```
= Clover ( creature ) =
```

Clover is the production name given to the giant monster and the main antagonist in the 2008 film Cloverfield . The creature was originally conceived by producer J. J. Abrams and was designed by artist Neville Page . In the film , the monster 's name is never mentioned; the name " Cloverfield " is only given to the US Department of Defense case file of the incidents depicted in the film . The Department of Defense names the creature " LSA " for Large @-@ Scale Aggressor in the film 's Blu @-@ ray special feature called " Cloverfield Special Investigation Mode " . The name Clover was the nickname affectionately given to the monster among the production staff .

= = Appearances = =

The monster was first referred to in the viral marketing campaign for the 2008 film including a recording of its roar, foreign news clips about a monster attack and sonar images.

A similar monster appears in a four @-@ part manga series Cloverfield / Kishin by Yoshiki Togawa , which serves as a spin @-@ off to the film . The monster made a first full appearance in Cloverfield , where it was seen rampaging through New York City and being attacked by the United States military .

```
= = History = =
```

In the film , it is mentioned that the brand Tagruato belongs to the oil company where Rob was hired as vice president and is the company that owns the platform that is being destroyed by the monster . Tagruato produces a drink called Slusho! and in the movie , some guests at a Tagruato party can be seen wearing shirts with the Slusho! brand . However , Tagruato and Slusho! have two different official websites .

= = Concept and creation = =

J. J. Abrams conceived of a new monster after he and his son visited a toy store in Japan while promoting Mission: Impossible III. He explained, "We saw all these Godzilla toys, and I thought, we need our own [American] monster, and not like King Kong, King Kong 's adorable. But I wanted something that was just insane and intense".

The monster was designed by artist Neville Page . He sought a biological rationale for the creature , though many of his ideas would not show up on screen . Page designed the creature as immature and suffering from " separation anxiety " . He compared the creature to a rampaging elephant , saying " there 's nothing scarier than something huge that 's spooked " . Page said of the creature 's backstory , " For me , one of the most key moments in our collective brainstorming was the choice to make the creature be something that we would empathize with . It is not out there just killing . It is confused , lost , scared . It 's a newborn . Having this be a story point (one that the audience does not know) , it allowed for some purposeful choices about its anatomy , movement and , yes , motivations " . The creature was developed by visual effects supervisor Kevin Blank and Phil Tippett 's company Tippett Studio . Blank described the intended goal of the creature , " Rather than the monster having a personality [like Godzilla or King Kong] , it 's more of an entity or an event " .

Reeves described the creature 's reaction to its surroundings thus: "It? s this new environment that it finds frightening". To indicate this, Reeves suggested the addition of white in the creature 's eyes so it would look similar to a spooked horse. The filmmakers generated and used the idea of parasites because the film could not realistically have scenes between the human protagonists and the enormous creature.

```
= = = Creature design = = =
```

Although conceived by the film 's creators as infantile, the creature is 25 stories tall (compared as

240 ? 300 feet , or 70 ? 90 meters) and withstands missiles , artillery shells , and bombs with minimal injury .

It is vaguely quadrupedal , though capable of standing upright over short distances . The limbs are comparatively long and thin compared with the body core , and according to creator Neville Page , this , coupled with its quadrupedal stance , is meant to imply that it is a newborn : he speculates that the adults may be bipedal . The forelimbs are large in proportion to the body , and the hind legs stubby . The creature 's head at first glance appears to be a solid sphere ; but it can open its mouth extremely wide . Above the eyes on either side of the head are fleshy pouches which it inflates when agitated .

The creature 's design includes appendages on its underbelly, described by Neville Page as an "elongated, and articulated external esophagus with the business end terminating in teethlike fingers ". They were designed to relate the scale of human prey to the huge scale of the creature. The scenes from the film where people were consumed by these appendages were cut from the final edit, but the fourth and final chapter of Cloverfield / Kishin shows this.

The creature is covered with parasites , which it sheds as part of a " post @-@ birth ritual " . Abrams described the parasites as " horrifying , dog @-@ sized creatures that just scatter around the city and add to the nightmare of the evening " . Reeves added that " The parasites have a voracious , rabid , bounding nature , but they also have a crab @-@ like crawl . They have the viciousness of a dog , but with the ability to climb walls and stick to objects . " The top half of the parasite 's head is the mandible . The top and lower jaws end in serrated edges and have four pairs of eyes each . The rest of the parasite consists of a crustacean @-@ like carapace , several pairs of claws , and arms . A deep blue @-@ purple muscular membrane stretches between the top and lower jaws . When a human is bitten , the victim becomes ill and bleeds profusely , mainly from the eyes , and shortly after this , the torso expands and explodes . They are called HSPs (Human Scale Parasites) on the Blu @-@ ray Special Investigation Mode .

Artist Neville Page , in response to claims that the design of the creature was similar to that of the 2006 South Korean film The Host , said , " They are [similar] in that they ravage and seem to originate from the water , but the end results are quite different . However , when I finally saw some of the concept art , there were some very obvious similarities . But then again , I think that we were both channeling similar biological possibilities . "

= = Merchandise = =

Based on the success of Cloverfield , which earned over \$ 40 million over its opening weekend in the United States and Canadian box office , the toy company Hasbro began accepting orders for a 14 @-@ inch limited edition toy figure of the monster to be shipped to fans starting December 24 , 2008 . It also comes with several accessories , including the disembodied head of the Statue of Liberty , two changeable heads (one with an open mouth , one with a closed mouth) , and 10 static figures of the monster 's parasites .

= = Critical analysis = =

Reviewing the film Cloverfield , the San Jose Mercury News described the creature as " a monster for the MySpace generation " . Reviewer James Berardinelli noted , " The movie follows the Jaws rule that monsters are usually more intimidating when they are shown infrequently and only in brief glimpses " . Amy Biancolli of the Houston Chronicle described the creature as retaining " an air of mystery ? a monstrous je ne sais quoi that makes him all the freakier . " Richard Corliss of Time complained of the recycled elements of the creature , such as its emergence mimicking the original Godzilla film and its parasites being similar to the " toy meanies " from the 1984 film Gremlins .

Roger Ebert of the Chicago Sun @-@ Times expressed acceptance of the lack of explanation for the creature 's origin, explaining that it " is all right with me after the tiresome opening speeches in so many of the 30 or more Godzilla films ". Peter Howell of the Toronto Star thought that the " main " creature was disappointing, while he considered the " mutant spider crabs " that came from it as "

way scarier " . Lawrence Person of Locus Online describes it as " like a cross between a truly giant mantis and Johnny the Skeletal Torso . " Todd McCarthy of Variety found that the creature was more reassuring as it appeared more in the film , explaining , " Its very nature as a walking , stalking being suggests it can somehow be killed by conventional means " . Chris Vognar of The Dallas Morning News applauded the creature 's appearance as cinematic :

= = Popular culture = =

The monster appears in the Robot Chicken episode " Especially the Animal Keith Crofford " . It rampages through New York until it reaches the future site of the Freedom Tower where it builds it in its own vision .

The monster is parodied in the South Park season 12 episode " Pandemic 2 : The Startling " . The episode is a parody of the Cloverfield, with the monster replaced by giant guinea pigs.

In Sam & Max Season 3, at the end of "Beyond the Alley of the Dolls", Max is transformed into a creature similar to the monster (or more rather Cthulhu), and smashes off the Statue of Liberty's head, and goes on to rampage through New York.

In a strip from Starslip by Kris Straub (# 705 - Jan 28, 2008), one of the main characters makes a reference to a supposed " Cousin Cloverfield ", " a member of [their] Behemoth class " who escaped and laid waste to one of Earth cities .

On September 12, 2010, the strip Lio by Mark Tatulli featured Lio trying to lure the Cloverfield monster into a giant hamster cage as a pet.

An episode of Mad parodies the movie with stars from The Disney Channel and Nickelodeon in New York being attacked by Clifford the Big Red Dog.