= CSS Missouri =

CSS Missouri was a Confederate States Navy casemate ironclad paddle steamer deployed on the Red River during the American Civil War . For most of the war she was trapped in the Shreveport , Louisiana area by low water on the Red River . The ship was surrendered in June 1865 to the United States Navy and sold in November .

= = Description = =

Missouri was 183 feet (55 @.@ 8 m) long overall , had a beam of 53 feet 8 inches (16 @.@ 4 m) and a draft of 8 feet 6 inches (2 @.@ 6 m) . Her casemate extended for most of the length of the ship and was 130 feet 6 inches (39 @.@ 8 m) long . It partially enclosed her 22 @-@ foot @-@ 6 @-@ inch (6 @.@ 9 m) diameter center paddle wheel in a recess at the aft end of the casemate ; the upper 8 feet 4 inches (2 @.@ 5 m) of the paddle wheel protruded above the casemate and was totally unprotected . The stern wheel was powered by two steam engines taken from the steamboat Grand Era ; four boilers provided steam to the engines and were connected to a single funnel . The ship had a maximum speed of 6 miles per hour (5 @.@ 2 kn) .

Missouri 's armor consisted of railroad " T @-@ rails " , laid alternately with the crowns up and down . They were spiked to the backing of 23 @-@ inch (580 mm) of yellow pine , but not closely together enough to give them a solid surface . On the sides of the ship , they were laid diagonally , but were vertical on the bow and stern faces of the casemate . The armor extended approximately 6 feet (1 @.@ 8 m) below the waterline . The casemate was sloped at an angle of $30\,^\circ$. The deck fore and aft of the casemate was also protected by " T @-@ rails " . At the forward end of the casemate was a pilothouse that was raised 19 inches (480 mm) above the deck . She was built of green timber , caulked with cotton and leaked like a sieve . Despite her three rudders , her stern wheel made her difficult to steer .

The casemate had eight gun ports , two in the bow face and three on each side , although only three guns were mounted in the ship . A smoothbore 11 @-@ inch (279~mm) Dahlgren pivot gun was mounted in the starboard forward position . It could fire out of the starboard bow port or the forward starboard broadside port . It weighed approximately 16 @,@ 000 pounds (7 @,@ 300 kg) and could fire a 136 @-@ pound (61 @.@ 7 kg) shell up to a range of 3 @,@ 650 yards (3 @,@ 340 m) at an elevation of 15 ° . An old 32 @-@ pounder (14 @.@ 5 kg) siege gun was in the equivalent position on the port side of the ship . The characteristics of this gun cannot be reliably determined because the United States produced a multitude of 32 @-@ pounder guns before the Civil War , but none of them were designated as siege guns . The third gun was a smoothbore 9 @-@ inch (229~mm) Dahlgren pivot gun that could fire out of either of the two aft broadside gun ports . It weighed approximately 9 @,@ 200 pounds (4 @,@ 200 kg) and could fire a 72 @.@ 5 @-@ pound (32 @.@ 9 kg) shell up to a range of 3 @,@ 357 yards (3 @,@ 070 m) at an elevation of 15 ° .

= = Construction and service = =

The Confederate Navy Department authorized the construction of one or more ironclad warships at Shreveport on 3 October 1862 and Lieutenant Jonathan H. Carter signed a contract for two ships on 1 November . The keel of the first ship was laid the following month and she was launched on 14 April 1863 . The ship was commissioned on 12 September 1863 with the name of Missouri , after the high water season on the Red River had ended . Lieutenant Commander Charles Fauntleroy was appointed as her captain , although he told Lieutenant Carter that "he hoped the damned boat would sink " and that he " never intended to serve on her if he could help it " . The low water prevented Missouri from playing any part in the Red River Campaign of early 1864 . In September , Lieutenant Carter commanded an unsuccessful attempt to seize the gunboat USS Rattler using men from the crews of Missouri and CSS Webb .

In March 1865, the river began to rise and Missouri was able to leave the Shreveport area for the

first time . She reached Alexandria , Louisiana on 8 April and anchored where she could defend the town . Lieutenant Carter surrendered the ship to Union forces on 3 June , the last Confederate ironclad to surrender . After her armor was removed , Missouri was sold at public auction on 29 November .