

ARM Assembly

```
01:    mystery2
02: CBZ      R0, loc_C672    #compares R0 to 0 and if equal to 0 branch to loc_C672 on line 8
03: LDRB.W   R0, [R0, #0x63] #Load a byte into R0 from R0+0x63 (99)
04: SUBS     R0, #0          # R0 = R0-0
05: IT NE
06: MOVNE    R0, #1          # R0 = 1 if R0!=0
07: BX       LR              # return
08: loc_C672
09: MOVS     R0, #1          #R0 = 1
10: BX       LR              #return
11:    ;end of function mystery2
```

Mode

This codes mode is thumb mode since it has instructions ranging from 16 bits to 32 bits.

Types

R0 at first is a pointer. After that, R0 is used as a Boolean(0 or 1) for the return value.

Function Prototype

```
int mystery2(char * arg1)
```

C Code

```
int mystery2(char * arg1)
{
    if(arg1==NULL)
    {
        return 1;
    }
    arg1 = arg1+99;
    if(arg1 != 0) { return 1;}
    return 0;
}
```

Explanation

This function is given a pointer that points to a struct with a bunch of one byte values. Since the values are one byte, I'm assuming that this is an array of characters. If the pointer is NULL, then the value returns true. If it is not NULL, we go to the 100th element of the array. If the 100th element of the array is 0, the function returns 0. If the last value is not 0, we return 1.