

Computer Science and Engineering Department

**NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY**

**DELHI**



Session (2024-2026)

Project Synopsis

**“Advanced Databases”**  
(CSBM 503)

**Submitted To:**  
**Dr. Parnika**  
Computer Science and  
Engineering Department

**Submitted By:**  
**Joshua Joy**  
**(242211009)**  
**Manchuri Reddy Dhamarakesh**  
**(242211011)**  
**Palaji Prudhvi Raj**  
**(242211014)**  
MTech (1<sup>st</sup> semester)  
Computer Science & Engg.  
(Analytics)

## **1. Title:**

Multi-Database Distributed Inventory Management System for Real-Time Stock Updates

## **2. Objective:**

To develop a robust and scalable inventory management system that effectively manages inventory data across multiple geographically dispersed locations, ensuring real-time updates, data consistency, and efficient access for stakeholders.

## **3. Purpose:**

To address the challenges of managing inventory in a distributed environment, where traditional centralized systems are insufficient for real-time stock updates and efficient information sharing. To enable businesses to optimize their inventory management processes, reduce stockouts, improve order fulfillment, and gain valuable insights into inventory trends and performance.

## **4. Methodology:**

- **Multi-Database Architecture:** Employ a hybrid approach using a central MySQL database for core inventory data and MongoDB for distributed, location-specific inventory updates.
- **Data Synchronization:** Leverage Apache Kafka as a message queue to facilitate real-time data synchronization between MySQL and MongoDB, ensuring data consistency across locations.
- **API Integration:** Develop RESTful APIs for managing inventory data, allowing integration with warehouse management systems, point-of-sale systems, and other applications.

## **5. Inventory Management Features:**

- **Product Management:** Create, update, and manage product information.
- **Stock Management:** Track stock levels, receive real-time updates, and manage stock adjustments.
- **Location Management:** Define locations, assign stock to locations, and track location-specific stock levels.
- **Order Management:** Process orders, track order fulfillment, and manage stock allocation.
- **User Interface (Optional):** A user-friendly interface (web-based or mobile) for visualizing inventory data, managing inventory operations, and generating reports.

## 6. Technology Used:

Central Database: MySQL Distributed

Database: MongoDB Data

Synchronization: Apache Kafka API

Development: Spring Boot (Java)

Development Tools: IDE (e.g., IntelliJ IDEA), Git for version control

## 7. System Requirements:

**Hardware:** Server/system with sufficient RAM and storage capacity for databases and application server.

**Software:**

- ✓ MySQL database server
- ✓ MongoDB database server
- ✓ Apache Kafka messaging queue
- ✓ Java Development Kit (JDK)
- ✓ Spring Boot framework Development tools (IDE, Git)

## 8. Summary:

- The proposed system provides a comprehensive and flexible approach to managing distributed inventory, enabling businesses to optimize stock levels, streamline operations, and gain valuable insights into inventory performance.
- The system's modular design allows for easy scalability and adaptation to changing business requirements.
- Future development can focus on adding advanced features like inventory analytics, automated ordering, and integration with third-party applications.

## 9. References:

- ✓ **Apache Kafka for Real-Time Data Synchronization:** Apache Kafka is widely used for real-time data synchronization in distributed environments. It acts as a message broker, ensuring efficient data flow between systems like MySQL and MongoDB. **Source:** Confluent
- ✓ **Real-Time Inventory Management Benefits:** Real-time inventory systems help businesses maintain optimal stock levels, improve customer satisfaction, and reduce costs through automated, data-driven decisions. **Source:** Visiwise Blog
- ✓ **Scalability and Data Consistency:** Redis Enterprise provides an example of how real-time systems can scale and maintain consistency across distributed databases, making it a good reference for ensuring data reliability and fast access. **Source:** Redis Enterprise