CS6460 project catalog

Author: Jos Visser < josvisser 66@gmail.com >

Version: 1.0a Date: 7/19/2020

This document outlines the content of jvisser7-project.zip and instructions for building and using NITS.

Running NITS.

- The executable has been written in Go and can be run on compatible platforms
 - o Binaries for Linux and MacOS have been provided:
 - nits-linux
 - nits-darwin
- Run the binary per appropriate way for:
 - E.g: ./nits-linux
- In order to run correctly, NITS needs the "trainhmm" binary (part of standard-bkt; https://iedms.github.io/standard-bkt/).
 - Binaries have been provided for Linux and MacOS.
 - The binary is found in either the following locations:
 - The same directory as the "nits" binary, with the "-<os>" suffix, or
 - \$HOME/standard-bkt/trainhmm
 - o If you run NITS as indicated above it should find the trainhmm binary.

Using NITS

- NITS has a very simple text based UI. It should speak for itself.
- ? gives help
- There is a debug command that can be used to get information about the internals of nits.
 - The dot command requires the presence of Graphviz on the system.
 - If it isn't there, a valid dot file will still be generated, but turning it into a PDF will fail.
 - o If GraphViz is installed a PDF will be generated called "/tmp/aap.pdf".
 - If you are running on a Mac, the PDF will be displayed using the Preview application.
- To handpick a question:
 - debug questions
 - To show the question list.

- o debug next <shortname>
 - To select the next question.
- o abandon
 - To abandon the current question and move to the next one.
- Upon exit NITS saves the user state in \$HOME/.nits_data.

NITS source code

• The source code is in "main.go" and the Go files in the content/ and nits/ directories.

Compiling NITS

- If you want to compile NITS yourself:
 - Building NITS requires Go 1.14 or higher, which can be obtained on http://golang.org.
 - NITS uses a readline library, which can be obtained as follows:
 - go get github.com/chzyer/readline
 - o Once this is in place:
 - go build main.go
 - The resulting binary will be called "main"