When the above code is executed, it produces the following result:



11.Radiobutton

This widget implements a multiple-choice button, which is a way to offer many possible selections to the user and lets user choose only one of them.

In order to implement this functionality, each group of radiobuttons must be associated to the same variable and each one of the buttons must symbolize a single value. You can use the Tab key to switch from one radionbutton to another.

Syntax

Here is the simple syntax to create this widget:

```
w = Radiobutton ( master, option, ... )
```

Parameters

- master: This represents the parent window.
- **options:** Here is the list of most commonly used options for this widget. These options can be used as key-value pairs separated by commas.

Option	Description
activebackground	The background color when the mouse is over the radiobutton.
activeforeground	The foreground color when the mouse is over the radiobutton.
anchor	If the widget inhabits a space larger than it needs, this option specifies where the radiobutton will sit in that space. The default is anchor=CENTER.
bg	The normal background color behind the indicator and label.
bitmap	To display a monochrome image on a radiobutton, set this option to a bitmap.

