

# Introduction to Natural Language Processing (NLP)

Source: Elaine Rich (UT Austin)

# Spoken Language



**The dream:** HAL (2001 A Space Odyssey)

## Going Both Ways

- Understanding
- Generation

**English: Put the kid's cereal on the bottom shelves.**



# Java

```
import java.util.ArrayList;
public class GroceryStore
{
    private int[][][] shelves;
    private ArrayList products;

    public void placeProducts(String productFile)
    {
        FileReader r = new FileReader(productFile);
        GroceryItemFactory factory = new GroceryItemFactory();

        while(r.hasNext())
            products.add( factory.createItem(r.readNext()) );

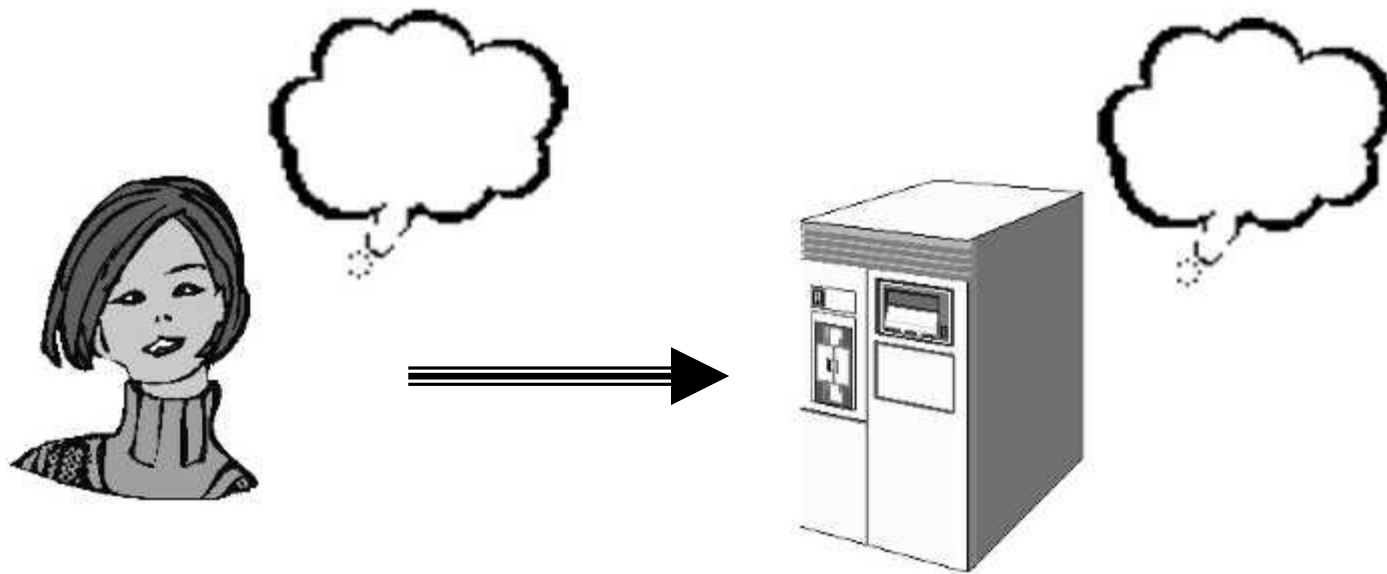
        ThreeDLoc startLoc;
        GroceryItem temp;
        for(itemNum = 0; itemNum < products.size(); itemNum++)
        {
            temp = (GroceryItem)(products.get(itemNum))
            startLoc = temp.getPlacement(this);
            shelves[startLoc.getX()][startLoc.getY()][startLoc.getY()] =
                temp.getIDNum();
        }
    }
}
```

# Java, Continued

```
public class ChildrensCereal extends GroceryItem
{
    private static final int PREFERRED_X = -1;
    private static final int PREFERRED_Y = 0;
    private static final int PREFERRED_Z = 0;

    public ThreeDLoc getPlacement(GroceryStore store)
    {
        ThreeDLoc result = new ThreeDLoc();
        result.setX(store.find(this));
        result.setY(PREFERRED_Y);
        result.setZ(PREFERRED_Z);
        return result;
    }
}
```

# It's All about Mapping

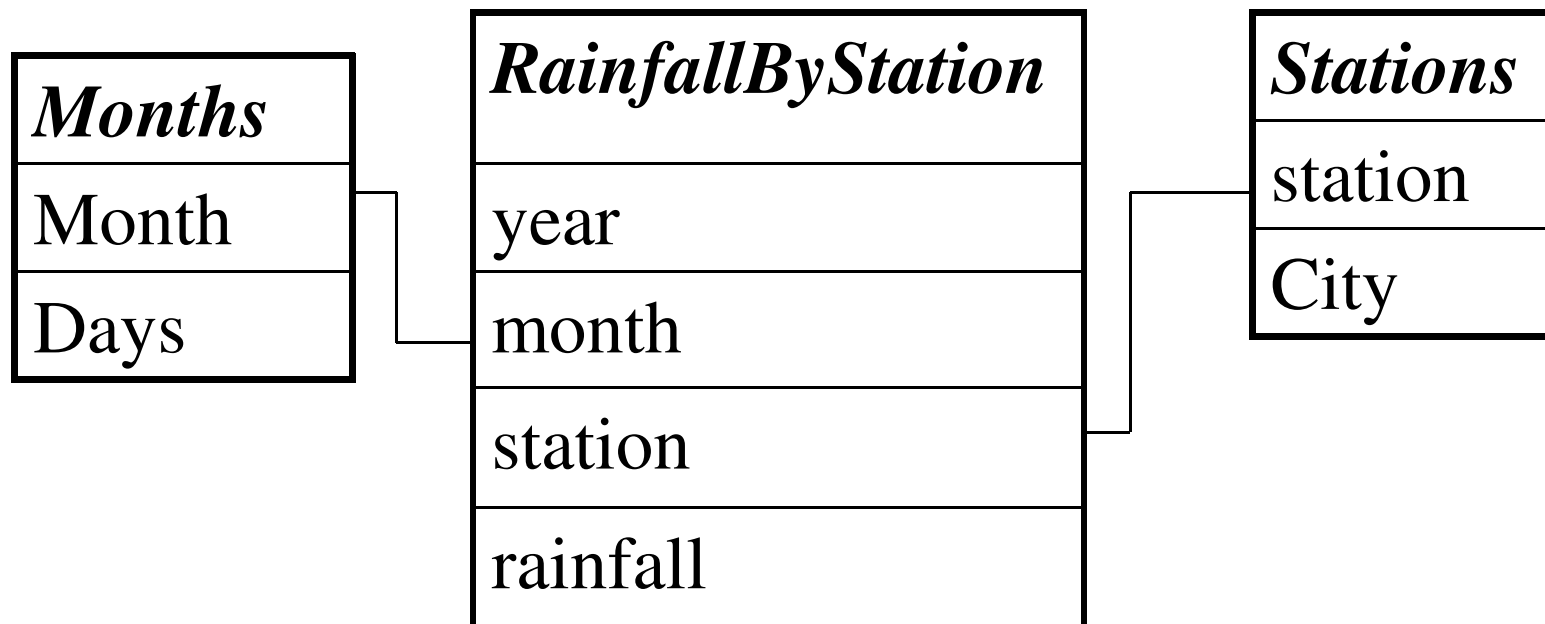


Put the kids cereal on the bottom shelves.

# What Are We Going to Map to?

**English:** Do you know how much it rains in Austin?

**The database:**



**English: What is the average rainfall, in Austin,  
in months with 30 days?**



**SQL:**

```
SELECT Avg(RainfallByStation.rainfall) AS  
    AvgOfrainfall FROM Stations INNER JOIN  
    (Months INNER JOIN RainfallByStation  
ON Months.Month =  
        RainfallByStation.month)  
ON Stations.station =  
        RainfallByStation.station  
HAVING (((Stations.City)="Austin")  
AND ((Months.Days)=30));
```



# Ambiguity – the Core Problem



- Time flies like an arrow.
- I hit the boy with the blue shirt (a bat).
- I saw the Grand Canyon (a Boeing 747)  
flying to New York.
- I know more beautiful women than Kylie.
- I only want potatoes or rice and beans.
- Is there water in the fridge?
- Who cares?
- Have you finished writing your paper?
- I've written the outline.

# Designing a Mapping Function



- Morphological Analysis and Part Of Speech tagging

- The womans goed home.*

- Syntactic Analysis (Parsing)

- Fishing went boys older*

- Extracting Meaning

- Colorless green ideas sleep furiously.*

- Sue cooked.     The potatoes cooked.*

- Putting it All in Context

- My cat saw a bird out the window. It batted at it.*

# Morphological Analysis and POS Tagging



Morphological Analysis:

played = play + ed = play + PAST

saw = see + PAST

compute  $\Rightarrow$  computer  $\Rightarrow$  computerize  $\Rightarrow$

computerization

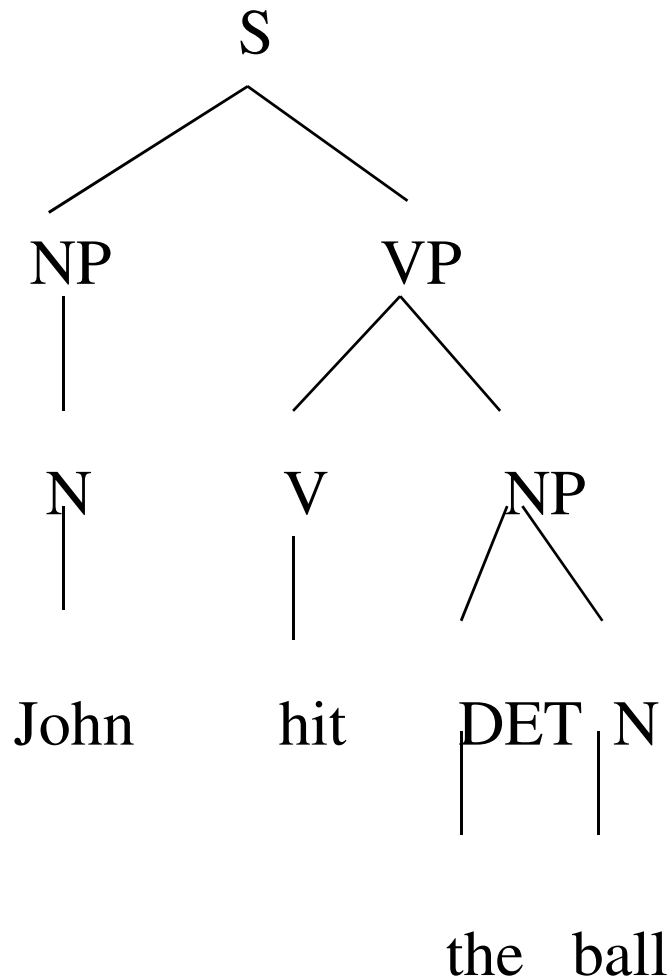
POS Tagging:

I hit the bag.

# Parsing

John hit the ball.

(S (NP (N John))  
 (VP (V hit)  
 (NP (DET  
 the)  
 (N  
 ball))))))



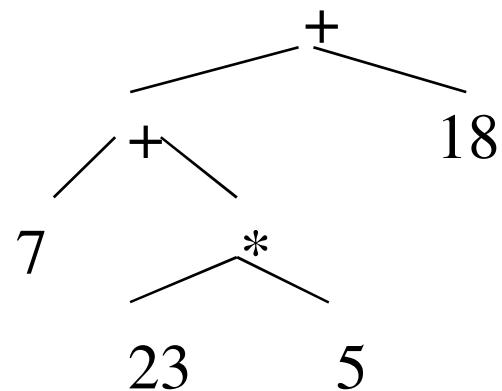
# Syntax: Dealing with Ambiguity

## English:

Water the flowers with the hose.

Water the flowers with brown leaves.

**Java:**  $7 + 23 * 5 + 18$



# Using Domain Knowledge



(plant (isa living thing))

(flower (isa plant)

(has parts leaf))

(water (isa action)

(instrument mustbe container))

(hose (isa container))

# Syntax: Gapping



**English:** Who did you say Mary gave the ball to?



**Java:**  $7 + 23 * 5 + 18$

# Semantics: The Meaning of Words

Getting it right for the target application:

“month”  $\Rightarrow$  RainfallByStation.month

Dealing with ambiguity:

“spring”  $\Rightarrow$   or  or



“stamp”  $\Rightarrow$   or 



# Noun Phrases Describe Objects



Corn oil

Coconut oil

Cooking oil

Baby oil

# How do Modifiers Work?



Cat

French cat

Siamese cat

House cat

Toy cat

Toy poodle

# Putting Phrases Together



Bill cooked the potatoes.

The potatoes cooked in about an hour.

The heat from the fire cooked the potatoes in 30 minutes.

(cooking-event (agent )

(object )

(instrument )

(time-frame )

# What About Applications Where Almost is OK?



- Searching the web
  - Leaving some of the work for people
  - Retrieval failures are ok
- Snooping

## Going the Other Way: Generation

(c (isa cooking-event)  
 (agent x )  
 (object y)  
 (instrument z)  
 (time-frame ))

(x (isa man)  
 (name Bill)  
 (height 6')  
 (attire (head-  
 covering h))  
 (born-location b))

(y (some-of potatoes)  
 (type-of Idaho))  
 (maturity new))

(z (isa microwave)  
 (brand Sharp))

(h (isa gimme)  
 (color red))  
 (gimme (subclass hat))

(b (isa city)  
 (name Austin))

# Machine Translation



Direct mapping:

Language A  $\longrightarrow$  Language B

Using an intermediate form:

Language A  $\longrightarrow$  Intermediate form  $\longrightarrow$  Language B

# MT Examples



**English:** Do you know how much it rains in Austin?

**Spanish:** ¿Usted sabe cuánto llueve en Austin?

**English:** You know how much you rain in Austin?

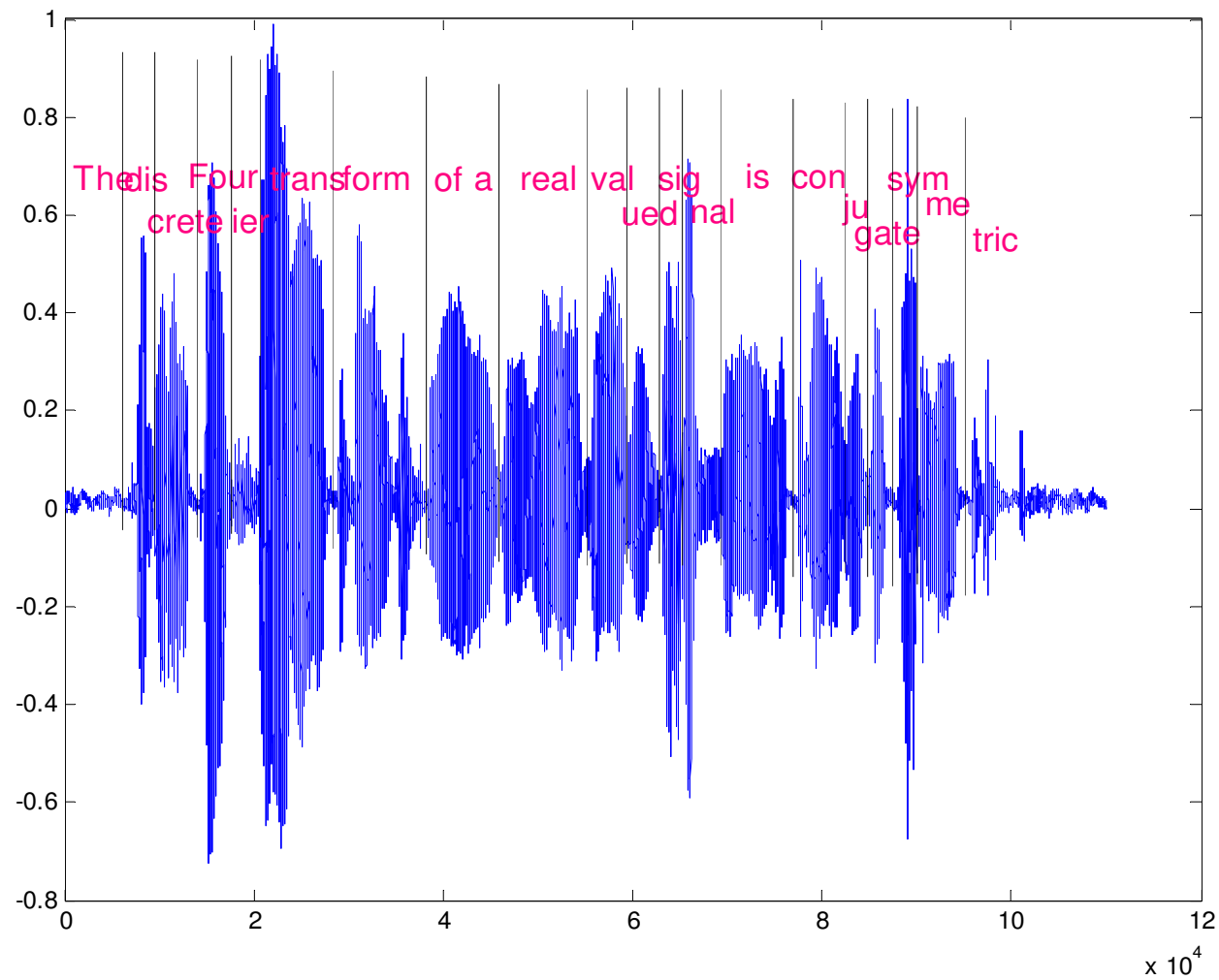
**English:** Please go buy some baby oil.

**Spanish:** Va por favor la compra un poco de aceite de bebé.

**English:** In order to please buy a little baby oil.

What if we have tons of data?

# Spoken Language - Understanding





# Spoken Language - Generation



## The issues:

- Figuring out what to say
- Pronouncing words
- Linking them together
- Getting the prosody (rhythm / pattern) right

# Evolution of NLP

1964 STUDENT solves algebra word problems

*The distance from New York to Los Angeles is 3000 miles. If the average speed of a jet plane is 600 miles per hour, find the time it takes to travel from New York to Los Angeles by jet.*

1965 ELIZA models a Rogerian therapist (“chat bot”)

Use at <http://nlp-addiction.com/eliza/>

*young woman: Men are all alike.*

*eliza: In what way?*

*young woman: They're always bugging us about something specific or other.*

*eliza: Can you think of a specific example?*

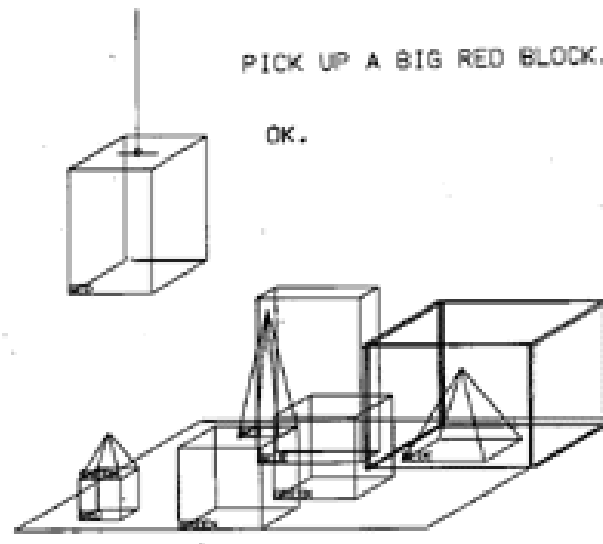
*young woman: Well, my boyfriend made me come here.*

*eliza: Your boyfriend made you come here?*

# Evolution of NLP, continued

1966 Alpac (Automatic Language Processing Advisory Committee) report kills work on MT

1971 SHRDLU (Winograd)



# Evolution of NLP, continued

1973 Schank – a richer limited domain: children’s stories

1977 Schank – scripts add a knowledge layer – restaurant stories

1970’s and 80’s sophisticated grammars and parsers

But suppose we want generality? One approach is “shallow” systems that punt the complexities of meaning.

## Evolution of NLP, continued – MT

1949 Warren Weaver's memo suggesting MT

1966 Alpac report kills government funding

Early 70s SYSTRAN develops direct Russian/English system

Early 80s knowledge based MT systems

Late 80s statistical MT systems

Today widely available but not very good MT engines

Is MT an “AI complete” problem?

*John saw the bicycle in the store window. He wanted it.*