= Rhenium =

Rhenium is a chemical element with symbol Re and atomic number 75 . It is a silvery @-@ white , heavy , third @-@ row transition metal in group 7 of the periodic table . With an estimated average concentration of 1 part per billion (ppb) , rhenium is one of the rarest elements in the Earth 's crust . The free element has the third @-@ highest melting point and highest boiling point of any element , at 5 @,@ 869 K (10 @,@ 105 ° F) . Rhenium resembles manganese and technetium chemically and is mainly obtained as a by @-@ product of the extraction and refinement of molybdenum and copper ores . Rhenium shows in its compounds a wide variety of oxidation states ranging from ? 1 to + 7 .

Discovered in 1925, rhenium was the last stable element to be discovered. It was named after the river Rhine in Europe.

Nickel @-@ based superalloys of rhenium are used in the combustion chambers, turbine blades, and exhaust nozzles of jet engines. These alloys contain up to 6 % rhenium, making jet engine construction the largest single use for the element, with the chemical industry 's catalytic uses being next @-@ most important. Because of the low availability relative to demand, rhenium is among the most expensive of metals, with an average price of approximately US \$ 2 @,@ 750 per kilogram (US \$ 85 @.@ 53 per troy ounce) as of April 2015; it is also of critical strategic military importance, for its use in high performance military jet and rocket engines.

= = History = =

Rhenium (Latin : Rhenus meaning : " Rhine ") was the last @-@ discovered of the elements that have a stable isotope (other new elements discovered in nature since then , such as francium , are radioactive) . The existence of a yet @-@ undiscovered element at this position in the periodic table had been first predicted by Dmitri Mendeleev . Other calculated information was obtained by Henry Moseley in 1914 . It is generally considered to have been discovered by Walter Noddack , Ida Tacke , and Otto Berg in Germany . In 1925 they reported that they had detected the element in platinum ore and in the mineral columbite . They also found rhenium in gadolinite and molybdenite . In 1928 they were able to extract 1 g of the element by processing 660 kg of molybdenite . It was estimated in 1968 that 75 % of the rhenium metal in the United States was used for research and the development of refractory metal alloys . It took several years from that point before the superalloys became widely used .

In 1908, Japanese chemist Masataka Ogawa announced that he had discovered the 43rd element and named it nipponium (Np) after Japan (Nippon in Japanese). However, later analysis indicated the presence of rhenium (element 75), not element 43. The symbol Np was later used for the element neptunium, and the name "nihonium", also named after Japan, has been proposed for element 113.

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