## THE UNITED REPUBLIC OF TANZANIA NATIONAL EXAMINATIONS COUNCIL OF TANZANIA CERTIFICATE OF SECONDARY EDUCATION EXAMINATION

033/1

#### **BIOLOGY 1**

(For Both School and Private Candidates)

Time: 3 Hours

Year: 2023

#### Instructions

- 1. This paper consists of sections A, B and C with a total of eleven (11) questions.
- 2. Answer all the questions in the sections A and B and two (2) questions from section C.
- 3. Section A carries sixteen (16) marks, section B fifty four (54) marks and section C carries thirty (30) marks.
- 4. All writing should be in **blue** or **black** pen, except for diagrams that must be drawn in pencil.
- 5. Communication devices and any unauthorised materials are **not** allowed in the examination room.
- 6. Write your **Examination Number** on every page of your answer booklet(s).

### SECTION A (16 Marks)

Answer all questions in this section.

(î)	Whi	er beside the item nun	that	living organist	ns origina	ited			
	A	nisms? Chemical evolution	В	Cosmozoan		C	Steady state		
	D	Special creation	E	Spontaneous g	eneration				
(ii)	Whi	ch part protects lungs	from		?	C	Bronchus		
	A	Trachea	В	Rib			Dionesia		
	D	Epiglottis	E	Diaphragm					
(iii)	A b	oy climbed a coconu	t tree	to harvest cocor	uts. Unfor	tunat	ely, he fell do		
		broke his upper arm.		1 bone was broke	n :	C	Radius		
	A	Ulna	В	Humerus					
	D	Femur	E	Tibia					
(iv)	Αp	patient was confirmed	suffer	ing from mening	itis at Mav	veni l	nospital. How		
	the disease be prevented from spreading?								
	A	Eliminating fleas		В	Abstainin	g fro	m sex		
	C	Isolating the patient	S	D	D Killing water snails				
	E	Cutting long grasse	S						
(v)	If a	girl had the menstru	ation	on 12 <sup>th</sup> August 2	2023, when	wou	ald she experie		
	the ovulation period, if she has 28 days' cycle?								
	A	21st September 202		В	8th Septer	mber	2023		
		20th August 2023		D	25 <sup>th</sup> Augu	1st 20	123		
	C	20 August 2023		D	Lo I ingt	ALIE AND	dead out		
	C E	31 <sup>th</sup> August 2023		D	20 Tiugi	AUC 20	25		
(vi)	E Wi ger	31 <sup>th</sup> August 2023 nat will be the genotypheration from a cross	be of t	he offsprings tha	t will be pr	roduc	ed in the first		
(vi)	E Wilger	31 <sup>th</sup> August 2023 nat will be the genotypheration from a cross	betw	he offsprings tha	t will be prolood grou	roduc p wi	ed in the first th I <sup>A</sup> I <sup>O</sup> and I		
(vi)	Wil ger ger A	31 <sup>th</sup> August 2023 nat will be the genotypheration from a cross	betw I <sup>A</sup> I <sup>O</sup>	he offsprings that been parents of B	t will be pr	roduc p wi I <sup>B</sup> , I'	ed in the first th I <sup>A</sup> I <sup>O</sup> and I <sup>O</sup> , I <sup>B</sup> I <sup>O</sup>		

	Α	Reducing intake of sugary foods	B	Limiting amount of water intake
	C	Reducing intake of cholesterol foods	D	Eating enough starch and water
	E	Consuming a high fat food		
(viii)	Wh	ich group represents only the living thir	igs?	
(viii)		ich group represents only the living thir	100	Soil, water, mushroom and bee
(viii)	A	Dog, frog, stone and lizard	В	Soil, water, mushroom and bee
(viii)			100	Soil, water, mushroom and bee Moss, soil, mushroom and lizard

- (ix) Which food chain represents the correct flow of energy in the ecosystem?
  - A Hawk → Grasses → Grasshopper → Lizard
  - B Grasses  $\rightarrow$  Hawk  $\rightarrow$  Lizard  $\rightarrow$  Grasshopper
  - C Lizard  $\rightarrow$  Grasses  $\rightarrow$  Grasshopper  $\rightarrow$  Hawk
  - D Grasses → Hawk → Grasshopper → Lizard
  - E Grasses  $\rightarrow$  Grasshopper  $\rightarrow$  Lizard  $\rightarrow$  Hawk
- (x) A blood vessel which takes away blood from the glomerulus is narrower than the blood vessel which enters blood into the glomerulus. What does it imply with respect to urine formation?
  - A Creates low pressure for efficient filtration of blood
  - B Increases surface area for selective reabsorption
  - C Builds up high pressure for ultra-filtration of blood
  - D Reduces diffusion distance for faster filtration
  - E Creates high pressure for ultra-filtration of urine

Match the functions of the parts of the ear in List A with their corresponding parts in List
 B by writing the letter of the correct response beside the item number in the answer booklet provided.

	List A		List B		
i)	Maintains body posture and balance.	A	Pinna		
ii)	Carries nerve impulses from the inner ear to the brain.	В	Eustachian tube		
		C	Eardrum		
iii)	Transmits and magnifies sound vibrations.	D	Auditory nerve		
		E	Auditory meatus		
iv)	Converts sound vibrations to nerve impulses.	F	Ossicles		
v)	Collects sound waves from the environment.	G	Cochlea		
vi)	Balances pressure on both sides of the tympanic membrane.	Н	Semicircular canal		

#### SECTION B (54 Marks)

Answer all questions in this section.

- Suppose your friends have been diagnosed with indigestion problem.
  - (a) What would be the major possible causes of this problem? Provide three points.
  - (b) Suggest four measures you would recommend to them to avoid the problem in future.
- Suggest six ways to minimize the occurrence of miscarriage to the pregnant woman.
- 5. (a) Draw a diagram of human body and show the location of the thyroid gland, adrenal gland, pancreas gland and pituitary gland.
  - (b) Explain the role of the two hormones produced by the pancreas gland.
- 6. (a) Briefly explain the given terms as used in genetics:
  - (i) Sex limited characters.
  - (ii) Sex linked characters.
  - (iii) Sex influenced characters.
  - (b) Differentiate incomplete dominance from codominance.
- 7. Briefly explain six factors which affect the rate of physical deterioration of human being.

- (a) Draw a diagram of the reproductive structures of a branch of pine tree and label its two parts.
  - (b) Explain three advantages of the pine trees.

#### SECTION C (30 Marks)

Answer two (2) questions from this section.

- 9. Poor waste disposal creates problems in the environment. In six points, justify this statement.
- 10. Analyse six features that make the human heart to pump blood efficiently.
- One of the students was diagnosed with malaria. Suggest five measures to be taken by the victim to avoid that disease in the future.

# THE UNITED REPUBLIC OF TANZANIA NATIONAL EXAMINATIONS COUNCIL OF TANZANIA CERTIFICATE OF SECONDARY EDUCATION EXAMINATION

033/2A

#### BIOLOGY 2A (ACTUAL PRACTICAL A)

(For Both School and Private Candidates)

Time: 2:30 Hours

Year: 2023

#### Instructions

- 1. This paper consists of **two** (2) questions. Answer **all** the questions.
- 2. Each question carries 25 marks.
- 3. All writings should be in **blue** or **black** ink, except diagrams which must be in pencil.
- 4. Cellular phones and any unauthorised materials are **not** allowed in the examination room.
- 5. Write your **Examination Number** on every page of your answer booklet(s).

- You have been provided with specimens J, X, Y and Z. Observe the specimens carefully, then answer the following 1. answer the following questions:
  - (a) (i) Draw a well labeled diagram of specimen  $\mathbf{X}$  with locomotary structures intact.
    - (ii) Why specimen  $\mathbf{X}$  must have locomotary structures? Give four reasons.
    - (iii) Use a knife to cut and totally remove the scales and fines from specimen X and explain seven activities that will be impaired, if the specimen is returned to its habitat alive.
  - (b) (i) Study specimen Y and J and give their common names and the part of the skeleton from which each specimen were taken.
    - (ii) Briefly explain the function performed by specimen  $\mathbf{Y}$  in the human body.
    - (iii) Explain four adaptive features of specimen Y which help it to perform its function to the human body.
  - (i) Carefully observe the structure of specimen J and identify the type of joint(s) that (c) would be formed to the body of the animal.
    - (ii) Explain how the specimen J is adapted for formation of the joint(s) identified in (i).
  - Closely observe specimen  ${\bf Z}$  and explain three characteristic features which help it to move (d) in its habitat easily.
  - Carefully study the specimens G, H and K and answer the following questions: 2.
    - (i) Identify one feature which may influence the artificial classification system to place both specimens K and H into the same taxonomic group. (a)
      - (ii) Why scientists may not concur with the use of artificial classification system for grouping specimens K and H into taxonomic group? Give a reason.
    - (i) Classify each of the specimens G, H and K to Class level. (b)
      - (ii) Account for the features used in the natural classification system to place specimens G and H to their Classes.
      - (iii) Name four organisms which share the same Phylum with the specimen K.
      - (iv) In what ways members that were placed together with specimen  $\mathbf{K}$  in the same Class are advantageous in our daily life?
    - (i) Draw a diagram of specimen **H** and label external features. (c)
      - (ii) Identify two observable features of specimen H at the Kingdom level.