= Ilyushin II @-@ 32 =

The Ilyushin II @-@ 32 was a Soviet heavy military glider developed after World War II to deliver 7 @,@ 000 kg (15 @,@ 000 lb) of cargo . To facilitate loading and unloading the glider 's nose and tail sections were hinged to swing sideways . The II @-@ 32 required a four @-@ engined aircraft to tow it safely ; it was canceled when it became clear that no such tug was going to be available after the Tupolev Tu @-@ 75 and Ilyushin II @-@ 18 programs were both canceled because of shortages of their intended Shvetsov ASh @-@ 73 engines .

= = Development = =

After the end of World War II the Soviets devoted a considerable amount of effort to developing heavy transport gliders to deliver troops during an airborne assault . As part of this effort the Council of Ministers ordered the Ilyushin design bureau on 20 September 1947 to begin work on a glider capable of carrying 7 @,@ 000 kg (15 @,@ 000 lb) of cargo , including 60 troops or a 122 mm (4 @.@ 8 in) cannon with its prime mover , ammunition and crew . Its intended tug was the Tupolev Tu @-@ 75 , a four @-@ engined transport derived from the Tupolev Tu @-@ 4 .

The II @-@ 32 was an aluminum @-@ bodied , high @-@ wing cantilever monoplane with a fixed tricycle undercarriage whose fuselage was square in cross @-@ section to fit as much cargo as possible . The two @-@ spar wings had a moderate aspect ratio . It was regarded as expendable and was built very simply to facilitate large @-@ scale manufacture . The nose and tail sections swung up to 95 ° to starboard to facilitate loading .

The II @-@ 32 made its first flight on 20 August 1948 , towed by a twin @-@ engined Ilyushin II @-@ 12 , but the II @-@ 12 wasn 't powerful enough to tow a fully loaded glider and the four @-@ engined II @-@ 18 airliner prototype was adapted to tow it from 20 September . During these flight tests it reached a cruising speed of 323 km / h (201 mph) at an altitude of 3 @,@ 000 metres (9 @,@ 800 ft) and a weight of 16 @,@ 000 kg (35 @,@ 000 lb) . The flight tests were satisfactory and preparations were made to begin series production , but the lack of suitable tugs was a problem . None of the Soviet four @-@ engined aircraft that could be used were either in production or available . Both the Tupolev Tu @-@ 70 and II @-@ 18 airliners had been canceled , as had the Tu @-@ 75 transport , and the Tu @-@ 4 was dedicated to the strategic bombing mission . Experiments were made with a pair of II @-@ 12s towing the II @-@ 32 , but this was both difficult and risky for all involved . The II @-@ 32 was therefore canceled for lack of a proper tug .

= = Specifications = =

Data from OKB Ilyushin: A History of the Design Bureau and its Aircraft

General characteristics

Capacity: 60 troops or 7 @,@ 000 kg (15 @,@ 000 lb) of cargo

Length: 24 @.@ 84 m (81 ft 6 in) Wingspan: 35 @.@ 8 m (117 ft 5 in)

Wing area: 159 @.@ 5 m2 (1716 @.@ 84 ft2)

Empty weight: 9600 kg (21 @,@ 164 lb)

Gross weight: 16 @,@ 600 kg (36 @,@ 597 lb) each each

Performance

Cruising speed: 327 km / h (203 mph) Service ceiling: 4000 m (13 @,@ 100 ft)