

# CMPSC 465 – Spring 2021 — Solutions to Homework 9

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## 1. Getting started

- (a) I did not work in a group.
- (b) I did not consult with any of my group members.
- (c) I did not consult any non-class materials.

## 2. Heaviest Edge in a Cycle

Let  $A, B, C$  denote vertices of an undirected cycle in a graph  $G$ . The edge weights are as follows:  $w_{(A,B)} = e * -2$ ,  $w_{(B,C)} = e * -1$ ,  $w_{(C,A)} = e*$ . In this case, the edge connecting  $C$  and  $A$  is the heaviest edge. We know that a MST does not contain any cycles and that at least two of these edges must be in the MST since an MST contains  $|V| - 1$  edges.

The MST can contain the combination of these edges:

$$w_{(C,A)} = e*, w_{(B,C)} = e * -1$$

$$\text{Total Cost: } 2e * -1$$

$$w_{(C,A)} = e*, w_{(A,B)} = e * -2$$

$$\text{Total Cost: } 2e * -2$$

$$w_{(A,B)} = e * -2, w_{(B,C)} = e * -1$$

$$\text{Total Cost: } 2e * -3$$

In the cases above, all the MST containing edge  $(C, A)$  has a lighter MST that does not have edge  $(C, A)$ . Therefore,  $e*$  cannot appear in any MST of  $G$ .

### 3. Huffman Encoding

- (a) Possible frequencies that would yield the following code would be:  $\{f_a, f_b, f_b + f_c, f_c\}$ .
- (b) This code cannot be obtained because 0 is the prefix 00 which means that  $a$  is in the path of  $c$  making it not a full binary tree.
- (c) This code cannot be obtained because it will not produce a full binary tree. The node connecting to the right of the root node will only have one child,  $a$ .

## 4. Cost of a Prefix-Free Encoding

```

def find_encoding(f):
    T = initialize empty tree
    H = priority queue ordered by f
    W = priority queue ordered by c
    for i = 1 to n
        insert(H, i)
        insert(W, i)
    for k = n+1 to 2n-1
        i = extractmin(H)
        j = extractmin(H)
        n = extractmin(W)
        if f[i]+f[j] < f[i]+f[n]:
            create node k in T with children i and j
            f[k] = f[i] + f[j]
            insert(H, k)
        if f[i]+f[j] > f[i]+f[n]:
            create node k in T with children i and n
            f[k] = f[i] + f[n]
            insert(H, k)

```

By adding another `extractmin()` to the huffman encoding we are adding another  $O(\log m)$ . Therefore, the new total running time will be:  $O(m(\log m)^2)$ .