9	time.strftime(fmt[,tupletime]) Accepts an instant expressed as a time-tuple in local time and returns a string representing the instant as specified by string fmt.
10	time.strptime(str,fmt='%a %b %d %H:%M:%S %Y') Parses str according to format string fmt and returns the instant in time-tuple format.
11	<pre>time.time() Returns the current time instant, a floating-point number of seconds since the epoch.</pre>
12	time.tzset() Resets the time conversion rules used by the library routines. The environment variable TZ specifies how this is done.

Let us go through the functions briefly:

71. time.altzone

Description

The method **altzone()** is the attribute of the **time** module. This returns the offset of the local DST timezone, in seconds west of UTC, if one is defined. This is negative if the local DST timezone is east of UTC (as in Western Europe, including the UK). Only use this if daylight is nonzero.

Syntax

Following is the syntax for **altzone()** method:

time.altzone

Parameters

NA

Return Value

This method returns the offset of the local DST timezone, in seconds west of UTC, if one is defined.

Example

