

$$= 6 =$$

$$1 + 5 = 1 + ( 2 + 3 ) .$$

When addition is used together with other operations , the order of operations becomes important . In the standard order of operations , addition is a lower priority than exponentiation , nth roots , multiplication and division , but is given equal priority to subtraction .

$$= = = \text{Identity element} = = =$$

When adding zero to any number , the quantity does not change ; zero is the identity element for addition , also known as the additive identity . In symbols , for any  $a$  ,