

Fast, Cheap, DIY Observability with Open Source Analytics and Visualization

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Solution design desig



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Observability is our ability to understand a system from its outputs alone







A Typical Request Log

```
2024-07-01 09:35:34 GET /home 200 ...
```

Adding Duration

2024-07-01 09:35:34 231ms GET /home 200



Back to our log...

```
2024-07-01 09:35:34 231ms GET /home 200
```

Back to our log...

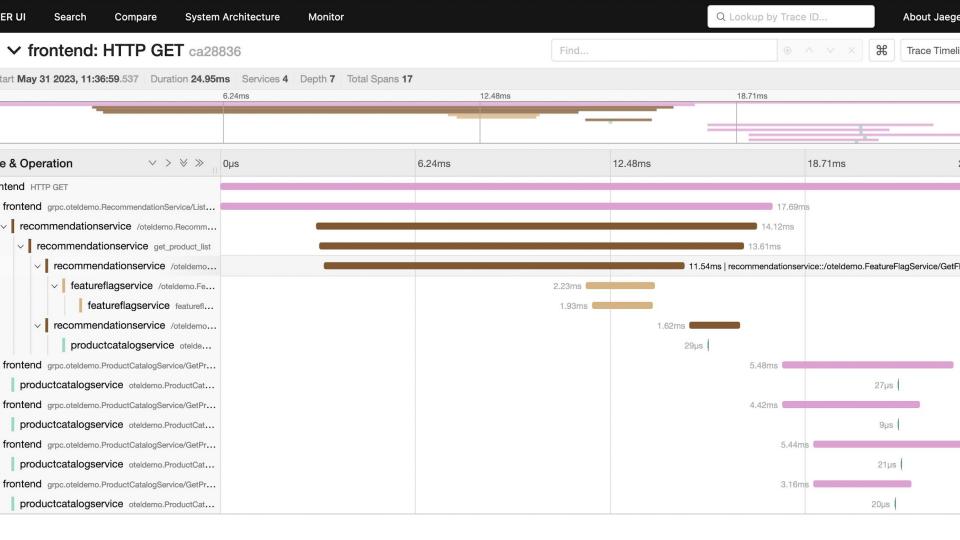
```
Request:123 2024-07-01 09:35:34 231ms GET /home 200
```

Connecting the trace:

09:35:34 201ms GET /api/users 201

```
Trace:4ea3 Span:123 2024-07-01 09:35:34 231ms
GET /home 200
Trace:4ea3 Span:456 ParentSpan:123 2024-07-01
```

12



Observability is not any one signal...

Metrics

Aggregable

Is there a problem?

Traces

Request-Scoped

Where is the problem?

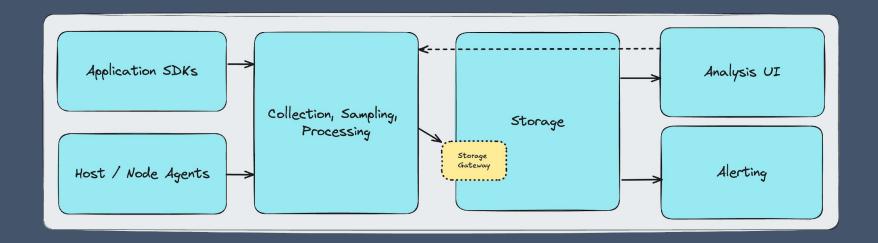
Logs

Verbose, time-stamped records

What is the problem?

\$ vmstat -n 2 10 procs -------memory----- ---swap-- ----io---- -system-- -----cpu----buff cache si so bi bo in swpd free cs us sy id wa st 0 343296 21690808 2290104 6897160 187 0 343296 21690800 2290104 6897160 60 2989 7688 0 343296 21690140 2290104 6897164 72 4704 13677 3 2 95 0 343296 21689888 2290104 6897164 14 3132 9364 0 343296 21690220 2290104 6897168 86 3014 7995 0 343296 21690448 2290104 6897176 20 2660 7297 0 343296 21690268 2290104 6897176 12 2695 7222 0 343296 21690196 2290104 6897180 80 3641 10419 0 343296 21689696 2290104 6897180 14 4108 12605 0 343296 21689900 2290104 6897184 60 2688 7270 2 1 97

A complete observability solution



Introducing ClickHouse

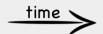
- SQL-compatible
- Massively scalable
- Really, really fast

Telemetry is WORM

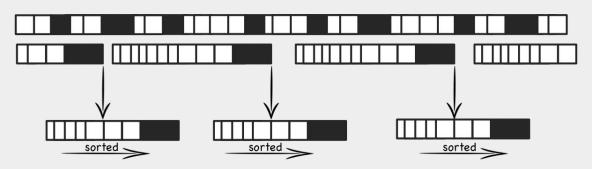
Write-Once, Read-Many

B-Trees: Optimized for Reads

Log-Structured Merge Trees: Optimized for ingestion

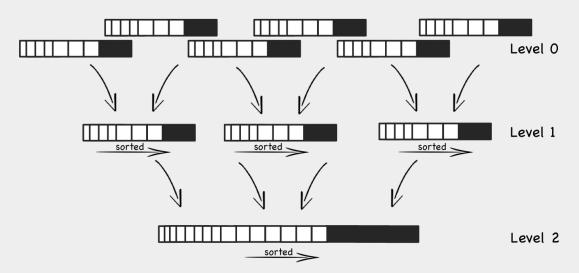


Data stream of k-v pairs ... are buffered in sorted memtables

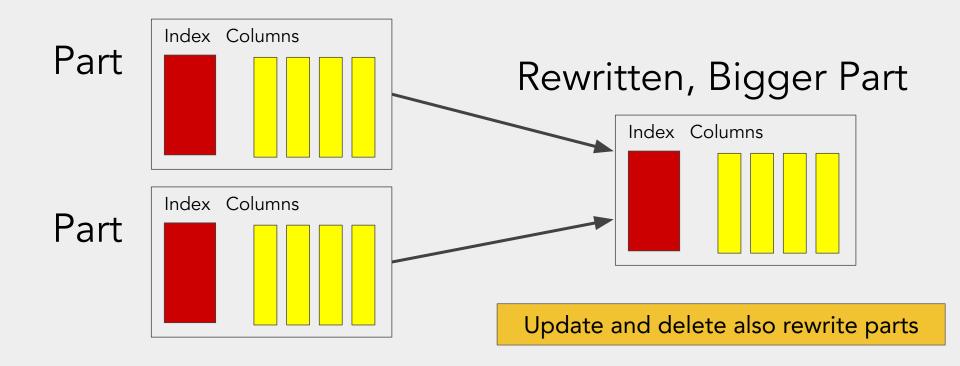


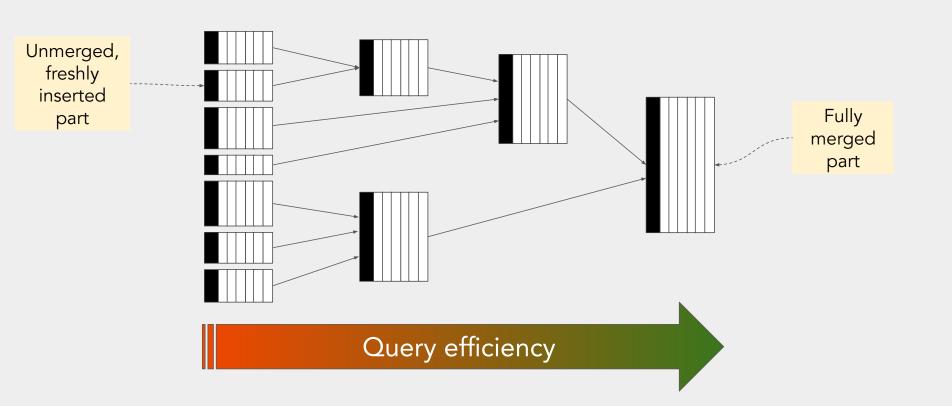
and periodically flushed to disk...forming a set of small, sorted files.

Log-Structured Merge Trees: Background compaction



Compaction continues creating fewer, larger and larger files





ClickHouse for Observability

How does this help?

- Fast writes
- Time-friendly
- Easy cleanup
- Cost-effective

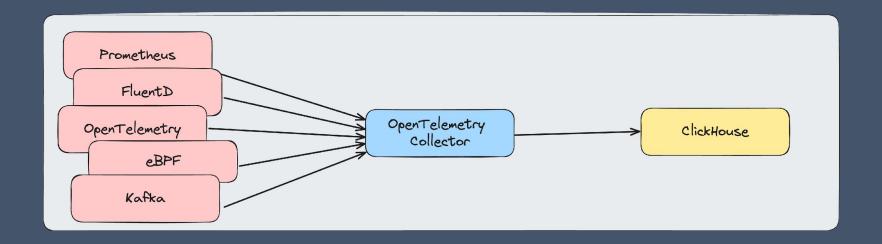
ClickHouse for Observability

Integrations

- Grafana Datasource Plugin
- Jaeger w/ ClickHouse backend
- Kafka table engine

ClickHouse for Observability

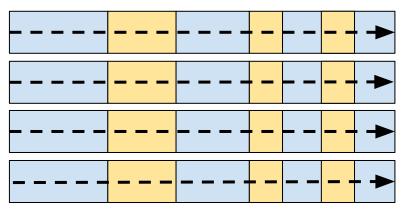
Integrations via OpenTelemetry



CREATE TABLE default.ontime ref(LZ4 compression `Year` UInt16, `Quarter` UInt8, Dictionary encoding `Month` UInt8, `FlightDate` Date, Engine for fast `Carrier` LowCardinality(String)) analytics How to partition data ENGINE = MergeTree PARTITION BY Year ORDER BY (Carrier, FlightDate) -How to sort rows

PostgreSQL, MySQL

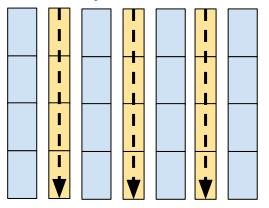
Read all columns in row



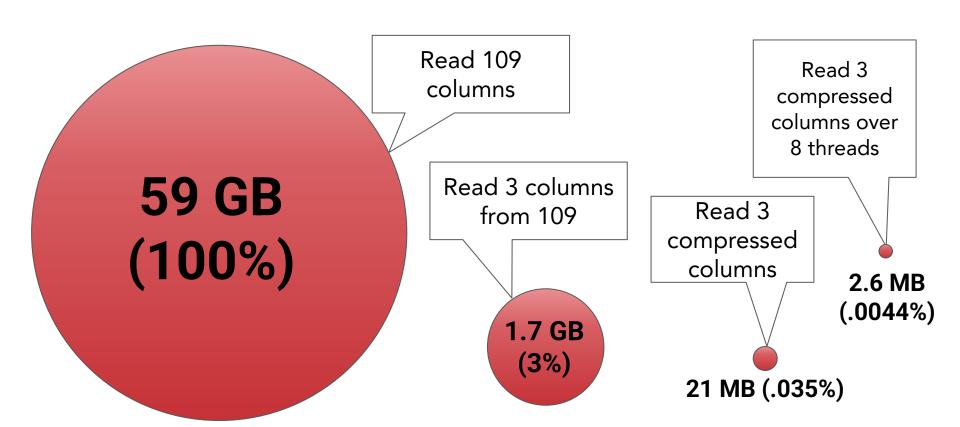
Rows compressed minimally or not at all

ClickHouse

Read only selected columns

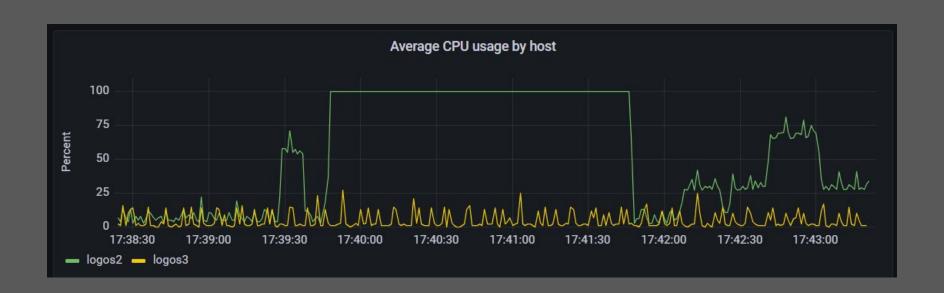


Columns highly compressed

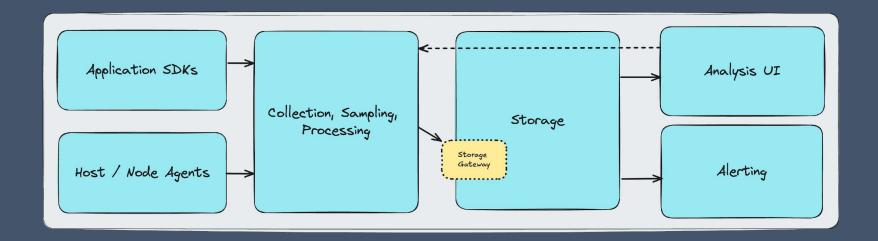


Ok, back to our simple o11y demo...

\$ vmstat -n 2 10 procs -------memory----- ---swap-- ----io---- -system-- -----cpu----buff cache si so bi bo in swpd free cs us sy id wa st 0 343296 21690808 2290104 6897160 187 0 343296 21690800 2290104 6897160 60 2989 7688 0 343296 21690140 2290104 6897164 72 4704 13677 3 2 95 0 343296 21689888 2290104 6897164 14 3132 9364 0 343296 21690220 2290104 6897168 86 3014 7995 0 343296 21690448 2290104 6897176 20 2660 7297 0 343296 21690268 2290104 6897176 12 2695 7222 0 343296 21690196 2290104 6897180 80 3641 10419 0 343296 21689696 2290104 6897180 14 4108 12605 0 343296 21689900 2290104 6897184 60 2688 7270 2 1 97



A complete observability solution



Sooo...How do we ingest vmstat data and display it?

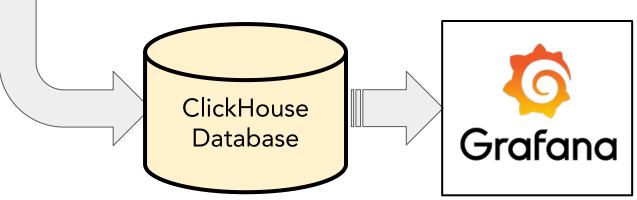
```
$ vmstat 1 -n

procs ------memory------ ---swap-- ----io---- -system-- ----cpu----

r b swpd free buff cache si so bi bo in cs us sy id wa st

0 0 166912 2645740 36792 3360652 0 0 3 101 1 1 2 1 98 0 0

1 0 166912 2645360 36792 3360652 0 0 0 1182 3986 7 1 93 0 0
```



Step 1: Generate vmstat data

```
#!/usr/bin/env python3
import datetime, json, socket, subprocess
host = socket.gethostname()
with subprocess.Popen(['vmstat', '-n', '1'], stdout=subprocess.PIPE) as proc:
   proc.stdout.readline() # discard first line
   header names = proc.stdout.readline().decode().split()
   values = proc.stdout.readline().decode()
    while values != '' and proc.poll() is None:
        dict = {}
        dict['timestamp'] = datetime.datetime.now().strftime("%Y-%m-%d %H:%M:%S")
        dict['host'] = host
        for (header, value) in zip(header names, values.split()):
            dict[header] = int(value)
       print(json.dumps(dict), flush=True)
        values = proc.stdout.readline().decode()
```

Here's the output

```
{"timestamp": "2024-01-22 18:13:16", "host": "logos3", "r": 0, "b":
0, "swpd": 166912, "free": 2523688, "buff": 41412, "cache": 3408292,
"si": 0, "so": 0, "bi": 3, "bo": 101, "in": 1, "cs": 0, "us": 2,
"sy": 1, "id": 98, "wa": 0, "st": 0}
{"timestamp": "2024-01-22 18:13:17", "host": "logos3", "r": 0, "b":
0, "swpd": 166912, "free": 2523696, "buff": 41412, "cache": 3408316,
"si": 0, "so": 0, "bi": 0, "bo": 216, "in": 1214, "cs": 4320, "us":
1, "sy": 1, "id": 98, "wa": 0, "st": 0}
{"timestamp": "2024-01-22 18:13:18", "host": "logos3", "r": 0, "b":
0, "swpd": 166912, "free": 2527120, "buff": 41412, "cache": 3408572,
"si": 0, "so": 0, "bi": 0, "bo": 0, "in": 1172, "cs": 4162, "us": 2,
"sy": 1, "id": 98, "wa": 0, "st": 0}
```

Step 2: Design a ClickHouse table to hold data

```
CREATE TABLE monitoring.vmstat (
  timestamp DateTime,
                                                      Dimensions
  day UInt32 default toYYYYMMDD(timestamp), 	
 host String, ◀
 r UInt64, b UInt64, -- procs
  swpd UInt64, free UInt64, buff UInt64, cache UInt64, -- memory
  si UInt64, so UInt64, -- swap
 bi UInt64, bo UInt64, -- io
 in UInt64, cs UInt64, -- system
 us UInt64, sy UInt64, id UInt64, wa UInt64, st UInt64 -- cpu
 ENGINE=MergeTree
PARTITION BY day
                                               Measurements
ORDER BY (host, timestamp)
```

Step 3: Load data into ClickHouse

INSERT INTO vmstat Format JSONEachRow



Step 5: Go crazy!

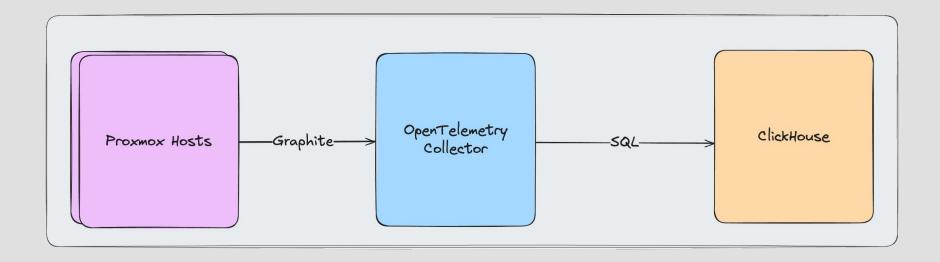
-host	— loaded	minutes-
logos3		6
logos2		5

2 hosts had > 25% load for at least a minute in the last 24 hours

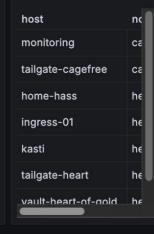


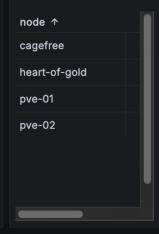
Example #2: Monitoring Proxmox Hosts

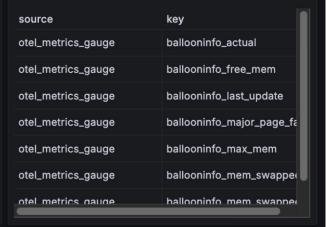
Monitoring Proxmox Hosts



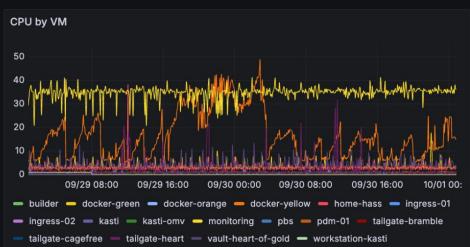
source	key
Attributes	host
Attributes	instance
Attributes	nodename
Attributes	object
Attributes	type
Attributes	vmid
ResourceAttributes	host name



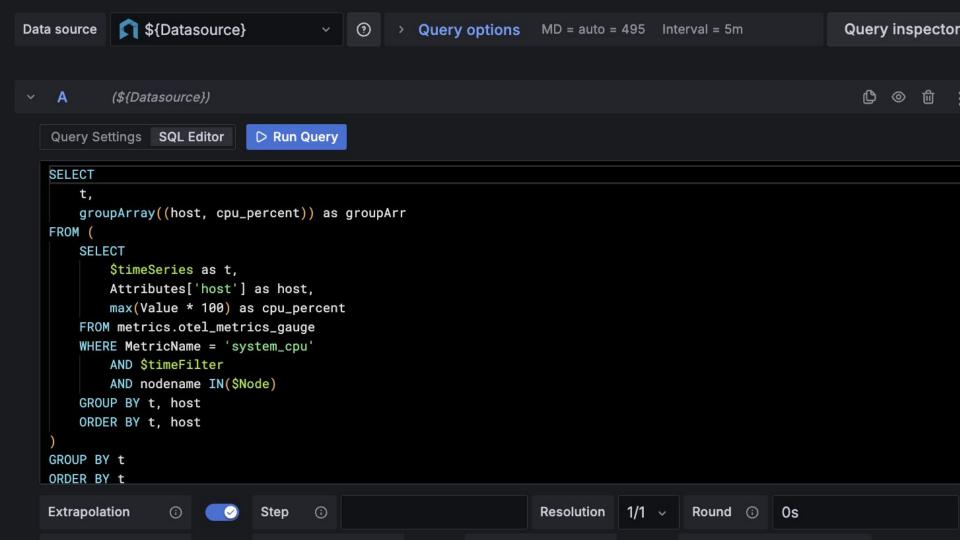




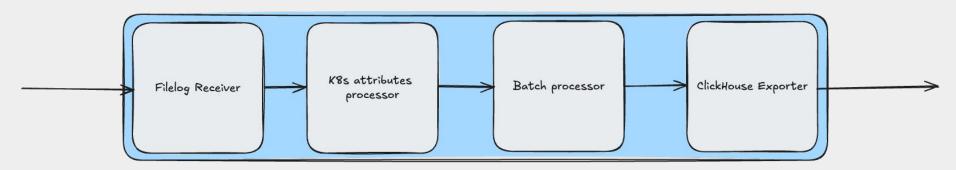
Overview



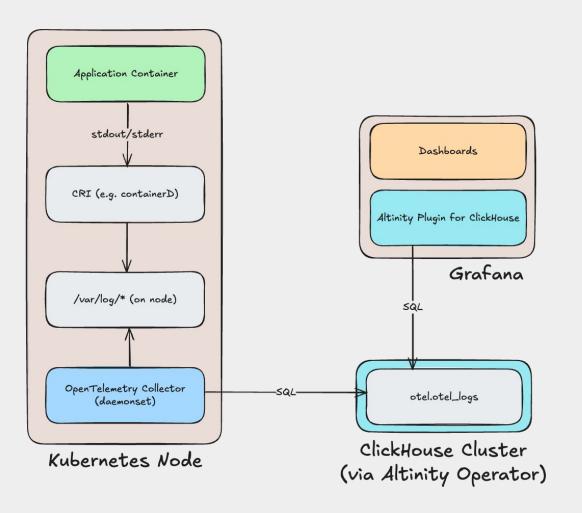




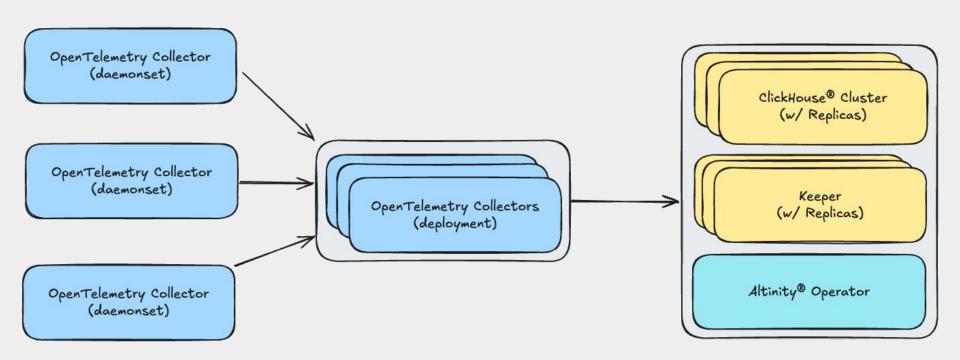
Example #3: Ingesting K8s Logs w/ OpenTelemetry + ClickHouse



OpenTelemetry Collector Pipeline



Finally... scaling for production



Cheap, fast, AND good?!

What have we learned?

- Keep it simple
- Start with what you've got
- OpenTelemetry is a swiss-army knife
- ClickHouse is pretty cool

Thank you and happy querying!

Josh Lee - Altinity



onnect with me



Resources & slides