

[Infra_Optimization]

[Project 3]

Project 3

DESCRIPTION

Create a DevOps infrastructure for an e-commerce application to run on high-availability mode. Background of the problem statement:

A popular payment application, EasyPay where users add money to their wallet accounts, faces an issue in its payment success rate. The timeout that occurs with

the connectivity of the database has been the reason for the issue.

While troubleshooting, it is found that the database server has several downtime instances at irregular intervals. This situation compels the company to create their own infrastructure that runs in high-availability mode.

Given that online shopping experiences continue to evolve as per customer expectations, the developers are driven to make their app more reliable, fast, and secure for improving the performance of the current system.

Implementation requirements:

- 1. Create the cluster (EC2 instances with load balancer and elastic IP in case of AWS)
- 2. Automate the provisioning of an EC2 instance using Ansible or Chef Puppet
- 3. Install Docker and Kubernetes on the cluster
- 4. Implement the network policies at the database pod to allow ingress traffic from the front-end application pod
- 5. Create a new user with permissions to create, list, get, update, and delete pods
- 6. Configure application on the pod
- 7. Take snapshot of ETCD database
- 8. Set criteria such that if the memory of CPU goes beyond 50%, environments automatically get scaled up and configured

The following tools must be used:

- 1. EC2
- 2. Kubernetes
- 3. Docker
- 4. Ansible or Chef or Puppet

The following things to be kept in check:

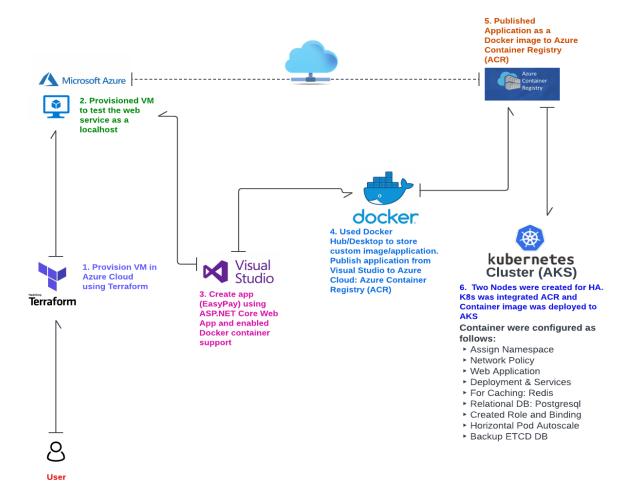
- 1. You need to document the steps and write the algorithms in them.
- 2. The submission of your GitHub repository link is mandatory. In order to track the tasks, you need to share the link of the repository.
- 3. Document the step-by-step process starting from creating test cases, then executing them, and recording the results.
- 4. You need to submit the final specification document, which includes:
 - Project and tester details
 - Concepts used in the project
 - Links to the GitHub repository to verify the project completion
 - Your conclusion on enhancing the application and defining the USPs (Unique Selling Points

Table of Contents

	0
DESCRIPTION	
EasyPay App Architecture Diagram	
Introduction	
The following specific tools were used	
1. Automating the provisioning of an Azure VM using Terraform. Created using local git and using VS Code	
script.	
Provider.tf for provisioning a VM in Azure	
Main.tf for provisioning a VM in Azure	
A provisioned VM in Azure (hostname easypay-app01)	
2. Creating a new app in Visual Studio as an ASP.NET Core Web App, enable Docker support, and ma	
change to it. Ensure it builds and runs locally	
Naming the project as EasyPay	
 Selecting ".NET 6.0 (Long-term support)" as the language, "Enable Docker" to enable container support 	
as the container language.	
EasyPay application created	
Modify this page by changing the text on the screen to have a visual look of the app	
App was Built successfully.	
Test application on Azure VM. Before deploying this solution to Azure, it will be nice to test the application	
tenant VM as a web app.	
3. The application will be published from Visual Studio to a new Azure Container Registry. A new Azu	
Registry will be created using Visual Studio. Under Build menu, choose Publish. And Choose Azure as t	
Click Next	
Select Azure Container Registry. Click Next.	12
Signing in with my credential	13
Create a new Azure Container Registry using same Resource Group as infra_optimization	13
Click Publish. Monitor the output console for messages.	14
Successfully pushed to Docker Hub/Desktop and in Visual Studio	15
4. Validate Azure Container Registry	16
5. Create a Kubernetes on the cluster to run on high-availability (HA) mode	17
Integrating Container Registry	18
Completion of Kubernetes Cluster	18
6. Deploy the Container Image to the AKS (Azure Kubernetes Services) Cluster	19
Open the Azure Cloud Shell	19
■ Type "kubectl get nodes" to see the running nodes	
Create all yaml files and upload to the /home/joshua directory	20
Create a custom Namespace "infra-optimize-ns"	
 Deployment of "easypay20221111100704.azurecr.io/easypay:latest" custom image and LoadBalancer 	service also in
custom namespace "infra-optimize-ns" apiVersion: apps/v1	
• Make a note of the public IP address under "external-IP <20.104.142.166>" to be use	
 Copy the IP address to your clipboard. Open a browser and go to that IP address, see that your applica 	
successfully running in Azure Kubernetes Service.	
 Implement the network policies at the database pod to allow ingress traffic from the front-end ap 22 	plication pod
Network Policy created. "kubectl get networkpolicynamespace=infra-optimize-ns"	22
Created a postgresql db pod and redis caching to custom namespace=infra-optimize-ns"	
 Create a new user (joshua-demebo) with permissions to create, list, get, update, and delete pods 	
Create a Role Binding	
Created a Redis for caching	
 Set criteria such that if the memory of CPU goes beyond 50%, environments automatically get scaled u 	
configured	25
8. Take snapshot of ETCD database	26
■ kubectl get all -o wide	26
■ kubectl get all -o wide	26
Conclusion	26

EasyPay App Architecture Diagram

EasyPay Application Architecture Infrastructure Optimization



Introduction

This documentation contains all steps and procedures in successfully managing a DevOps infrastructure for an eCommence application (EasyPay) to run on a high-availability state. The automating of using configuration management, integrated development environment (IDE), infrastructure as code, yaml files to be edited and reuse as desire, also tools used were Docker hub/desktop, Azure Container Registry, and Azure Kubernetes Services, by doing so will help the DevOps team to optimize and autoscaling either vertically or horizontally. Source codes/scripts are kept in the official version control tool. https://github.com/joshua-demebo/infra_optimization

The following specific tools were used

- Terraform is used primarily to automate various infrastructure tasks like provisioning the VM in Microsoft Azure, used to test EasyPay app as a localhost, which describes the complete infrastructure as a form of code
- 2. **Visual Studio** provides a rich support for various language like JavaScript, ASP.Net etc. Is an open-source language often used in large size web app development, it was used to develop the EasyPay app.
- 3. **Microsoft Azure** a cloud computing platform with solutions including Infrastructure as a Service (IaaS), Platform as a Service and Software as a Service (SaaS) that can be used for services such as analytics, virtual computing, storage, networking, and much more. This was used with various services below:
 - Azure Container Registry (ACR) was used to build, store, and manage container images and artifacts in a private registry for Docker container deployment.
 - Azure Kubernetes Service (AKS) simplifies the deployment of managing Kubernetes cluster in Azure by offloading the operational overhead to Azure. As a hosted Kubernetes service, Azure handles critical tasks, like health monitoring and maintenance. This was used to provision clusters, nodes, pods to integrating with Docker custom image to build/deploy EasyPay app with a high-available, vertical and horizontal autoscaling etc.
- 4. **Docker** is a file used to execute code in a Docker container. Docker images act as a set of instructions to build a Docker container, like a template. Docker images also act as the starting point when using Docker. An image is comparable to a snapshot in virtual machine (VM) environments. To run our EasyPay application in a docker container, a customized docker image was created. This customized docker image includes instructions that install specific packages and copy the code into the docker container and was Publish to ACR via Visual Studio.
- 5. **GitHub** a version control system that lets you manage and keep track of source code history. GitHub is a cloud-based hosting service that lets you manage Git repositories. If you have open-source projects that use Git, then GitHub is designed to help manage them. All source code like Terraform, yaml etc, were stored in GitHub.

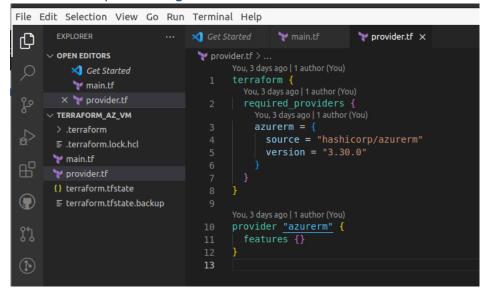
Finally, some tools like Database (Redis and PostgreSQL) were used to enhance the database performance and caching of EasyPay app, a network policy including LoadBalancer to prevent connectivity downtime.

This infra optimization will make the app and give an online shopper more reliable, fast, and secure improved performance.

1. Automating the provisioning of an Azure VM using Terraform. Created using local git and using VS Code to edit the script.

```
jdemebo@ubuntumachine:~/capstone_project/infra_optimization/terraform_az_vm$ ls -l
total 24
-rw-rw-r-- 1 jdemebo jdemebo 1666 Nov 8 06:15 main.tf
-rw-rw-r-- 1 jdemebo jdemebo 161 Nov 8 06:17 provider.tf
-rw-rw-r-- 1 jdemebo jdemebo 9766 Nov 8 06:21 terraform.tfstate
-rw-rw-r-- 1 jdemebo jdemebo 178 Nov 8 06:19 terraform.tfstate.backup
jdemebo@ubuntumachine:~/capstone_project/infra_optimization/terraform_az_vm$
```

Provider.tf for provisioning a VM in Azure



```
terraform {
  required_providers {
    azurerm = {
      source = "hashicorp/azurerm"
      version = "3.30.0"
    }
  }
}
provider "azurerm" {
  features {}
}
```

Main.tf for provisioning a VM in Azure

```
File Edit Selection View Go Run Terminal Help
Φ
                  Help .terraform
                                                                           name = "vNetwork" //example-network
address_space = ["10.0.0.0/16"]
location = azurerm_resource_group.rg.location
resource_group_name = azurerm_resource_group.rg.name

    □ terraform.tfstate.backup

                                                                            You,3 days.ago | 1 author (You)
resource "azurerm_subnet" "sNet" {
    name = "internal"
    resource_group_name = azurerm_resource_group.rg.name
    virtual_network_name = azurerm_virtual_network.vNet.name
    address_prefixes = [*10.0.2.8/24*]
                                                                                name = "int-nic" //example-nic
location = azurerm_resource_group.rg.location
resource_group_name = azurerm_resource_group.rg.name
                                                                                You, 3 days ago | 1 author (You)
ip_configuration {
   name
                                                                                   subnet id
                                                                                   subnet id = azurerm_subnet.sNet.id
private_ip_address_allocation = "Dynamic"
                                                                           You, 3 days ago | 1 author (You)
resource "azurerm_windows_virtual_machine" "vm" {
    name = "easypay-app01" //example-machine
    resource_group_name = azurerm_resource_group.rg.name
                                                                               location = azurerm_resource_group.rg.location

size = "Standard F2"

admin_username = "adminDev0ps"

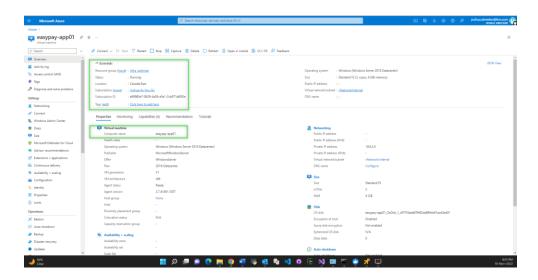
admin_password = "Pgssword1234!"
                                                                                network_interface_ids = [
azurerm_network_interface.nic.id,
]
                                                                               tous disk {
    caching = "ReadWrite"
    storage_account_type = "Standard_LRS"
}
                                                                               source image_reference {
    publisher = "MicrosoftWindowsServer"
    offer = "WindowsServer"
    sku = "2016-Datacenter"
    version = "latest"
           > OUTLINE
```

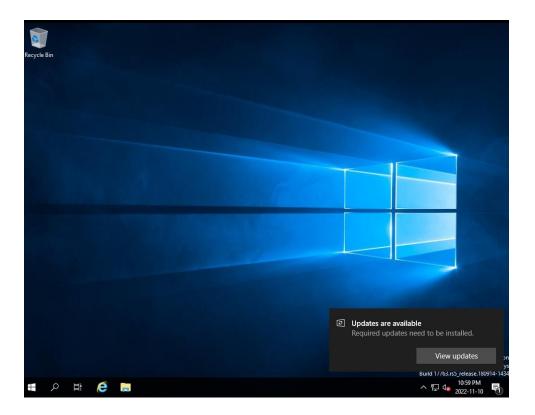
```
resource "azurerm_resource_group" "rg" {
    name = "infra_optimize" //example-resources
    location = "Canada East"
}

resource "azurerm_virtual_network" "vNet" {
    name = "vNetwork" //example-network
    address_space = ["10.0.0.0/16"]
    location = azurerm_resource_group.rg.location
    resource_group_name = azurerm_resource_group.rg.name
```

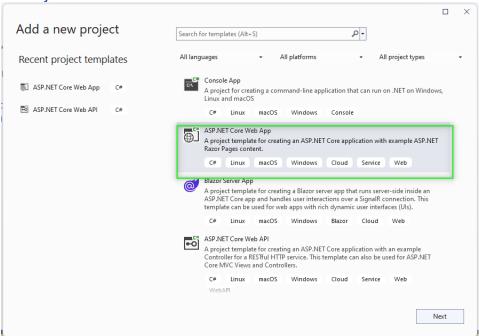
```
}
resource "azurerm_subnet" "sNet" {
               = "internal"
 resource group name = azurerm resource group.rg.name
 virtual_network_name = azurerm_virtual_network.vNet.name
 address_prefixes = ["10.0.2.0/24"]
}
resource "azurerm_network_interface" "nic" {
 name
              = "int-nic" //example-nic
              = azurerm_resource_group.rg.location
 location
 resource_group_name = azurerm_resource_group.rg.name
 ip_configuration {
                    = "internal"
  name
  subnet id
                      = azurerm subnet.sNet.id
  private_ip_address_allocation = "Dynamic"
}
resource "azurerm_windows_virtual_machine" "vm" {
              = "easypay-app01" //example-machine
 resource_group_name = azurerm_resource_group.rg.name
 location
              = azurerm_resource_group.rg.location
            = "Standard F2"
 admin_username
                    = "adminDevOps"
                  = "P@$$w0rd1234!"
 admin password
 network interface ids = [
  azurerm_network_interface.nic.id,
 1
 os_disk {
  caching
                = "ReadWrite"
  storage_account_type = "Standard_LRS"
 source_image_reference {
  publisher = "MicrosoftWindowsServer"
  offer = "WindowsServer"
        = "2016-Datacenter"
  sku
  version = "latest"
 }
}
```

A provisioned VM in Azure (hostname easypay-app01)

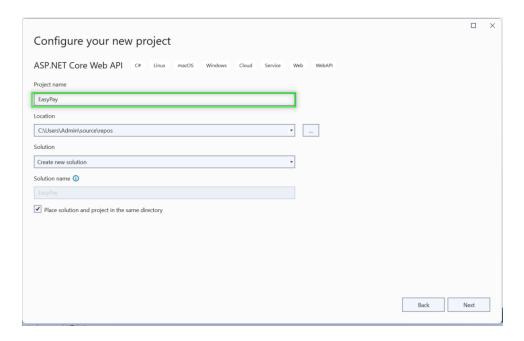




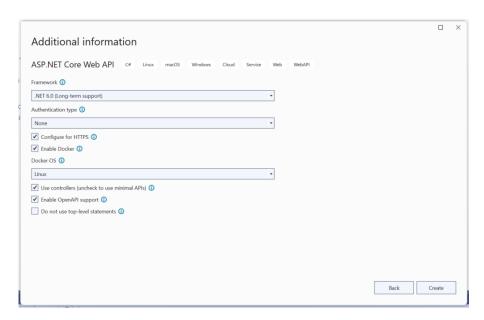
2. Creating a new app in Visual Studio as an ASP.NET Core Web App, enable Docker support, and make a small change to it. Ensure it builds and runs locally.



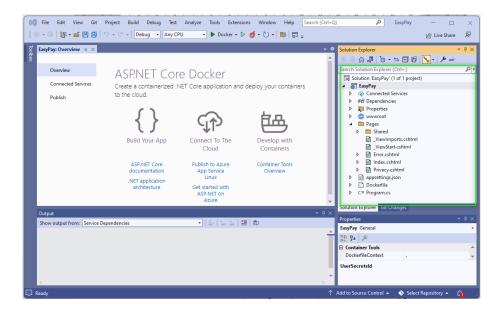
Naming the project as EasyPay



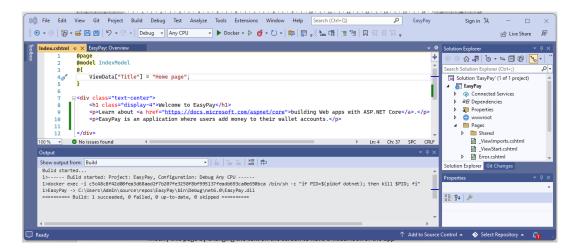
 Selecting ".NET 6.0 (Long-term support)" as the language, "Enable Docker" to enable container support, and "Linux" as the container language.



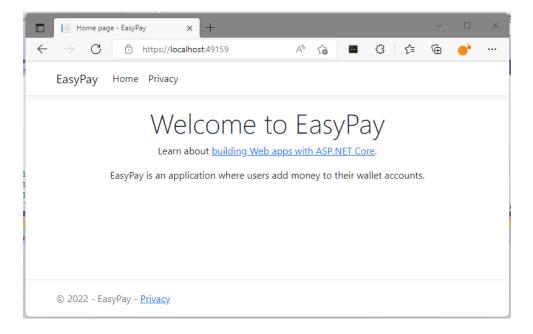
EasyPay application created



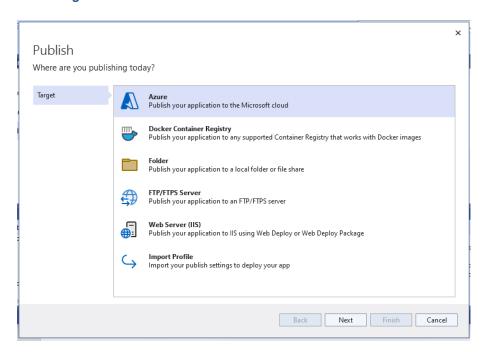
Modify this page by changing the text on the screen to have a visual look of the app.
 App was Built successfully.



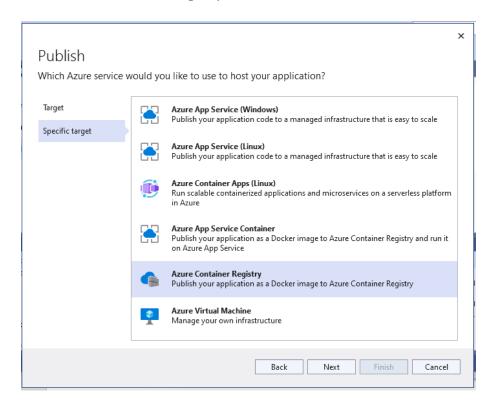
 Test application on Azure VM. Before deploying this solution to Azure, it will be nice to test the application on the tenant VM as a web app.



3. The application will be published from Visual Studio to a new Azure Container Registry. A new Azure Container Registry will be created using Visual Studio. Under Build menu, choose Publish. And Choose Azure as the Target. Click Next.



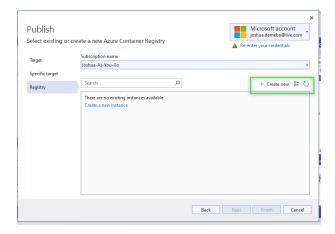
Select Azure Container Registry. Click Next.

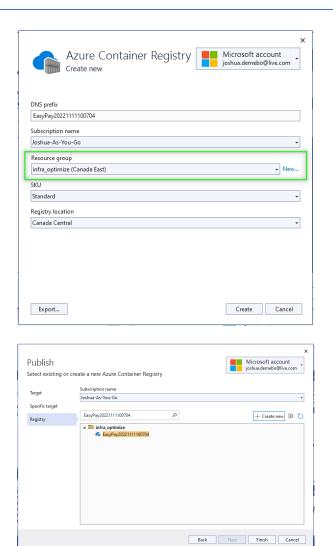


Signing in with my credential

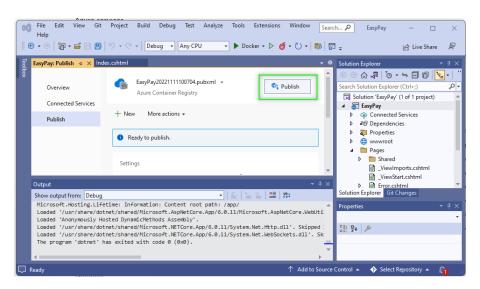


Create a new Azure Container Registry using same Resource Group as infra_optimization

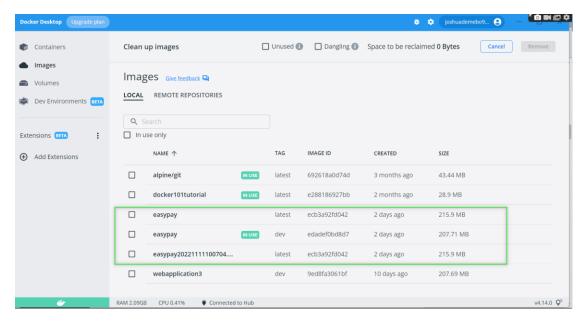


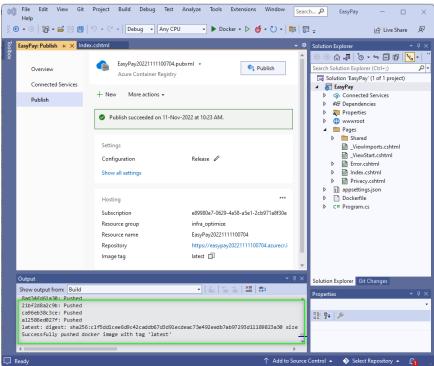


Click Publish. Monitor the output console for messages.

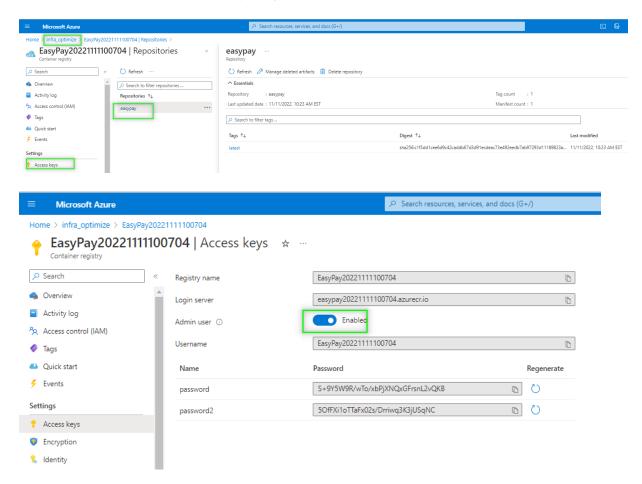


Successfully pushed to Docker Hub/Desktop and in Visual Studio

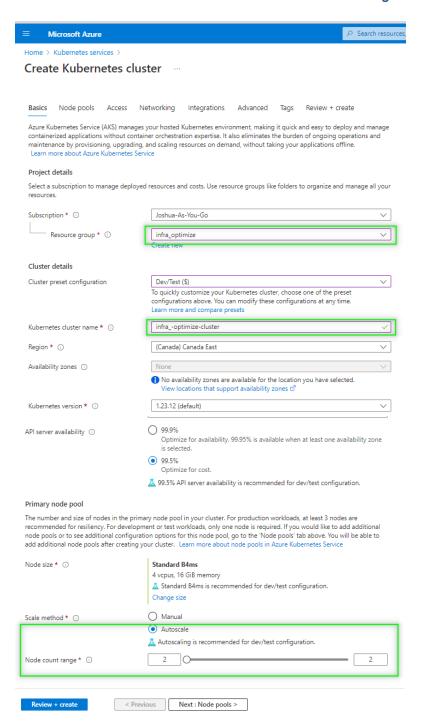




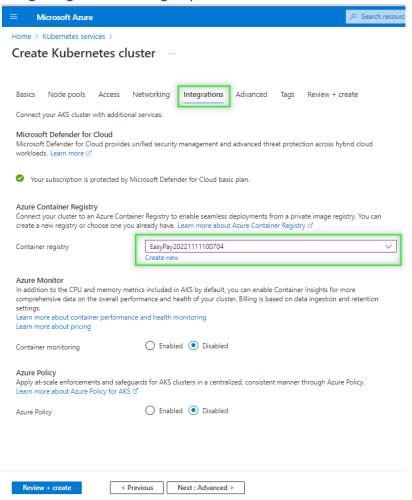
4. Validate Azure Container Registry



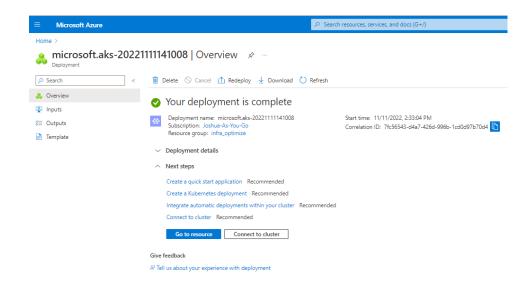
5. Create a Kubernetes on the cluster to run on high-availability (HA) mode

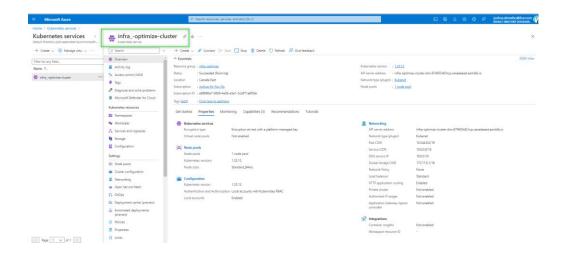


Integrating Container Registry



Completion of Kubernetes Cluster





6. Deploy the Container Image to the AKS (Azure Kubernetes Services) Cluster

Deploy Azure Container Registry (ACR) in the AKS (Azure Kubernetes Services) that was just created. YAML files will be created to deploy the images within the cluster. The following steps will be followed:

Open the Azure Cloud Shell and choose the Bash/CLI command prompt. Azure Cloud Shell is represented by the ">_" symbol at the top of the Azure Portal. Choose CLI.
 Type "az aks get-credentials --resource-group infra_optimize --name infra_-optimize-cluster"

```
Requesting a Cloud Shell.Succeeded.

Connecting terminal...

Welcome to Azure Cloud Shell

Type "az" to use Azure CLI

Type "help" to learn about Cloud Shell

joshua [ ~ ]$ az account set --subscription e89980e7-0629-4a58-a5e1-2cb971a8f30e
joshua [ ~ ]$ az aks get-credentials --resource-group infra_optimize --name infra_-optimize-cluster

Merged "infra_-optimize-cluster" as current context in /home/joshua/.kube/config
joshua [ ~ ]$ [
```

Type "kubectl get nodes" to see the running nodes.

```
✓ ○ ? ※ □ □ () □
joshua [ ~ ]$ kubectl get all
                               CLUSTER-IP
                                            EXTERNAL-IP
                                                         PORT(S)
                                                                   AGE
service/kubernetes
                   ClusterIP
                               10.0.0.1
                                                         443/TCP
                                            <none>
joshua [ ~ ]$ kubectl get nodes
                                  STATUS
                                           ROLES
                                                  AGE
                                                        VERSION
aks-agentpool-21221973-vmss000000
                                                  72m
                                                        v1.23.12
                                  Ready
                                           agent
aks-agentpool-21221973-vmss000001
                                                        v1.23.12
joshua [ ~ ]$ 🛚
```

Create all yaml files and upload to the /home/joshua directory

```
Bash
          ✓ ○ ? ② □ □ □ () □
joshua [ ~ ]$ ls -1
total 40
-rw-r--r-- 1 joshua joshua 239 Nov 11 23:12 app-pod.yaml
-rw-r--r-- 1 joshua joshua 285 Nov 11 23:12 autoscale.yaml
lrwxrwxrwx 1 joshua joshua 22 Nov 12 00:12 clouddrive -> /usr/csuser/clouddrive
-rw-r--r-- 1 joshua joshua 550 Nov 11 23:13 deploy-svc.yaml
-rw-r--r-- 1 joshua joshua 129 Nov 11 23:13 easypay-namespace.yaml
-rw-r--r-- 1 joshua joshua 274 Nov 11 23:13 network-policy.yaml
-rw-r--r-- 1 joshua joshua 330 Nov 11 23:14 new-user-role.yaml
-rw-r--r-- 1 joshua joshua 369 Nov 12 01:20 postgres-pod.yaml
-rw-r--r-- 1 joshua joshua 257 Nov 12 01:23 postgres-svc.yaml
-rw-r--r-- 1 joshua joshua 224 Nov 12 01:19 redis-pod.yaml
-rw-r--r-- 1 joshua joshua 362 Nov 11 23:14 role-bind.yaml
joshua [ ~ ]$ 🗌
```

Create a custom Namespace "infra-optimize-ns"

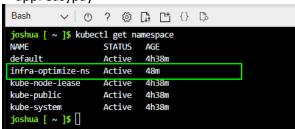
apiVersion: v1 kind: Namespace metadata:

name: infra-optimize-ns

labels:

name: easypay-namespace

app: easypay

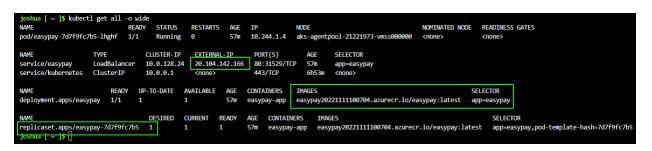


 Deployment of "easypay20221111100704.azurecr.io/easypay:latest" custom image and LoadBalancer service also in custom namespace "infra-optimize-ns" apiVersion: apps/v1

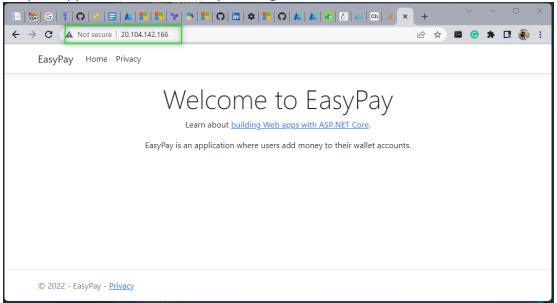
kind: Deployment
metadata:
labels:
app: easypay
name: easypay
namespace: infra-optimize-ns
spec:
replicas: 1
selector:
matchLabels:

```
app: easypay
 template:
  metadata:
   labels:
    app: easypay
  spec:
   containers:
   - image: easypay20221111100704.azurecr.io/easypay:latest
    name: easypay-app
    ports:
    - containerPort: 80
apiVersion: v1
kind: Service
metadata:
 name: easypay
 namespace: infra-optimize-ns
spec:
 type: LoadBalancer
 ports:
 - port: 80
 selector:
  app: easypay
```

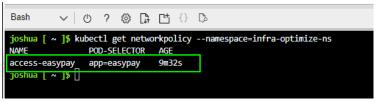
■ Make a note of the public IP address under "external-IP <20.104.142.166>" to be use



 Copy the IP address to your clipboard. Open a browser and go to that IP address, see that your application is successfully running in Azure Kubernetes Service.



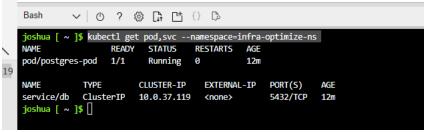
- 7. Implement the network policies at the database pod to allow ingress traffic from the front-end application pod
- Network Policy created. "kubectl get networkpolicy --namespace=infra-optimize-ns"



Created a postgresql db pod and redis caching to custom namespace=infra-optimize-ns"

apiVersion: v1 kind: Pod metadata: name: postgres-pod namespace: infra-optimize-ns labels: app: easypay spec: containers: - name: postgres image: postgres ports: - containerPort: 5432 env: - name: POSTGRES_USER value: "postgres"

```
- name: POSTGRES_PASSWORD
     value: "postgres"
apiVersion: v1
kind: Service
metadata:
 name: db
 namespace: infra-optimize-ns
 labels:
  name: postgres-service
  app: easypay
spec:
 ports:
  - port: 5432
   targetPort: 5432
 selector:
  name: postgres-pod
  app: easypay
apiVersion: v1
kind: Pod
metadata:
 name: redis-pod
 namespace: infra-optimize-ns
 labels:
  app: easypay
spec:
 containers:
  - name: redis
   image: redis
   ports:
    - containerPort: 6379
```



 Create a new user (joshua-demebo) with permissions to create, list, get, update, and delete pods

kind: Role

apiVersion: rbac.authorization.k8s.io/v1

metadata:

namespace: infra-optimize-ns

```
name: joshua-demebo
        rules:
         - apiGroups: ["", "extensions", "apps"]
           resources: ["deployments", "pods", "services", "namespaces"]
          verbs: ["create", "list", "get", "update", "Pod", "delete"]
         joshua [ ~ ]$ kubectl create -f new-user-role.yaml
         role.rbac.authorization.k8s.io/joshua-demebo created
         joshua [ ~ ]$ 🛚
Create a Role Binding
        kind: RoleBinding
        apiVersion: rbac.authorization.k8s.io/v1
        metadata:
         name: role-bind
         namespace: infra-optimize-ns
        subjects:
         - kind: ServiceAccount
           name: joshua-demebo
           namespace: infra-optimize-ns
        roleRef:
            kind: Role
            name: joshua-demebo
            apiGroup: ""
        kind: RoleBinding
        apiVersion: rbac.authorization.k8s.io/v1
        metadata:
         name: role-bind
         namespace: infra-optimize-ns
        subjects:
         - kind: ServiceAccount
           name: joshua-demebo
           namespace: infra-optimize-ns
        roleRef:
            kind: Role
            name: joshua-demebo
            apiGroup: ""
         rolebinding.rbac.authorization.k8s.io/role-bind created joshua [ ~ ]$ []
```

Created a Redis for caching

```
apiVersion: v1
kind: Pod
metadata:
 name: redis-pod
 namespace: infra-optimize-ns
 labels:
  app: easypay
spec:
 containers:
  - name: redis
   image: redis
   ports:
    - containerPort: 6379
apiVersion: v1
kind: Pod
metadata:
 name: redis-pod
 namespace: infra-optimize-ns
 labels:
  app: easypay
spec:
 containers:
  - name: redis
   image: redis
   ports:
    - containerPort: 6379
  shua [ ~ ]$ kubectl create -f redis-pod.yaml
pod/redis-pod created
```

 Set criteria such that if the memory of CPU goes beyond 50%, environments automatically get scaled up and configured

```
apiVersion: autoscaling/v1
kind: HorizontalPodAutoscaler
metadata:
name: auto-pod
namespace: infra-optimize-ns
spec:
scaleTargetRef:
apiVersion: apps/v1
kind: Deployment
name: easypay
minReplicas: 1
maxReplicas: 5
targetCPUUtilizationPercentage: 50
```

joshua [~]\$ 1s

```
joshua [ ~ ]$ kubectl create -f autoscale.yaml
horizontalpodautoscaler.autoscaling/auto-pod created
joshua [ ~ ]$ []
```

8. Take snapshot of ETCD database

sudo ETCDCTL_API=3 etcdctl snapshot save snapshot.db --cacert /etc/kubernetes/pki/etcd/ca.crt --cert /etc/kubernetes/pki/etcd/server.crt --key /etc/kubernetes/pki/etcd/server.key

kubectl get all -o wide

```
| Joshua | ~ | Skubectl get all -0 wide | RADY | STATUS | RESTATTS | AGE | IP | NODE | NOMINATED NODE | READINESS GATES | NOME | NOME | NOMINATED NODE | READINESS GATES | NOME | NOME | NOME | NOME | NOME | NOMINATED NODE | READINESS GATES | NOME |
```

kubectl get all -o wide

```
joshua [ ~ ]$ kubectl get node -o wide

NAME

STATUS

ROLES AGE VERSION INTERNAL-IP EXTERNAL-IP OS-IMAGE

Aks-agentpool-21221973-vmss8080808 Ready agent 8h v1.23.12 10.224.0.4 <none>
Ubuntu 18.04.6 LTS 5.4.0-1091-azure containerd://1.5.11+azure-2

joshua [ ~ ]$
```

Conclusion

To improve the DevOps infrastructure for an eCommerce application to run on high-availability state, which EasyPay app was used in this case, the above configuration was tested and deployed using various tools to accomplish the result. All source code was uploaded to GitHub for continues improvement either vertical or horizontal autoscaling.

I strongly believe all being done and with the documentation, it will improve the quality and performance of the eCommerce and prevent connectivity downtime.

This infra optimization will improve the app and give an online shoppers more reliable, fast, and secure improved performance of the EasyPay app.