= Prime7 =

Prime7 is an Australian television network owned by Prime Media Group Limited , and an affiliate of the Seven Network . Prime Television launched on 17 March 1962 as CBN / CWN in Orange and Dubbo , New South Wales , and has since expanded to cover regional New South Wales , Victoria and the Australian Capital Territory .

Prime7 ( along with GWN7 national broadcast facilities are based in Canberra . Prime Media Group head office / administration is located in Pyrmont , Sydney .

```
= = History = =
= = = Origins = = =
```

Prime Television originally began as a group of separate stations and networks? Midstate Television in Orange, Dubbo and Griffith, RVN / AMV in Albury and Wagga Wagga, and 'NEN / ECN in Tamworth and Taree.

CBN @-@ 8 Orange began on 17 March 1962, followed by CWN @-@ 6 Dubbo on 1 December 1965. The two stations were both licensed to Country Broadcasting Services ( also the owner of radio station 2GZ in Orange ). CWN was a full @-@ time relay of CBN ? the first Australian television station to relay another. The two stations thus formed the country 's first regional television network.

At the same time, RVN @-@ 2 Wagga Wagga began on 19 June 1964, and MTN @-@ 9 Griffith began on 15 December 1965. The two stations merged in 1971 as the Riverina and North East Victoria Television Service Pty Ltd with the callsign RVN / AMV on air.

In northern New South Wales , NEN @-@ 9 Tamworth began transmission on 27 September 1965 , with a relay in Armidale ( NEN @-@ 1 , later NEN @-@ 10 ) on 15 July 1966 . ECN @-@ 8 Taree started on 27 May 1966 . At one stage , ECN @-@ 8 was tied NRN @-@ 11 Coffs Harbour ( now owned by Southern Cross Broadcasting as Southern Cross Ten ) , however the two stations split . NEN later merged with ECN as NEN / ECN .

```
= = = Television 6 @-@ 8 @-@ 9 = = =
```

As a result of the financial difficulties that many independent stations faced , MTN @-@ 9 joined CWN @-@ 6 and CBN @-@ 8 to form Television 6 @-@ 8 @-@ 9 in 1973 . Relays were launched in Portland , Lithgow , Mudgee , Cobar , Kandos and Rylstone and Bathurst . In 1981 , 6 @-@ 8 @-@ 9 changed its name to Midstate Television .

Colour television was introduced at the same time as the rest of the country, on 1 March 1975? one of the single most expensive processes undertaken by CBN to date. The station was a prominent broadcaster of local sporting events including Tennis and Rugby. In 1979 a documentary titled Goin ' Down The Road, about the 1978 National Rodeo Titles won the network a Logie award for an ' Outstanding Contribution by a Regional Station '.

Midstate produced a number of local programs, including the Weekend Report, Early Shift, Rural Roundup and Around the Schools. Since 1968 CBN was able to access the Postmaster General's microwave link for national news and other major events.

```
= = = Aggregation = = =
```

Midstate Television was bought out by media magnate Paul Ramsay 's Ramcorp Ltd. in October 1987. It was soon merged with Ramcorp 's other stations, RVN / AMV and NEN / ECN. In 1988, Midstate Television was renamed Prime Television and began to show increased Seven Network programming in readiness for aggregation.

When aggregation took place, Prime began broadcasting to both southern New South Wales and

northern Victoria . Transmission problems meant that aggregation in southern New South Wales took place in two stages ? first the Australian Capital Territory and NSW south coast on 31 March 1989 , followed by Orange , Dubbo , and Wagga Wagga on 31 December 1989 . These changes led to the de @-@ merger of RVN @-@ AMV , with RVN becoming CBN @-@ 2 .

Griffith remained a one @-@ station market , however instead of taking programming from Prime in line with the network 's other stations , MTN @-@ 9 relayed programming mainly from WIN Television in southern New South Wales . A supplementary licence , AMN @-@ 31 , was successfully bid for by MTN in 1996 , providing a relay of Prime Television . Soon after the station was purchased by WIN Television , which undertook a number of minor changes ? mainly changing the news service to WIN News , and using entirely WIN branding . AMN @-@ 31 remains a relay of Prime . Similarly , the Mildura licence area remained separate from the remainder of Victoria , albeit with a single station , STV @-@ 8 , later bought out by WIN Television in 1996 . In 1997 Prime was successful in bidding for a new licence for the area at a cost of \$ 3 @.@ 2 million . PTV @-@ 31 began broadcasting the following year .

Although advertising revenue increased post @-@ aggregation, local programming declined as a result of the costs incurred by the network 's expansion? an estimated \$ 45 million had been spent by Ramcorp during and in the lead @-@ up to aggregation. After losses of \$ 50 million, it was not until 1993 that the renamed Prime Television Limited posted a profit.

Prime Television became the first commercial network in Australia to add a watermark to the networks broadcasts , starting in the early 90 's the first watermark consisted of the Prime text from the networks former circle logo , located on the top right of the screen . The watermark was updated once again in 2001 to coincide with Primes new logo , still at the top right of the screen . This lasted up until Prime Televisions relaunch to Prime7 in 2011 , the watermark is now seen at the bottom right of the screen , like all common watermarks .

In November 1996, Prime 's parent company, Prime Television Limited, purchased the Golden West Network, a merged group of four stations in regional Western Australia; BTW @-@ 3 Bunbury, VEW @-@ 8 Kalgoorlie, GTW @-@ 11 Geraldton and GSW @-@ 9 Albany. Western Australia, similar to Griffith and Mildura, remained a one @-@ station commercial market until 1999 when GWN became a Seven Network affiliate, after WIN Television began transmission as an affiliate of both the Nine Network and Network Ten.

The network began to expand into New Zealand in 1997, when a number of licences were purchased from United Christian Broadcasters for an estimated \$ 3 @ .@ 6 million. Prime Television New Zealand began broadcasting on 30 August 1998, with a nightly local news program in both Waikato and Christchurch. Prime also expanded into Argentina with the purchase of the Canal 9 network.

= = = 2000s = = = =

The renamed Argentine network Azul Televisión was sold for \$ 108 million in early 2000 due to lower @-@ than @-@ expected performance . During the same year , Prime benefited greatly from its affiliation with the Seven Network throughout its carriage of the 2000 Summer Olympics in Sydney . The network 's relationship with Seven was further developed throughout the early 2000s , leading to the unsuccessful introduction of 7onPrime branding for Seven Network @-@ produced programs .

Local news bulletins for Newcastle , the Gold Coast , Canberra , and Wollongong were axed in 2001 due to falling ratings and the anticipated costs of the switch to digital television . This , and the closure of a number of news bulletins by Southern Cross Broadcasting , prompted the Australian Broadcasting Authority to investigate the adequacy of regional news services The ABA later mandated that stations broadcast a minimum level of local content , based on a points system ? two points per minute for local news , and one point per minute for other local content , excluding paid advertisements .

Prime formed a partnership with the Nine Network (affiliated in Australia to competitor WIN Television), giving its owner, PBL Media the option to purchase a 50 % share of Prime Television

New Zealand in return for access to original programming , and cross @-@ promotion in PBL 's New Zealand magazine titles . Following this , Prime Television New Zealand began to take on branding and programming similar to that of the Nine Network . In November 2005 , Prime Television New Zealand was purchased by subscription television provider SKY Network Television for \$ NZ30 million , completed after approval by New Zealand 's Commerce Commission in February 2006 .

Mildura Digital Television, a digital @-@ only station in Mildura began transmissions in 2006 as a joint venture between Prime Television Limited and WIN Corporation. Section 38B of the Broadcasting Services Act allowed for the provision of a third station owned by either one or both existing networks. MDT is a direct relay of Ten Melbourne, albeit with local advertising.

Prime Television announced on 21 December 2009 that it would start broadcasting 7TWO on 23 December 2009.

$$= = = 2010s = = = =$$

On 25 September 2010 , Prime began transmission of the new HD digital channel 7mate aimed at men 16 ? 49 . The first program to be broadcast was the drawn 2010 AFL Grand Final . On 15 January 2011 , Prime Media Group reported that Prime and GWN were to rebrand as Prime7 and GWN7 respectively . The news bulletins has changed to Prime7 News and GWN7 News , during that , 7TWO and 7MATE dropped the " Prime " logo on the multichannels . Prime and GWN relaunched on 16 January 2011 at 6 : 00pm .

## = = Programming = =

Prime 's programming schedule is almost identical to those of metropolitan counterparts ATN in Sydney and HSV in Melbourne , with some differences . Since the network 's inception it has featured a broad range of original local programming , currently including children 's program Possum 's Club with Madelaine Collignon and station mascot Prime Possum as well as community service segment Prime7 InfoNet , a series of short updates listing local community events .

Prime 's overnight schedule also differs from the Seven Network feed , containing infomercials from Danoz Direct , Home Shopping , and a feed from pay television channel Expo . Past programming from Prime Television has been recognised nationally , with some local productions winning the Logie Award for ' Outstanding Contribution by a Regional Television Station ' . The network has won Logies for Goin ' Down The Road ( CBN @-@ 8 , 1979 ) , Naturally ( NEN @-@ 9 / ECN @-@ 8 , 1984 ) , Stranded ( Prime Television , 1993 ) , Rest in Peace ( Prime Television , 1994 ) , and No Time For Frailty ( Prime Television , 1996 ) .

## = = Prime7 News = =

Prime7 News is the network 's local news service . Full bulletins are produced for the towns and surrounding regions originally covered by the stations " Midstate 6 @,@ 8 @,@ 9 Television " , Dubbo / Orange , " RVN @-@ 2 / AMV @-@ 4 " , Wagga Wagga / Albury and " 9 / 8 Television " ( NEN @-@ 9 / ECN @-@ 8 ) Tamworth / Taree , prior to the aggregation of regional television services in New South Wales that occurred in the early 1990s . In other areas two @-@ minute news updates are shown at various times of the day .

Prime7 News bulletins are presented from Canberra weeknightly at 6pm in the Albury @-@ Wodonga Border, North West, North Coast, Central West and Wagga Wagga broadcast areas. Prime7 News at 6:30 (with Daniel Gibson) also comes from the Canberra news centre.

## = = Availability = =

Prime7 is available in standard definition digital format . Since June 2007 a 1080i high definition simulcast has also been available , replacing the network 's former 576p service . Prime is viewed

mainly through free @-@ to @-@ air terrestrial transmitters, although subscription cable also provided by TransACT and Neighbourhood Cable in the Australian Capital Territory and Ballarat, respectively.

Prime broadcasts to southern New South Wales through stations based in Orange and Dubbo , northern New South Wales from stations in Tamworth and Taree , Victoria from its Albury @-@ Wodonga @-@ based station AMV , and Mildura via PTV .

$$=$$
 = Logos  $=$  =

Prime Television became a network in November 1988, with a shared logo produced and used across the regional stations, featuring the word Prime Television above an outlined rectangle. Aggregation occurred across the network on 31 December 1989, along with the introduction of a green logo featuring the word Prime with the letter i dotted with a globe. This logo was used across the network until 1991, when a new gold logo was introduced. Following a decade in use, 2001 saw the launch of a new simplified yellow logo, with the removal of the circle. This logo has been used since, and was launched concurrently with a similarly design logo on the Golden West Network. Following the 2011 relaunch, a new logo was introduced which incorporates the Seven Network logo.