Josh Park, Amy Kang, Diya Singh Prof. Kent Quanrud CS 390ATA Homework 6 (16.6)

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Exercise 16.6. Let G = (V, E) be an undirected graph with distinct nonnegative edge weights $w : E \to \mathbb{R}$. For a spanning tree T, we say that the *bottleneck weight of* T is the maximum weight edge in T, $\max_{e \in T} w(e)$.

Exercise 16.6.1. Prove that the MST is also a minimum bottleneck weight spanning tree of G.

Solution.

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Exercise 16.6.2. Design and analyze a O(m+n)-time algorithm for computing a minimum bottleneck weight spanning tree of G. (This is faster than any of our algorithms for MST.)⁴

⁴Here's step 1: compute the median edge weight in O(m) time.

 \Box

Exercise 17.3. Let G=(V,E) be an undirected graph, and let $a,b,c\in V$ be three distinct vertices. We define an (a,b,c)-path as a path from a to c that goes through b. Consider the problem of deciding if there exists an (a,b,c)-path. For this problem, either (a) design and analyze a polynomial time algorithm (the faster the better), or (b) prove that the problem is NP-Hard.

 \Box

Exercise 18.3. Suppose you had an (s,t)-flow f. We know that there exists an (s,t)-path packing of the same size as f; here we are interested in algorithms that take f and compute such a path packing. Such a path packing is called a *flow decomposition* of f.

Design and analyze an algorithm that, in $O(m^2)$ time, computes a maximum path packing x of the same size as f, such that:

- 1. There are at most m distinct paths (with nonzero value) in x.
- 2. If f is integral, then x is also integral.

Solution.

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Exercise 18.4. This exercise develops a $O((m^2 + mn \log(n)) \log(\lambda))$ -time algorithm for maximum (s, t)-flow and builds on ideas from exercise 18.3.

Exercise 18.4.1. Prove the following: Given any (s,t)-flow problem with max flow value $\lambda > 0$, there exists an (s,t)-path where the minimum capacity edge is at least λ/m .

 \Box

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Exercise 18.4.2. Describe an $O(m + n \log(n))$ -time algorithm to find the path described above.⁴

 $\overline{{}^4O(m\log n)}$ time is a little easier and this running time would still get partial credit. Even if the $O(m+n\log(n))$ -running time eludes you, you can assume it as a black box for the next part.

Solution. \Box

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Exercise 18.4.3. Prove the following: Given any (s,t)-flow problem with max flow value $\lambda > 0$, there exists an (s,t)-path where the minimum capacity edge is at least λ/m .

Solution.