NAME	

## HOMEWORK EXERCISES

Assignment 27—Modulation 3

Section 1. Determining Diatonic Common Chords. For each of the two keys in each example, list the diatonic chords as lead-sheet symbols and as Roman numerals then circle those diatonic to both keys.

Roman numerals: c:	 	 	 	
Lead-sheet symbols in Cm:	 	 	 	
Lead-sheet symbols in Fm:		 	 	
Roman numerals: f:	 	 	 	
Roman numerals: A:	 	 	 	
Lead-sheet symbols in A:	 	 	 	
Lead-sheet symbols in E:			 	
Roman numerals: E:				

Section 2. For the example below, do the following:

- Referring to the "Harmonic Flowchart" in Section 9.4.1 on Harmonic Function, fill in lead-sheet symbols, Roman numerals, and Harmonic Functions for the following example—be sure to put some of the chords in first inversion
- Choose a texture from either Section 14.3 ("Arpeggiated Accompaniments"), Section 14.4.3 ("Repeated 8th-note Chords"), or Section 14.4.4 ("Repeated Quarter-note Chords)
- Create a melody by adding embellishments (see Chapter 10) and try to create repeating motives and/or subphrases (see Chapter 11); **notes in parentheses provide an alternative melodic path** if you wish to use them instead of the upper notes
- Notate the end result in a music notation program, submitting a printed score and audio playback
- LSS stands for Lead-Sheet Symbols, RN stands for Roman numerals, and HF stands for Harmonic Function