```
In []:
                ###load packages
                 import numpy as np
                 import pandas as pd
                 from sklearn.model selection import train test split
                 from sklearn.metrics import mean squared error
                 from sklearn.metrics.pairwise import cosine similarity
                 from surprise import Reader, Dataset, KNNBasic, NormalPredictor, BaselineOnly, KNNWithMeans,
                 from surprise import SVD, SVDpp, NMF, SlopeOne, CoClustering
                 from surprise.model selection import cross validate
                 from surprise.model selection import GridSearchCV
                 from surprise import accuracy
                 import random
In []:
                 ### load datasets
                 purchase = pd.read excel('UWL Purchase Data - Expanded2.xlsx')
                 customer = pd.read excel('UWL Customer Data - Expanded.xlsx')
                  ### store data removed
In [ ]:
                  ### explore purchase data
                 display(purchase.head())
                 purchase.dtypes
                 np.where(pd.isnull(purchase))
In [ ]:
                 #change column names for clarity and ease of coding
                 purchase.columns = ['Customer ID','Date','Day','TimeOfDay','DaySegment','TimeSegment','Stopenst','TimeSegment','Stopenst','DaySegment','TimeSegment','Stopenst','DaySegment','TimeSegment','Stopenst','DaySegment','DaySegment','DaySegment','DaySegment','DaySegment','DaySegment','DaySegment','DaySegment','DaySegment','DaySegment','DaySegment','DaySegment','DaySegment','DaySegment','DaySegment','DaySegment','DaySegment','DaySegment','DaySegment','DaySegment','DaySegment','DaySegment','DaySegment','DaySegment','DaySegment','DaySegment','DaySegment','DaySegment','DaySegment','DaySegment','DaySegment','DaySegment','DaySegment','DaySegment','DaySegment','DaySegment','DaySegment','DaySegment','DaySegment','DaySegment','DaySegment','DaySegment','DaySegment','DaySegment','DaySegment','DaySegment','DaySegment','DaySegment','DaySegment','DaySegment','DaySegment','DaySegment','DaySegment','DaySegment','DaySegment','DaySegment','DaySegment','DaySegment','DaySegment','DaySegment','DaySegment','DaySegment','DaySegment','DaySegment','DaySegment','DaySegment','DaySegment','DaySegment','DaySegment','DaySegment','DaySegment','DaySegment','DaySegment','DaySegment','DaySegment','DaySegment','DaySegment','DaySegment','DaySegment','DaySegment','DaySegment','DaySegment','DaySegment','DaySegment','DaySegment','DaySegment','DaySegment','DaySegment','DaySegment','DaySegment','DaySegment','DaySegment','DaySegment','DaySegment','DaySegment','DaySegment','DaySegment','DaySegment','DaySegment','DaySegment','DaySegment','DaySegment','DaySegment','DaySegment','DaySegment','DaySegment','DaySegment','DaySegment','DaySegment','DaySegment','DaySegment','DaySegment','DaySegment','DaySegment','DaySegment','DaySegment','DaySegment','DaySegment','DaySegment','DaySegment','DaySegment','DaySegment','DaySegment','DaySegment','DaySegment','DaySegment','DaySegment','DaySegment','DaySegment','DaySegment','DaySegment','DaySegment','DaySegment','DaySegment','DaySegment','DaySegment','DaySegment','DaySegment','DaySegment','DaySegment','DaySegment','DaySegmen
                                                       'PrdCatSubCat', 'UPCDescription', 'UPC', 'QtySold', 'Price']
In []:
                  ### explore customer data
                 display(customer.head())
                 customer.dtypes
In [ ]:
                  ### exploration of store data removed
In [ ]:
                 num customers = len(pd.unique(purchase['Customer ID'])) ### identify number of unique customers
                 num prod purchases = len(purchase) ### of products purchased
                 num products = len(pd.unique(purchase['UPCDescription'])) ### unique products in dataset
                 print("There are ", num customers, "unique customers, among ", num prod purchases, "items
                 print("There are ", num_products, "products represented in the dataset.")
                 purchase['UniquePurchases'] = str(purchase['Customer ID']) + purchase['Date'] + purchase[
                 num purchases = len(pd.unique(purchase['UniquePurchases'])) ### number of unique transact
                 print('There are ', num purchases, 'unique purchases.')
In [ ]:
                  ### remove fuel from dataset
                 purchase.drop(purchase.index[purchase["CatManDepartment"] == "Fuel"],inplace = True)
In [ ]:
                  ### replace brand name prefixes
                  ### code removed for anonymization purposes
In []:
                  ### change quantity sold of all items to 1, just want to know if they bought the item or \imath
                 purchase['QtySold'] = 1
```

```
In [ ]: | ### identify number of unique transactions per customer
        unique purchases = purchase[['Customer ID', 'UniquePurchases']]
         x = unique purchases.groupby('Customer ID', as index=False).nunique()
In [ ]:
         ### sum quantity of items purchased per unique product
         item purchases = purchase[['Customer ID','UPCDescription','QtySold']]
         y = item purchases.groupby(['Customer ID','UPCDescription'],as index=False).sum()
In []:
         ### create full table
         full table = pd.merge(x,y,on = "Customer ID",how='inner')
         full table['rating'] = full table['QtySold']/full table['UniquePurchases'] ### create impl
         full table
In []:
        ### get min and max ratings per customer
        rating transform = full table[['Customer ID','rating']]
         rating max = rating transform.groupby('Customer ID', as index=False).max()
         rating max['rating'] = rating max['rating'] + 0.01
         rating min = rating transform.groupby('Customer ID', as index=False).min()
         rating max.rename(columns = {'rating':'rating max'},inplace=True)
         rating min.rename(columns = {'rating':'rating min'},inplace=True)
In []:
        ###merge tables
         full table2 = pd.merge(full table,rating max, on = 'Customer ID',how='inner')
         full table3 = pd.merge(full table2, rating min, on = 'Customer ID', how='inner')
         full table3
In [ ]:
         ### get scaled rating
         full table3['scaled rating'] = (10-1) * (full table3['rating'] - full table3['rating min']
         full table3
In [ ]:
        #minimum number of times an item has been purchased
         min item = 10
         #minimum number of times a customer has purchased
         min purch = 10
         ### identify items that have been purchased more than the min
         item count = full table3[["UPCDescription", "Customer ID"]].groupby("UPCDescription").count
         item count = item count[item count["Customer ID"] >= min item]
         ### identify customers that have purchased more than the min
         customer count = full table3[["UPCDescription", "Customer ID"]].groupby("Customer ID").cour
         customer count = customer count[customer count["UPCDescription"] >= min purch]
         ### filter table on above criteria
         full table3 = full table3[full table3["Customer ID"].isin(customer count.index) & full tak
In []:
         ###preview table
         full table3
In [ ]:
         ### create final ratings table and explore
         ratings = full table3[['Customer ID','UPCDescription','scaled rating']]
```

```
ratings
In []:
        ### set up training data
         X = ratings.copy()
         y = ratings["Customer ID"]
         X train, X test, y train, y test = train test split(X, y, test size = 0.25, stratify=y, re
In []:
        ### find median
         print(f"The median of this rating range is {np.median(np.arange(np.min(ratings['scaled rat
         #define a baseline model to always return the median
         def baseline(Customer ID, UPC, scale median, *args):
             return scale median
In []:
        ### defining score function
         def score(cf model, X test, *args):
             #Construct a list of item-customer tuples from the testing dataset
             id upc pairs = zip(X test[X test.columns[0]], X test[X test.columns[1]])
             #Predict the rating for every customer-item tuple
             y pred = np.array([cf model(customer, item, *args) for (customer, item) in id upc pair
             #Extract the actual ratings given by the users in the test data
             y true = np.array(X test[X test.columns[2]])
             #Return the final RMSE score
             return mean_squared_error(y_true, y_pred, squared=False)
In []:
         ### define function for getting recommendations from base models
         def base recommendations(Customer id, N, cf model, X test, *args):
           #Construct a list of user-item tuples from the dataset
             id upc pairs = zip(X test[X test.columns[0]], X test[X test.columns[1]])
             #Predict the rating for every customer-item tuple
             y pred = np.array([cf model(customer, item, *args) for (customer, item) in id upc pail
             Customer ID = np.array(X test[X test.columns[0]])
             UPCDescription = np.array(X test[X test.columns[1]])
             ### join predictions with Customer ID and UPC Descriptionss
             recommendations = pd.DataFrame({'Customer ID':Customer ID,'UPCDescription':list(UPCDes
             #sort all predictions
             recommendations = recommendations.sort values('Prediction', ascending=False)
             #remove all but brand name products
             recommendations = recommendations.loc[(recommendations.UPCDescription.str.startswith()
             # filter on Customer ID
             recommendations = recommendations.loc[recommendations['Customer ID'] == Customer id]
             #Return the final recommendations
             return recommendations.head(N)
In [ ]:
         ### score basline model
         baseline rmse = score(baseline, X test, 5.5)
         baseline rmse
```

ratings.dtypes

In []:

```
base recommendations (2010, 10, baseline, X test, 5.5)
In []:
        ### set up ratings pivot
         r matrix = X train.pivot table(values='scaled rating', index='Customer ID', columns='UPCDe
In []:
        def mean model (Customer ID, UPCDescription, ratings matrix, scale median):
             #Check if UPCDescription exists in ratings matrix
             if UPCDescription in ratings matrix:
                 #Compute the mean of all the ratings given to the item
                 mean rating = ratings matrix[UPCDescription].mean()
             else:
                 #Default to scale median
                 mean rating = scale median
             return mean rating
In [ ]:
        ### score mean model
         mean rmse = score(mean model, X test, r matrix, 5.5)
         mean rmse
In []:
        base recommendations (2010, 10, mean model, X train, r matrix, 5.5)
In [ ]:
         ### creat item based based pivot
         r matrix item = X train.pivot(values='scaled rating', index='UPCDescription', columns='Cus
         #Create a dummy ratings matrix with all null values imputed to 0
         r matrix item dummy = r matrix item.copy().fillna(0)
         #Compute the cosine similarity
         cosine sim item = cosine similarity(r matrix item dummy, r matrix item dummy)
         #Convert to pandas dataframe
         cosine sim item = pd.DataFrame(cosine sim item, index=r matrix item.index, columns=r matri
In []:
         ### preview similarity matrix
         cosine sim item.head(10)
In [ ]:
         #Item-Based Collaborative Filter using Weighted Mean Ratings
         def wmean (Customer ID, UPCDescription, ratings matrix, c sim matrix, median rating):
             #Check if Customer ID exists in r matrix
             if Customer ID in ratings matrix:
                 #Get the similarity scores for the item in question with every other item
                 sim scores = c sim matrix[UPCDescription]
                 #Get the user ratings for the item in question
                 u ratings = ratings matrix[Customer ID]
                 #Extract the indices containing NaN in the m ratings series
                 idx = u ratings[u ratings.isnull()].index
                 #Drop the NaN values from the Series
```

get recommendations from baseline mode

```
#Drop the corresponding cosine scores from the sim scores series
                 sim scores = sim scores.drop(idx)
                 #Compute the final weighted mean
                 if sim scores.sum() > 0:
                     wmean rating = np.dot(sim scores, u ratings)/ sim scores.sum()
                 else: # the book has zero cosine similarity with other items
                     wmean rating = median rating
             else:
                 #Default to a rating of 5.5 in the absence of any information
                 wmean rating = median rating
             return wmean rating
In [ ]:
         ### scored weighted mean model
         wmean rmse = score(wmean, X test, r matrix item, cosine sim item, 5.5)
         wmean rmse
In [ ]:
        ### get recommendations from weighted mean model
         base recommendations (2010, 10, wmean, X train, r matrix item, cosine sim item, 5.5)
In [ ]:
        #examine distribution of ratings
         ratings.scaled rating.plot(kind='hist', bins=4, title='Actual Ratings')
In [ ]:
        ### Creating Normal Predictor Model
         our seed = 14
         #Define a Reader object
         reader = Reader(rating scale=(1,11))
         #Create the dataset
         data = Dataset.load from df(ratings, reader)
         #Define the normal predictor
         normal pred = NormalPredictor()
         ## apply the seeds before cross validating
         random.seed(our seed)
         np.random.seed(our seed)
         #Evaluate RMSE
         algo cv = cross validate(normal pred, data, measures=['RMSE'], cv=5, verbose=True)
         print(algo cv)
         #Extract average RMSE
         algo rmse = np.mean(algo cv['test rmse'])
         print(f'\nThe RMSE across five folds was {algo rmse}')
In [ ]:
         #train on the whole dataset
         trainset = data.build full trainset()
         normal pred.fit(trainset)
In []:
        ## apply the seeds before predicting
         random.seed(our seed)
```

u ratings = u ratings.dropna()

```
#run predictions
         pred df = ratings.copy() #make a copy of the ratings that we can add columns to
         #get all the predictions
         pred df['prediction'] = pred df.apply(lambda x: normal pred.predict(x['UPCDescription'], x
         pred df
In [ ]:
        #### Creating KNN Model
         our seed = 14
         #Define a Reader object
         reader = Reader(rating scale=(1,11)) # defaults to (0,5)
         #Create the dataset
         data = Dataset.load from df(ratings, reader)
         sim options = {'user based':False}
         #Define the algorithm object
         knn = KNNBasic(k=3, verbose=False, sim options = sim options)
         ## apply the seeds before cross validating
         random.seed(our seed)
         np.random.seed(our seed)
         #Evaluate Model
         knn cv = cross validate(knn, data, measures=['RMSE'], cv=5, verbose=True)
         print(knn cv)
         #Extract average RMSE
         knn rmse = np.mean(knn cv['test rmse'])
         print(f'\nThe RMSE across five folds was {knn rmse}')
In [ ]:
        #Define a Reader object
         reader = Reader(rating scale=(1,11))
         #Create the dataset
         data = Dataset.load from df(ratings, reader)
         #get the raw ratings
         raw ratings = data.raw ratings
         # shuffle ratings
         random.seed(our seed)
         np.random.seed(our seed)
         random.shuffle(raw ratings)
         \#A = 90\% of the data, B = 10\% of the data
         threshold = int(.9 * len(raw ratings))
         A raw ratings = raw ratings[:threshold]
         B raw ratings = raw ratings[threshold:]
         data.raw ratings = A raw ratings # data is now the set A
         # Select best algo with grid search.
         print('Grid Search...')
         param grid = \{'k': [3,5], 'min k': [1,3]\}
         grid search = GridSearchCV(KNNBasic, param grid, measures=['rmse'], cv=3)
         grid search.fit(data)
         knn gs algo = grid search.best estimator['rmse']
```

np.random.seed(our seed)

```
# retrain on the whole set A
         trainset = data.build full trainset()
         knn gs algo.fit(trainset)
         # Compute biased accuracy on A
         predictions = knn gs algo.test(trainset.build testset())
         print(f'Biased accuracy on A = {accuracy.rmse(predictions)}')
         # Compute unbiased accuracy on B
         testset = data.construct testset(B raw ratings) # testset is now the set B
         predictions = knn gs algo.test(testset)
         print(f'Unbiased accuracy on B = {accuracy.rmse(predictions)}')
In []:
        grid search.best params['rmse']
In [ ]:
        #set seeds
         random.seed(our seed)
         np.random.seed(our seed)
         #reset the data.raw ratings to 100% of the data
         data.raw ratings = raw ratings
         #build a trainset
         trainset = data.build full trainset()
         #build the algorithm with best parameters
         knn gs algo = grid search.best estimator['rmse']
         #fit to the data
         knn gs algo.fit(trainset)
In []:
        #Define the SVD model
         svd = SVD()
         ## apply the seeds before cross validating
         random.seed(our seed)
         np.random.seed(our seed)
         #Evaluate RMSE
         svd cv = cross validate(svd, data, measures=['RMSE'], cv=5, verbose=True)
         #Extract average RMSE
         svd rmse = np.mean(svd cv['test rmse'])
         print(f'\nThe RMSE across five folds was {svd rmse}')
         #train on the whole dataset
         trainset = data.build full trainset()
         svd.fit(trainset)
In []:
         #build the recommendations function
         def recommendations(ratings, Customer ID, algo, N):
             #create dataframe of unique items
             sim items = ratings.copy().drop(columns=['Customer ID', 'scaled rating']).drop duplice
             #generate the predicted this customer's predicted rating for each item based on filter
             sim items['Prediction'] = sim items.apply(lambda x: algo.predict(Customer ID, x['UPCDe
             #add back Customer ID
             sim_items.insert(0, 'Customer ID', Customer ID)
             #sort all predictions
             sim items = sim items.sort values('Prediction', ascending=False)
             #remove all but brand name products
             sim items = sim items.loc[(sim items.UPCDescription.str.startswith('BN'))]
```

return sim items.head(N)

```
In [ ]:
         ### get recommendations from KNN model
         recommendations (ratings, 2010, knn gs algo, 10)
In [ ]:
         ### get recommendations from SVD Model
         recommendations (ratings, 2010, svd, 10)
In []:
         ### get recommendations from normal predictor
         recommendations (ratings, 2010, normal pred, 10)
In []:
        ### print all RMSE values
         print("Baseline RMSE:",baseline rmse)
         print("Mean RMSE:", mean rmse)
         print("Weighted Mean RMSE:", wmean rmse)
         print("Normal Predictor RMSE",algo_rmse)
         print("KNN RMSE:",knn rmse)
         print("SVD RMSE:",svd rmse)
```