= Ontario Highway 402 =

King 's Highway 402 , commonly referred to as Highway 402 and historically as the Blue Water Bridge Approach , is a 400 @-@ series highway in the Canadian province of Ontario that connects the Blue Water Bridge international crossing near Sarnia to Highway 401 in London . It is one of two vital trade links between Ontario and the Midwestern United States . The controlled access freeway is four @-@ laned for nearly its entire length , except on the approach to the Blue Water Bridge , where it widens .

Although Highway 402 was one of the original 400 @-@ series highways when it was designated in 1953, it was not completed until 1982, when the final link between Highway 81 and Highway 2 opened to traffic. The freeway originally did not exit the Sarnia city limits, and merged into Highway 7 near the present Highway 40 interchange. In 1972, construction began to extend Highway 402 between Sarnia and London; this work was carried out over a decade. The removal of an intersection at Front Street in Sarnia made the entire route a controlled @-@ access highway.

Motorists crossing into Michigan at the western end have direct access to Interstate 69 (I @-@ 69) and Interstate 94 (I @-@ 94) into Port Huron ; motorists crossing onto the Canadian side from the east end of I @-@ 69 and I @-@ 94 have access to Toronto via Highway 401 , and onwards to Montreal via A @-@ 20 in Quebec . The only town along Highway 402 between Sarnia and London is Strathroy .

= = Route description = =

The Blue Water Bridge crossing has six lanes of bridge traffic and non @-@ stop freeway access, therefore providing a quicker route than the busier Ambassador Bridge crossing in Windsor, which features over ten traffic lights leading to the bridge, although that situation will be rectified after the planned Gordie Howe International Bridge is constructed. Across the Blue Water Bridge, Highway 402 continues in Michigan as I @-@ 69 and I @-@ 94. With the exception of the Front Street interchange in Sarnia, which is a hybrid of a diamond and Parclo B @-@ 2 interchange, the freeway uses the Parclo A @-@ 4 design throughout its length. Although the freeway passes through Sarnia, it is not intended to operate as a commuter highway.

The freeway begins on the Canadian side of the Blue Water Bridge , descending over the village of Point Edward . After passing through a customs plaza , it enters Sarnia and travels parallel to and north of Exmouth Street through the city . Near the eastern limits , the freeway curves to the northeast to bypass its original alignment . It crosses the Howard Watson Nature Trail , a mixed @-@ use recreational trail that was converted from a Canadian National Railway (CNR) line in 1988 . The highway curves back to its east ? west orientation at an interchange with Highway 40 . It exits the city as it passes south of Sarnia Chris Hadfield Airport .

Now parallel and north of London Line , the former route of Highway 7 (the predecessor route between Sarnia and London) , the freeway jogs north to travel along the back lot line of farmland fronting London Line and the concession road north of Highway 402 . In this manner , the freeway did not divide any farms when it was constructed , instead running between them . It meets Lambton County Road 21 (Oil Heritage Road) , the northern terminus of the Oil Heritage Route , north of the town of Wyoming . The county road is also a former southern extension of Highway 21 , which itself begins as Forest Line 9 @ . @ 3 kilometres (5 @ . @ 8 mi) to the east . Highway 21 is also known as the Bluewater Route , as most of its length is parallel to the shore of Lake Huron .

After passing an interchange with Forest Line , the freeway is crossed by London Line and momentarily diverges from its straight alignment to dip south of Warwick . It continues 25 kilometres (16 mi) east through large patches of farmland , then meets with Middlesex County Road 81 (Victoria Street) at an interchange as it passes north of Strathroy . Shortly thereafter it curves to the southeast and zig @-@ zags towards London , bisecting farms and dividing woodlands . The freeway passes to the west of the town of Delaware and curves east . It enters London and meets interchanges with Highway 4 south of Lambeth , as well as with Wonderland Road before merging into Highway 401 . Access to westbound and from eastbound Highway 401 is provided via Highway

= = History = =

Planning for the route that would become Highway 402 began following the completion of the Blue Water Bridge in 1938 . A divided highway was constructed through Sarnia following World War II ; it was completed and designated in 1953 . The Department of Highways announced its intent to extend the route to Highway 401 in 1957 . However , while some preliminary work began in the early 1960s , it would take until 1968 for a preferred route to be announced , and until 1972 for construction to begin . Work was carried out through the remainder of the 1970s , and the freeway was completed and ceremonially opened in late 1982 . Since completion as a four @-@ lane route , expansion work has been concentrated on the portion of the freeway in Sarnia approaching the border crossing .

= = = Construction = = =

Highway 402 is one of the original 400 @-@ series highways . It was numbered in 1953 , a year after Highway 400 and Highway 401 . The short 6 @.@ 1 @-@ kilometre (3 @.@ 8 mi) dual highway was built as an approach to the Blue Water Bridge , which itself opened to traffic October 10 , 1938 . As such , the highway was named the Blue Water Bridge Approach . Construction began in 1939 . However , like many other road projects , World War II halted construction . In 1947 , a new survey was undertaken ; construction resumed by 1952 . The approach road was opened in 1953 , at which point the route was designated Highway 402 . It featured an interchange with Christina Street and at @-@ grade intersections with Front Street , Indian Road and Modeland Road (the Highway 40 Sarnia bypass) .

Ultimately , Highway 402 was designated with the intent of extending it to Highway 401 . This was formally announced by the Department of Highways in late 1957 . Construction on a new grade @-@ separated intersection with Modeland Road began in 1963 . On February 28 , 1968 , a 98 @-@ kilometre (61 mi) extension towards London was officially announced by Minister of Highways George Gomme . It was decided to construct the extension on a new right @-@ of @-@ way , as had been done with most freeways constructed after Highway 400 . East of the Murphy Road overpass , Highway 402 was re @-@ aligned to bypass the interchange with Highway 40 constructed in 1964 ; Exmouth Street was redirected to connect with Highway 7 (London Line) at that junction , and Quinn Street now follows the former route of the highway . For the new Highway 402 , an overpass crossing was required with the then @-@ CNR line (now the Howard Watson Nature Trail) and an interchange with the newly twinned Highway 40 just north of the 1964 interchange . Construction east of Highway 40 began in 1972 .

Under two construction contracts , construction of 23 @.@ 2 kilometres (14 @.@ 4 mi) of Highway 402 began near Highway 7 in 1974 . A third contract to bridge the gap between that project and Sarnia was awarded in 1975 . On October 13 , 1978 , Highway 402 was opened to traffic between Highway 40 and Highway 21 . By the end of that year , construction was progressing on the section between Highway 21 and Highway 81 near Strathroy , as well as on the section connecting Highway 2 with Highway 401 . The section between Highway 21 and Highway 81 north of Strathroy was the next to be completed ; it was opened to traffic on November 26 , 1979 . On November 17 , 1981 , the section between London and Delaware was completed , including the interchange at Highway 401 . It forced eastbound drivers to exit at Longwoods Road (Highway 2) . Construction was already underway on the final section between Strathroy and Delaware at this point .

The opening of the section between Highways 2 and 81 completed Highway 402 from London to the Blue Water Bridge . In addition , the removal of the Front Street intersection in Sarnia made the entire route a controlled @-@ access highway . Both were completed in time for the official opening in Sarnia on November 10 , 1982 .

= = = Since completion = = =

On Monday , December 13 , 2010 , a whiteout caused by lake @-@ effect snow squalls left an 80 @-@ kilometre (50 mi) stretch of Highway 402 closed for several days . Lambton County officials declared a state of emergency . Although the entire distance between Sarnia and London is subject to occasional snow squalls and whiteout conditions , they usually dissipate or move in less than a day . The exceptional conditions at that time were caused by a snow squall which remained stationary over several days , dropping up to two metres (6 ft) of snow in some parts of the area . Defence Minister Peter MacKay sent two Canadian Forces Griffon helicopters and a C @-@ 130 Hercules to Sarnia to aid in the search @-@ and @-@ rescue efforts . The hospitality of locals in providing shelter for stranded motorists was the primary focus of local media coverage . The highway was reopened to traffic on the morning of December 16 . A single death was reported ; a man succumbed to hypothermia on a nearby county road .

Highway 402 was widened in the Sarnia area from four to six lanes due to extensive traffic backups from the bridge crossing towards the USA; the westbound lanes were widened by two lanes, while eastbound capacity remains unchanged. The new four @-@ lane roadway is divided into specific lanes for cars, trucks, local traffic, and NEXUS card holders. The new lanes begin just before the Murphy Road overpass with a local lane breaking away for interchange access; all travelers wishing to exit the highway from this point must be travelling in this lane. Construction began August 4, 2009, between the Blue Water Bridge and Lambton County Road 26 (Mandaumin Road) and included the reconstruction of several bridges, as well as completely rebuilding the Christina Street exit to accommodate southbound access. Work was completed by the end of 2012. Between 2004 and 2013, the speed limit along the westbound lanes from Airport Road westward were reduced from the standard 100 kilometres per hour (60 mph). However, following the reconstruction, the speed limit was raised between Indian Road and Airport Road on June 20, 2013.

On January 5 , 2013 , a temporary vehicular blockade was created at the Blue Water Bridge as part of the " Idle No More " protests by First Nations groups . The blockade was known in advance and was planned to occur during the noon hour . Lambton OPP monitored the protest by walking alongside the protestors . Traffic resumed flowing normally by 1 : 30 p.m. While Highway 402 itself was not closed , the protest did back up traffic onto the highway causing congestion in the areas of Front Street and Christina Street . Later that year , another protest was held west of Strathroy on October 19 , advocating against wind turbine construction due to the health effects experienced by those living near them . The rolling protest of about 150 vehicles , including farm equipment , was monitored by the OPP and required intermittent ramp closures to the westbound lanes .

= = Exit list = =

The following table lists the major junctions along Highway 402, as noted by the Ministry of Transportation of Ontario.