

Programming Assignment 3

Estimating PageRank Values of Wikipedia Articles using Apache Spark

Due: November 14, 2019 Tuesday 5:00PM

Submission: via Canvas, individual submission

Instructor: Sangmi Lee Pallickara

Web page: <http://www.cs.colostate.edu/~cs435/Assignments.html>

Objectives

The goal of this programming assignment is to enable you to gain experience in:

- Installing and using analytics tools such as HDFS and Apache Spark
- Implementing iterative algorithms to estimate PageRank values of Wikipedia articles using Wikipedia dump data
- Designing and implementing batch layer computation using Hadoop MapReduce and HDFS

(1) Overview

In this assignment, you will design and implement a system that calculates PageRank¹ values of currently available Wikipedia articles. The PageRank algorithm is used by Google Search to rank web pages in their search engine query results. PageRank measures the importance of web pages. The underlying assumption is that more important web pages are likely to receive more links from other web pages.

In this assignment, you will implement algorithms to estimate PageRank values over the Wikipedia dataset. These results can be used to rank search results within Wikipedia. Most of the Wikipedia articles contain links to other articles or external web contents. We will consider only internal Wikipedia articles to calculate the PageRank. Currently Wikipedia contains more than 4.9 million Articles². Wikipedia publishes data dumps in various formats periodically³. In this assignment, you will perform:

- Estimation of PageRank values under ideal conditions
- Estimation of the PageRank values while considering dead-end articles
- Analysis of the above results: Creating a Wikipedia Bomb

To perform the PageRank algorithm over the Wikipedia dump, you are required to use Spark in an iterative fashion.

¹ Larry Page, "PageRank: Bringing Order to the Web" Stanford Digital Library Project, 1997, <https://web.archive.org/web/20020506051802/www-diglib.stanford.edu/cgi-bin/WP/get/SIDL-WP-1997-0072?1>

² <https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Wikipedia:Statistics>

³ https://meta.wikimedia.org/wiki/Data_dumps

(2) Requirement of Programing Assignment 3

Your implementation of this assignment should provide:

- A. A sorted list of Wikipedia pages based on their ideal PageRank value in descending order. Each row should contain the title of the article and its PageRank value. This computation should be performed in your own Spark cluster with 5 machines. You should present results from at least 25 iterations.
- B. A sorted list (in descending order) of Wikipedia pages based on their PageRank value with taxation. Each row should contain the title of the article and its PageRank value. This computation should be performed on your own Spark cluster with 5 machines. You should present results from at least 25 iterations.
- C. A Wikipedia Bomb that returns the “Rocky Mountain National Park” Wikipedia page for the search key word “surfing” (see 3.C). In order to do that, you should modify the link data file and show that the “Rocky Mountain National Park” page generates highest PageRank among all of the pages containing “surfing” as part of their titles.

There are many algorithms to estimate PageRank. You should use the algorithms included in this description. Also, you are not allowed to use existing PageRank implementations.

Demonstration of your software should be on the machines in CSB-120. Demonstration will include an interview discussing implementation and design details. Your submission should include your source codes and outputs. Your submission should be via Canvas.

(3) PageRank

The term PageRank comes from Larry Page, a founder of Google. PageRank is a function that assigns a real number to each page in the Web (in our case Wikipedia articles). A page with a higher PageRank value will be considered as a more important page. There are many algorithms to assign PageRank. In this assignment, we will consider two algorithms⁴: (1) idealized PageRank and (2) taxation based PageRank.

A. Idealized PageRank

Suppose that our Web is a directed graph where pages are the nodes and there is (are) edge(s) from page p_1 to page p_2 . The edges between nodes represent links between the web pages. Figure 1 depicts the links between 4 pages (A , B , C and D) as a graph. Page A has links to each

⁴ Jure Leskovec, Anand Rajaraman, and Jeff Ullman, “Chapter 5: Link Analysis”, Mining of Massive Datasets, Cambridge University Press, <http://infolab.stanford.edu/~ullman/mmds/ch5.pdf>

of the pages *B*, *C* and *D*. Page *A* has links to each of the other three pages *B*, *C* and *D*. Page *B* has links to *A* and *D*. Page *C* has a link only at *A*. Finally, page *D* has links to *B* and *C*.

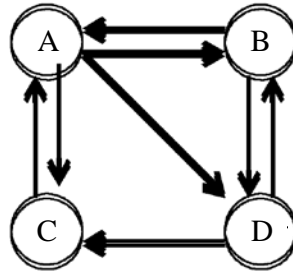


Figure 1. Web graph of example

Suppose a random surfer starts at page *A* (in Figure 1). The probability that the random surfer will visit each of the pages *B*, *C*, and *D* in his next stop is $1/3$. Note that if a page contains a link to itself, it should be represented in the graph as a loop. The random surfer that arrived at page *B* will likely to visit *A* with probability of $1/2$.

This graph can be defined as the *transition matrix* of the Web (here, Wikipedia), and the transition matrix for the previous example depicted in the Figure 1 is:

$$\mathbf{M} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1/2 & 1 & 0 \\ 1/3 & 0 & 0 & 1/2 \\ 1/3 & 0 & 0 & 1/2 \\ 1/3 & 1/2 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

In the above metric. The order of the pages is the natural one, *A*, *B*, *C*, and *D*. The first column shows that a random surfer at *A* has probability of $1/3$ of visiting each of the other pages.

An idealized PageRank supposes that a random surfer may start from any of the n pages with equal probability. The initial vector v_0 for our previous example is $(1/4, 1/4, 1/4, 1/4)$. After one step, the distribution of the surfer will be Mv_0 , after two steps it will be $M(Mv_0) = M^2v_0$, and so on. Multiplying the initial vector v_0 by M a total of i times will provide us the distribution of the surfer after i steps.

After enough number of iterations, the vector will show little change at each round. For this assignment your iteration count is as specified earlier.

B. Taxation

Wikipedia contains dead-end articles⁵. A dead-end article is a page that contains no links to other Wikipedia articles. Since there is no link to go out, once a random surfer visits the dead-end article, this random surfer never leaves the article. This often results in 0 probabilities in many of the pages as the number of iteration increases.

To deal with dead-end articles, the PageRank algorithm modifies the idealized process by which random surfers are assumed to move without following the links. This method is referred to as “*taxation*”. Taxation allows each random surfer to have a small probability of teleporting to a random page, rather than following an out-link from their current page.

With taxation, the new vector for estimating the PageRank will be,

$$v' = \beta Mv + (1-\beta)e/n$$

where β is a chosen constant specifying the probability that the random surfer decides to follow an out-link from their present page. Usually in the range of 0.8 to 0.9, e is a vector of all 1’s with the appropriate number of components (i.e. Wikipedia pages), and n is the number of nodes in the Web graph. In this assignment, you should use β as 0.85.

You should perform this processing using Apache Spark. Please ignore all of the possible errors due to the data segmentation by HDFS.

C. Wikipedia Bomb

The term Wikipedia Bomb is derived from the Google bombs for this assignment. The Google bomb refers to the practice of causing a web site to rank highly in web search engine results for unrelated or off-topic search terms by linking heavily⁵.

In this assignment, you should generate a Wiki Bomb for “surfing” in Wikipedia and the result should be the “Rocky Mountain National Park” page in Wikipedia.

To generate this, you are allowed to modify the **link data file**. You should show the results and discuss during the demo.

(4) Programming Environment

A. Requirements

All of the software demonstration of this assignment will be done in CSB120. You should make sure your software works on the machines in CSB120.

B. Setup your Hadoop cluster

This assignment includes a requirement of setting up your own HDFS and Spark cluster on every node. For writing your intermediate and output data, you should use your own cluster setup.

⁵ https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Wikipedia:Dead-end_pages

⁶ https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Google_bomb

(5) Dataset

The original dump dataset from Wikipedia is 12.1GB as a bz2 file, and about 50GB when it is decompressed. It follows an XML format and includes other information that is not relevant to this task. To optimize your work for this assignment, we will use Wikipedia dump⁷ generated by Henry Haselgrove. Please find the instruction to download the data file from CS120 (instead of the external server) in the link below. If you have any problem with storage capacity, you should contact the Prof. Pallickara immediately.

The dataset contains two files:

```
links-simple-sorted.zip (323MB) \[Link\]  
titles-sorted.zip (28MB) \[Link\]
```

These files contain all links between proper Wikipedia pages. This includes disambiguation pages and redirect pages. It includes only English language Wikipedia.

In `links-simple-sorted.txt`, there is one line for each page that has links from it. The format of the lines is:

```
from1: to11 to12 to13...  
from2: to21 to22 to23...  
...
```

Where `from1` is an integer labeling a page that has links from it, and `to11 to12 to13...` are integers labeling all the pages that the page links to. To find the page title that corresponds to integer `n`, just look up the `n`-th line in the file `titles-sorted.txt`, a UTF-8 encoded text file.

(6) Grading

Your submissions will be graded based on the demonstration to instructor in CSB120. All of the items described in (6) will be evaluated. This assignment will account for 10% of your final course grade.

- 3 points: Implementation of the Idealized Page Rank algorithm
- 2 points: Implementation of the Taxation-based Page Rank algorithm
- 2 points: Set up the cluster
- 3 points: Analysis task: Including the Wikipedia bomb

(7) Late Policy

Please check the late policy posted on the course web page.

⁷ <http://haselgrove.id.au/wikipedia.html>

CS435 Introduction to Big Data, Fall 2019
Programming Assignment 3