Snake Rattle 'n' Roll is a platforming video game developed by Rare. It was published by Nintendo and released for the Nintendo Entertainment System in North America in July 1990 and in Europe on March 27, 1991. It was ported to the Mega Drive and released by Sega in June 1993. The game features two snakes, Rattle and Roll, as they make their way through eleven 3D isometric levels. The object is to navigate the obstacles in each level and eat enough. Nibbley Pibbleys to ring a weigh @-@ in bell located in the level, which will allow the snakes to exit. The game can be played by a single player or by two players simultaneously.

Snake Rattle 'n' Roll was developed by Rare members Tim Stamper and Mark Betteridge, with music composed by David Wise, which featured music inspired by "Shake, Rattle and Roll", as well as other 1950s @-@ era oldies. It was well received by various video gaming magazines, and praises include well @-@ designed 3D environments and graphics, playability and controls, and challenge. A follow @-@ up for the Game Boy, titled Sneaky Snakes, was released by Tradewest in 1991. Snake Rattle 'n' Roll has been named one of the top games released on the NES and one of the top games released by Rare.

= = Gameplay = =

Snake Rattle 'n' Roll features two snakes? Rattle and Roll? as they make their way through 11 isometric levels. The object in each level is to eat enough "Nibbley Pibbleys"? small round creatures found throughout each level? to gain enough weight to ring a bell on top of a weighing machine located at the end of the level; this causes a door for the next level to open. Players maneuver their snakes throughout the level with the control pad and are able to pick up Nibbley Pibbleys by pressing the B button on the controller. The snakes 'lengths increase when they eat; players' snake length grows more quickly when they eat Nibbley Pibbleys of their own color, and they grow the most when they eat yellow ones. Located in each level are dispensers which randomly spew out Nibbley Pibbleys; however, they also spew out bombs which can damage the snakes. When a snake reaches a long enough length, the tail begins to flash, which means the snake is heavy enough to exit that level. At that point, they must find and jump on the scale in order to ring the bell and open the exit door.

Each level contains various obstacles and enemies that the players must deal with . Players lose a segment from their snake if they are hit by an enemy , and they lose a life if their snake runs out of segments . Players can also lose a life if their snakes fall too far , the timer runs out , their snakes touch a sharp object , or if they are squashed by an object from above . Also , if they remain in some bodies of water for too long , a shark will attack . The game ends if players lose all their lives , but they have several continues in which they can restart the game from where they left off . Players can defeat enemies by hitting them with their tongues or by jumping on them . They can collect various items to help them along during gameplay , such as items that extend the length of the snakes ' tongues , extra lives and continues , time bonuses , invisibility diamonds , and items that speed up or reverse the direction of the snakes . Located throughout the game are lids (in the shape of manhole covers) in which players can open to uncover Nibbly Pibbleys , items and extra lives , entrances to bonus levels , and sometimes enemies . Also located in the game are hidden warps which allow players to skip several levels and restart at a later point in the game .

= = Development = =

Snake Rattle 'n 'Roll was developed primarily by Rare employees Tim Stamper and Mark Betteridge. Stamper worked on the game 's graphics and concepts, while Betteridge worked on the game program itself. Most of the ideas behind the game came from Betteridge, who had challenged himself to get the smallest file size for a NES game possible. According to Rare member Brendan Gunn, Betteridge found out how to develop cheap backgrounds that took up little space. After thinking about what and how to move objects on such backgrounds, he came up with the idea

for a snake . Much of the game derived from another isometric video game Marble Madness , of which Rare published the NES version in 1989 . They would also use the same type of high speed scrolling that was used in the NES port of Marble Madness , which , according to a Nintendo Power overview of Rare , " many said couldn 't be done on the NES " . Rare 's future Creative Director , Gregg Mayles , started with the company play @-@ testing Snake Rattle ' n ' Roll . He recalls being impressed with Betteridge 's development of the controls , which he said " felt really responsive " .

The game 's soundtrack , which features music taken from the 1954 song " Shake , Rattle and Roll " , of which the game is named after , was composed by David Wise . He would also compose music from Wizards & Warriors , Battletoads , and the Donkey Kong Country series . According to website GamesRadar , the game 's compositions revolved around 1950s @-@ era " oldies so old they don ? t even get played on the radio anymore " . One of the tunes was a homage to John Williams ' main theme from the 1975 film Jaws ; the theme plays when a snake lands in the water and gets chased back to land by a shark .

It was first published by Nintendo and released for the Nintendo Entertainment System in North America in July 1990 and in Europe on March 27 , 1991 . Rare would later port the game to the Sega Mega Drive , a version which was released only in Europe by Sega in 1993 ; this port featured an additional final level on top of the 11 levels on the NES version . In that version , the snakes make it into space , but a meteorite crashes into their spaceship , causing them to crash land on another planetoid , which serves at the 12th level . After completing the level , the ending shows the snakes on a new spaceship that is going back home . Although this game was never released for the Game Boy , in level 7 of the NES version , the landscape spells out "NINTENDO GAMEBOY" .

= = Reception = =

Snake Rattle 'n' Roll first received preview coverage in January 1990 in Nintendo Power magazine . The preview said that the game " defies description " and that it would appeal to people who have enjoyed games such as Q * bert and Adventures of Lolo . The game would be featured in the magazine 's September ? October 1990 issue , which featured a walkthrough of the game 's first three levels . It was also featured in UK @-@ based magazine Mean Machines , where it received high praise from editors Matt Regan and Julian Rignall . Regan praised the game 's 3D environment , fun gameplay , and level of humor , as noted by the odd objects such as toilet seats . Rignall called the game 's graphics " stunning , with beautifully drawn scrolling forced perspective 3D backdrops and some great sprites " ; he also lauded the game 's playability and simple controls , challenging difficulty , and overall fun factor . Overall , they said Snake Rattle ' n ' Roll was " one of the most original games seen in years " and was " a firm favourite here in the MEAN MACHINES offices " .

The game received further reviews and praise in other video gaming magazines in 1991 . German magazine Video Games called Snake Rattle ' n ' Roll " a quaint and original game " that includes high @-@ quality graphics . The reviewer praised the animations in the characters , especially after the snakes eat Nibbly Pibbleys , and he enjoyed the two @-@ player simultaneous mode ; however , he said that the game lacked in variety , though the gameplay and challenge remained consistent throughout the course of the game . Another German magazine , Power Play , gave a similar review , and it compared the game to the 1988 Rare title R.C. Pro @-@ Am in gameplay . American video gaming magazine Game Players awarded Snake Rattle ' n ' Roll the " Game Player 's NES Excellence Award " for 1990 as one of the best games released for the NES that year .

Nintendo Power reviewed Snake Rattle ' n ' Roll as part of an overview of NES games which the magazine felt were overlooked or otherwise did not sell well . Their main criticism was that the main characters were not recognizable to anyone , giving the game a lack of visibility amongst consumers . Otherwise , they praised the game for its precise controls and for its blend of puzzle and action elements .

Snake Rattle 'n 'Roll received some retrospective coverage years after its release. IGN ranked the game at # 32 in its "Top 100 NES Games "list, calling it "another of Rare 's excellent pre @-@ second @-@ party efforts on the NES "as well as "Marble Madness turned into a platformer ". Executive editor Craig Harris also noted the game 's high level of difficulty and its excellent

soundtrack. UK @-@ based magazine Retro Gamer reviewed the game in its August 2006 issue, calling it one of the best isometric games on the NES and " an essential NES game " . The two title characters of the game would be named "Hero of the Month" in the magazine 's February 2007 issue. In a 25th anniversary retrospective of Rare in December 2010, the same magazine called the game " an excellent platformer " and was one of the games they wished would be released on Kinect: the magazine received a glimpse of a Marble Madness prototype on Kinect and wanted to see the control scheme in that game implemented in a new version of Snake Rattle 'n 'Roll . The game was also ranked # 23 on a readers ' poll of top 25 games made by Rare . UK @-@ based magazine Retro Gamer covered Snake Rattle 'n 'Roll as part of its retrospective on isometric video games, saying that the game " merged brilliantly the offbeat nature of games such as Head Over Heels with popular movement @-@ based isometric action / puzzle titles like Marble Madness and Spindizzy " . It was also covered in the GamesTM ' Retro book , where it was lauded as one of the more unheralded games in the NES library. The retrospective highly praised the its visuals and landscapes, as well as having a " quirky humour " and a " unique charm " . It concluded by saying that Snake Rattle 'n 'Roll stands apart from other NES titles, as also did other Rare titles such as Cobra Triangle and R.C. Pro @-@ Am.

Due to Microsoft 's current ownership of Rare , it is unlikely that either game will be released for the Virtual Console . Snake Rattle ' n ' Roll , along with Rare 's other NES titles , appear in the Xbox One compilation , Rare Replay .

= = Sequel = =

In the ending of Snake Rattle ' n ' Roll , the game hints at a sequel titled Snakes in Space , but the game would never be released . However , Rare developed a follow @-@ up on the Game Boy titled Sneaky Snakes ; the game was published by Tradewest in June 1991 . The game features two Snakes named Genghis and Atilla who must save Sonia Snake from the Nasty Nibbler . The game features identical gameplay to Snake Rattle ' n ' Roll but in a 2D side @-@ scrolling platforming mode instead of the 3D isometric mode . Sneaky Snakes was received mediocre ratings from Electronic Gaming Monthly in its July 1991 issue . Reviewer Steve Harris criticized the game for its awkward controls , lack of originality , and a " zero @-@ grav effect " while jumping . Ed Semrad said that the game got old after the first several levels , and Martin Alessi said that while it is an original idea , likewise repeated the previous reviewers criticism of the game 's repetitiveness . Reviewer " Sushi @-@ X " called the game " average " and said , ? It lacks the rest of the positive traits that truly rates an exceptional game . ?