

# 1 Fixed Fields

**Definition 1** (Fixed field). Let  $L : K$  be a field extension and  $G \leq \text{Aut}(L)$ . Then the *fixed field* of  $G$  is

$$\text{Fix}_L(G) = L^G = \{\alpha \in L : g\alpha = \alpha \ \forall g \in G\}$$

**Theorem 1.1.** Let  $K, M \subseteq L$  be fields and  $G, H \leq \text{Aut}(L)$ . Then

- 1) if  $K \subseteq M$ , then  $\text{Gal}(L : K) \geq \text{Gal}(L : M)$ ;
- 2) if  $G \leq H$ , then  $\text{Fix}_L(G) \supseteq \text{Fix}_L(H)$ ;
- 3)  $K \subseteq \text{Fix}_L(\text{Gal}(L : K))$ ;
- 4)  $G \leq \text{Gal}(L : \text{Fix}_L(G))$ ;
- 5)  $\text{Gal}(L : K) = \text{Gal}(L : \text{Fix}_L(\text{Gal}(L : K)))$ ;
- 6)  $\text{Fix}_L(G) = \text{Fix}_L(\text{Gal}(L : \text{Fix}_L(G)))$ .

**Definition 2** (Galois Extension). Let  $L : K$  be a field extension. Then  $L : K$  is a *Galois extension* if it is normal and separable.

**Theorem 1.2.** Let  $L : K$  be algebraic. Then  $L : K$  is Galois  $\iff K = \text{Fix}_L(\text{Gal}_K(L))$

**Theorem 1.3.** Suppose that  $L$  is a field,  $G \leq \text{Aut}(L)$  such that  $|G| < \infty$ , and put  $K = \text{Fix}_L(G)$ . Then  $L : K$  is a finite Galois extension with  $[L : K] = |\text{Gal}(L : K)|$ , and furthermore  $G = \text{Gal}_K(L)$ .

**Theorem 1.4.** Let  $L : K$  be finite.

1. If  $L : K$  is a Galois extension, then  $|\text{Gal}(L : K)| = [L : K]$  and  $K = \text{Fix}_L(\text{Gal}(L : K))$ .
2. If  $L : K$  is not Galois, then  $|\text{Gal}(L : K)| < [L : K]$  and  $K$  is a proper subfield of  $\text{Fix}_L(\text{Gal}(L : K))$ .

**Corollary 1.** Let  $L : M : K$  be a tower such that  $L : K$  is Galois. Then  $L : M$  is Galois.