HW2 4

January 31, 2022

Ch
En 3603 Homework 2 Problem 4

First, let's load the data from the csv file:

```
[]: import numpy as np
     import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
     import csv
     data = []
     with open( 'data.csv' ) as csvfile:
         rows = csv.reader( csvfile )
         spnames = next(rows)
         spnames.pop(0) # remove the first (blank) entry
         fluxes = next(rows)
         fluxes.pop(0) # remove the first entry (title)
         next(rows)
         next(rows)
         for row in rows:
            data.append(row)
     # convert data to numpy arrays
     fluxes = np.asarray(fluxes,dtype=float)
     data = np.asarray(data,dtype=float)
     ## load the data. Column 0: z, Column 1: Acetone, Column 2: Methanol, Column
     →3: Air
     # data = np.genfromtxt('data.csv', delimiter=', ', skip_header=4)
     z = data[:,0]
     x = data[:,1:]
     # print(x[1])
```

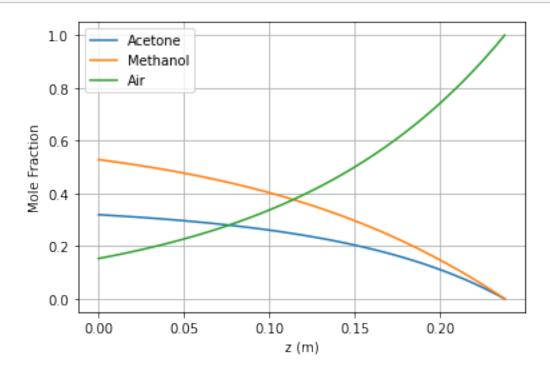
[0.31678 0.52287 0.16035]

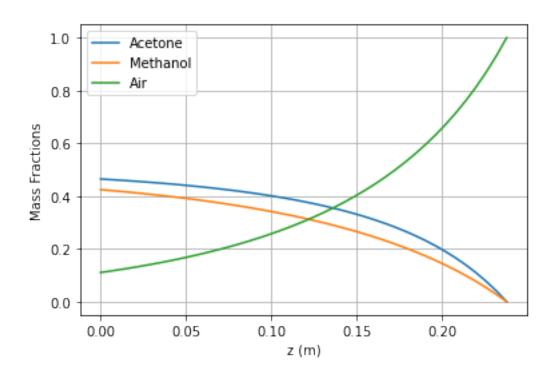
1 Part 1 - composition profiles

$show\ equations$

```
[]: %matplotlib inline
    nz = len(z)
                  # number of data points
    ns = len(spnames) # number of species
    # print(ns)
    \# R = 8.31446 \# qas constant (J/mol/K)
    R = 8.2057338e-5 \# qas constant (m^3 atm/mol/K)
            # pressure, atm
    P = 1
    T = 298
                # temperature, K
    # c = ? # ideal qas molar concentration mol/m^3
    totFlux = np.sum(fluxes) # total (mixture) molar flux (mol/(m^2 s))
    ## Plot mole fraction profiles
    plt.plot( z, x )
    plt.xlabel('z (m)')
    plt.ylabel('Mole Fraction')
    plt.legend(['Acetone','Methanol','Air'])
    plt.grid()
    plt.show()
    ## Mass fractions
    # set the mixture molecular weight (g/mol) at each point.
    Macetone = 58.08 # C3H6O molecular weight (g/mol)
    Mmethanol = 32.04 # CH3OH molecular weight (q/mol)
    Mair = 32*.21+.79*28
                                   # 0.21 02 + 0.79 N2
    Mi = [ Macetone, Mmethanol, Mair ]
    MixtureMW = np.zeros(nz)
    for i in range(0,ns):
      MixtureMW += x[:,i]*Mi[i]
    w = np.zeros_like(x)
    for i in range(0,ns):
      w[:,i] = x[:,i] *Mi[i] / MixtureMW
    plt.plot( z, w )
    plt.xlabel('z (m)')
    plt.ylabel('Mass Fractions')
    plt.legend(['Acetone','Methanol','Air'])
```

plt.grid()
plt.show()





2 Part 2 - species velocities

show work on how you will calculate this

```
[]: ## Plot the species velocities
vi = np.zeros((nz,ns))
for i in range(0,ns):
    vi[?,?] = fluxes[?] / ( x[?,?] * c )

plt.plot( z[?], vi[?,?] )
plt.xlabel('z (m)')
plt.ylabel('Species Velocities (m/s)')
plt.legend(?)
plt.grid()
plt.show()
```

comments on your observations

3 Part 3 - mixture velocities

show equations you use

```
[]: ## Mixture velocities
v = np.sum(?,?)  # mass averaged velocity
vm = np.sum(?,?)  # molar averaged velocity

plt.plot(z, v)
plt.plot(z, vm)
plt.xlabel('z (m)')
plt.ylabel('Velocity (m/s)')
plt.legend(('Mass-Averaged','Molar-Averaged'))
plt.grid()
plt.show()
```

discussion

4 Part 4 - Species Diffusive and Convective Fluxes

formulation/equations

```
[]: ## Species diffusive fluxes
J = np.zeros((nz,ns))
convFlux = np.zeros_like(J)

for i in range(0,ns):
   J[?,?] = fluxes[?] - x[?,?] * ?
   convFlux[?,?] = x[?,?] * ?
```

```
plt.plot( z, J )
plt.xlabel('z (m)')
plt.ylabel(r'Diffusive Flux $\left(\frac{mol}{m^2 s}\right)$')
plt.legend(spnames)
plt.grid()
plt.show()

plt.plot( z, convFlux )
plt.xlabel('z (m)')
plt.ylabel(r'Convective Flux $\left(\frac{mol}{m^2 s}\right)$')
plt.legend(spnames)
plt.grid()
plt.show()
```

observations