```
['abcd', 786, 2.23, 'john', 70.20000000000003, 123, 'john']
```

Python Tuples

A tuple is another sequence data type that is similar to the list. A tuple consists of a number of values separated by commas. Unlike lists, however, tuples are enclosed within parentheses.

The main differences between lists and tuples are: Lists are enclosed in brackets ([]) and their elements and size can be changed, while tuples are enclosed in parentheses (()) and cannot be updated. Tuples can be thought of as **read-only** lists. For example:

```
#!/usr/bin/python

tuple = ( 'abcd', 786 , 2.23, 'john', 70.2 )

tinytuple = (123, 'john')

print tuple  # Prints complete list

print tuple[0]  # Prints first element of the list

print tuple[1:3]  # Prints elements starting from 2nd till 3rd

print tuple[2:]  # Prints elements starting from 3rd element

print tinytuple * 2  # Prints list two times

print tuple + tinytuple # Prints concatenated lists
```

This produces the following result:

```
('abcd', 786, 2.23, 'john', 70.2000000000000)

abcd
(786, 2.23)
(2.23, 'john', 70.2000000000000)
(123, 'john', 123, 'john')
('abcd', 786, 2.23, 'john', 70.2000000000000, 123, 'john')
```

