

Introduction to coding with R

Part III

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Let's recap

- How do we access vector elements?
- How do we modify vector contents?
- How do we create a matrix?
- What operations can we make with a matrix?
- How do we select/extract data from a matrix?

Data structures in R

- Vectors
- Matrices
- Lists
- Data frames
- Functions

Lists

Lists

- A list is an ordered collection of objects, known as components.
- Components can be of different size and class.
- Lists can contain vectors, matrices, strings, data frames, functions, etc.

How do we create a list?

How does the list look like using View()?

How do we access list elements?

Using index

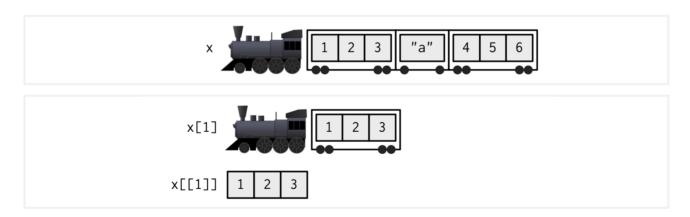


Image from <u>Chapter 4 Subsetting. Advanced R.</u> <u>Second ed.</u> by Hadley Wickham

How do we access list elements?

Using index

```
fruits[1]

## $name
## [1] "apple"

## [1] "list"

class(fruits[1])

class(fruits[1])

## [1] "character"

## [1] "apple"
```

Your turn!

- How would you extract the number of apples?
- How would you extract the word "red" from the properties of the apple?

How do we access list elements?

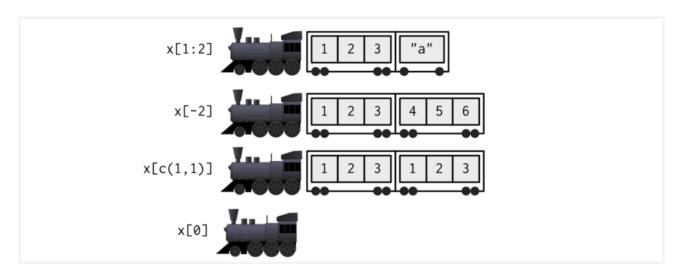


Image from <u>Chapter 4 Subsetting. Advanced R.</u> <u>Second ed.</u> by Hadley Wickham • Extract the name and number of apples

```
fruits[1:2]

## $name
## [1] "apple"
##
## $quantity
## [1] 5
```

• Extract all elements except the number of apples

```
fruits[-2]

## $name
## [1] "apple"
##
## $properties
## [1] "small" "red" "rounded"
```

How do we access list elements?

Using the name

```
fruits["name"]

## $name
## [1] "apple"

fruits["properties"]

## $properties
## [1] "small" "red" "rounded"
```

Access elements using \$

```
fruits
## $name
## [1] "apple"
##
## $quantity
## [1] 5
##
## $properties
## [1] "small" "red" "rounded"
fruits$name
## [1] "apple"
```

Only one element can be extracted with \$

Your turn!

- Use \$ to extract the number of apples
- How would you extract the word "rounded" from the apple properties using \$?

How do we add a new element to the list?

\$edible_shell

[1] TRUF

```
fruits["edible_shell"] <- TRUE
fruits

## $name
## [1] "apple"
##
## $quantity
## [1] 5
##
## $properties
## [1] "small" "red" "rounded"
##</pre>
```

How do we add a new element to the list?

```
fruits$hard_shell <- FALSE
fruits</pre>
```

```
## $name
## [1] "apple"
##
## $quantity
## [1] 5
##
## $properties
## [1] "small" "red" "rounded"
##
## $edible_shell
## [1] TRUE
##
## $hard_shell
## [1] FALSE
```

Your turn!

Create a list with a patient information

- Extract the patient's name and last name
- Extract the glucose levels of days 3 to 5
- Remove the weight
- Add a new element to the list containing blood pressure levels

Data Frames

What is a data frame?

- Two-dimensional arranged data (tables)
- rows and columns
- All columns must be the same length
- Data frames can have different type of data
- All elements in a column must be the same type (vector)

Creating a data frame

```
fruits <- data.frame(

name = c("apples","berries","mangos","bananas"),
number = c(1, 10, 7, 2),
edible_shell = c(TRUE,TRUE,FALSE,FALSE) )

fruits</pre>
```

Properties of data frames

• nrow

[1] 3

```
nrow(fruits)

## [1] 4

• ncol

ncol(fruits)
```

• dim

```
dim(fruits)
## [1] 4 3
 rownames
rownames(fruits)
## [1] "1" "2" "3" "4"
 • colnames
colnames(fruits)
## [1] "name"
                                  "edible_shell"
                    "number"
```

Let's practice

Create a data frame (patients) that contains the following information:

- How many rows and columns does the data frame have?
- Print the columns and rows names

How do we access data frame elements?

Using row and column index

Syntaxis: df[row, column]

[1] TRUE

Select rows 1 to 2 from column 3

```
fruits[1:2,3]
```

[1] TRUE TRUE

Your turn!

Using the patients data frame

• Extract the last name and age from Ava and Richard

• Select all rows from column 2

```
fruits[,2]
## [1] 1 10 7 2
```

• Select all columns from row 2

```
fruits[2,]

## name number edible_shell
## 2 berries 10 TRUE
```

Your turn!

Using the patients data frame

- Extract all the information (columns) from Olivia.
- Extract the age from all patients

Using the \$ symbol

Syntaxis: df\$column_name

• Extract the fruits name

```
fruits$name

## [1] "apples" "berries" "mangos" "bananas"
```

• What type of structure has the result?

```
class(fruits$name)
```

```
## [1] "character"
```

Your turn!

Using the patients data frame

- Extract the last_name column using the \$ symbol
- Extract the age column. What's the class of the result?
- How do you extract the age of Richard using the previous result?

How do we add a column?

```
cbind(fruits,
      "hard shell" = c(FALSE, FALSE, FALSE))
##
       name number edible_shell hard_shell
## 1
                        TRUF
                                 FALSE
     apples
## 2 berries
               10 TRUE FALSE
                      FALSE FALSE
## 3 mangos
## 4 bananas
fruits
       name number edible shell
##
     apples
                        TRUE
## 2 berries
               10
                       TRUE
                        FALSE
## 3 mangos
                        FALSE
## 4 bananas
```

How do we add a column?

```
fruits$hard_shell <- c(FALSE, FALSE, FALSE, FALSE)
fruits</pre>
```

How do we add a new row?

```
rbind(fruits, c("coconut", 3, FALSE, TRUE))
##
       name number edible shell hard shell
## 1
     apples
                         TRUF
                                  FALSE
                       TRUE
## 2 berries
               10
                                  FALSE
                     FALSE
                                  FALSE
     mangos
                        FALSE FALSE
## 4 bananas
                        FALSE
                                  TRUE
## 5 coconut
fruits
       name number edible shell hard shell
##
## 1
     apples
                         TRUE
                                  FALSE
## 2 berries
               10
                         TRUE
                                  FALSE
                        FALSE FALSE
## 3 mangos
                        FALSE
                                  FALSE
## 4 bananas
```

Your turn!

patients

```
## first_name last_name age co_morbidity
## 1          Ava          Smith 65          TRUE
## 2      Richard          Brown 20          FALSE
## 3      Olivia Williams 47          FALSE
```

- Add a new column ("glucose") with glucose levels
- Add a new patient (row)

Thanks!

