

```
13:00:40 02/17/09 EST
```

```
05:00:40 02/18/09 AEDT
```

There are following two important attributes available with time module:

Sr. No.	Attribute with Description
1	<p><code>time.timezone</code></p> <p>Attribute <code>time.timezone</code> is the offset in seconds of the local time zone (without DST) from UTC (>0 in the Americas; ≤ 0 in most of Europe, Asia, Africa).</p>
2	<p><code>time.tzname</code></p> <p>Attribute <code>time.tzname</code> is a pair of locale-dependent strings, which are the names of the local time zone without and with DST, respectively.</p>

The *calendar* Module

The `calendar` module supplies calendar-related functions, including functions to print a text calendar for a given month or year.

By default, `calendar` takes Monday as the first day of the week and Sunday as the last one. To change this, call `calendar.setfirstweekday()` function.

Here is a list of functions available with the *calendar* module:

Sr. No.	Function with Description
1	<p><code>calendar.calendar(year,w=2,l=1,c=6)</code></p> <p>Returns a multiline string with a calendar for year formatted into three columns separated by <code>c</code> spaces. <code>w</code> is the width in characters of each date; each line has length $21*w+18+2*c$. <code>l</code> is the number of lines for each week.</p>
2	<p><code>calendar.firstweekday()</code></p> <p>Returns the current setting for the weekday that starts each week. By default, when <code>calendar</code> is first imported, this is 0, meaning Monday.</p>
3	<p><code>calendar.isleap(year)</code></p>