



Introduction to Electronics

An introduction to electronic components and a study of circuits containing such devices.





Week 7: BJTs



Introduction to Electronics

An introduction to electronic components and a study of circuits containing such devices.



Dr. Allen Robinson Academic Professional School of Electrical and Computer Engineering

Bipolar Junction Transistor Introduction

Introduce the bipolar junction transistor



Previous Lesson

Examined common source amplifier

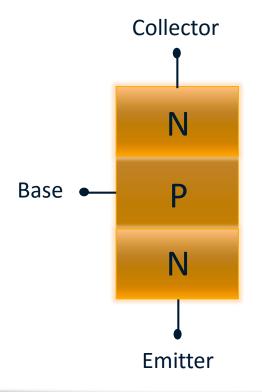


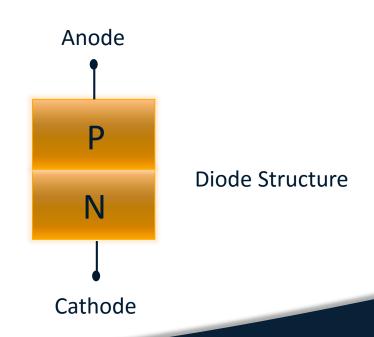
Lesson Objectives

Introduce bipolar junction transistor

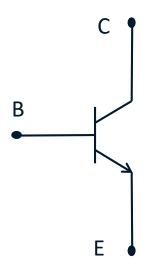


NPN BJT Structure





Symbol and Packages







Regions of Operation

Region	Collector-Base Junction	Base-Emitter Junction
Cutoff	Reverse	Reverse
Saturation	Forward	Forward
Active	Reverse	Forward
Reverse Active	Forward	Reverse



Summary

- Introduced bipolar junction transistor (BJT)
- Examined BJT symbol, structure, and uses



Next Lesson

BJT terminal characteristics



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BJT Terminal Characteristics

Examine bipolar junction transistor terminal characteristics



Previous Lesson

Introduced the Bipolar Junction Transistor (BJT)

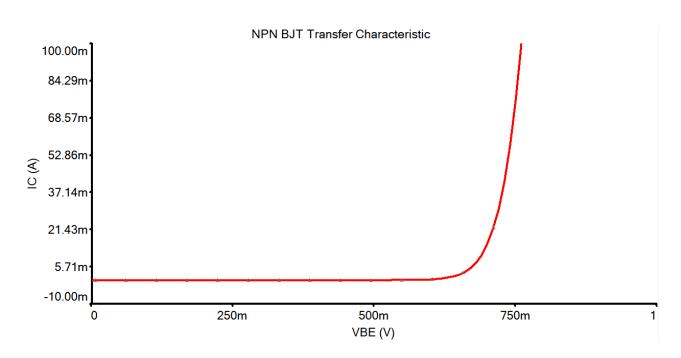


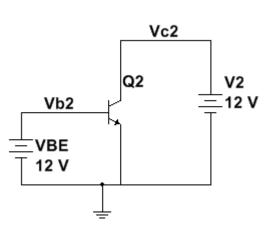
Lesson Objectives

Examine BJT terminal characteristics



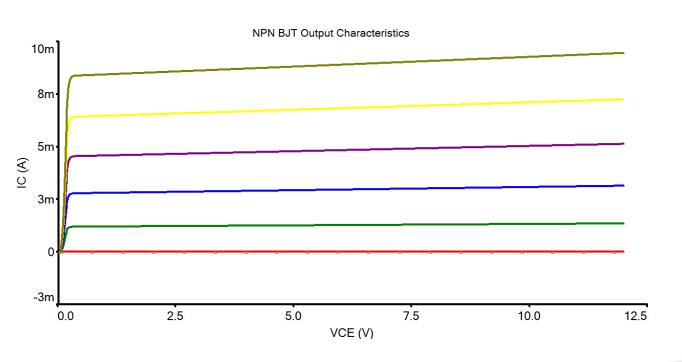
Characteristic Curves

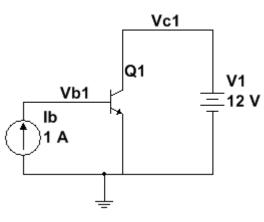






Characteristic Curves





Regions of Operation

Cutoff Region

$$V_{BE} \lesssim 0.5 \,\mathrm{V}$$

$$I_B = I_C = I_E = 0$$

Active Region

$$V_{BE} pprox 0.7\,\mathrm{V}$$

$$V_{CE} \gtrsim 0.2 \, \mathrm{V}$$

$$I_B > 0$$

$$I_C = \beta I_B = \alpha I_E$$

Saturation Region

$$V_{BE} \approx 0.7 \, \mathrm{V}$$

$$V_{CE}pprox0.2\,\mathrm{V}$$

$$I_B > 0$$

$$I_C < \beta I_B$$

 β = Base to collector current gain. Typical value = 100.

 α = Emitter to collector current gain. Typical value = 0.99.

Active Region

$$I_C = I_S e^{V_{BE}/V_T}$$
 $I_C = \beta I_B = \alpha I_E$

$$\beta = \beta_0 \left(1 + \frac{V_{CE}}{V_A} \right)$$

$$I_S = I_{S0} \left(1 + \frac{V_{CE}}{V_A} \right)$$

$$V_T = \frac{kT}{q} = 0.0259 \,\text{V} \quad (T = 300 \,\text{K})$$

 I_{SO} = Zero bias saturation current. Typical value = 1E-15 A.

 β_0 = Zero bias base to collector current gain.

Typical value = 100.

 α = Emitter to collector current gain = $\beta/(\beta+1)$.

Typical value = 0.99.

 V_A = Early Voltage. Typical value = 150.



Summary

Examined BJT terminal characteristics



Next Lesson

BJT parameters



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Bipolar Junction Transistor Parameters

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Examine bipolar junction transistor parameters



Previous Lesson

Introduced bipolar junction transistor



Lesson Objective

Relate BJT parameters to characteristic curves

Active Region

$$I_C = I_S e^{V_{BE}/V_T}$$

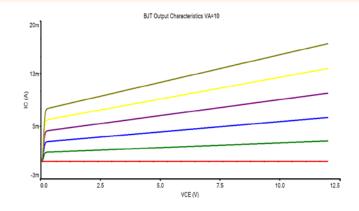
$$I_C = \beta I_B = \alpha I_E$$

$$\beta = \beta_0 \left(1 + \frac{V_{CE}}{V_A} \right)$$

$$I_S = I_{S0} \left(1 + \frac{V_{CE}}{V_A} \right)$$

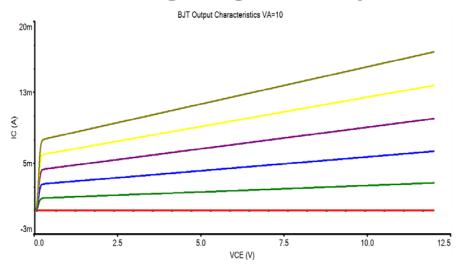
$$V_T = \frac{kT}{q} = 0.0259 \,\mathrm{V}$$

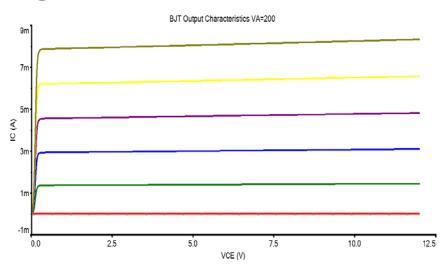
$$(T = 300 \, \text{K})$$





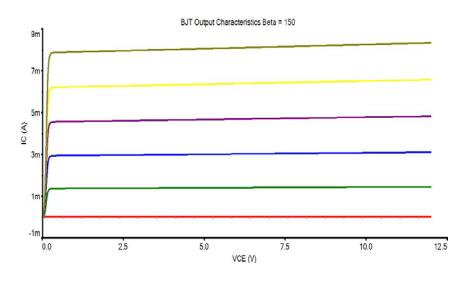
Changing Early Voltage

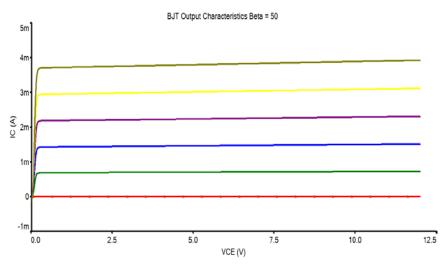






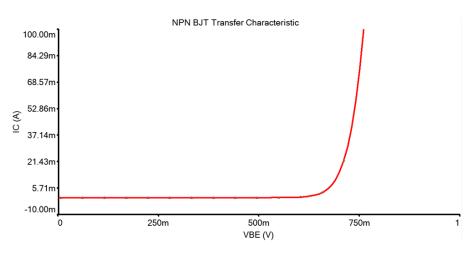
Changing Beta

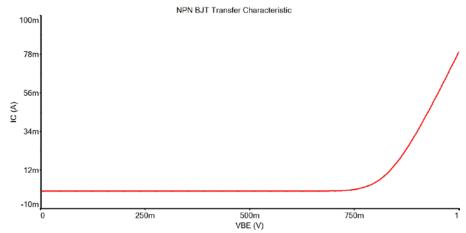






Changing Saturation Current I_S







Summary

Determined how BJT parameters affect characteristics



Next Lesson

BJT Curve Tracer Measurements



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Bipolar Junction Transistor Curve Tracer

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Determine BJT parameters from curve tracer measurements



Previous Lesson

Introduced bipolar junction transistor parameters



Lesson Objectives

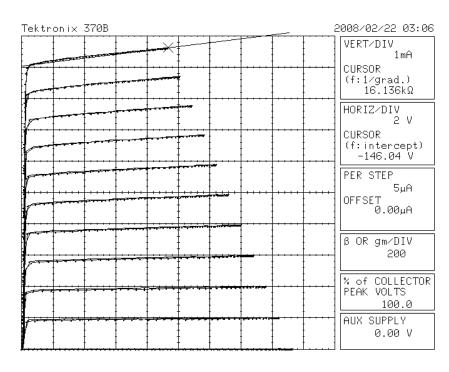
- Introduce the curve tracer
- Solve for parameters from measured data



Curve Tracer

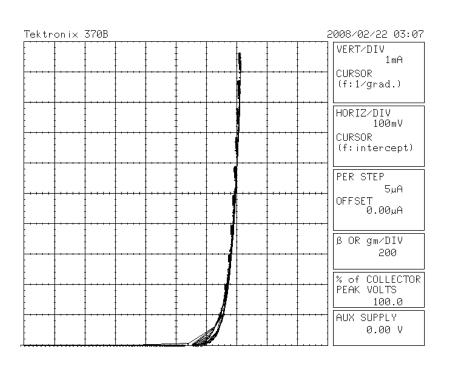


Measured Output Characteristics



$$V_A = \frac{I_C}{m} - V_{CE} \qquad \beta_0 = \frac{I_C/I_B}{1 + \frac{V_{CE}}{V_A}}$$

Measured Transfer Characteristics



$$I_C = I_S e^{V_{BE}/V_T}$$
 $I_{S0} = I_C \frac{e^{-V_{BE}/V_T}}{1 + \frac{V_{CE}}{V_A}}$



Summary

Determined BJT parameters from measured data



Next Lesson

BJT Switch



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Bipolar Junction Transistor Switch

Introduce bipolar junction transistor switch



Previous Lesson

Examined BJT parameters

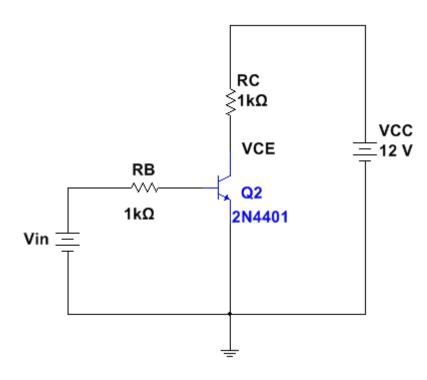


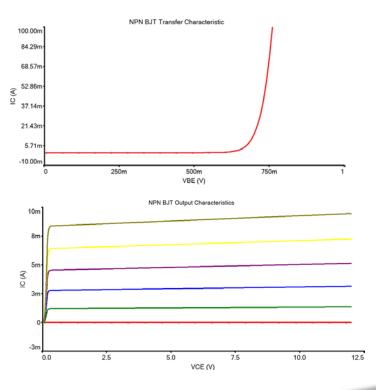
Lesson Objectives

Introduce BJT switch



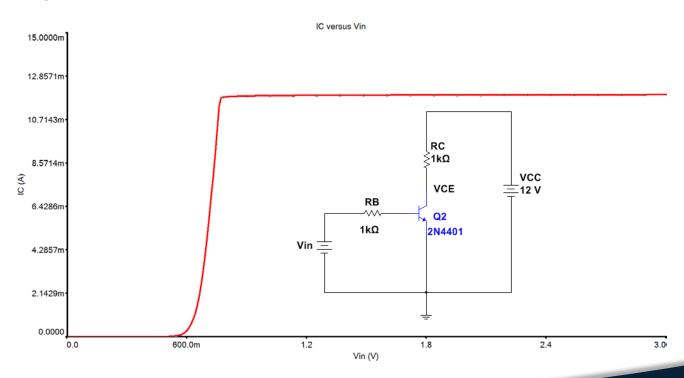
Schematic





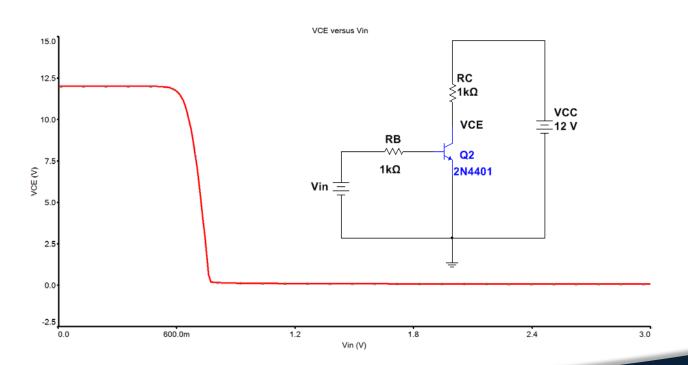


I_C versus V_{in}



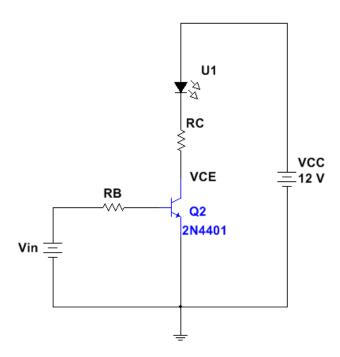


V_{CE} versus V_{in}





Example LED Load





Summary

- Introduced BJT switch
- Examined BJT switch characteristics



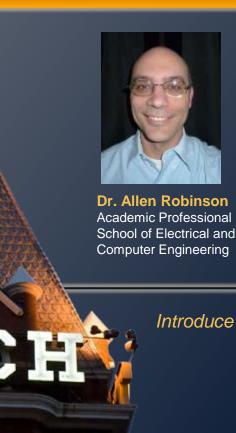
Next Lesson

BJT Common Emitter Amplifier



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BJT Common Emitter Amplifier

Introduce bipolar junction transistor common emitter amplifier



Previous Lesson

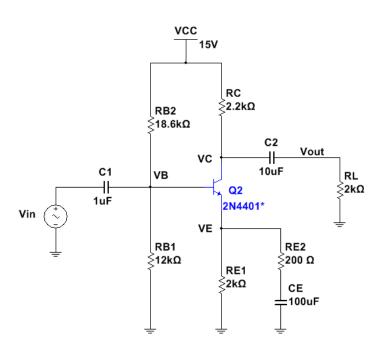
Examined BJT switch



Lesson Objectives

- Introduce BJT common emitter (CE) amplifier
- Examine biasing of the CE amplifier

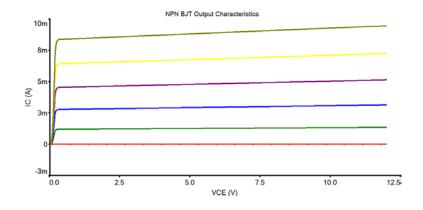
Common Emitter Circuit Schematic





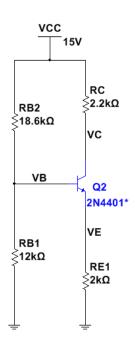
Regions of Operation

Region	Collector- Base Junction	Base-Emitter Junction
Cutoff	Reverse	Reverse
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Reverse Active	Forward	Reverse



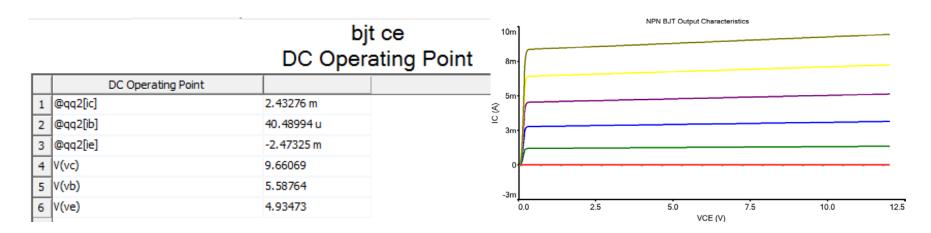


DC Bias Circuit





Bias Values





Summary

- Introduced BJT CE Amplifier
- Solved CE biasing example



Next Lesson

BJT Common Emitter Amplifier AC Analysis



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BJT Common Emitter Amplifier AC Behavior

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Examine ac behavior of CE amplifier



Previous Lesson

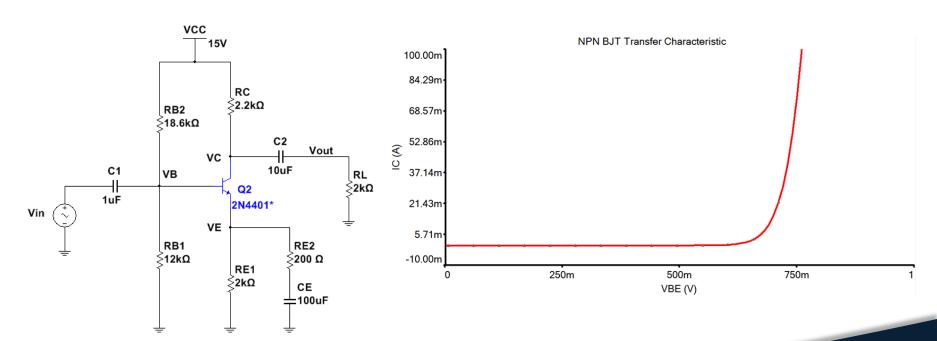
- Introduced CE amplifier
- Examined dc biasing of the amplifier



Lesson Objectives

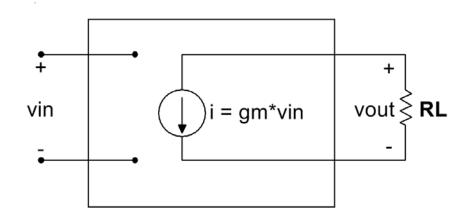
Examine ac behavior of the CE amplifier

Common Emitter Circuit Schematic





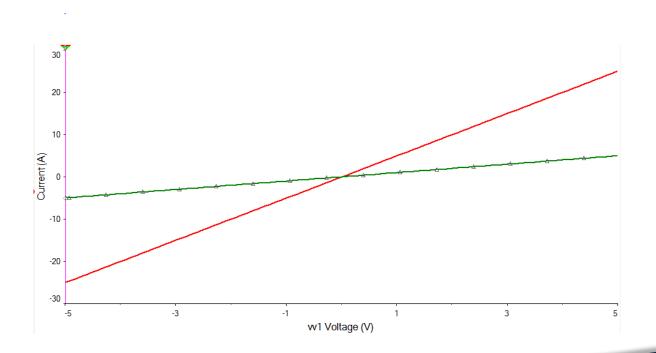
Amplifier Model



gm = transconductance



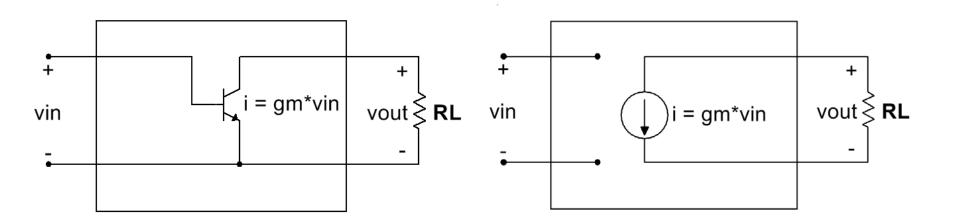
I-V Characteristic



i = gm*vin

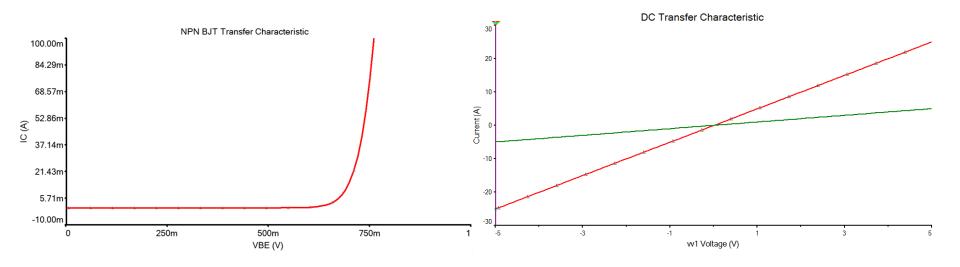


CE Amplifier





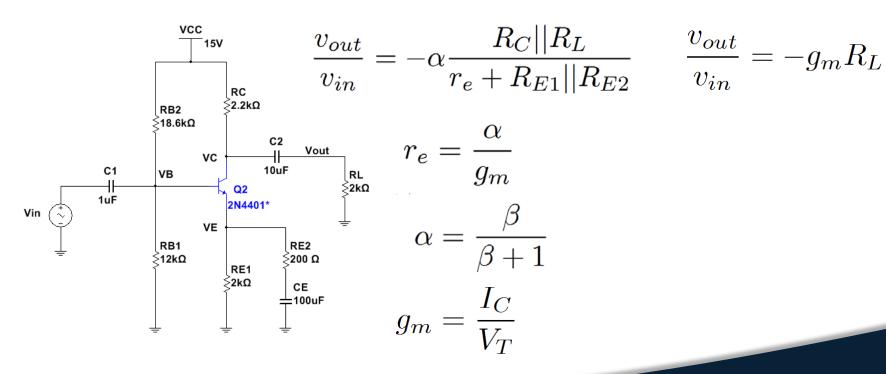
I-V Characteristics



$$g_m = I_C/V_T$$

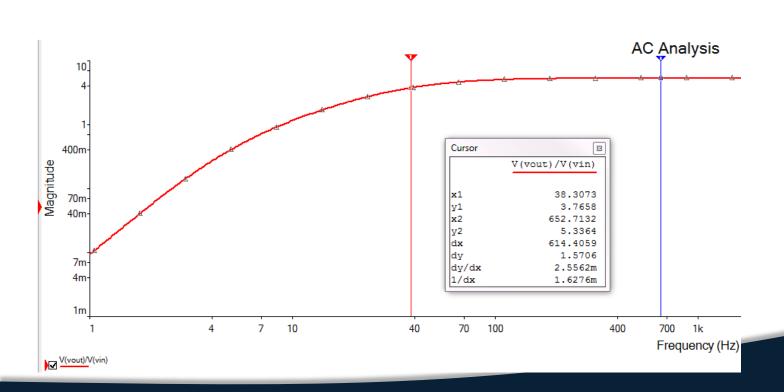
$$V_T = 0.0259V$$

Gain Equation





AC Analysis





Summary

Examined ac behavior of the CE amplifier