Plate Discipline

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Quantifying MLB Hitter Plate Discipline

Import Necessary Packages

Import MLB 2019 and 2020 pitch by pitch data

```
hit_data <- readRDS("MLB Pitches 2019-2020.rds")</pre>
pitchers_2019 <- readRDS("Statcast Pitchers Pitch Data 2019.rds")</pre>
pitchers_2020 <- readRDS("Statcast Pitchers Pitch Data 2020.rds")</pre>
pitchers <- rbind(pitchers_2019, pitchers_2020)</pre>
pitchers <- pitchers %>%
    select(game_pk, at_bat_number, pitch_number, player_name) %>%
    rename(pitcher_name = player_name)
hit_data <- hit_data %>%
    left_join(pitchers, by = c("game_pk", "at_bat_number", "pitch_number"))
hit_data <- hit_data %>%
    select(-spin_dir, -spin_rate_deprecated, -break_angle_deprecated,
        -break_length_deprecated, -tfs_deprecated, -tfs_zulu_deprecated,
        -fielder_2, -umpire, -vx0, -vy0, -vz0, -ax, -ay, -az,
        -pitcher_1, -fielder_2_1, -fielder_3, -fielder_4, -fielder_5,
        -fielder_6, -fielder_7, -fielder_8, -fielder_9, -if_fielding_alignment,
        -of_fielding_alignment)
```

Add run expectancy metrics

```
hit_data <- hit_data %>%
    run_expectancy_code(level = "pitch")
hit_data$description <- as.factor(hit_data$description)</pre>
```

Ball/Strike Model

Fit a glm model to determine balls and strikes

```
takes <- hit_data %>%
  filter(description == "ball" | description == "called_strike",
    !is.na(plate_x) & !is.na(plate_z)) %>%
  mutate(strike = ifelse(description == "called_strike", 1,
    0), plate_x2 = plate_x^2, plate_z2 = plate_z^2, plate_x3 = plate_x2 *
    plate_x, plate_z3 = plate_z2 * plate_z, plate_xz = plate_x *
    plate_z, plate_x2z = plate_x^2 * plate_z, plate_xz2 = plate_x *
    plate_z^2)
```

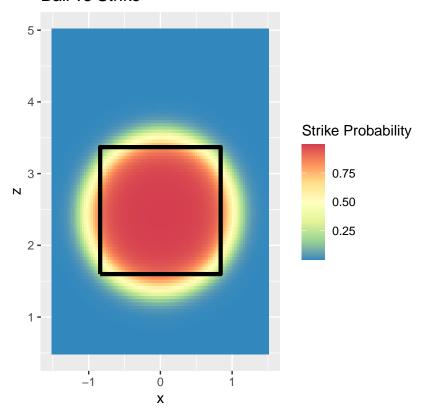
```
strike_prob_model <- glm(strike ~ plate_x + plate_z + plate_x2 +</pre>
   plate_z2 + plate_xz + sz_top + sz_bot, data = takes, family = binomial(link = "logit"))
## Warning: glm.fit: fitted probabilities numerically 0 or 1 occurred
summary(strike prob model)
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = strike ~ plate_x + plate_z + plate_x2 + plate_z2 +
     plate_xz + sz_top + sz_bot, family = binomial(link = "logit"),
     data = takes)
##
##
## Deviance Residuals:
             1Q
                 Median
                            3Q
## -3.4618 -0.1362 -0.0023 0.1732
                                 5.6198
##
## Coefficients:
             Estimate Std. Error z value
                                             Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept) -24.55375
                      0.13776 -178.23 < 0.0000000000000000 ***
## plate_x
             ## plate_z
## plate_x2
           ## plate z2
             ## plate_xz
             ## sz top
## sz_bot
             ## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
##
     Null deviance: 630586 on 497770 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 186162 on 497763 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 186178
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 9
# takes %>% add_predictions(strike_prob_model, type =
# 'response')
GetAUC(strike_prob_model, takes, takes$strike)
## [1] 0.9759137
# takes %>% select(strike, plate_x, plate_x, plate_x2,
# plate_z2, plate_x3, plate_z3, plate_xz, plate_x2z,
# plate xz2) %>% cor()
Create a strike heatmap to see the accuracy of the logistic model
x \leftarrow seq(-1.5, 1.5, length.out = 100)
y \leftarrow seq(0.5, 5, length.out = 100)
preds <- data.frame(plate_x = c(outer(x, y * 0 + 1)), plate_z = c(outer(x * 0 + 1))
```

na.rm = T))

0 + 1, y)), sz_top = mean(hit_data\$sz_top, na.rm = T), sz_bot = mean(hit_data\$sz_bot,

```
preds <- preds %>%
    mutate(plate_x2 = plate_x^2, plate_z2 = plate_x^2, plate_x3 = plate_x2 *
        plate_x, plate_z3 = plate_z2 * plate_z, plate_xz = plate_x *
        plate_z, plate_x2z = plate_x^2 * plate_z, plate_xz2 = plate_x *
        plate_z^2) %>%
    add_predictions(strike_prob_model) %>%
    mutate(strike\_prob = 1/(1 + exp(-1 * pred)))
# strike_predictions <- predict(strike_prob_model,</pre>
# type='response', newdata = preds) preds <- preds %>%
# add_column(strike_predictions)
topKzone <- mean(hit_data$sz_top, na.rm = T)</pre>
botKzone <- mean(hit_data$sz_bot, na.rm = T)</pre>
inKzone \leftarrow -0.84
outKzone <- 0.84
kZone <- data.frame(x = c(inKzone, inKzone, outKzone, outKzone,
    inKzone), y = c(botKzone, topKzone, topKzone, botKzone, botKzone))
# construct the plot
ggplot(kZone, aes(x, y)) + geom_tile(data = preds, aes(x = plate_x, y))
    y = plate_z, fill = strike_prob)) + scale_fill_distiller(palette = "Spectral") +
    geom_path(lwd = 1.5, col = "black") + coord_fixed() + ggtitle("Ball vs Strike") +
    labs(fill = "Strike Probability", y = "z")
```

Ball vs Strike



Logic for run expectancy ball and strike data frames, create run expectancy states for next possible outcomes

(ball/strike) based on current situations.

takes\$pitch_id <- seq(1, nrow(takes))</pre>

```
ball next <- takes
ball_next <- ball_next %>%
    mutate(balls_new = ifelse(balls < 3, balls + 1, 0), strikes_new = ifelse(balls <</pre>
        3, strikes, 0), outs_when_up_new = outs_when_up, on_1b_new = ifelse(balls ==
        3 & is.na(on 1b), 1, on 1b), on 2b new = ifelse(balls ==
        3 & !is.na(on_1b), 1, on_2b), on_3b_new = ifelse(balls ==
        3 & !is.na(on_1b) & !is.na(on_2b), 1, on_3b)) %>%
   mutate(count_base_out_state_new = paste(balls_new, "-", strikes_new,
        ", ", outs_when_up_new, " outs, ", ifelse(!is.na(.$on_1b_new),
            "1b", "_"), ifelse(!is.na(.$on_2b_new), "2b", "_"),
        ifelse(!is.na(.$on_3b_new), "3b", "_")))
# merge run exxpectancy table to new data
ball_next <- ball_next %>%
    left_join(run_expectancy_state_table, by = c(count_base_out_state_new = "count_base_out_state"))
strike_next <- takes
strike_next <- strike_next %>%
    mutate(balls_new = ifelse(strikes < 2, balls, 0), strikes_new = ifelse(strikes <</pre>
        2, strikes + 1, 0), outs_when_up_new = ifelse(strikes <
        2, outs_when_up, outs_when_up + 1), on_1b_new = on_1b,
        on_2b_new = on_2b, on_3b_new = on_3b) %>%
   mutate(count_base_out_state_new = paste(balls_new, "-", strikes_new,
        ", ", outs_when_up_new, " outs, ", ifelse(!is.na(.$on_1b_new),
            "1b", "_"), ifelse(!is.na(.$on_2b_new), "2b", "_"),
        ifelse(!is.na(.$on_3b_new), "3b", "_")))
# merge run exxpectancy table to new data
strike_next <- strike_next %>%
   left_join(run_expectancy_state_table, by = c(count_base_out_state_new = "count_base_out_state"))
strike_next[which(strike_next$outs_when_up_new == 3), "avg_re.y"] <- 0</pre>
Combine the resulting data frames and calculate strike probability
takes_ball <- ball_next %>%
    select(pitch_id, balls_new, strikes_new, outs_when_up_new,
        on_1b_new, on_2b_new, on_3b_new, count_base_out_state_new,
        avg_re.y) %>%
   rename(count_base_out_state_ball = count_base_out_state_new,
        avg_re.ball = avg_re.y)
take_outcomes <- strike_next %>%
   rename(count_base_out_state_orig = count_base_out_state,
        count_base_out_state_strike = count_base_out_state_new,
        avg_re.orig = avg_re.x, avg_re.strike = avg_re.y) %>%
    left_join(takes_ball, by = "pitch_id")
take outcomes <- take outcomes %>%
    add_predictions(strike_prob_model, var = "strike_prob", type = "response")
```

Create variable with the run expectancy total for taking a pitch

```
take_outcomes <- take_outcomes %>%
   mutate(re_take = avg_re.ball * (1 - strike_prob) - avg_re.strike *
       strike_prob)
take outcomes %>%
    select(plate_x, plate_z, balls, strikes, on_1b, on_2b, on_3b,
       strike_prob, avg_re.strike, avg_re.ball, re_take) %>%
   arrange(re take) %>%
   head()
## # A tibble: 6 x 11
    plate_x plate_z balls strikes on_1b on_2b on_3b strike_prob avg_re.strike
##
      <dbl>
              <dbl> <dbl>
                           <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl>
                                                            <dbl>
                                                                         <dbl>
## 1
      -0.21
               2.48
                    3
                               0 641355 572041 457759
                                                           0.995
                                                                          2.81
## 2
                      3
                               0 592206 553993 458015
      0.23
               2.31
                                                           0.995
                                                                          2.81
## 3
     -0.21
               2.64
                      3
                              0 624577 467793 640458
                                                           0.995
                                                                          2.81
## 4
      Ο
               2.15
                        3
                               0 571448 502517 596115
                                                           0.995
                                                                          2.81
## 5
       0.16
               2.2
                        3
                               0 621311 571448 502517
                                                           0.991
                                                                          2.81
```

Build xgboost Multi-Classification Probability Model

... with 2 more variables: avg_re.ball <dbl>, re_take <dbl>

3

2.07

6

0.03

Use statcast data for creating metrics for players with the swings dataset to be used in the classification model.

0 641355 571970 608369

```
## Data courtesy of Baseball-Reference.com. Please consider supporting Baseball-Reference by signing up
## `summarise()` has grouped output by 'player_name'. You can override using the `.groups` argument.
## Data courtesy of Baseball-Reference.com. Please consider supporting Baseball-Reference by signing up
```

0.990

2.81

Now prep for classification model with outcome column addition.

Build classification model using xgboost to determine outcome probabilities of Miss, Foul, Out, Single, Double, Triple, and Homerun.

```
swings <- hit_data %>%
  filter(description != "ball" & description != "called_strike" &
    description != "blocked_ball" & description != "pitchout" &
```

```
description != "hit_by_pitch")
swings <- swings %>%
    filter(ERA <= 20)
set.seed(7777777)
sample <- sample(1:length(swings$game_date), length(swings$game_date) *</pre>
train <- swings[sample, ]</pre>
test <- swings[-sample, ]</pre>
train_lab <- as.factor(train$outcome)</pre>
test_lab <- as.factor(test$outcome)</pre>
final_lab <- levels(train_lab)</pre>
train <- train %>%
    select(plate_x, plate_z, pfx_x, pfx_z, pitch_type, balls,
        strikes, outs_when_up, release_spin_rate, stand, p_throws,
        effective_speed, release_speed, PA, BA, OBP, SLG, barrel_perc,
        avg_exit_velocity, avg_launch_angle, xAVG, xwOBA, wOBA,
        ISO, IP, ERA, GB.FB, WHIP, SO_perc, uBB_perc, overall_spin_rate,
        overall_velocity, outcome)
test <- test %>%
    select(plate_x, plate_z, pfx_x, pfx_z, pitch_type, balls,
        strikes, outs_when_up, release_spin_rate, stand, p_throws,
        effective_speed, release_speed, PA, BA, OBP, SLG, barrel_perc,
        avg_exit_velocity, avg_launch_angle, xAVG, xwOBA, wOBA,
        ISO, IP, ERA, GB.FB, WHIP, SO_perc, uBB_perc, overall_spin_rate,
        overall_velocity, outcome)
train$pitch_type <- as.numeric(as.factor(train$pitch_type)) -</pre>
    1
train$p_throws <- as.numeric(as.factor(train$p_throws)) - 1</pre>
train$stand <- as.numeric(as.factor(train$stand)) - 1</pre>
test$pitch_type <- as.numeric(as.factor(test$pitch_type)) - 1</pre>
test$p throws <- as.numeric(as.factor(test$p throws)) - 1</pre>
test$stand <- as.numeric(as.factor(test$stand)) - 1</pre>
train_lab <- as.numeric(as.factor(train_lab)) - 1</pre>
test_lab <- as.numeric(as.factor(test_lab)) - 1</pre>
xgb.train = xgb.DMatrix(data = as.matrix(train[, -33]), label = train_lab)
xgb.test = xgb.DMatrix(data = as.matrix(test[, -33]), label = test_lab)
```

```
##### Model
params <- list(objective = "multi:softprob", num_class = 7, eta = 0.3,</pre>
   min_child_weight = 6.47, max_depth = 9, subsample = 0.837,
    colsample_bytree = 0.75, eval_metric = "merror")
swing_mod <- xgb.train(params = params, data = xgb.train, nrounds = 49)</pre>
swing mod
## ##### xgb.Booster
## raw: 7.5 Mb
## call:
    xgb.train(params = params, data = xgb.train, nrounds = 49)
## params (as set within xgb.train):
## objective = "multi:softprob", num_class = "7", eta = "0.3", min_child_weight = "6.47", max_depth =
## xgb.attributes:
##
   niter
## callbacks:
## cb.print.evaluation(period = print_every_n)
## # of features: 32
## niter: 49
## nfeatures : 32
Remove unnecessary variables
remove(ball_next, basic_batter_stats, basic_pitcher_stats, grouped_pitching_stats,
    grouped_stats, pitchers, pitchers_2019, pitchers_2020, run_expectancy_state_table,
    strike_next, takes_ball)
remove(train, test, takes, take_outcomes, swings)
```

Don't run this chunk, this is for the optimization of the parameters on the xgboost model which has already been done

```
train <- train[which(!is.na(train$overall_spin_rate)), ]</pre>
test <- test[which(!is.na(test$barrel_perc)), ]</pre>
test <- test[which(!is.na(test$xAVG)), ]</pre>
test <- test[which(!is.na(test$ERA) & is.finite(test$ERA)), ]</pre>
test <- test[which(!is.na(test$overall_spin_rate)), ]</pre>
# create tasks
traintask <- makeClassifTask(data = train, target = "outcome")</pre>
testtask <- makeClassifTask(data = test, target = "outcome")</pre>
# do one hot encoding`<br/>
traintask <- createDummyFeatures(obj = traintask)</pre>
testtask <- createDummyFeatures(obj = testtask)</pre>
# create learner
lrn <- makeLearner("classif.xgboost", predict.type = "response")</pre>
lrn$par.vals <- list(objective = "multi:softprob", eval_metric = "merror",</pre>
    nrounds = 100L, eta = 0.1)
# set parameter space
params <- makeParamSet(makeDiscreteParam("booster", values = c("gbtree",</pre>
    "gblinear")), makeIntegerParam("max_depth", lower = 3L, upper = 10L),
    makeNumericParam("min_child_weight", lower = 1L, upper = 10L),
    makeNumericParam("subsample", lower = 0.5, upper = 1), makeNumericParam("colsample_bytree",
        lower = 0.5, upper = 1))
# set resampling strategy
rdesc <- makeResampleDesc("CV", stratify = T, iters = 5L)</pre>
# search strategy
ctrl <- makeTuneControlRandom(maxit = 10L)</pre>
# set parallel backend
library(parallel)
library(parallelMap)
parallelStartSocket(cpus = detectCores())
# parameter tuning
mytune <- tuneParams(learner = lrn, task = traintask, resampling = rdesc,
    measures = acc, par.set = params, control = ctrl, show.info = T)
mytune
mytune$y
# 0.4584903
# set hyperparameters
lrn_tune <- setHyperPars(lrn, par.vals = mytune$x)</pre>
# train model
xgmodel <- train(learner = lrn_tune, task = traintask)</pre>
# predict model
```

```
xgpred <- predict(xgmodel, testtask, type = "response")</pre>
confusionMatrix(xgpred$data$response, xgpred$data$truth)
# Accuracy : 0.4609
#######
xgb.pred = predict(swing_mod, xgb.test, reshape = T)
xgb.pred = as.data.frame(xgb.pred)
xgb.pred$label <- test$outcome</pre>
names(xgb.pred) <- levels(test$outcome)</pre>
# Use the predicted label with the highest probability
# xgb.pred$prediction = apply(xgb.pred,1,function(x)
\# colnames(xqb.pred)[which.max(x)])
xgb.pred$label = swings$outcome[-sample]
colnames(xgb.pred)[1:7] <- final_lab</pre>
table(xgb.pred$label)
xgb.pred %>%
    group_by(label) %>%
    summarize(meanMiss = mean(Miss), meanOut = mean(Out), meanSingle = mean(Single),
        meanDouble = mean(Double), meanTriple = mean(Triple),
        meanHR = mean(Homerun), meanFoul = mean(Foul))
quantile(xgb.pred$Homerun, 0.99)
xgb.pred %>%
    filter(xgb.pred$Homerun > 0.075) %>%
    select(label) %>%
    table() %>%
    prop.table()
xgb.pred %>%
    select(label) %>%
    table() %>%
    prop.table()
# Check out results
xgb.pred %>%
    arrange(-Double)
```

Test EAGLE on all pitches from years 2016-2019

Import data for each year and merge pitching data with hitting data.

```
pitches_2016 <- read_rds("MLB Pitches 2016.rds")
pitches_2017 <- read_rds("MLB Pitches 2017.rds")
pitches_2018 <- read_rds("MLB Pitches 2018.rds")
pitches_2019 <- read_rds("MLB Pitches 2019.rds")

pitchers_2016 <- readRDS("Statcast Pitchers Pitch Data 2016.rds")
pitchers_2017 <- readRDS("Statcast Pitchers Pitch Data 2017.rds")</pre>
```

```
pitchers_2018 <- readRDS("Statcast Pitchers Pitch Data 2018.rds")</pre>
pitchers_2019 <- readRDS("Statcast Pitchers Pitch Data 2019.rds")</pre>
pitchers_2016 <- pitchers_2016 %>%
    select(game_pk, at_bat_number, pitch_number, player_name) %>%
    rename(pitcher_name = player_name)
pitches_2016 <- pitches_2016 %>%
    left_join(pitchers_2016, by = c("game_pk", "at_bat_number",
        "pitch number"))
pitchers_2017 <- pitchers_2017 %>%
    select(game_pk, at_bat_number, pitch_number, player_name) %>%
    rename(pitcher_name = player_name)
pitches_2017 <- pitches_2017 %>%
    left_join(pitchers_2017, by = c("game_pk", "at_bat_number",
        "pitch_number"))
pitchers_2018 <- pitchers_2018 %>%
    select(game_pk, at_bat_number, pitch_number, player_name) %>%
    rename(pitcher_name = player_name)
pitches_2018 <- pitches_2018 %>%
    left_join(pitchers_2018, by = c("game_pk", "at_bat_number",
        "pitch_number"))
pitchers_2019 <- pitchers_2019 %>%
    select(game_pk, at_bat_number, pitch_number, player_name) %>%
    rename(pitcher_name = player_name)
pitches_2019 <- pitches_2019 %>%
    left_join(pitchers_2019, by = c("game_pk", "at_bat_number",
        "pitch_number"))
remove(pitchers_2016, pitchers_2017, pitchers_2018, pitchers_2019)
Make function to apply predictions from models and create EAGLE
apply_EAGLE <- function(pitch_df, startdate, enddate) {</pre>
    hit_data <- pitch_df</pre>
    startdate <- as.Date(startdate)</pre>
    enddate <- as.Date(enddate)</pre>
    hit_data$pitch_id <- seq(1, nrow(hit_data))</pre>
    hit_data <- hit_data %>%
        run expectancy code(level = "pitch")
    hit_data$description <- as.factor(hit_data$description)</pre>
    ball_next <- hit_data</pre>
    ball_next <- ball_next %>%
        mutate(balls_new = ifelse(balls < 3, balls + 1, 0), strikes_new = ifelse(balls <</pre>
            3, strikes, 0), outs_when_up_new = outs_when_up,
            on_1b_new = ifelse(balls == 3 & is.na(on_1b), 1,
```

on_1b), on_2b_new = ifelse(balls == 3 & !is.na(on_1b),

```
1, on_2b), on_3b_new = ifelse(balls == 3 & !is.na(on_1b) &
            !is.na(on_2b), 1, on_3b)) %>%
    mutate(count_base_out_state_new = paste(balls_new, "-",
        strikes_new, ", ", outs_when_up_new, " outs, ", ifelse(!is.na(.$on_1b_new),
            "1b", "_"), ifelse(!is.na(.$on_2b_new), "2b",
            "_"), ifelse(!is.na(.$on_3b_new), "3b", "_")))
# merge run exxpectancy table to new data
ball next <- ball next %>%
    left_join(run_expectancy_state_table, by = c(count_base_out_state_new = "count_base_out_state")
strike_next <- hit_data</pre>
strike_next <- strike_next %>%
    mutate(balls_new = ifelse(strikes < 2, balls, 0), strikes_new = ifelse(strikes <</pre>
        2, strikes + 1, 0), outs_when_up_new = ifelse(strikes <</pre>
        2, outs_when_up, outs_when_up + 1), on_1b_new = on_1b,
        on_2b_new = on_2b, on_3b_new = on_3b) %>%
    mutate(count_base_out_state_new = paste(balls_new, "-",
        strikes_new, ", ", outs_when_up_new, " outs, ", ifelse(!is.na(.$on_1b_new),
            "1b", "_"), ifelse(!is.na(.$on_2b_new), "2b",
            "_"), ifelse(!is.na(.$on_3b_new), "3b", "_")))
# merge run exxpectancy table to new data
strike_next <- strike_next %>%
    left_join(run_expectancy_state_table, by = c(count_base_out_state_new = "count_base_out_state")
strike next[which(strike next$outs when up new == 3), "avg re.y"] <- 0
#####
hit_data_ball <- ball_next %>%
    mutate(avg_re.ball = avg_re.y - avg_re.x) %>%
    select(pitch_id, balls_new, strikes_new, outs_when_up_new,
        on_1b_new, on_2b_new, on_3b_new, count_base_out_state_new,
        avg_re.ball) %>%
    rename(count_base_out_state_ball = count_base_out_state_new)
hit_data_outcomes <- strike_next %>%
    mutate(avg_re.strike = avg_re.y - avg_re.x) %>%
    rename(count_base_out_state_orig = count_base_out_state,
        count_base_out_state_strike = count_base_out_state_new,
        avg_re.orig = avg_re.x) %>%
    left_join(hit_data_ball, by = "pitch_id")
hit_data_outcomes <- hit_data_outcomes %>%
    mutate(plate_x2 = plate_x^2, plate_z2 = plate_z^2, plate_x3 = plate_x2 *
        plate_x, plate_z3 = plate_z2 * plate_x = plate_x *
        plate_z, plate_x2z = plate_x^2 * plate_z, plate_xz2 = plate_x *
        plate_z^2)
hit_data_outcomes <- hit_data_outcomes %>%
    add_predictions(strike_prob_model, var = "strike_prob",
        type = "response")
hit_data_outcomes <- hit_data_outcomes %>%
    mutate(re_take = avg_re.ball * (1 - strike_prob) + avg_re.strike *
```

```
strike_prob)
########
hit_data$pitch_id <- seq(1, nrow(hit_data))</pre>
##### Misses
miss_next <- hit_data</pre>
miss next <- miss next %>%
    mutate(balls_new = ifelse(strikes < 2, balls, 0), strikes_new = ifelse(strikes <</pre>
        2, strikes + 1, 0), outs_when_up_new = ifelse(strikes <
        2, outs_when_up, outs_when_up + 1), on_1b_new = on_1b,
        on_2b_new = on_2b, on_3b_new = on_3b) %>%
    mutate(count base out state new = paste(balls new, "-",
        strikes_new, ", ", outs_when_up_new, " outs, ", ifelse(!is.na(.$on_1b_new),
            "1b", "_"), ifelse(!is.na(.$on_2b_new), "2b",
            "_"), ifelse(!is.na(.$on_3b_new), "3b", "_")))
# merge run exxpectancy table to new data
miss_next <- miss_next %>%
    left_join(run_expectancy_state_table, by = c(count_base_out_state_new = "count_base_out_state")
miss_next[which(miss_next$outs_when_up_new == 3), "avg_re.y"] <- 0
##### Fouls
foul_next <- hit_data</pre>
foul next <- foul next %>%
    mutate(balls_new = balls, strikes_new = ifelse(strikes <</pre>
        2, strikes + 1, 2), outs_when_up_new = outs_when_up,
        on_1b_new = on_1b, on_2b_new = on_2b, on_3b_new = on_3b) %>%
   mutate(count_base_out_state_new = paste(balls_new, "-",
        strikes_new, ", ", outs_when_up_new, " outs, ", ifelse(!is.na(.$on_1b_new),
            "1b", "_"), ifelse(!is.na(.$on_2b_new), "2b",
            "_"), ifelse(!is.na(.$on_3b_new), "3b", "_")))
# merge run exapectancy table to new data
foul_next <- foul_next %>%
    left_join(run_expectancy_state_table, by = c(count_base_out_state_new = "count_base_out_state")
##### Outs
out_next <- hit_data</pre>
out_next <- out_next %>%
    mutate(balls_new = 0, strikes_new = 0, outs_when_up_new = outs_when_up +
        1, on_1b_new = on_1b, on_2b_new = on_2b, on_3b_new = on_3b) %>%
    mutate(count_base_out_state_new = paste(balls_new, "-",
        strikes_new, ", ", outs_when_up_new, " outs, ", ifelse(!is.na(.$on_1b_new),
            "1b", "_"), ifelse(!is.na(.$on_2b_new), "2b",
            "_"), ifelse(!is.na(.$on_3b_new), "3b", "_")))
# merge run exxpectancy table to new data
out_next <- out_next %>%
    left_join(run_expectancy_state_table, by = c(count_base_out_state_new = "count_base_out_state")
out_next[which(out_next$outs_when_up_new == 3), "avg_re.y"] <- 0</pre>
```

```
##### Single
single_next <- hit_data
single_next <- single_next %>%
    mutate(balls_new = 0, strikes_new = 0, outs_when_up_new = outs_when_up,
        on_1b_new = ifelse(is.na(on_1b), 1, on_1b), on_2b_new = ifelse(is.na(on_1b),
            on_1b, 1), on_3b_new = ifelse(is.na(on_2b), on_2b,
            1)) %>%
   mutate(count_base_out_state_new = paste(balls_new, "-",
        strikes_new, ", ", outs_when_up_new, " outs, ", ifelse(!is.na(.$on_1b_new),
            "1b", "_"), ifelse(!is.na(.$on_2b_new), "2b",
            "_"), ifelse(!is.na(.$on_3b_new), "3b", "_")))
# merge run exxpectancy table to new data
single_next <- single_next %>%
    left_join(run_expectancy_state_table, by = c(count_base_out_state_new = "count_base_out_state")
###### Double
double_next <- hit_data</pre>
double_next <- double_next %>%
    mutate(balls new = 0, strikes new = 0, outs when up new = outs when up,
        on_1b_new = NA, on_2b_new = 1, on_3b_new = ifelse(is.na(on_1b),
            on_1b, 1)) %>%
    mutate(count_base_out_state_new = paste(balls_new, "-",
        strikes_new, ", ", outs_when_up_new, " outs, ", ifelse(!is.na(.$on_1b_new),
            "1b", "_"), ifelse(!is.na(.$on_2b_new), "2b",
            "_"), ifelse(!is.na(.$on_3b_new), "3b", "_")))
# merge run exxpectancy table to new data
double_next <- double_next %>%
    left_join(run_expectancy_state_table, by = c(count_base_out_state_new = "count_base_out_state")
##### Triple
triple_next <- hit_data</pre>
triple_next <- triple_next %>%
    mutate(balls_new = 0, strikes_new = 0, outs_when_up_new = outs_when_up,
        on_1b_new = NA, on_2b_new = NA, on_3b_new = 1) %>%
    mutate(count_base_out_state_new = paste(balls_new, "-",
        strikes_new, ", ", outs_when_up_new, " outs, ", ifelse(!is.na(.$on_1b_new),
            "1b", "_"), ifelse(!is.na(.$on_2b_new), "2b",
            "_"), ifelse(!is.na(.$on_3b_new), "3b", "_")))
# merge run exxpectancy table to new data
triple_next <- triple_next %>%
    left_join(run_expectancy_state_table, by = c(count_base_out_state_new = "count_base_out_state")
###### Homerun
homerun_next <- hit_data
homerun_next <- homerun_next %>%
    mutate(balls_new = 0, strikes_new = 0, outs_when_up_new = outs_when_up,
        on_1b_new = NA, on_2b_new = NA, on_3b_new = NA) %>%
    mutate(count_base_out_state_new = paste(balls_new, "-",
        strikes_new, ", ", outs_when_up_new, " outs, ", ifelse(!is.na(.$on_1b_new),
            "1b", "_"), ifelse(!is.na(.$on_2b_new), "2b",
```

```
"_"), ifelse(!is.na(.$on_3b_new), "3b", "_")))
# merge run exxpectancy table to new data
homerun_next <- homerun_next %>%
    left_join(run_expectancy_state_table, by = c(count_base_out_state_new = "count_base_out_state")
#######
hit data miss <- miss next %>%
    mutate(avg_re.miss = avg_re.y - avg_re.x) %>%
    select(pitch_id, balls_new, strikes_new, outs_when_up_new,
        on_1b_new, on_2b_new, on_3b_new, count_base_out_state_new,
        avg_re.miss) %>%
    rename(count base out state miss = count base out state new)
hit_data_foul <- foul_next %>%
    mutate(avg_re.foul = avg_re.y - avg_re.x) %>%
    select(pitch_id, balls_new, strikes_new, outs_when_up_new,
        on_1b_new, on_2b_new, on_3b_new, count_base_out_state_new,
        avg_re.foul) %>%
    rename(count_base_out_state_foul = count_base_out_state_new)
hit_data_out <- out_next %>%
    mutate(avg_re.out = avg_re.y - avg_re.x) %>%
    select(pitch_id, balls_new, strikes_new, outs_when_up_new,
        on 1b new, on 2b new, on 3b new, count base out state new,
        avg re.out) %>%
    rename(count_base_out_state_out = count_base_out_state_new)
hit_data_single <- single_next %>%
    mutate(avg_re.single = avg_re.y - avg_re.x) %>%
    select(pitch_id, balls_new, strikes_new, outs_when_up_new,
        on_1b_new, on_2b_new, on_3b_new, count_base_out_state_new,
        avg_re.single) %>%
    rename(count_base_out_state_single = count_base_out_state_new)
hit_data_double <- double_next %>%
    mutate(avg_re.double = avg_re.y - avg_re.x) %>%
    select(pitch_id, balls_new, strikes_new, outs_when_up_new,
        on_1b_new, on_2b_new, on_3b_new, count_base_out_state_new,
        avg_re.double) %>%
    rename(count_base_out_state_double = count_base_out_state_new)
hit_data_triple <- triple_next %>%
    mutate(avg_re.triple = avg_re.y - avg_re.x) %>%
    select(pitch_id, balls_new, strikes_new, outs_when_up_new,
        on_1b_new, on_2b_new, on_3b_new, count_base_out_state_new,
        avg_re.triple) %>%
    rename(count_base_out_state_triple = count_base_out_state_new)
hit_data_homerun <- homerun_next %>%
    mutate(avg_re.homerun = avg_re.y - avg_re.x) %>%
    select(pitch_id, balls_new, strikes_new, outs_when_up_new,
        on_1b_new, on_2b_new, on_3b_new, count_base_out_state_new,
```

```
avg_re.homerun) %>%
    rename(count_base_out_state_homerun = count_base_out_state_new)
hit_data_outcomes <- hit_data_outcomes %>%
    left_join(hit_data_miss, by = "pitch_id") %>%
    left_join(hit_data_foul, by = "pitch_id") %>%
    left_join(hit_data_out, by = "pitch_id") %>%
    left join(hit data single, by = "pitch id") %>%
    left_join(hit_data_double, by = "pitch_id") %>%
    left_join(hit_data_triple, by = "pitch_id") %>%
    left_join(hit_data_homerun, by = "pitch_id")
hit_data_outcomes <- hit_data_outcomes %>%
    mutate(avg_re.ball = ifelse(!is.na(on_1b) & !is.na(on_2b) &
        !is.na(on_3b) & balls == 3, avg_re.ball + 1, avg_re.ball)) %>%
    mutate(avg_re.single = ifelse(is.na(on_3b), avg_re.single,
        avg_re.single + 1)) %>%
    mutate(avg_re.double = ifelse(!is.na(on_3b) & !is.na(on_2b),
        avg_re.double + 2, ifelse(!is.na(on_3b) | !is.na(on_2b),
            avg_re.double + 1, avg_re.double))) %>%
    mutate(avg_re.triple = ifelse(!is.na(on_3b) & !is.na(on_2b) &
        !is.na(on_1b), avg_re.triple + 3, ifelse((!is.na(on_3b) &
        !is.na(on_2b)) | (!is.na(on_1b) & !is.na(on_2b)) |
        (!is.na(on_3b) & !is.na(on_1b)), avg_re.triple +
        2, ifelse(!is.na(on_1b) | !is.na(on_2b) | !is.na(on_3b),
        avg_re.triple + 1, avg_re.triple)))) %>%
    mutate(avg_re.homerun = ifelse(!is.na(on_3b) & !is.na(on_2b) &
        !is.na(on_1b), avg_re.triple + 4, ifelse((!is.na(on_3b) &
        !is.na(on_2b)) | (!is.na(on_1b) & !is.na(on_2b)) |
        (!is.na(on_3b) & !is.na(on_1b)), avg_re.triple +
        3, ifelse(!is.na(on_1b) | !is.na(on_2b) | !is.na(on_3b),
        avg_re.homerun + 2, 1 + avg_re.homerun))))
####### merge to data
basic_batter_stats <- daily_batter_bref(startdate, enddate)</pre>
basic_batter_stats$bbref_id <- as.numeric(basic_batter_stats$bbref_id)</pre>
hit_data_outcomes <- hit_data_outcomes %>%
    separate(player_name, into = c("Last", "First"), sep = ", ") %>%
    mutate(Name = paste(First, Last))
hit data outcomes <- hit data outcomes %>%
    inner_join(basic_batter_stats, by = c("Name"))
hit_data_outcomes <- hit_data_outcomes %>%
    mutate(barrel = ifelse(launch_angle <= 50 & launch_speed >=
        98 & launch_speed * 1.5 - launch_angle >= 117 & launch_speed +
        launch_angle >= 124, 1, 0)
# Fix character columns
hit_data_outcomes[which(hit_data_outcomes$launch_speed_angle ==
```

```
"null"), "launch_speed_angle"] <- NA
hit_data_outcomes[which(hit_data_outcomes$estimated_ba_using_speedangle ==
    "null"), "estimated_ba_using_speedangle"] <- NA
hit data outcomes[which(hit_data_outcomes$estimated_woba_using_speedangle ==
    "null"), "estimated_woba_using_speedangle"] <- NA
hit_data_outcomes[which(hit_data_outcomes$woba_value == "null"),
    "woba_value"] <- NA
hit data outcomes[which(hit data outcomes$iso value == "null"),
    "iso value"] <- NA
hit_data_outcomes$launch_speed_angle <- as.numeric(hit_data_outcomes$launch_speed_angle)
hit_data_outcomes$estimated_ba_using_speedangle <- as.numeric(hit_data_outcomes$estimated_ba_using_
hit data outcomes$estimated woba using speedangle <- as.numeric(hit data outcomes$estimated woba us
hit_data_outcomes$woba_value <- as.numeric(hit_data_outcomes$woba_value)
hit_data_outcomes$iso_value <- as.numeric(hit_data_outcomes$iso_value)
grouped_stats <- hit_data_outcomes %>%
    group_by(batter, zone) %>%
    summarise(barrel_perc = mean(barrel, na.rm = T), avg_launch_angle = mean(launch_angle,
        na.rm = T), avg_exit_velocity = mean(launch_speed,
        na.rm = T), avg_launch_speed_angle = mean(launch_speed_angle,
        na.rm = T), xAVG = mean(estimated_ba_using_speedangle,
        na.rm = T), xwOBA = mean(estimated_woba_using_speedangle,
        na.rm = T), wOBA = mean(woba_value, na.rm = T), ISO = mean(iso_value,
        na.rm = T))
hit_data_outcomes <- hit_data_outcomes %>%
    inner_join(grouped_stats, by = c("batter", "zone"))
hit_data_outcomes <- hit_data_outcomes %>%
    separate(pitcher_name, into = c("last_name", "first_name"),
        sep = ", ") %>%
    mutate(pitcher_name = paste(first_name, last_name, sep = " "))
basic_pitcher_stats <- daily_pitcher_bref(startdate, enddate)</pre>
basic_pitcher_stats$bbref_id <- as.numeric(basic_pitcher_stats$bbref_id)</pre>
hit_data_outcomes <- hit_data_outcomes %>%
    inner_join(basic_pitcher_stats, by = c(pitcher_name = "Name"))
grouped_pitching_stats <- hit_data_outcomes %>%
    group by(pitcher) %>%
    summarise(FF_spin_rate = mean(release_spin_rate[pitch_type ==
        "FF"], na.rm = T), CU_spin_rate = mean(release_spin_rate[pitch_type ==
        "CU"], na.rm = T), FF_velocity = mean(release_speed[pitch_type ==
        "FF"], na.rm = T), BRK_velocity = mean(release_speed[pitch_type ==
        "CU" | pitch_type == "SL"], na.rm = T), overall_spin_rate = mean(release_spin_rate,
        na.rm = T), overall_velocity = mean(release_speed,
        na.rm = T))
hit_data_outcomes <- hit_data_outcomes %>%
    inner_join(grouped_pitching_stats, by = "pitcher")
```

```
#######
hit_data_outcomes <- hit_data_outcomes %>%
    mutate(outcome = ifelse(description == "swinging strike" |
        description == "swinging strike blocked" | description ==
        "foul_tip" | (strikes == 2 & description == "foul_bunt") |
        description == "bunt_foul_tip" | description == "missed_bunt",
        "Miss", ifelse(description == "foul" | description ==
            "foul bunt", "Foul", ifelse(events == "single",
            "Single", ifelse(events == "double", "Double",
              ifelse(events == "triple", "Triple", ifelse(events ==
                 "home_run", "Homerun", "Out"))))))
hit_data_outcomes <- hit_data_outcomes %>%
    filter(ERA <= 20)
all_data <- hit_data_outcomes %>%
    select(plate_x, plate_z, pfx_x, pfx_z, pitch_type, balls,
        strikes, outs_when_up, release_spin_rate, stand,
        p_throws, effective_speed, release_speed, PA, BA,
        OBP, SLG, barrel_perc, avg_exit_velocity, avg_launch_angle,
        xAVG, xwOBA, wOBA, ISO, IP, ERA, GB.FB, WHIP, SO_perc,
        uBB_perc, overall_spin_rate, overall_velocity, outcome)
all_lab <- as.factor(all_data$outcome)</pre>
all_lab <- as.numeric(as.factor(all_lab)) - 1</pre>
all_data$pitch_type <- as.numeric(as.factor(all_data$pitch_type)) -</pre>
all_data$p_throws <- as.numeric(as.factor(all_data$p_throws)) -</pre>
all_data$stand <- as.numeric(as.factor(all_data$stand)) -</pre>
xgb.all = xgb.DMatrix(data = as.matrix(all_data[, -33]),
    label = all_lab)
## Predict
all.pred = predict(swing mod, xgb.all, reshape = T)
all.pred = as.data.frame(all.pred)
names(all.pred) <- levels(all_data$outcome)</pre>
all.pred$label <- all_data$outcome</pre>
# Use the predicted label with the highest probability
# all.pred$prediction = apply(all.pred,1,function(x)
\# colnames(all.pred)[which.max(x)])
colnames(all.pred)[1:7] <- final_lab</pre>
hit_data_outcomes <- cbind(hit_data_outcomes, all.pred)</pre>
# Calculate RE of a swing
hit_data_outcomes <- hit_data_outcomes %>%
    mutate(re_swing = avg_re.miss * Miss + avg_re.foul *
```

```
Foul + avg_re.out * Out + avg_re.single * Single +
            avg_re.double * Double + avg_re.triple * Triple +
            avg re.homerun * Homerun)
    # Now create the stat to evaluate players on Expected
    # Runs Added by swinging
   hit_data_outcomes <- hit_data_outcomes %>%
        mutate(expRA_swing = re_swing - re_take, swing = ifelse(description ==
            "ball" | description == "called_strike" | description ==
            "blocked_ball" | description == "pitchout", 0, 1))
   hit_data_outcomes <- hit_data_outcomes %>%
        mutate(abs_eRA_s = abs(expRA_swing), should_swing = ifelse(re_swing >
            re_take, 1, 0), correct_choice = ifelse(should_swing ==
            swing, 1, 0)
   hit_data_outcomes <- hit_data_outcomes %>%
        mutate(runs_lost_bad_dec = ifelse(correct_choice == 0,
            abs_eRA_s, 0))
   hit_data_outcomes
}
Apply the EAGLE function to the data
remove(hit data)
data_2016 <- apply_EAGLE(pitches_2016, startdate = "2016-04-03",</pre>
   enddate = "2016-10-02")
## Data courtesy of Baseball-Reference.com. Please consider supporting Baseball-Reference by signing up
## `summarise()` has grouped output by 'batter'. You can override using the `.groups` argument.
## Data courtesy of Baseball-Reference.com. Please consider supporting Baseball-Reference by signing up
remove(pitches 2016)
data_2017 <- apply_EAGLE(pitches_2017, startdate = "2017-04-02",</pre>
   enddate = "2017-10-01")
## Data courtesy of Baseball-Reference.com. Please consider supporting Baseball-Reference by signing up
## `summarise()` has grouped output by 'batter'. You can override using the `.groups` argument.
## Data courtesy of Baseball-Reference.com. Please consider supporting Baseball-Reference by signing up
remove(pitches_2017)
data_2018 <- apply_EAGLE(pitches_2018, startdate = "2018-03-29",</pre>
   enddate = "2018-09-30")
## Data courtesy of Baseball-Reference.com. Please consider supporting Baseball-Reference by signing up
## `summarise()` has grouped output by 'batter'. You can override using the `.groups` argument.
## Data courtesy of Baseball-Reference.com. Please consider supporting Baseball-Reference by signing up
remove(pitches_2018)
data_2019 <- apply_EAGLE(pitches_2019, startdate = "2019-03-20",</pre>
enddate = "2019-09-29")
```

```
## Data courtesy of Baseball-Reference.com. Please consider supporting Baseball-Reference by signing up
## `summarise()` has grouped output by 'batter'. You can override using the `.groups` argument.
## Data courtesy of Baseball-Reference.com. Please consider supporting Baseball-Reference by signing up
remove(pitches_2019)
```

Create combined season data frame with commonly used metrics and EAGLE so that we have each hitter from 2016-2019

```
## `summarise()` has grouped output by 'batter'. You can override using the `.groups` argument.
eye_2019 <- data_2019 %>%
    filter(PA >= 200, !is.na(expRA_swing)) %>%
    group_by(batter, Name) %>%
    summarize(year = first(season.x), runs_lost = sum(runs_lost_bad_dec)/sum(abs_eRA_s),
        wRA = sum(ifelse(swing == 1, expRA_swing, -expRA_swing)),
        EAGLE = wRA/n(), avg = first(BA), obp = first(OBP), ops = first(OPS),
        kperc = first(SO.x)/first(PA), bbperc = first(BB.x)/first(PA),
        perc_swing_out_zone = sum(ifelse(strike_prob < 0.3 &</pre>
```

`summarise()` has grouped output by 'batter'. You can override using the `.groups` argument.

Create data frame containing player stats from consecutive years so that we can see predictability and correlation across years

```
eye_this_next1 <- eye_2016 %>%
    left_join(eye_2017, by = c("batter", "Name"))
eye_this_next2 <- eye_2017 %>%
    left_join(eye_2018, by = c("batter", "Name"))
eye_this_next3 <- eye_2018 %>%
    left_join(eye_2019, by = c("batter", "Name"))

eye_this_next <- bind_rows(eye_this_next1, eye_this_next2, eye_this_next3)

remove(eye_this_next1, eye_this_next2, eye_this_next3)</pre>
```

Look at results of outcome probabilities xgboost model

```
## # A tibble: 7 x 8
    outcome Miss Foul
                          Out Single Double Triple Homerun
    <fct> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl>
                                             <dbl>
                                                     <dbl>
## 1 Miss
            0.410 0.328 0.181 0.0532 0.0149 0.00158 0.0107
            0.217 0.421 0.243 0.0751 0.0234 0.00235 0.0178
## 2 Foul
## 3 Out
           0.227 0.389 0.265 0.0784 0.0228 0.00223 0.0154
## 4 Single 0.173 0.396 0.272 0.110 0.0289 0.00270 0.0177
## 5 Double 0.160 0.407 0.266 0.0932 0.0423 0.00374 0.0277
## 6 Triple 0.152 0.412 0.267 0.0906 0.0397 0.00791 0.0304
## 7 Homerun 0.164 0.420 0.247 0.0763 0.0366 0.00385 0.0523
```

Run linear regression models in order to test for significant relationships between EAGLE and other significant statistics

```
#### Test EAGLE correlation from year to year
eye_this_next_mod <- lm(EAGLE.y ~ EAGLE.x, data = eye_this_next)</pre>
summary(eye this next mod)
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = EAGLE.y ~ EAGLE.x, data = eye_this_next)
## Residuals:
##
         Min
                      1Q
                            Median
                                            30
                                                     Max
## -0.0243118 -0.0060932 -0.0001419 0.0064859
                                               0.0265048
##
## Coefficients:
              Estimate Std. Error t value
                                                     Pr(>|t|)
##
## (Intercept) 0.031851
                         0.001747
                                    18.23 < 0.0000000000000000 ***
## EAGLE.x
              0.473621
                         0.031076
                                    ## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.008718 on 697 degrees of freedom
     (231 observations deleted due to missingness)
## Multiple R-squared: 0.25, Adjusted R-squared: 0.2489
## F-statistic: 232.3 on 1 and 697 DF, p-value: < 0.00000000000000022
####
# Test with AVG
ba_eye_mod <- lm(avg.x ~ EAGLE.x, data = eye_this_next)</pre>
summary(ba_eye_mod)
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = avg.x ~ EAGLE.x, data = eye_this_next)
##
## Residuals:
##
        Min
                         Median
                   1Q
                                       30
                                                Max
## -0.093363 -0.019715 0.000168 0.020347 0.093616
##
## Coefficients:
##
              Estimate Std. Error t value
                                                     Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 0.244893
                         0.005042 48.573 < 0.0000000000000000 ***
                         0.090604
                                    2.308
## EAGLE.x
              0.209096
                                                        0.0212 *
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 0.03127 on 928 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.005706,
                                   Adjusted R-squared: 0.004635
## F-statistic: 5.326 on 1 and 928 DF, p-value: 0.02123
next_ba_eye_mod <- lm(avg.y ~ EAGLE.x, eye_this_next)</pre>
summary(next_ba_eye_mod)
```

```
## Call:
## lm(formula = avg.y ~ EAGLE.x, data = eye_this_next)
## Residuals:
                   1Q
                         Median
## -0.099888 -0.020135 -0.000895 0.020736 0.090513
## Coefficients:
##
               Estimate Std. Error t value
                                                     Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 0.267703 0.006372 42.010 <0.00000000000000000 ***
## EAGLE.x
             -0.196482
                          0.113373 -1.733
                                                       0.0835 .
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.0318 on 697 degrees of freedom
    (231 observations deleted due to missingness)
## Multiple R-squared: 0.004291, Adjusted R-squared: 0.002862
## F-statistic: 3.003 on 1 and 697 DF, p-value: 0.08353
both_ba_eye_mod <- lm(avg.y ~ EAGLE.x + avg.x, eye_this_next)
summary(both_ba_eye_mod)
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = avg.y ~ EAGLE.x + avg.x, data = eye_this_next)
## Residuals:
##
                   1Q
                         Median
                                      30
## -0.090794 -0.018762 0.001494 0.017980 0.090254
## Coefficients:
              Estimate Std. Error t value
                                                    Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 0.14593
                         ## EAGLE.x
              -0.32349
                          0.10151 -3.187
                                                      0.0015 **
                          0.03659 13.452 < 0.0000000000000000 ***
## avg.x
               0.49217
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 0.02835 on 696 degrees of freedom
    (231 observations deleted due to missingness)
## Multiple R-squared: 0.2098, Adjusted R-squared: 0.2075
## F-statistic: 92.37 on 2 and 696 DF, p-value: < 0.00000000000000022
# Test for OBP
obp_eye_mod <- lm(obp.x ~ EAGLE.x, data = eye_this_next)</pre>
summary(obp_eye_mod)
##
## lm(formula = obp.x ~ EAGLE.x, data = eye_this_next)
##
## Residuals:
##
        Min
                   1Q
                         Median
                                       3Q
                                               Max
## -0.096967 -0.021373 0.000221 0.019977 0.120982
##
```

```
## Coefficients:
##
             Estimate Std. Error t value
                                                  Pr(>|t|)
                       0.005268
## (Intercept) 0.253075
                                 ## EAGLE.x
             1.356216
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 0.03268 on 928 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.1811, Adjusted R-squared: 0.1802
## F-statistic: 205.2 on 1 and 928 DF, p-value: < 0.00000000000000022
next_obp_eye_mod <- lm(obp.y ~ EAGLE.x, eye_this_next)</pre>
summary(next_obp_eye_mod)
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = obp.y ~ EAGLE.x, data = eye_this_next)
## Residuals:
                        Median
        Min
                  1Q
                                     3Q
                                             Max
## -0.116749 -0.022555 -0.000317 0.023362 0.123680
##
## Coefficients:
             Estimate Std. Error t value
                                                   Pr(>|t|)
##
## (Intercept) 0.276380
                        0.006818 40.537 < 0.0000000000000000 ***
                                 8.147 0.0000000000000173 ***
## EAGLE.x
             0.988212
                        0.121302
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.03403 on 697 degrees of freedom
    (231 observations deleted due to missingness)
## Multiple R-squared: 0.08694,
                                 Adjusted R-squared: 0.08563
## F-statistic: 66.37 on 1 and 697 DF, p-value: 0.00000000000001729
both_obp_eye_mod <- lm(obp.y ~ EAGLE.x + obp.x, eye_this_next)
summary(both obp eye mod)
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = obp.y ~ EAGLE.x + obp.x, data = eye_this_next)
## Residuals:
##
        Min
                  1Q
                        Median
                                     3Q
## -0.091149 -0.019740 -0.000989 0.020860 0.100273
##
## Coefficients:
             Estimate Std. Error t value
##
                                                  Pr(>|t|)
                        0.01110 14.178 < 0.0000000000000000 ***
## (Intercept) 0.15739
## EAGLE.x
              0.21025
                         0.12476
                                 1.685
                                                    0.0924 .
## obp.x
              0.48624
                         ## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 0.03061 on 696 degrees of freedom
    (231 observations deleted due to missingness)
```

```
## Multiple R-squared: 0.2622, Adjusted R-squared: 0.2601
## F-statistic: 123.7 on 2 and 696 DF, p-value: < 0.00000000000000022
# Now for OPS
ops_eye_mod <- lm(ops.x ~ EAGLE.x, data = eye_this_next)</pre>
summary(ops eye mod)
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = ops.x ~ EAGLE.x, data = eye_this_next)
##
## Residuals:
##
       Min
                  1Q
                      Median
                                    3Q
                                            Max
## -0.26205 -0.05736  0.00274  0.05298  0.32736
##
## Coefficients:
              Estimate Std. Error t value
                                                      Pr(>|t|)
                                     39.73 < 0.0000000000000000 ***
## (Intercept) 0.55572
                           0.01399
                                     14.38 < 0.0000000000000000 ***
## EAGLE.x
               3.61467
                           0.25139
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.08676 on 928 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.1822, Adjusted R-squared: 0.1813
## F-statistic: 206.8 on 1 and 928 DF, p-value: < 0.000000000000000022
next ops eye mod <- lm(ops.y ~ EAGLE.x, eye this next)</pre>
summary(next_ops_eye_mod)
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = ops.y ~ EAGLE.x, data = eye_this_next)
##
## Residuals:
       Min
                  1Q
                      Median
                                    3Q
                                            Max
## -0.32288 -0.06165 -0.00418 0.05682 0.31270
##
## Coefficients:
              Estimate Std. Error t value
                                                       Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 0.65606
                           0.01962 33.442 < 0.0000000000000000 ***
## EAGLE.x
                1.99812
                           0.34903
                                     5.725
                                                   0.000000154 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.09792 on 697 degrees of freedom
     (231 observations deleted due to missingness)
                                   Adjusted R-squared: 0.04354
## Multiple R-squared: 0.04491,
## F-statistic: 32.77 on 1 and 697 DF, p-value: 0.00000001539
both_ops_eye_mod <- lm(ops.y ~ EAGLE.x + ops.x, eye_this_next)
summary(both ops eye mod)
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = ops.y ~ EAGLE.x + ops.x, data = eye_this_next)
##
```

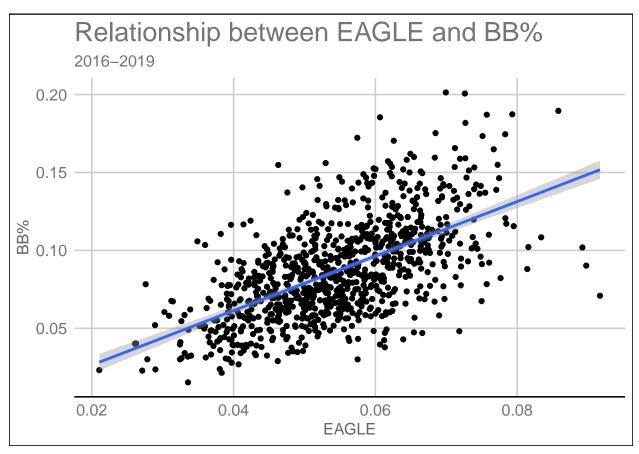
```
## Residuals:
##
        Min
                   1Q
                         Median
                                       30
                                                Max
## -0.260115 -0.058094 -0.004444 0.053218 0.296292
##
## Coefficients:
##
              Estimate Std. Error t value
                                                     Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 0.38854
                          0.02865 13.562 < 0.0000000000000000 ***
                          0.36283 -0.238
                                                        0.812
## EAGLE.x
              -0.08645
## ops.x
               0.49631
                          0.04153 11.951 < 0.0000000000000000 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.08925 on 696 degrees of freedom
    (231 observations deleted due to missingness)
## Multiple R-squared: 0.2075, Adjusted R-squared: 0.2053
## F-statistic: 91.14 on 2 and 696 DF, p-value: < 0.00000000000000022
###
```

#Create graphs for important relationships

First create graph for walk percentage while also testing the relationship with a linear regression model

```
eye_this_next %>%
  filter(EAGLE.x >= 0) %>%
  ggplot(aes(x = EAGLE.x, y = bbperc.x)) + geom_point() + stat_smooth(method = "lm") +
  theme_gdocs() + labs(title = "Relationship between EAGLE and BB%",
  subtitle = "2016-2019") + xlab("EAGLE") + ylab("BB%")
```

`geom_smooth()` using formula 'y ~ x'

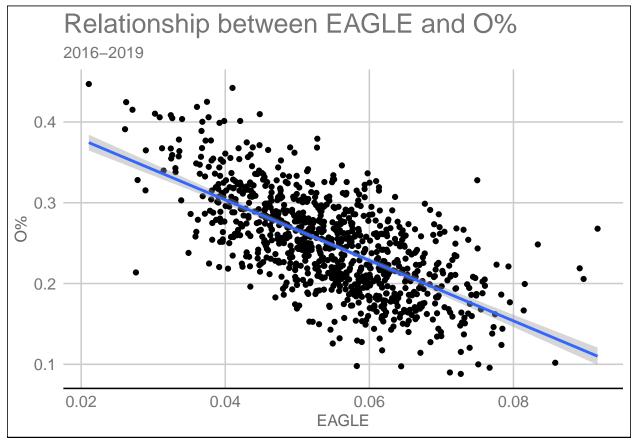


```
bbperc_mod <- lm(bbperc.x ~ EAGLE.x, data = eye_this_next)
summary(bbperc_mod)</pre>
```

```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = bbperc.x ~ EAGLE.x, data = eye_this_next)
##
## Residuals:
                    1Q
                          Median
## -0.073919 -0.017433 -0.002997 0.015202 0.134005
##
## Coefficients:
                                                      Pr(>|t|)
              Estimate Std. Error t value
## (Intercept) 0.002273
                          0.004152
                                     0.548
                                                         0.584
## EAGLE.x
               1.554790
                          0.074606 20.840 < 0.000000000000000 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 0.02575 on 928 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.3188, Adjusted R-squared: 0.3181
## F-statistic: 434.3 on 1 and 928 DF, p-value: < 0.00000000000000022
Graph for relationship with O% and also test it with a linear regression model
eye_this_next %>%
   filter(EAGLE.x \geq= 0) %>%
   ggplot(aes(x = EAGLE.x, y = perc_swing_out_zone.x)) + geom_point() +
```

```
stat_smooth(method = "lm") + theme_gdocs() + labs(title = "Relationship between EAGLE and 0%",
subtitle = "2016-2019") + xlab("EAGLE") + ylab("0%")
```

`geom_smooth()` using formula 'y ~ x'



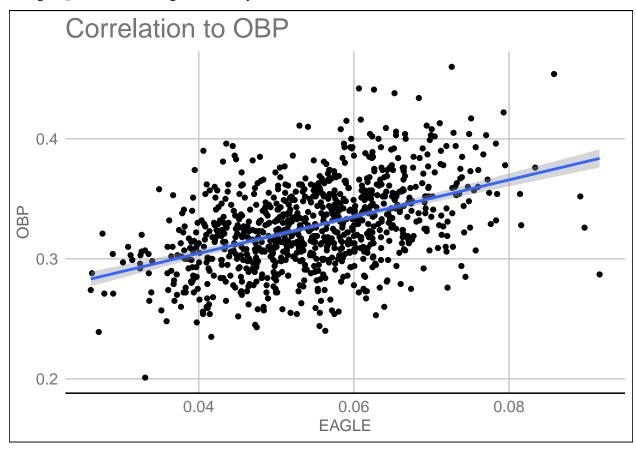
operc_mod <- lm(perc_swing_out_zone.x ~ EAGLE.x, data = eye_this_next)
summary(operc_mod)</pre>

```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = perc_swing_out_zone.x ~ EAGLE.x, data = eye_this_next)
## Residuals:
##
       Min
                 1Q Median
## -0.14505 -0.03294 -0.00073 0.02953 0.49238
##
## Coefficients:
               Estimate Std. Error t value
                          0.007833
                                   60.08 < 0.0000000000000000 ***
## (Intercept) 0.470556
## EAGLE.x
              -4.049996
                          0.140759 -28.77 < 0.0000000000000000 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 0.04858 on 928 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.4715, Adjusted R-squared: 0.4709
## F-statistic: 827.9 on 1 and 928 DF, p-value: < 0.00000000000000022
```

Create graph for relationship of EAGLE with OBP

```
eye_this_next %>%
  filter(!is.na(EAGLE.x), !is.na(obp.x), EAGLE.x >= 0.025) %>%
  ggplot(aes(EAGLE.x, obp.x)) + geom_point() + stat_smooth(method = "lm") +
  theme_gdocs() + ggtitle("Correlation to OBP") + xlab("EAGLE") +
  ylab("OBP")
```

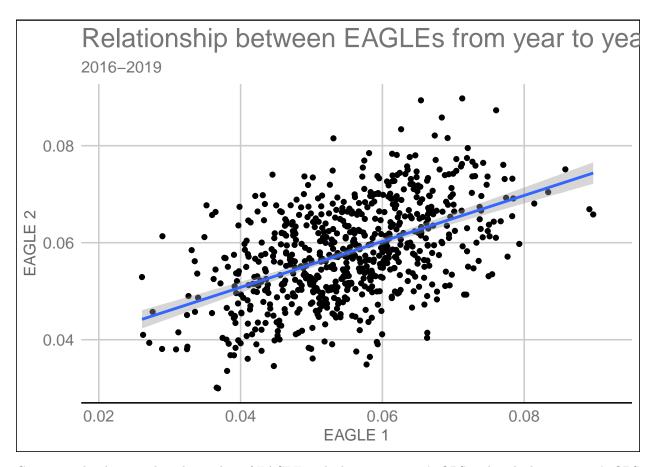
`geom_smooth()` using formula 'y ~ x'



Create graph to highlight the correlation of EAGLE from year to year

```
eye_this_next %>%
   filter(EAGLE.x >= 0) %>%
   ggplot(aes(x = EAGLE.x, y = EAGLE.y)) + geom_point() + stat_smooth(method = "lm") +
   theme_gdocs() + labs(title = "Relationship between EAGLEs from year to year",
   subtitle = "2016-2019") + xlab("EAGLE 1") + ylab("EAGLE 2")
```

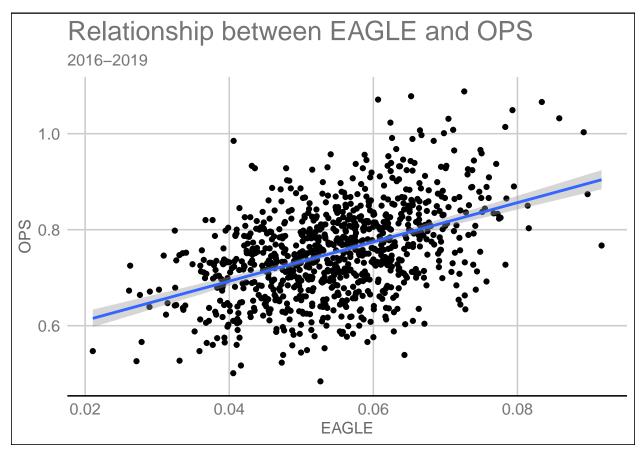
- ## `geom_smooth()` using formula 'y ~ x'
- ## Warning: Removed 229 rows containing non-finite values (stat_smooth).
- ## Warning: Removed 229 rows containing missing values (geom_point).



Create graphs showing the relationship of EAGLE with the current year's OPS and with the next year's OPS

```
eye_this_next %>%
  filter(EAGLE.x >= 0) %>%
  ggplot(aes(x = EAGLE.x, y = ops.x)) + geom_point() + stat_smooth(method = "lm") +
  theme_gdocs() + labs(title = "Relationship between EAGLE and OPS",
  subtitle = "2016-2019") + xlab("EAGLE") + ylab("OPS")
```

`geom_smooth()` using formula 'y ~ x'

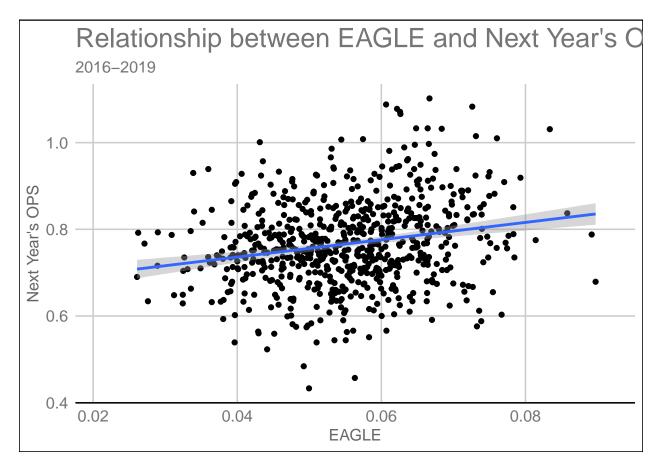


```
eye_this_next %>%
  filter(EAGLE.x >= 0) %>%
  ggplot(aes(x = EAGLE.x, y = ops.y)) + geom_point() + stat_smooth(method = "lm") +
  theme_gdocs() + labs(title = "Relationship between EAGLE and Next Year's OPS",
  subtitle = "2016-2019") + xlab("EAGLE") + ylab("Next Year's OPS")
```

```
## `geom_smooth()` using formula 'y ~ x'
```

^{##} Warning: Removed 229 rows containing non-finite values (stat_smooth).

^{##} Warning: Removed 229 rows containing missing values (geom_point).



Bring the data of all the years together to calculate predictions from percentiles in addition to testing correlation. Also check out who is the best/worst in EAGLE

```
all_eye <- all_years %>%
   mutate(season.x = as.numeric(season.x)) %>%
   filter(PA >= 300, !is.na(expRA_swing)) %>%
   group by (Name, season.x) %>%
    summarize(runs_lost = sum(runs_lost_bad_dec)/sum(abs_eRA_s),
        wRA = sum(ifelse(swing == 1, expRA_swing, -expRA_swing)),
        ba = first(BA), obp = first(OBP), slg = first(SLG), ops = first(OPS),
        pitches = n(), bb_perc = first(BB.x)/first(PA), o_perc = sum(ifelse(strike_prob <</pre>
            0.5 & swing == 1, 1, 0), na.rm = T)/sum(ifelse(strike_prob <
            0.5, 1, 0), na.rm = T)) %>%
   mutate(EAGLE = wRA/pitches)
## `summarise()` has grouped output by 'Name'. You can override using the `.groups` argument.
all_eye %>%
    select(Name, season.x, EAGLE, bb_perc, o_perc) %>%
    arrange(-EAGLE) %>%
   head()
```

```
2019 0.0873 0.124
## 3 Anthony Rendon
                                            0.201
                       2017 0.0858 0.190
## 4 Joey Votto
                                            0.126
## 5 J.D. Martinez
                      2017 0.0834 0.108
                                            0.276
## 6 George Springer
                        2019 0.0821 0.121
                                            0.186
all_eye %>%
    select(Name, season.x, EAGLE, bb_perc, o_perc) %>%
   arrange(EAGLE) %>%
   head()
## # A tibble: 6 x 5
## # Groups: Name [6]
##
    Name
                      season.x EAGLE bb_perc o_perc
##
    <chr>
                       <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl>
## 1 Freddy Galvis
                         2016 0.0261 0.0401 0.405
                         2016 0.0262 0.0403 0.445
## 2 Salvador Perez
## 3 Billy Hamilton
                         2016 0.0276 0.0783 0.239
## 4 Billy Burns
                         2016 0.0278 0.0301 0.345
## 5 Dee Strange-Gordon 2016 0.0289 0.0520 0.336
## 6 Gerardo Parra
                           2016 0.0290 0.0236 0.389
eagle_perc <- quantile(all_eye$EAGLE, probs = c(0.1, 0.25, 0.75,
   0.9))
percentiles <- data_frame(percentile = c("10th percentile", "25th percentile",
  "75th percentile", "90th percentile"), EAGLE.x = eagle_perc)
## Warning: `data_frame()` was deprecated in tibble 1.1.0.
## Please use `tibble()` instead.
percentiles %>%
   add_predictions(ops_eye_mod, var = "OPS")
## # A tibble: 4 x 3
##
    percentile
                    EAGLE.x
                             OPS
   <chr>
                     <dbl> <dbl>
## 1 10th percentile 0.0420 0.707
## 2 25th percentile 0.0488 0.732
## 3 75th percentile 0.0629 0.783
## 4 90th percentile 0.0694 0.807
percentiles %>%
   add_predictions(next_ops_eye_mod, var = "Next_OPS")
## # A tibble: 4 x 3
                   EAGLE.x Next_OPS
    percentile
    <chr>
                     <dbl> <dbl>
## 1 10th percentile 0.0420
                              0.740
## 2 25th percentile 0.0488
                              0.754
## 3 75th percentile 0.0629
                              0.782
## 4 90th percentile 0.0694
                              0.795
cor(all_eye$EAGLE, all_eye$ops)
## [1] 0.4811066
cor(all_eye$o_perc, all_eye$ops)
## [1] -0.1391981
```

Current Year EAGLE correlated with current year statistics and next year's EAGLE

```
eye_this_next %>%
  ungroup() %>%
  select(EAGLE.x, avg.x, obp.x, ops.x, kperc.x, bbperc.x, perc_swing_out_zone.x,
       EAGLE.y) %>%
  rename(o_perc = perc_swing_out_zone.x, EAGLE_cur_year = EAGLE.x,
       EAGLE_next_year = EAGLE.y) %>%
  cor(use = "complete.obs")
```

```
##
                   EAGLE cur year
                                        avg.x
                                                    obp.x
                                                                ops.x
                                                                          kperc.x
## EAGLE_cur_year
                       1.00000000 0.09300825 0.4848711 0.48072229 0.17974473
## avg.x
                       0.09300825 1.00000000 0.7040934 0.68931152 -0.48648571
                       0.48487114 \quad 0.70409339 \quad 1.0000000 \quad 0.80350785 \quad -0.24907403
## obp.x
                       0.48072229 \quad 0.68931152 \quad 0.8035079 \quad 1.00000000 \quad -0.07120939
## ops.x
                      0.17974473 -0.48648571 -0.2490740 -0.07120939 1.00000000
## kperc.x
## bbperc.x
                      0.60456365 -0.05104823 0.6507292 0.41077364 0.14740155
## o_perc
                      -0.66161729 0.07438396 -0.4371811 -0.14633563 -0.01996747
## EAGLE_next_year
                       0.49995699 -0.03585982 0.3033430 0.28183145 0.18078968
##
                      bbperc.x
                                    o_perc EAGLE_next_year
## EAGLE_cur_year 0.60456365 -0.66161729
                                                 0.49995699
                   -0.05104823 0.07438396
## avg.x
                                                -0.03585982
                    0.65072916 -0.43718107
## obp.x
                                                 0.30334302
## ops.x
                    0.41077364 -0.14633563
                                                 0.28183145
## kperc.x
                    0.14740155 -0.01996747
                                                0.18078968
                    1.00000000 -0.72510245
                                                 0.48754849
## bbperc.x
## o perc
                   -0.72510245 1.00000000
                                                -0.49166837
## EAGLE next year 0.48754849 -0.49166837
                                                1.00000000
```