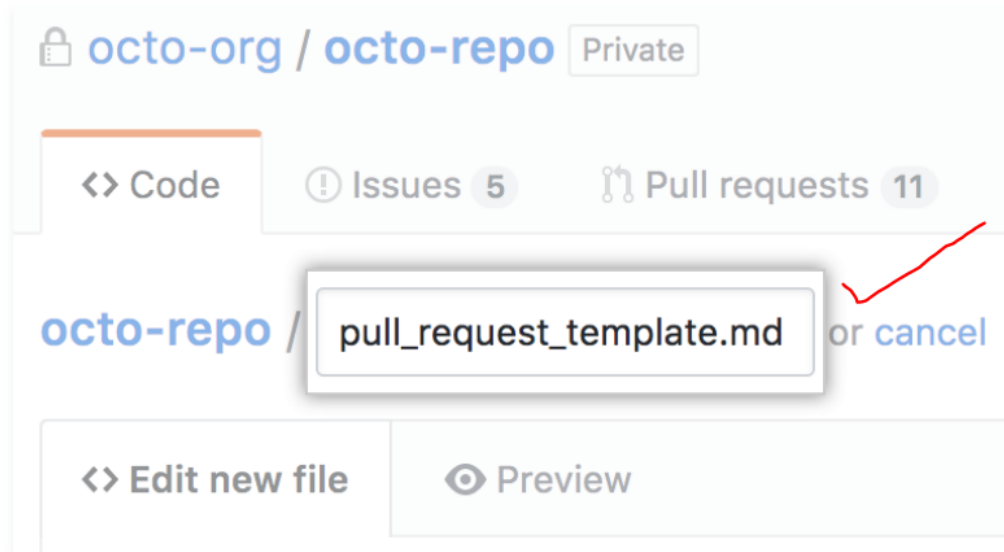
Adding a pull request template

- 1 On GitHub.com, navigate to the main page of the repository.
- 2 Above the list of files, using the **Add file** drop-down, click **Create new file**.

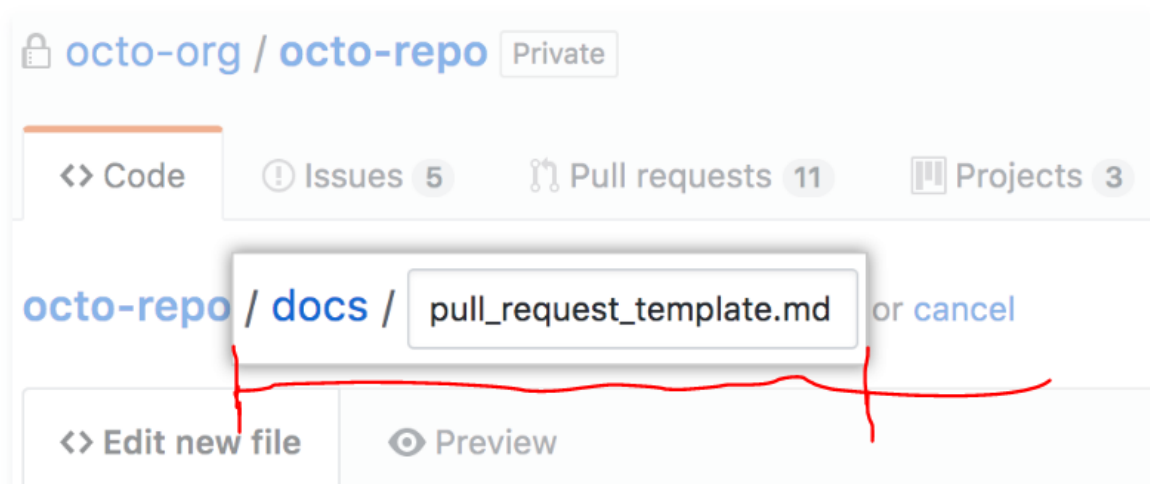


3 In the file name field:

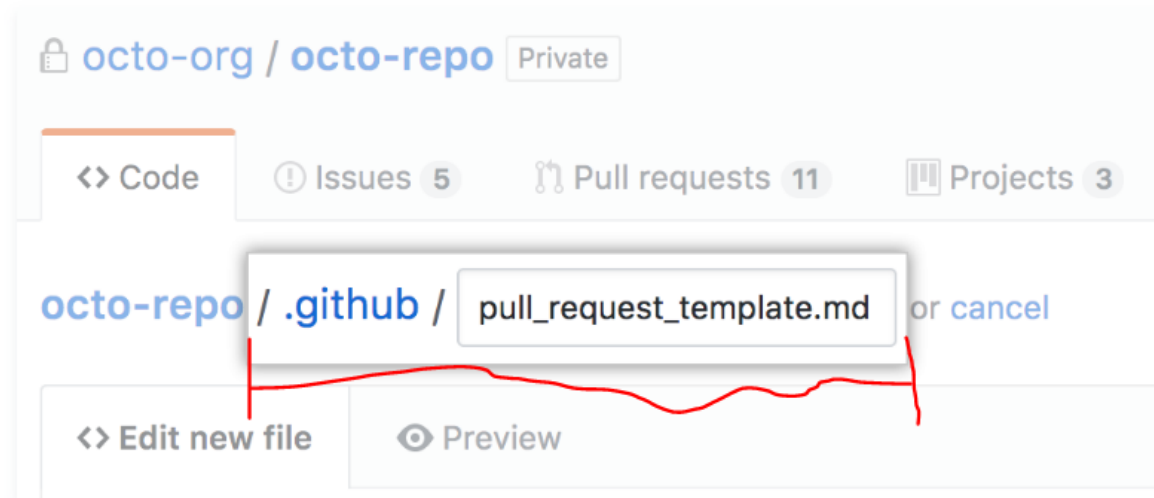
- To make your pull request template visible in the repository's root directory, name the pull request template `pull_request_template.md`.



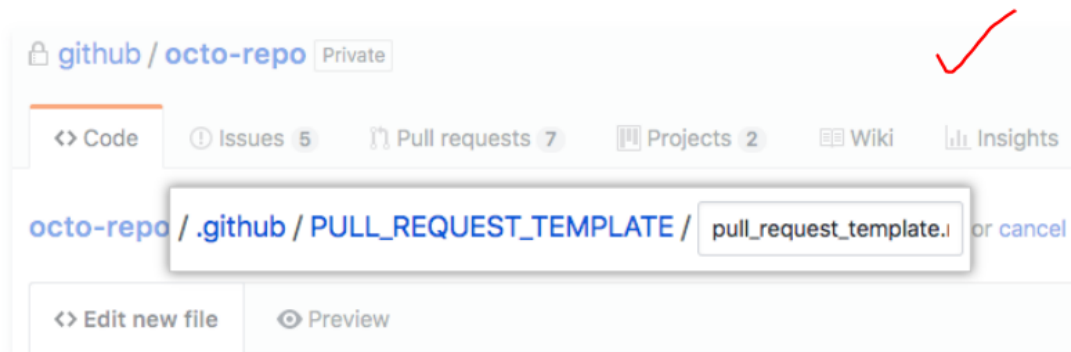
- To make your pull request template visible in the repository's `docs` directory, name the pull request template `docs/pull_request_template.md`.
- To make your pull request template visible in the repository's `docs` directory, name the pull request template `docs/pull_request_template.md`.



- To store your file in a hidden directory, name the pull request template `.github/pull_request_template.md`.



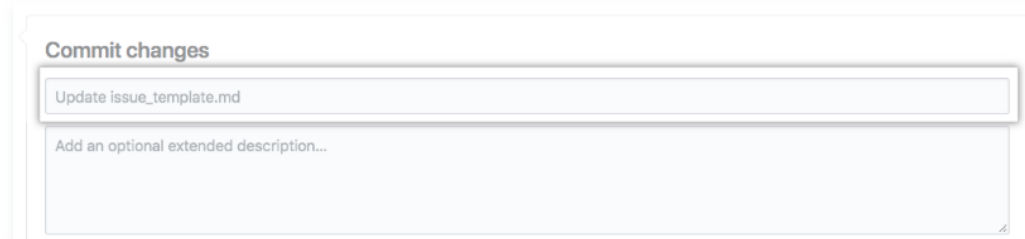
- To create multiple pull request templates and use the `template` query parameter to specify a template to fill the pull request body, type `.github/PULL_REQUEST_TEMPLATE/`, then the name of your pull request template. For example, `.github/PULL_REQUEST_TEMPLATE/pull_request_template.md`. You can also store multiple pull request templates in a `PULL_REQUEST_TEMPLATE` subdirectory within the root or `docs/` directories. For more information, see ["About automation for issues and pull requests with query parameters."](#)



4 In the body of the new file, add your pull request template. This could include:

- A [reference to a related issue](#) in your repository.
- A description of the changes proposed in the pull request.
- [@mentions](#) of the person or team responsible for reviewing proposed changes.

5 At the bottom of the page, type a short, meaningful commit message that describes the change you made to the file. You can attribute the commit to more than one author in the commit message. For more information, see "[Creating a commit with multiple co-authors](#)."



6 Below the commit message fields, decide whether to add your commit to the current branch or to a new branch. If your current branch is the default branch, you should choose to create a new branch for your commit and then create a pull request. For more information, see "[Creating a new pull request](#)."

✓

☐ Commit directly to the `main` branch.

☒ Create a new branch for this commit and start a pull request. [Learn more about pull requests.](#)

`octocat-patch-1`


Propose new file Cancel

}

Templates are available to collaborators when they are merged into the repository's default branch.

7 Click **Propose new file**.

✓

 **Commit new file**

Add .gitignore

Add an optional extended description...

☐ Commit directly to the `main` branch.

☒ Create a new branch for this commit and start a pull request. [Learn more about pull requests.](#)

`octocat-patch-1`

Propose new file Cancel

}