

Exercises for Chapter 7 “Programming Shared Address Space Platforms”

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Exercise 1

For each of the following code segments, use OpenMP pragmas to make the loop parallel, or explain why the code segment is not suitable for parallel execution.

a.

```
for (i=0; i < (int) sqrt(x); i++) {  
    a[i] = 2.3 * x;  
    if (i < 10) b[i] = a[i];  
}
```

b.

```
flag = 0;  
for (i = 0; (i<n) & (!flag); i++) {  
    a[i] = 2.3 * i;  
    if (a[i] < b[i]) flag = 1;  
}
```

c.

```
for (i = 0; i < n; i++)  
    a[i] = foo(i);
```

d.

```
for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {  
    a[i] = foo(i);  
    if (a[i] < b[i]) a[i] = b[i];  
}
```

e.

```
for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {  
    a[i] = foo(i);  
    if (a[i] < b[i]) break;  
}
```

f.

```
dotp = 0;  
for (i = 0; i < n; i++)  
    dotp += a[i] * b[i];
```

g.

```
for (i = k; i < 2*k; i++)  
    a[i] = a[i] + a[i-k];
```

h.

```
for (i = k; i < n; i++)  
    a[i] = b * a[i-k];
```

Exercise 2

Suppose OpenMP did not have the `reduction` clause. Show how to implement an efficient parallel reduction by adding a private variable and using the `critical` pragma.

Exercise 3

Write a simple C code to compute the inner-product of two very long vectors. Use `#pragma omp parallel for` to do the parallelization. Choose different schedulers and chunk sizes and observe the time usage.