= There 's a Riot Goin ' On =

There 's a Riot Goin ' On is the fifth studio album by American band Sly and the Family Stone , released on November 20 , 1971 , by Epic Records . It was recorded during 1970 and 1971 at Record Plant Studios in Sausalito , California , with sessions dominated by band frontman Sly Stone during a period of drug use and inter @-@ group tension . The album embraced a darker and more challenging sound than the psychedelic soul style of the group 's previous records , making use of hard funk rhythms , primitive drum machines , and a unconventional mixing techniques . Originally intended to be issued as Africa Talks to You , the record was retitled There 's a Riot Goin ' On in response to Marvin Gaye 's album What 's Going On (1971) , released five months before .

There 's a Riot Goin ' On entered the Billboard Pop Album and Soul Album charts at number one upon its release , while the album 's lead single , " Family Affair " (1971) , topped the Pop Singles chart . By 2001 , it had sold one million copies and been certified platinum by the Recording Industry Association of America (RIAA) . Received with ambivalence upon its release , the album is now praised as one of the greatest and most influential recordings of all @-@ time , and ranked at or near the top of many publications ' " best album " lists . In 2003 it was ranked number 99 on Rolling Stone magazine 's list of the 500 greatest albums of all time .

= = Background = =

Having achieved great success with their 1969 album Stand! and performance at Woodstock, Sly & the Family Stone were due to have submitted an album of new recordings to Epic Records by 1970. However, Sly Stone, the group 's creative head and multi @-@ instrumentalist, missed several recording deadlines, worrying CBS executive Clive Davis, and a Greatest Hits album was released in an eighteen @-@ month stretch during which the band released no new material. Relationships within the band were deteriorating, with friction between the Stone brothers and bassist Larry Graham. Epic executives requested more product, and the Black Panther Party, with which Stone had become associated, was demanding he make his music more militant and reflective of the black power movement, that he replace Greg Errico and Jerry Martini with black instrumentalists, and replace manager David Kapralik. After moving to Los Angeles, California in late 1969 Stone and his bandmates began to use cocaine and PCP heavily rather than recording music. During this time Sly & the Family Stone released only one single, "Thank You (Falettinme Be Mice Elf Agin)" / "Everybody Is a Star", issued in December 1969. Although "Star" was a positive song in the vein of their previous hit "Everyday People" (1968), "Thank You" featured a darker political theme.

By 1970 Stone had become erratic and moody, missing nearly a third of the band 's concert dates. He hired streetwise friends Hamp "Bubba "Banks and J.B. Brown as his personal managers, and these enlisted gangsters Edward "Eddie Chin "Elliott and Mafioso J.R. Valtrano as his bodyguards. Stone assigned these individuals to handle his business dealings, find drugs and protect him from those he considered enemies, among them his own bandmates and staff. A rift developed between Sly and the rest of the band, which led to drummer Gregg Errico 's departure in early 1971.

Speculation arose as to the release of new studio material. In a December 24, 1970 article for Rolling Stone magazine, journalist Jon Landau wrote;

Stone 's intention of a darker , more conceptual work was influenced by drug use and the events that writer Miles Marshall Lewis called " the death of the sixties " ; political assassinations , police brutality , the decline of the civil rights movement and social disillusionment . According to The Austin Chronicle , " slowed down , [Sly 's] quest for post @-@ stardom identity mirrored black America 's quest for post @-@ Sixties purpose . "

= = Recording and production = =

Sly Stone mostly worked on There 's a Riot Goin ' On alone in a studio that he had built for himself at The Plant Studios, also known as The Record Plant, in Sausalito, California, or at his home

studio in the loft of his Bel Air mansion . He would often lie down in the bed and record his vocals with a wireless microphone system . According to the other Family Stone members , most of the album was performed by him alone , overdubbing and sometimes using a drum machine . Other band members contributed by overdubbing alone with Sly instead of playing together as before . For " Family Affair " and some other selections Stone enlisted several other musicians including Billy Preston , Ike Turner , and Bobby Womack instead of his bandmates , and several female vocalists mostly omitted from the final mix .

The album 's muddy , gritty sound was due in part to this overdubbing and erasing and mixing techniques nearly drowned out undubbed sounds . Miles Marshall Lewis stated " Never before on a Sly and the Family Stone album were songs open to so much interpretation , and even more so , dripping with cynicism . On the other hand you can hardly hear what he 's saying for most of the album . Like Radiohead 's Kid A or even the Rolling Stones ' Exile on Main St. more recent to the time , a murkiness in the mix of the record inhibits complete comprehension of the words . " Stone felt that the rhythm box made unrealistic sounds if used as designed , so he resorted to overdubbing the drum sounds manually , again contributing to the difficult mix .

In the fall of 1971 Stone delivered the final mixes to the CBS Records offices, relieving the worried Clive Davis. CBS issued "Family Affair" as the first single, the band 's first in nearly two years. It became their fourth and final number @-@ one pop hit. A somber, electric piano @-@ based record, sung by Sly and sister Rose Stone, Sly delivering his part in a low, relaxed tone. It is one of the earliest hit recordings to use a drum machine - the first was probably another Sly Stone production, Little Sister 's "Somebody 's Watching You".

= = Music and lyrics = =

Stone reworked 1969 's " Thank You " single as a slower , closing track , " Thank You For Talking to Me Africa " which , according to Allmusic 's Matthew Greenwald was a blues and gospel influenced examination of urban tension and the end of the 1960s , " perhaps the most frightening recording from the dawn of the 1970s , capturing all of the drama , ennui , and hedonism of the decade to come with almost a clairvoyant feel . " " Africa Talks to You " is a nine @-@ minute funk jam written in response to Sly Stone 's backlash from estranged fans and friends , record industry associates , and the media . According to biographer Eddie Santiago , the lyrics cynically portray " fame and its cold retrogression into perceived insanity " , with a chorus that reflects " Sly 's feelings on being cut down in his prime like a tree in the forest . "

" Smilin ' " is a hymn to getting high , introduced by a " slow , wispy soul that sounds like it 's drifting in from a distant radio somewhere " . Jurek wrote , " Sister Rose 's voice is all sweet , and at first so is Sly 's , but as the horns and bassline come stepping in , Sly 's voice gets heavy and is distorting in places deliberately . The delicate keyboard lines , luxuriant and in the pocket as they are , cannot keep the voice contained . There 's a minimal instrumental break in the tune and it suddenly fades just as it emerged . "

The album 's title track is silent and listed as zero minutes and zero seconds long . For many years it was speculated that this cryptic track listing and the title of the album referred to a July 27 , 1970 riot in Chicago , Illinois for which Sly & the Family Stone had been blamed . The band was to play a free show in Grant Park (Chicago) but the crowd became restless before the band began and started rioting . Over a hundred people were injured , including several police officers , and the reason given to the press was that the band was late and / or refused to perform . The original LP jacket featured a photo collage with a picture of the band @-@ shell in Grant Park overlaid with a photo of a police car . However in 1997 Sly Stone said that the " There 's a Riot Goin ' On " track had no running time simply because " I felt there should be no riots . "

= = Artwork = =

The original cover art for Riot featured a red , white , and black American flag with suns in place of the stars . No other text or titles appear on the cover , although Epic executives added a " Featuring

the Hit Single 'Family Affair' "sticker to the LP for commercial viability and identification purposes. Family Stone A & R director Steve Paley took the photograph. Three of the custom flags were created: one for Sly, one for Epic Records, and one for Paley. The album was later reissued with a more conventional cover featuring a photograph of Sly in concert, titles and text.

In an interview with Jonathan Dakss Stone explained the album cover 's concept , stating " I wanted the flag to truly represent people of all colors . I wanted the color black because it is the absence of color . I wanted the color white because it is the combination of all colors . And I wanted the color red because it represents the one thing that all people have in common : blood . I wanted suns instead of stars because stars to me imply searching , like you search for your star . And there are already too many stars in this world . But the sun , that 's something that is always there , looking right at you . Betsy Ross did the best she could with what she had . I thought I could do better . "

The outer album sleeve features a photo collage , by artist Lynn Ames , depicting American cultural images of the early 1970s . Featured on this collage were color photos and black & whites of the Family Stone , the Capitol , a grinning boy in plaid pants , the American flag with a peace sign in place of the stars , the Marina City twin towers of Chicago , a Department of Public Works caution sign , a piece of the Gettysburg Address , the tail end of a gas guzzler , drummer Buddy Miles , the Lincoln Memorial , soul musician Bobby Womack , a bulldog , several anonymous smiling faces , and Sly 's pit bull , Gun .

= = Reception = =

There 's a Riot Goin ' On was met with divided reaction from fans and music critics who were not used to the album 's sound and lyrical content . Los Angeles Times writer Robert Hilburn expressed a mixed response towards the band 's stylistic change from " soulflavored " songs such as " Everyday People " and " Hot Fun in the Summertime " , stating " there is little on the album that is worth your attention " . Other major music publications praised this new direction : in his review for Rolling Stone magazine , music journalist Vince Aletti wrote that " At first I hated it for its weakness and its lack of energy and I still dislike these qualities . But then I began to respect the album 's honesty " . Aletti cited it as " one of the most important fucking albums this year " and " the new urban music ... not about dancing to the music , in the streets . It 's about disintegration , getting fucked up , nodding , maybe dying . There are flashes of euphoria , ironic laughter , even some bright stretches but mostly it 's just junkie death , oddly unoppressive and almost attractive in its effortlessness " . A columnist for Hit Parader magazine gave Riot a favorable review , and stated that the album has " a lot that makes Sly the in @-@ person rave that he is . "

In his consumer guide for The Village Voice , critic Robert Christgau gave There 's a Riot Goin ' On an " A- " , which he later revised to " A + " , Christgau noted that " what 's expressed is the bitterest ghetto pessimism " and complimented its " subtle production techniques and jarring song compositions " , while citing it as " one of those rare albums whose whole actually does exceed the sum of its parts " . There 's a Riot Goin ' On was included on several music publications ' " End of the Year " lists and critics ' polls , including The Village Voice 's Pazz & Jop albums list at number seven . The album achieved commercial success with two hit singles and debuting at number @-@ one on the Billboard Pop Albums and Soul Albums chart . In his book Mystery Train : Images of America in Rock ' n ' Roll Music , published four years following the album 's release , music critic and writer Greil Marcus called There 's a Riot Goin ' On " Muzak with its finger on the trigger . "

= = Legacy = =

There 's a Riot Goin ' On has since been viewed by critics as one of the greatest and most influential albums. Christgau wrote in 2007: "Sly Stone had ' Made It'. But its temptations and contradictions ate him up. The result was the prophetic 1971 There 's a Riot Goin' On, recorded in anarchic, druggy torpor over a year, or was it two, Stone didn't know the difference. Its taped @-@ over murk presaging Exile on Main St., its drum @-@ machine beats throwing knuckleballs at Miles and JB, it was darker than the Velvet Underground and Nico and funkier than shit, yet

somehow it produced two smash hits, including the stark, deep "Family Affair". In a retrospective review, Zeth Lundy of PopMatters called There 's a Riot Goin' On " a challenging listen, at times rambling, incoherent, dissonant, and just plain uncomfortable "with" some episodic moments of pop greatness to be found "and viewed it as a radical departure from the band 's previous work:

In 1994 There 's a Riot Going On was ranked number 14 in Colin Larkin 's Top 50 Soul Albums . Larkin described the album as " unlike anything heard before in black music " . A 2003 article for Rolling Stone commented; " Sly and the Family Stone created a musical utopia: an interracial group of men and women who blended funk , rock and positive vibes ... Sly Stone ultimately discovered that his utopia had a ghetto , and he brilliantly tore the whole thing down on There 's a Riot Goin' On , which does not refute the joy of his earlier music . " In addition to being featured near the top of several major publications' " best album " lists , There 's a Riot Goin' On was also ranked at number 99 on Rolling Stone 's 2003 list of the 500 Greatest Albums of All Time , one of four Sly & the Family Stone entries to be included on the list; it is the second highest of the band 's entries , preceded by Greatest Hits (# 60) , and followed by Stand! (# 118) and Fresh (# 186) . Pitchfork Media named it the fourth best album of the 1970s

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= = Influence = =
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Along with its critical recognition , There 's a Riot Goin ' On is considered one of the first instances of the funk music later popularized by George Clinton and Funkadelic , the Ohio Players , and similar acts . There 's a Riot Goin ' On , as well as the follow @-@ ups Fresh and Small Talk , are considered among the first and best examples of the matured version of funk music , after prototypical instances of the sound in Sly & the Family Stone 's 1960s work . The album 's sound also influenced Miles Davis and Herbie Hancock to crossover to jazz @-@ funk . Riot 's songs have been extensively covered and sampled . Artists who have covered or reworked songs from Riot include Iggy Pop , John Legend , Lalah Hathaway , Ultramagnetic MC 's , De La Soul , Beastie Boys and Gwen Guthrie . Funk music genre in general had great influence on pioneering hip hop acts such as Afrika Bambaataa , DJ Kool Herc and many others .

Dave Rosen of Ink Blot magazine said that the album sounds unique, ironically in view of its vast influence; "Sly employed the unconventional (and possibly entirely original) technique of mixing live drums with what was at the time a primitive drum machine ... The introspective, yet political lyrics, the hard and dirty funk grooves, the inspirational, yet depressing songs? all of these elements would come to influence not only peers like Marvin Gaye and James Brown, but two generations of rappers and funkateers who paid homage to Sly 's vision by making his samples and beats an essential backbone of their own innovations. Sly 's Riot is still goin ' on . " In his book There 's a Riot Goin ' On, author Miles Marshall Lewis described There 's a Riot Goin ' On in retrospect as " one of the most powerful and haunting albums to inspire the hip hop movement."

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= = Track listing = =
= = = Original LP = = =
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All songs written , produced and arranged by Sylvester Stewart for Stone Flower Productions . Side one

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" Luv n ' Haight " ? 4 : 01
" Just Like a Baby " ? 5 : 12
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Side two

[&]quot; Poet "?3:01

[&]quot; Family Affair "? 3:06

[&]quot; Africa Talks to You ' The Asphalt Jungle ' "?8:45

[&]quot; There 's a Riot Goin ' On " ? 0 : 00

[&]quot; Brave & Strong " ? 3 : 28

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" Time "? 3:03
" Spaced Cowboy " ? 3 : 57
" Runnin ' Away " ? 2 : 51
"Thank You for Talkin 'to Me Africa "?7:14
= = = CD reissue = = =
Bonus tracks for 2007 Epic / Legacy limited edition compact disc reissue. The title track, which
was originally no time, was placed at four seconds for the reissue and was accompanied by
previously unreleased bonus material.
"Runnin' Away " (mono single version)?2:44
" My Gorilla Is My Butler " (instrumental)? 3:11
"Do You Know What?" (instrumental)?7:16
"That 's Pretty Clean " (instrumental)? 4:12
= = Charts = =
= = = Album = = =
= = = Singles = = =
= = Personnel = =
= = = Musicians = = =
Larry Graham? bass, backing vocals
Greg Errico? drums
Gerry Gibson? drums
Bobby Womack? guitar
Freddie Stone ? guitar
Ike Turner? guitar
Sly Stone ? arrangements , drums , drum programming , keyboard programming , synthesizers ,
guitar, bass, keyboards, vocals
Billy Preston? keyboards
Jerry Martini? tenor saxophone
Cynthia Robinson? trumpet
Rose Stone? vocals, keyboards
Little Sister? backing vocals
= = = Production = = =
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" (You Caught Me) Smilin ' " ? 2 : 53