Homework 6

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Problem 1

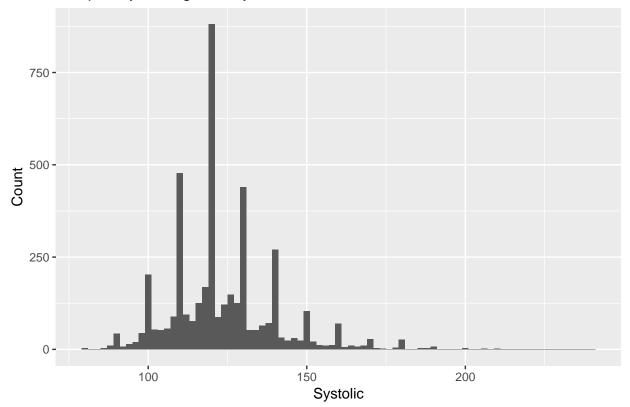
```
#used from lecture
dat = read.csv("GSE7621.csv", sep ="", header = TRUE)
dat = dat[,-1] # remove the ID
m = nrow(dat)
pval = numeric(m)
for (i in 1:m) {
    pval[i] = t.test(dat[i,1:9], dat[i,-(1:9)])$p.value
# corrected p-values
pval.bh = p.adjust(pval, "BH")
pval.by = p.adjust(pval, "BY")
# rejections at the 20% level without adjustement for multiple testing
reject = (pval <= 0.20)
R = sum(reject) # total number of rejections
# rejections at the 20% FDR level
reject.bh = (pval.bh \le 0.20)
R.bh = sum(reject.bh)
reject.by = (pval.by \leq 0.20)
R.by = sum(reject.by)
```

Problem 2

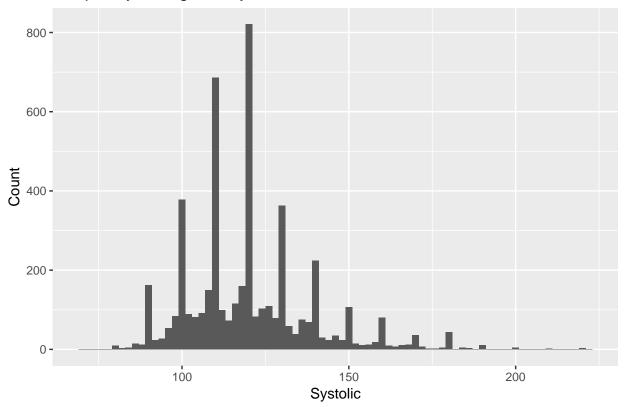
```
load("~/Documents/Math185/dataset-chns-2006-subset3.Rdata")
```

Part A

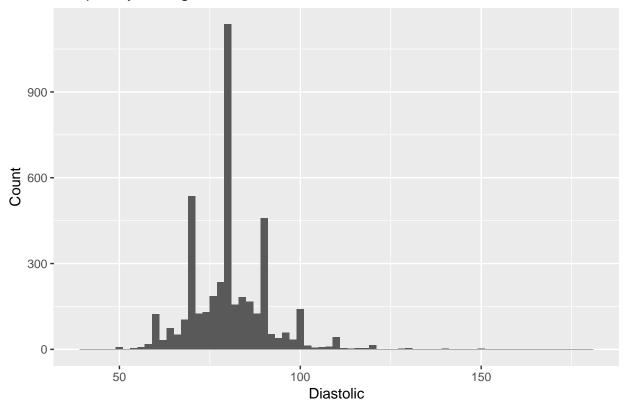
Frequency Histogram: Systolic Male



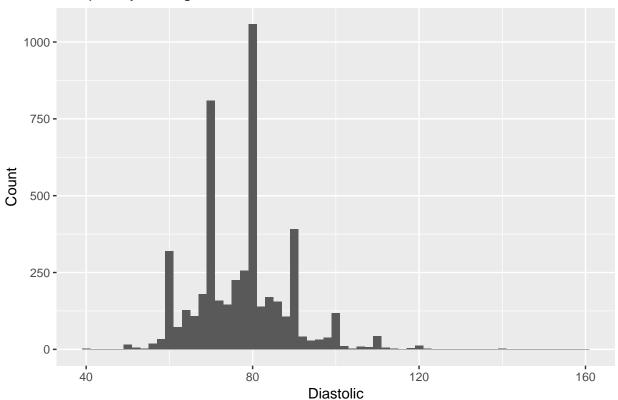
Frequency Histogram: Systolic Female



Frequency Histogram: Diastolic Male

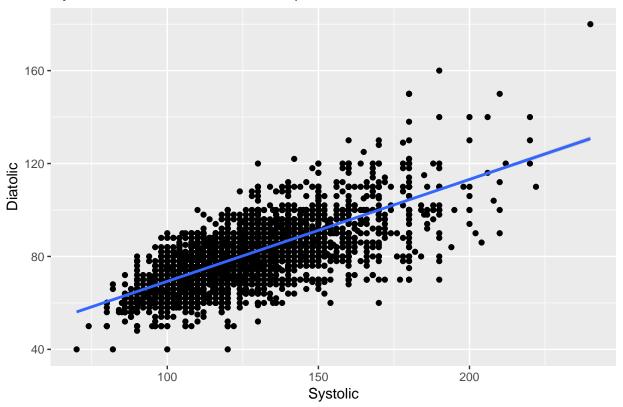


Frequency Histogram: Diastolic Female



```
ggplot(data = data, aes(x = systolic, y = diastolic)) +
  geom_point() +
  geom_smooth(method='lm') +
  xlab('Systolic') +
  ylab('Diatolic') +
  ggtitle('Systolic vs. Diatolic: Entire Sample')
```

Systolic vs. Diatolic: Entire Sample

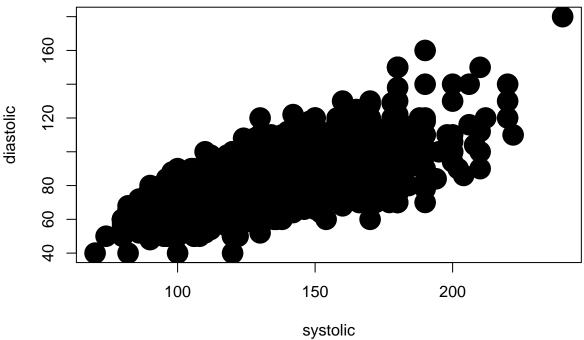


```
Part B
#do the paired test
t.test(data$systolic, data$diastolic, alternative = "two.sided", var.equal = FALSE)
##
##
   Welch Two Sample t-test
##
## data: data$systolic and data$diastolic
## t = 193.35, df = 15221, p-value < 2.2e-16
\#\# alternative hypothesis: true difference in means is not equal to 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## 42.50951 43.38022
## sample estimates:
## mean of x mean of y
## 121.79375 78.84888
Part C
#product 90% CI
t.test(data$systolic, data$diastolic, alternative = "two.sided", var.equal = FALSE, conf.level = 0.90)
##
##
   Welch Two Sample t-test
## data: data$systolic and data$diastolic
## t = 193.35, df = 15221, p-value < 2.2e-16
\#\# alternative hypothesis: true difference in means is not equal to 0
## 90 percent confidence interval:
```

```
## 42.57951 43.31022
## sample estimates:
## mean of x mean of y
## 121.79375 78.84888
attach(data)
require(splines)

## Loading required package: splines
plot(systolic, diastolic, pch = 16, main="Linear splines fit", cex=3)
```

Linear splines fit



```
fit = lm(systolic ~ bs(diastolic, degree=2))
pts = seq(0, 600, len=100)
val = predict(fit, data.frame(disp = pts))

## Warning: 'newdata' had 100 rows but variables found have 9178 rows

#lines(pts, val, col="red", lwd = 4)

Part D

attach(data)

## The following objects are masked from data (pos = 4):

## age, diastolic, gender, systolic, weight

fit = lm(diastolic ~ systolic + I(systolic^2))

summary(fit)

##
```

lm(formula = diastolic ~ systolic + I(systolic^2))

Call:

```
##
## Residuals:
      \mathtt{Min}
             1Q Median
                            3Q
                                    Max
## -38.513 -3.632 0.607 4.368 64.859
## Coefficients:
                Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
              2.5314237 2.3852993
                                     1.061
                                              0.289
## (Intercept)
## systolic 0.7962714 0.0365551 21.783 <2e-16 ***
## I(systolic^2) -0.0013628  0.0001383  -9.851  <2e-16 ***
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 7.725 on 9175 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.5175, Adjusted R-squared: 0.5174
## F-statistic: 4921 on 2 and 9175 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
```