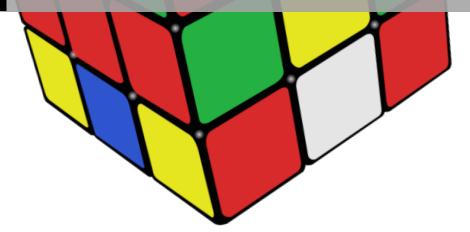


# Matemática Discreta I Ing. Juan Carlos Soto DIVISIÓN BINARIA



PROYECTO:

DISEÑO DEL CIRCUITO



Williams Gilberto Alfredo Ruano Calderón (1281414)

Byron Victor Hugo Morales Lemus (1320114)

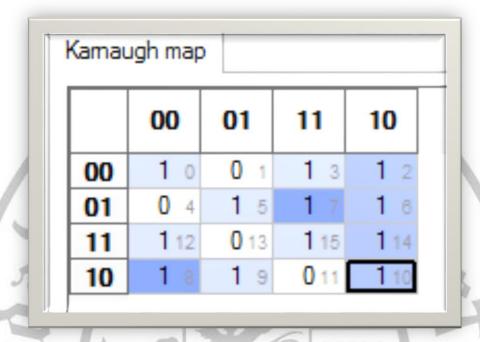
Francisco Josué Solís Ruano (1050014)

Maria Reneé Palma Avala (1024414)

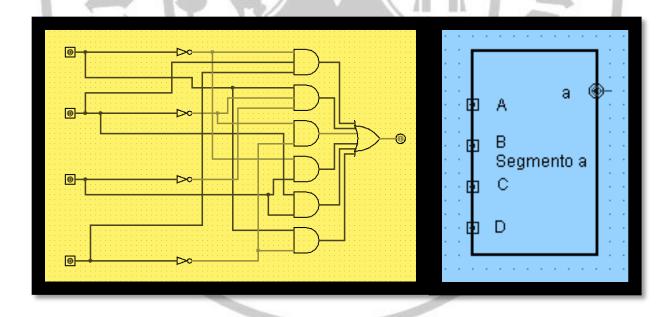
Primera Parte NÚMEROS HEXADECIMALES E EL DISPLAY DIVISIÓN BINARIA Tabla de Entradas: Binario (0 al 15) a Salidas: Hexadecimal (0 a F)

#	ENTRADAS				SALIDAS							
No.	D	С	В	Α	а	b	С	d	е	f	G	
0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	
1	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	
2	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	
3	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	
4	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	
5	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	
6	0	1	1	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	
7	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	
8	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
9	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	
10	1	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	
11	1	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	
12	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	
13	1	1	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	
14	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	
15	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	

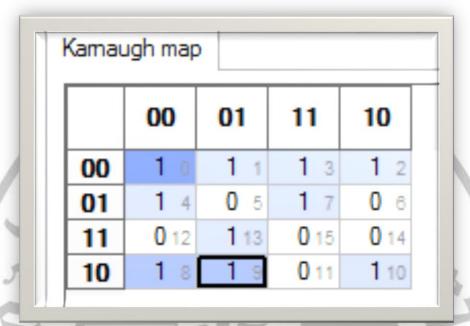
#### 1. <u>DISPLAY "A":</u>



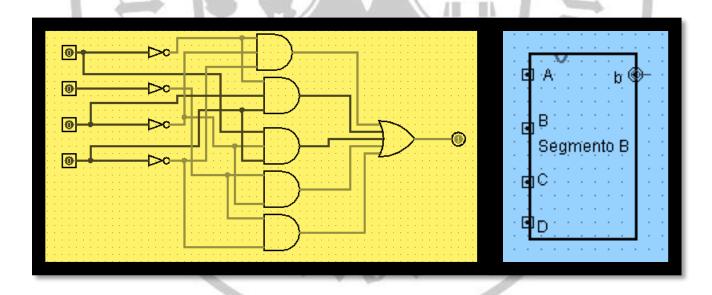
 $a = (\neg ABD) + (A \neg B \neg C) + (\neg B \neg D) + (\neg AC) + (BC) + (A \neg D)$ 



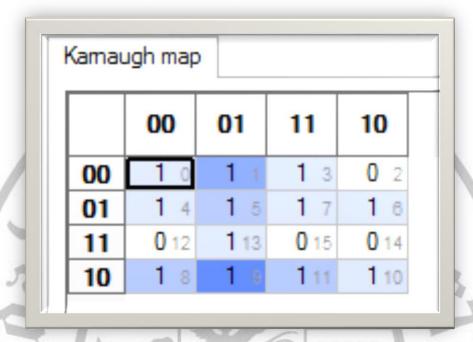
#### 2. <u>DISPLAY "B":</u>



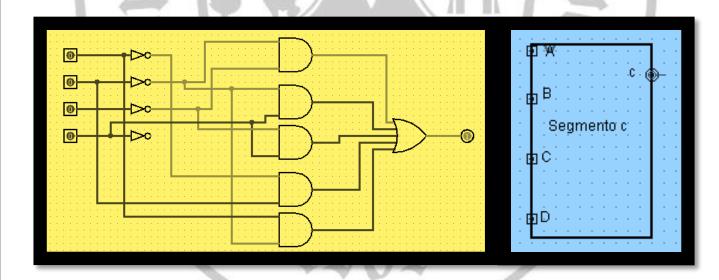
$$b = (\neg A \neg C \neg D) + (\neg ACD) + (A \neg CD) + (\neg B \neg C) + (\neg B \neg D)$$



### 3. <u>DISPLAY "C":</u>



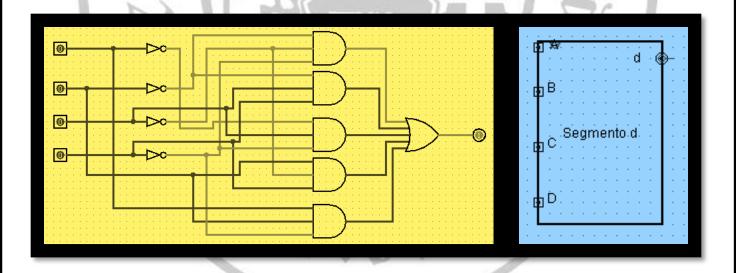
$$c = (\neg B \neg C) + (\neg BD) + (\neg CD) + (\neg AB) + (A \neg B)$$



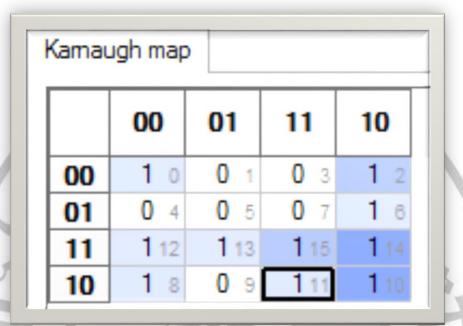
# 4. <u>DISPLAY "D":</u>

vamau	ıgh map			
	00	01	11	10
00	1 0	0 1	1 3	1 2
01	0 4	1 5	0 7	1 6
11	<b>1</b> 12	<b>1</b> 13	0 15	1 14
10	1 8	0 9	111	0 10

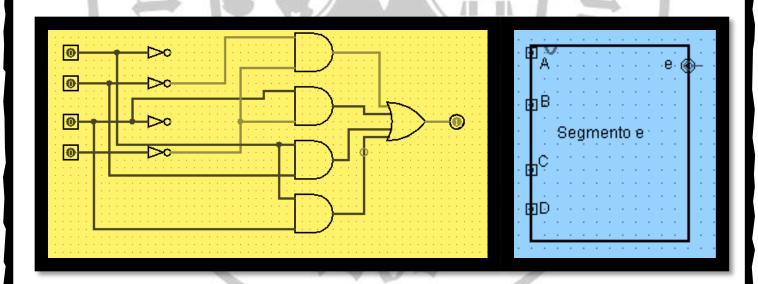
$$d = (-B-C-D) + (-BCD) + (-AC-D) + (B-CD) + (AB-D)$$



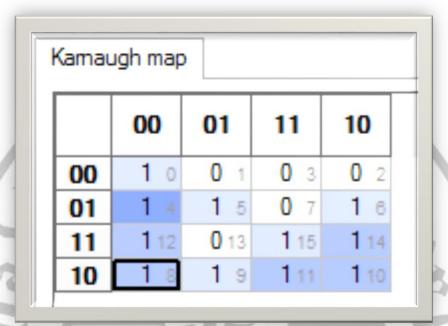
#### 5. <u>DISPLAY "E":</u>



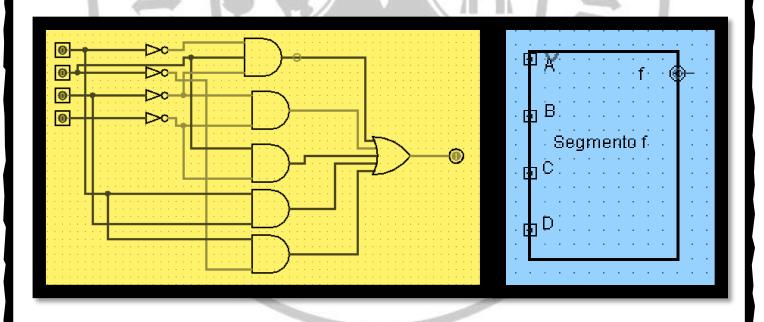
e = (-B-D) + (C-D) + (AB) + (AC)



### 6. DISPLAY "F":



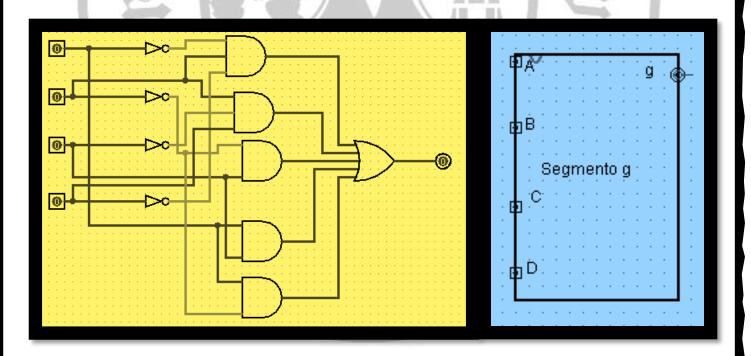
 $f = (\neg AB \neg C) + (\neg C \neg D) + (B \neg D) + (AC) + (A \neg B)$ 



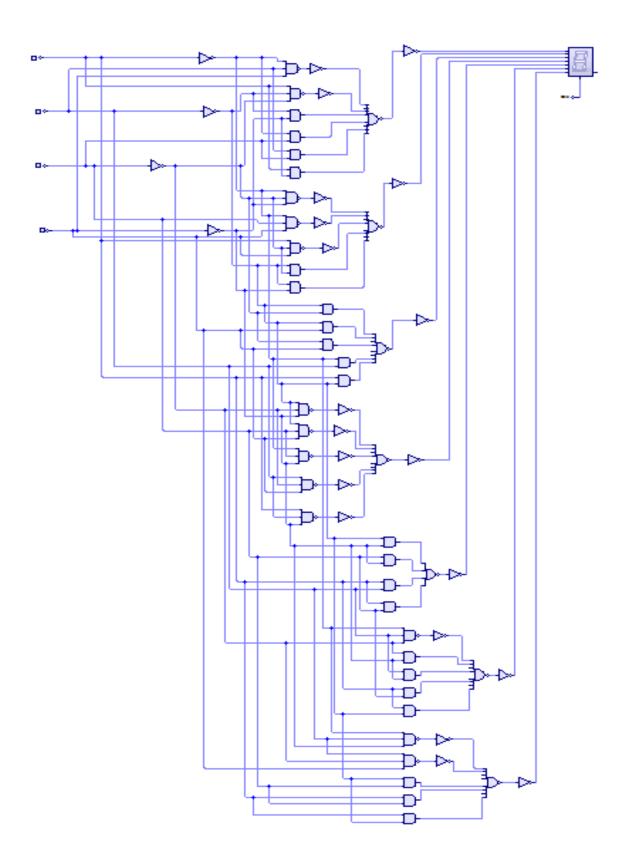
# 7. <u>DISPLAY "G":</u>

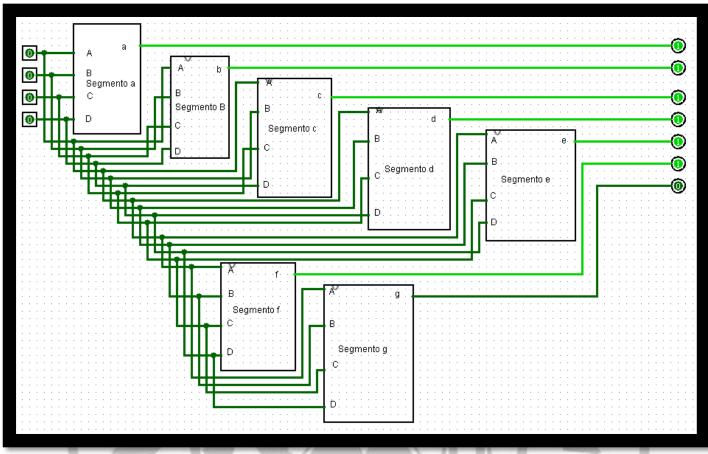
Kama	ugh map			
	00	01	11	10
00	0 0	0 1	1 3	1 2
01	1 4	1 5	0 7	1 6
11	0 12	<b>1</b> 13	<b>1</b> 15	<b>1</b> 14
10	1 8	1 9	<b>1</b> 11	<b>1</b> 10
10				1.0

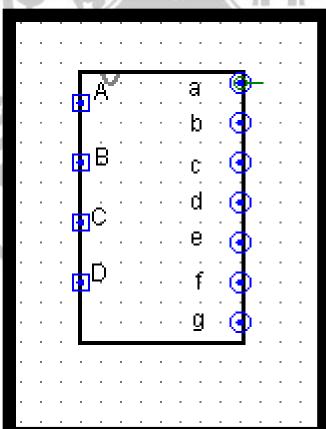
 $g = (\neg AB \neg D) + (B \neg CD) + (\neg BC) + (AC) + (A \neg B)$ 

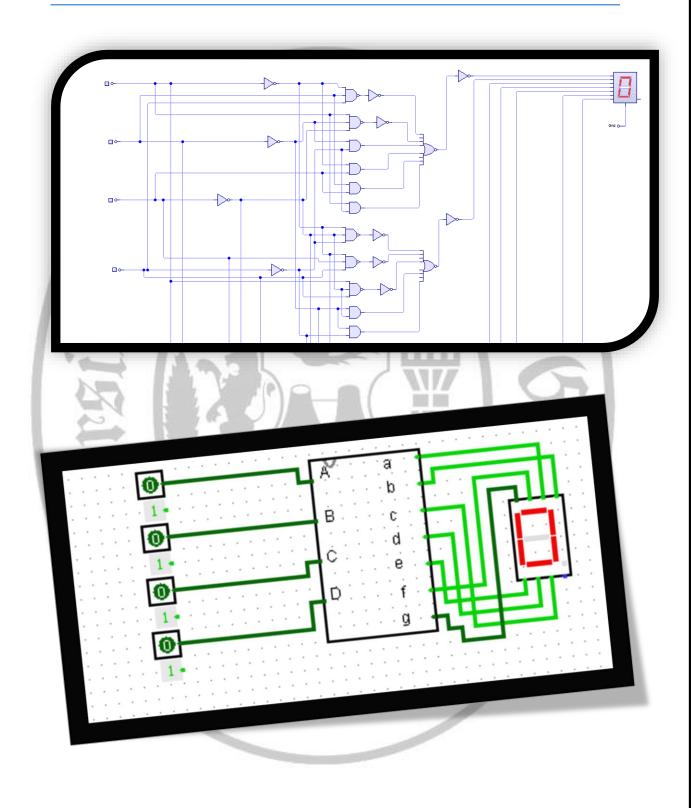


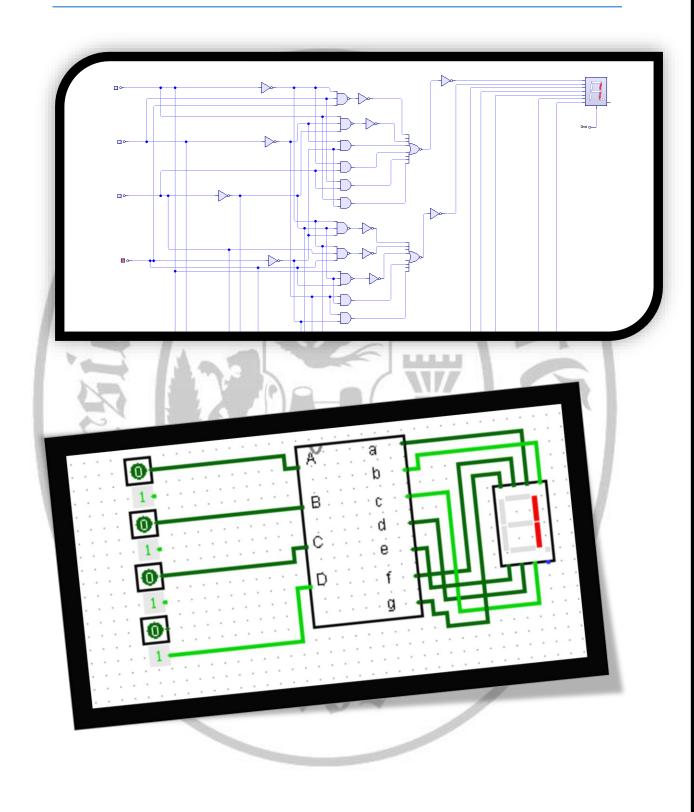
• Circuito de 4 entradas y 7 salidas. (Representa los números del 0 al F en el Display)

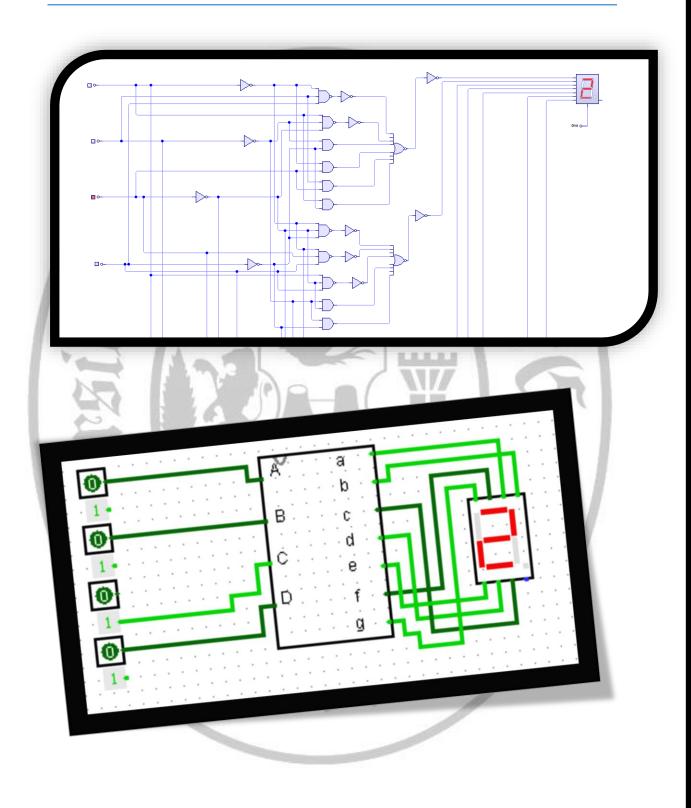


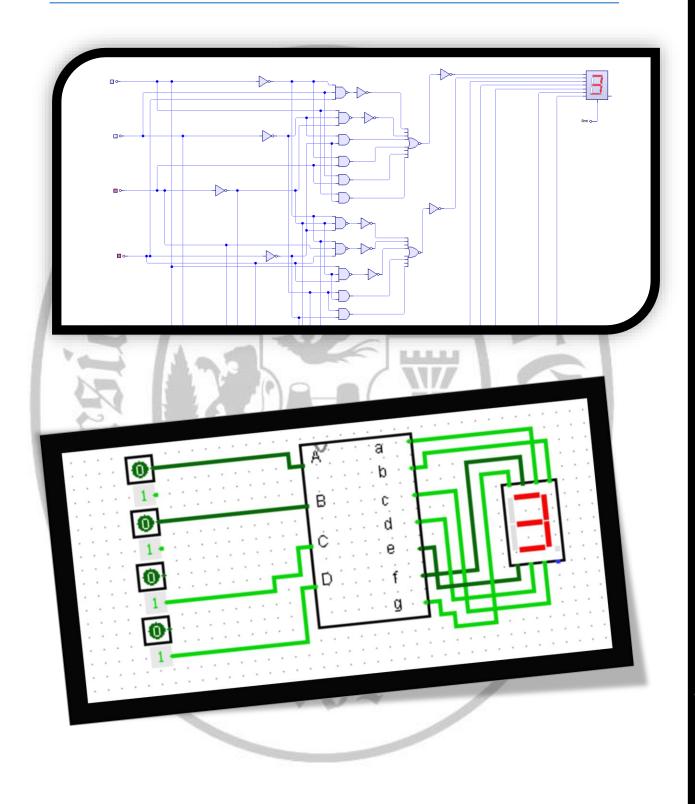


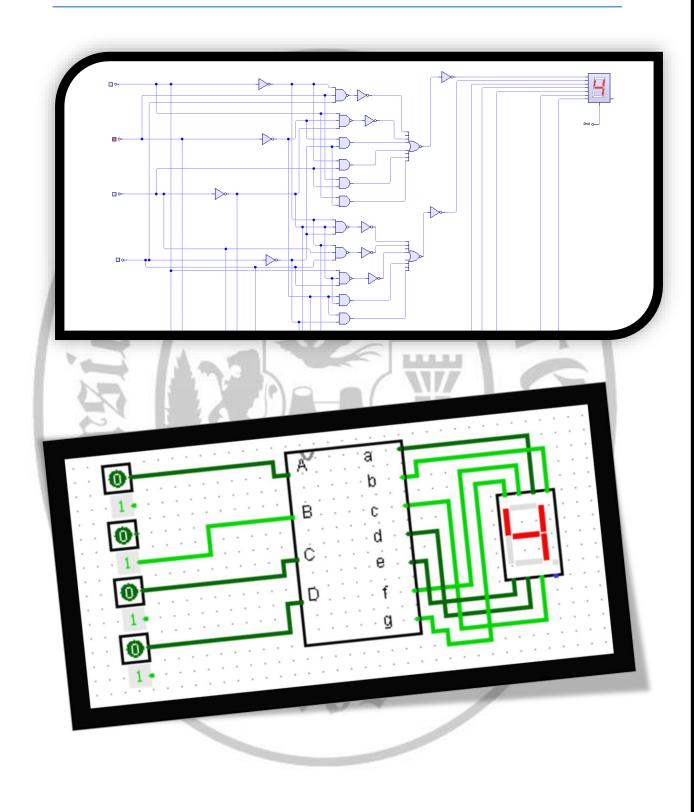


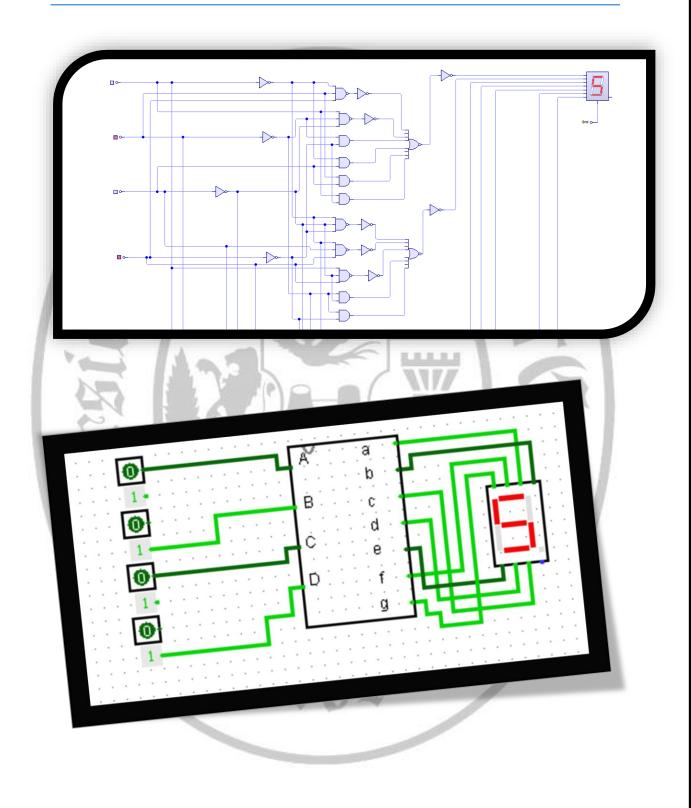


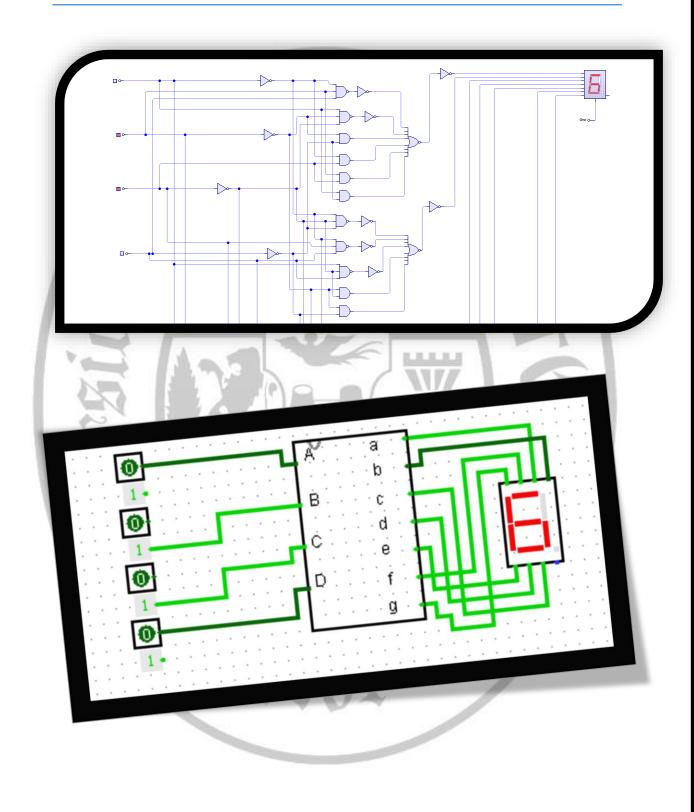


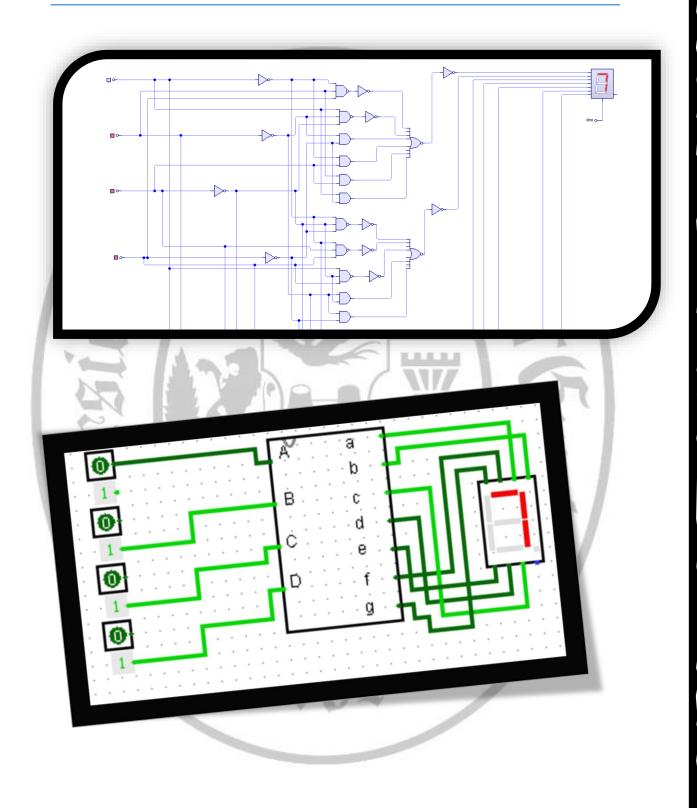


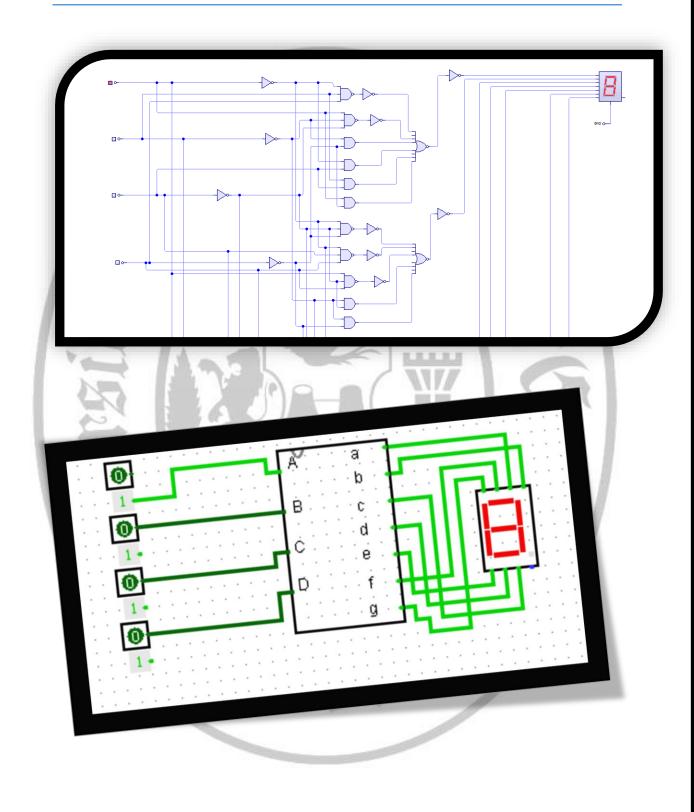


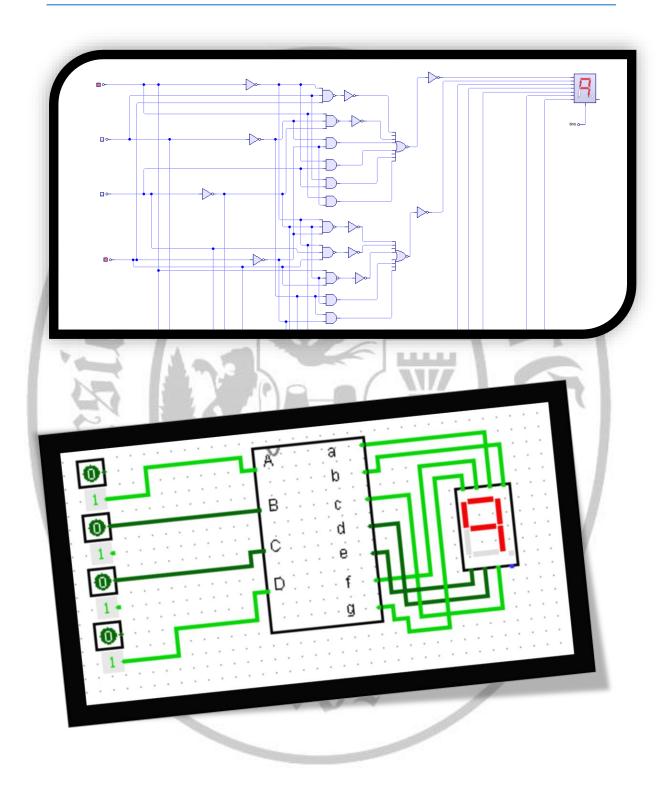


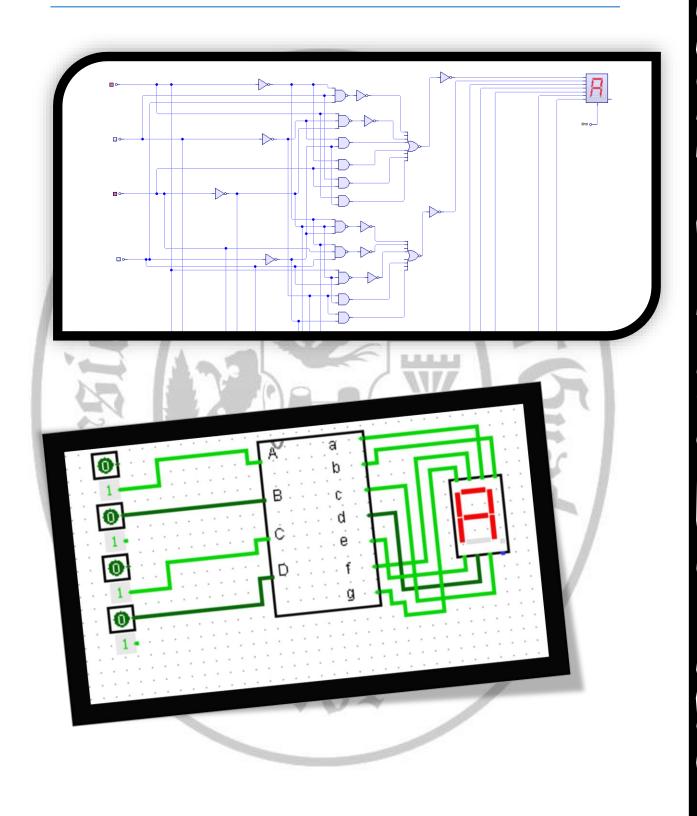


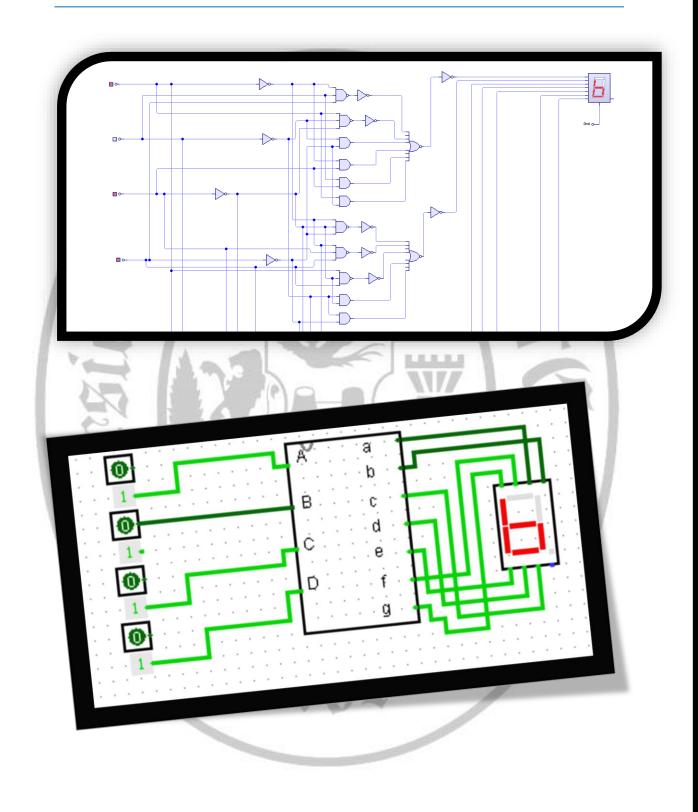


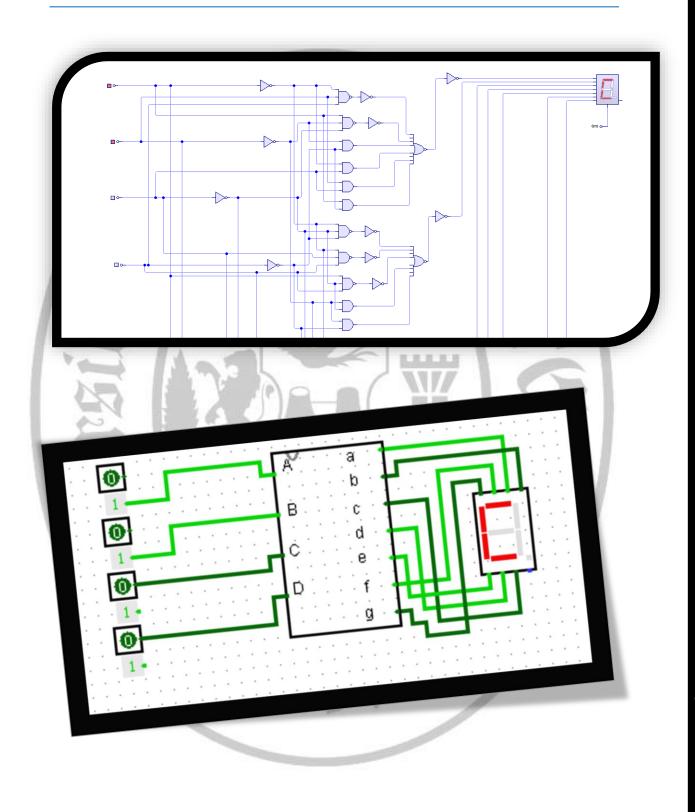


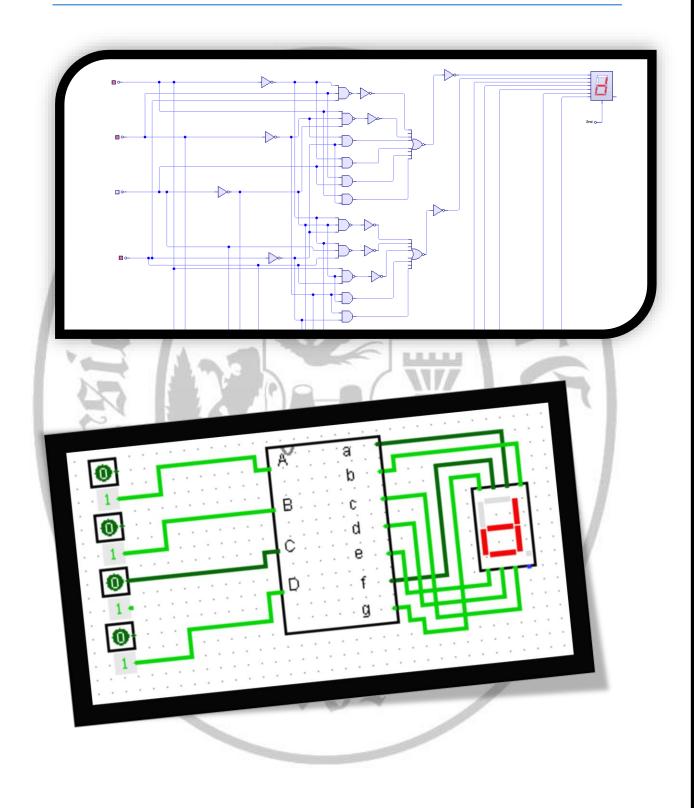


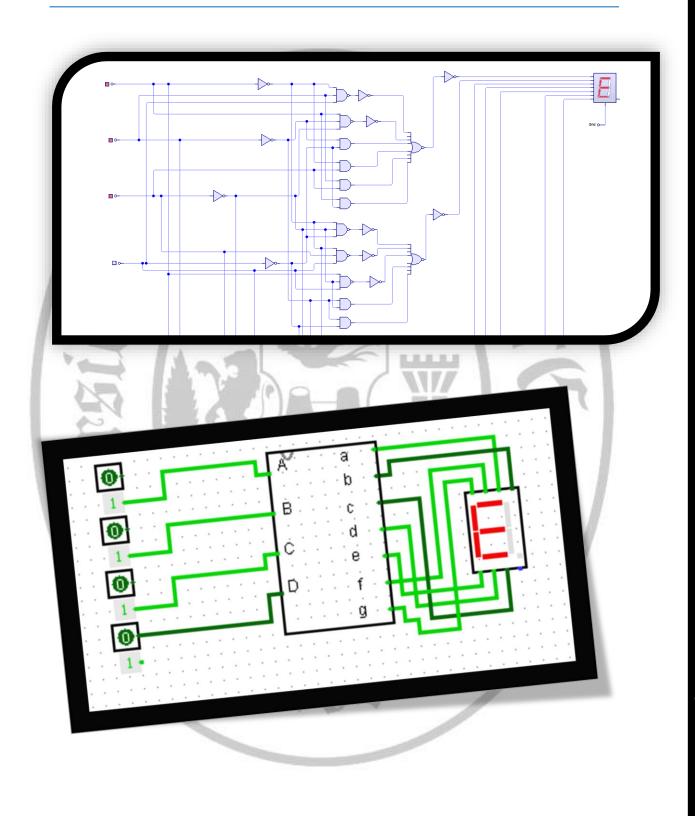


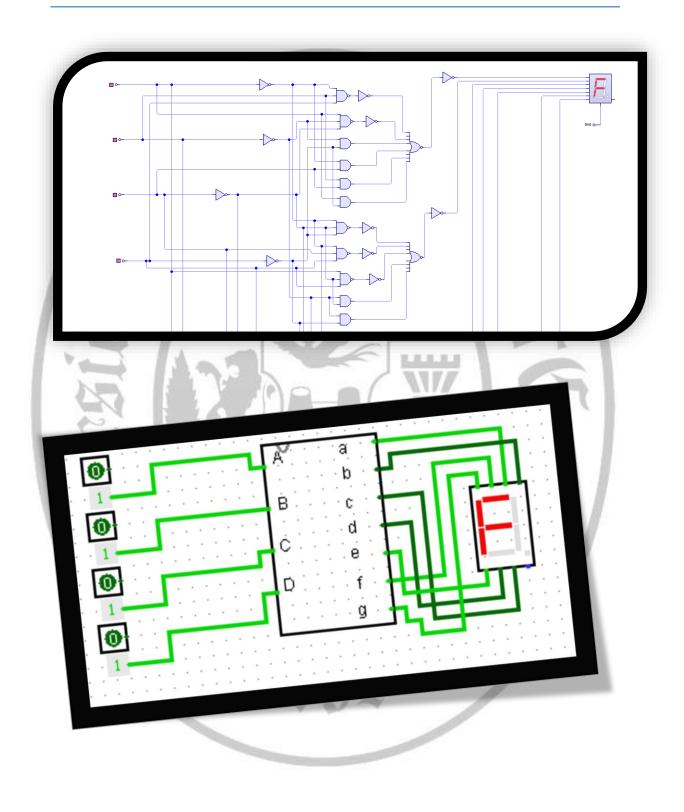












# SEGUNDA PARTE

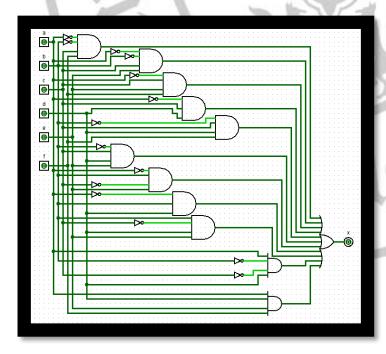
# COMPLEJO DE COMPLES OPERACIONES ARITMÉTICAS ARITMÉTICAS

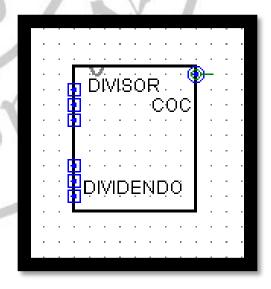
DIVISIÓN BINARIA

- Proceso de la División Binaria: (Verificación de Dividendo y Divisor)
- 1. COCIENTE DE "6":

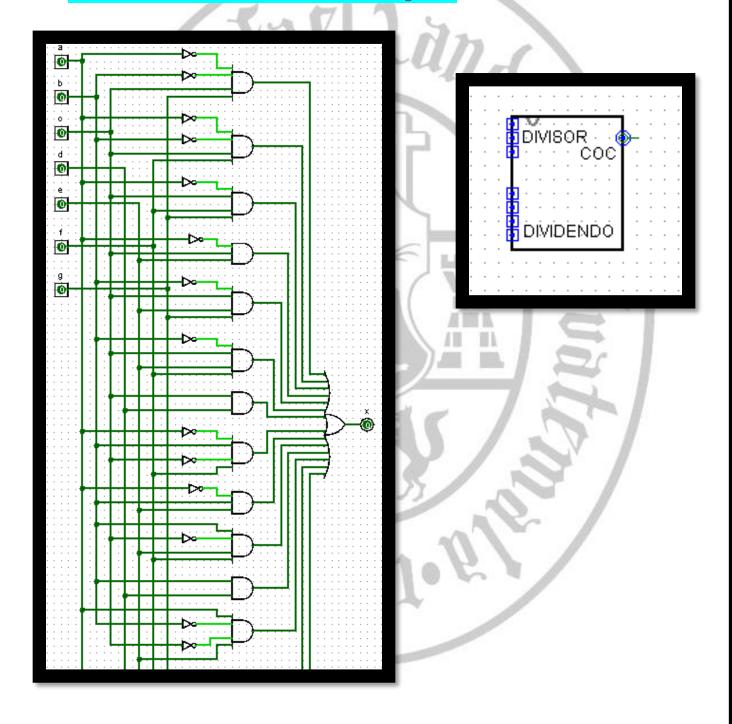
amaug	ih map							
	000	001	011	010	100	101	111	110
000	0 0	0 1	0 3	0 2	0 16	0 17	<b>1</b> 19	1 18
001	0 4	0 5	0 7	0 6	1 20	1 21	1 23	1 22
011	<b>1</b> 12	<b>1</b> 13	1 15	1 14	1 28	1 29	1 31	1 30
010	0 8	1 9	1 11	<b>1</b> 10	0 24	0 25	1 27	0 26
100	0 32	0 33	0 35	0 34	0 48	0 49	0 51	0 50
101	1 38	1 37	1 39	1 38	0 52	0 53	1 55	1 54
111	0 44	1 45	1 47	1 46	0 60	0 61	1 63	0 62
110	0 40	0 41	0 43	0.42	0.58	0 57	0 59	0 58

x= (¬A ~B C F) + (~A ~B C E) + (~A C E F) + (~A C D) + (~B C D F) + (~B C D E) + (~A B ~C E) + (~A B D) + (B ~C D E) + (A ~B ~C D) + (A D E F)

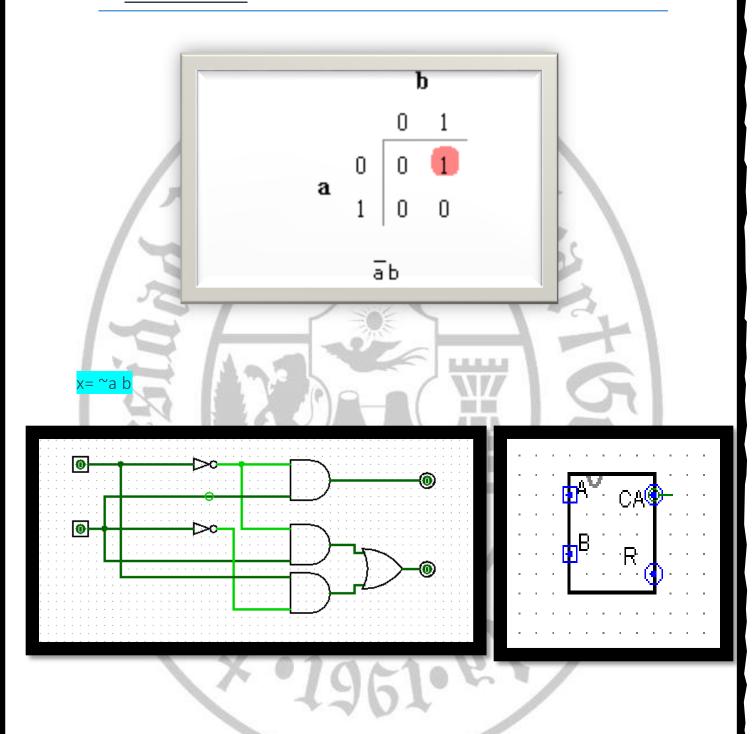




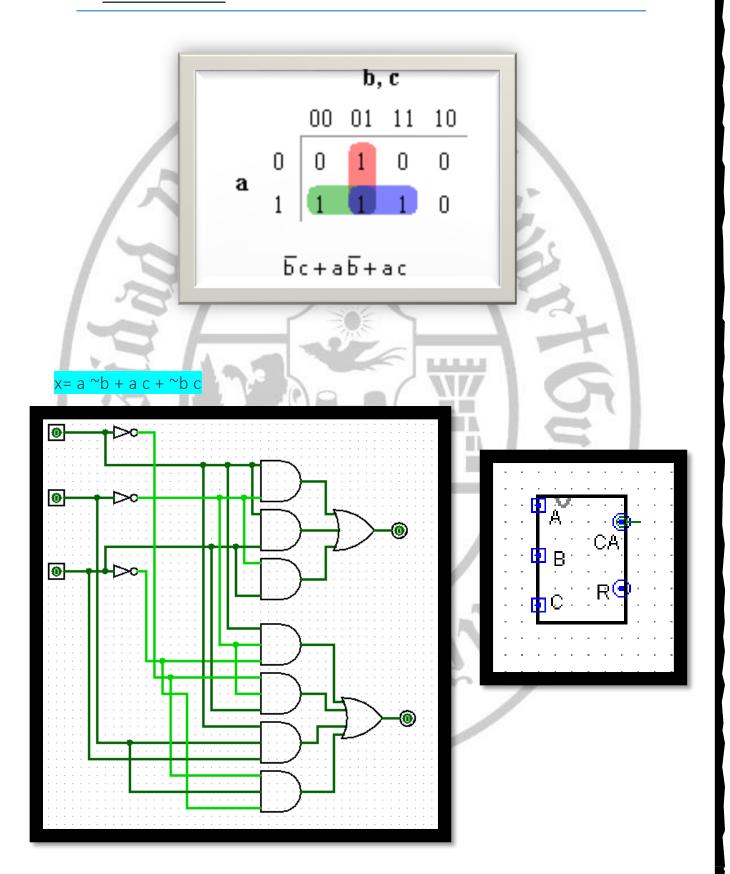
x= ~a ~b c g + ~a ~b c f + ~a c f g + ~a c e + ~b c e g + ~b c e f + c d + ~a b ~c f + ~a b e + b ~c e f + b d + a ~b ~c e + a e f g + a d



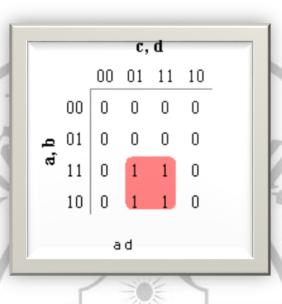
# 3. <u>RESTA DE "2":</u>



# 4. <u>RESTA DE "3":</u>



# 5. PRODUCTO:



x= a d

