

## Thermo test 2

1.)  $\dot{W}_{s,net} = 1000 \text{ kW}$      $\dot{m} = 1.5 \text{ kg/s}$      $T_1 = 700^\circ\text{C}$      $P_1 = 4 \text{ MPa}$   
 $P_2 = 0.2 \text{ MPa}$

Open system

$$0 = -\Delta H + \dot{W}_s' \quad \therefore \Delta H = \dot{W}_s'$$

$$H_1 = 3906.3 \frac{\text{kJ}}{\text{kg}}$$

$$S_1 = S_2$$

$$S_1 = 7.6214 = S_2$$

$$H_2 = H_{low} + \left( \frac{S_1 - S_{low}}{S_{high} - S_{low}} \right) (H_{high} - H_{low})$$

$$\therefore H_2 = 2870.7 + \left( \frac{7.6214 - 7.5081}{7.7100 - 7.5081} \right) (2971.2 - 2870.7) = 2927.1$$

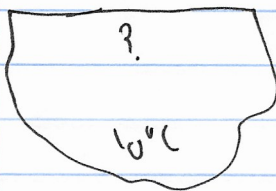
$$\therefore \dot{W}_s' = (2927.1 - 3906.3) \frac{\text{kJ}}{\text{kg}} = -979.203 \frac{\text{kJ}}{\text{kg}} \cdot 1.5 \frac{\text{kg}}{\text{s}}$$

$$\boxed{= -1468.8 \text{ kW}}$$

$$\eta = \frac{\text{actual}}{\text{isobaric}} = \frac{1000}{1468.8} = 0.68 < 1 \quad \therefore \text{Possible}$$

I would buy from them

$$2.) Q_H = A \cdot \text{Flux} = 10^5 \frac{\text{m}^2}{\text{s}} \cdot 250 \frac{\text{W}}{\text{m}^2} = 2.5 \times 10^4 \text{ kW}$$



$$\eta_{\theta} = \frac{W_{\text{net}}}{Q_H} = 1 - \frac{Q_C}{Q_H}$$

$$\eta_{\theta} = \frac{2000 \text{ kW}}{2.5 \times 10^4 \text{ kW}} = 0.08 = 1 - \frac{Q_C}{Q_H} \rightarrow 0.92 = \frac{Q_C}{Q_H}$$

$$Q_C = 2.3 \times 10^4 \text{ kW}$$

$$\frac{Q_C}{Q_H} = \frac{T_C}{T_H} \therefore \frac{2.3 \times 10^4}{2.5 \times 10^4} = \frac{283.15}{T_H} \rightarrow T_H = \frac{283.15 (2.5 \times 10^4)}{2.3 \times 10^4}$$

$$T_H = 307.8 \text{ K} = 34.6^\circ \text{C}$$

3.)  $m = 2.5 \text{ kg}$   $T_1 = 225^\circ\text{C}$   $q = 0.5$   $Q = 1500 \text{ kJ}$   
 $P_1 = P_2$  reversible

$$\Delta U = Q + W_{EC} + W_s^0$$

$$Q = \Delta U + \int P dv$$

$$\therefore Q = \Delta H$$

$$\Delta H = 1500 \text{ kJ}$$

2)  $T_2 = ?$   $H_1 = (1-q)H^L + qH^V = (1-0.5)(966.8) + (0.5)(2802.15)$

$$H_1 = 1884.5 \frac{\text{kJ}}{\text{kg}}$$

$$mH_1 = 4711.2 \text{ kJ}$$

$$Q = H_2 - H_1$$

$$\therefore H_2 = Q + H_1 = 1500 \text{ kJ} + (1884.5 \frac{\text{kJ}}{\text{kg}})$$

$$H_2 = 2621.2 \text{ kJ}$$

$$H_2 = 2484.5 \frac{\text{kJ}}{\text{kg}}$$

$$T_2 = T_{\text{low}} + \frac{(H_2 - H_{\text{low}})}{(H_{\text{high}} - H_{\text{low}})} (T_{\text{high}} - T_{\text{low}})$$

$$\therefore T_2 = 355^\circ\text{C} + \frac{(2484.5 - 2526.65)}{(2481.49 - 2526.65)} (360 - 355) = 359.6^\circ\text{C}$$

3.)  $\Delta S = ?$   $S_1 = (1-q)S^L + qS^V = (1-0.5)(2.5640) + (0.5)(6.2483)$   
 $S_1 = 4.41 \frac{\text{kJ}}{\text{kg K}}$

$$S_2 (\text{sat. vap}) = S_{\text{low}} + \frac{(T_2 - T_{\text{low}})}{(T_{\text{high}} - T_{\text{low}})} (S_{\text{high}} - S_{\text{low}})$$

$$S_2 = 5.138 + \frac{(359.6 - 355)}{(360 - 355)} (5.0336 - 5.138) = 5.060 \frac{\text{kJ}}{\text{kg K}}$$

$$\therefore \Delta S = S_2 - S_1 = (5.060 - 4.41) \frac{\text{kJ}}{\text{kg K}} = 0.65 \frac{\text{kJ}}{\text{kg K}} (2.5 \text{ kg}) = 1.64 \frac{\text{kJ}}{\text{K}}$$

4.)  $S_{\text{gen}} = 0$  — reversible process