

Bank Marketing

DESCRIPTION

The data is related to direct marketing campaigns of a Portuguese banking institution. Predict if client will subscribe.

SUMMARY

Source:

[Moro et al., 2014] S. Moro, P. Cortez and P. Rita. A Data-Driven Approach to Predict the Success of Bank Telemarketing. Decision Support Systems, Elsevier, 62:22-31, June 2014

Data Set Information:

The data is related with direct marketing campaigns of a Portuguese banking institution. The marketing campaigns were based on phone calls. Often, more than one contact to the same client was required, in order to access if the product (bank term deposit) would be ('yes') or not ('no') subscribed.

There are four datasets:

1. bank-additional-full.csv with all examples (41188) and 20 inputs, ordered by date (from May 2008 to November 2010), very close to the data analyzed in [Moro et al., 2014]
 2. bank-additional.csv with 10% of the examples (4119), randomly selected from 1), and 20 inputs.
 3. bank-full.csv with all examples and 17 inputs, ordered by date (older version of this dataset with less inputs).
 4. bank.csv with 10% of the examples and 17 inputs, randomly selected from 3 (older version of this dataset with less inputs).
- The smallest datasets are provided to test more computationally demanding machine learning algorithms (e.g., SVM).

The classification goal is to predict if the client will subscribe (yes/no) a term deposit (variable y).

Attribute Information:

Input variables:

bank client data:

- 1 - age (numeric)
- 2 - job : type of job (categorical: 'admin.', 'blue-collar', 'entrepreneur', 'housemaid', 'management', 'retired', 'self-employed', 'services', 'student', 'technician', 'unemployed', 'unknown')

- 3 - marital : marital status (categorical: 'divorced','married','single','unknown'; note: 'divorced' means divorced or widowed)
- 4 - education (categorical: 'basic.4y','basic.6y','basic.9y','high.school','illiterate','professional.course','university.degree','unknown')
- 5 - default: has credit in default? (categorical: 'no','yes','unknown')
- 6 - housing: has housing loan? (categorical: 'no','yes','unknown')
- 7 - loan: has personal loan? (categorical: 'no','yes','unknown')

related with the last contact of the current campaign:

- 8 - contact: contact communication type (categorical: 'cellular','telephone')
 - 9 - month: last contact month of year (categorical: 'jan', 'feb', 'mar', ..., 'nov', 'dec')
 - 10 - day_of_week: last contact day of the week (categorical: 'mon','tue','wed','thu','fri')
 - 11 - duration: last contact duration, in seconds (numeric). Important note: this attribute highly affects the output target (e.g., if duration=0 then y='no'). Yet, the duration is not known before a call is performed. Also, after the end of the call y is obviously known. Thus, this input should only be included for benchmark purposes and should be discarded if the intention is to have a realistic predictive model.
- #other attributes:
- 12 - campaign: number of contacts performed during this campaign and for this client (numeric, includes last contact)
 - 13 - pdays: number of days that passed by after the client was last contacted from a previous campaign (numeric; 999 means client was not previously contacted)
 - 14 - previous: number of contacts performed before this campaign and for this client (numeric)
 - 15 - poutcome: outcome of the previous marketing campaign (categorical: 'failure','nonexistent','success')

social and economic context attributes

- 16 - emp.var.rate: employment variation rate - quarterly indicator (numeric)
- 17 - cons.price.idx: consumer price index - monthly indicator (numeric)
- 18 - cons.conf.idx: consumer confidence index - monthly indicator (numeric)
- 19 - euribor3m: euribor 3 month rate - daily indicator (numeric)
- 20 - nr.employed: number of employees - quarterly indicator (numeric)

Output variable (desired target):

- 21 - y - has the client subscribed a term deposit? (binary: 'yes','no')

For more information about ****Relevant Papers and Papers That Cite This Data Set**, please go [here](#)

Citation Policy:

If you publish material based on databases obtained from this repository, then, in your acknowledgements, please note the assistance you received by using this repository. This will help others to obtain the same data sets and replicate your experiments. We suggest the following pseudo-APA reference format for referring to this repository:

Lichman, M. (2013). UCI Machine Learning Repository [<http://archive.ics.uci.edu/ml>]. Irvine, CA: University of California, School of Information and Computer Science.

Here is a BiBTeX citation as well:

```
@misc{Lichman:2013 ,  
author = "M. Lichman",  
year = "2013",  
title = "{UCI} Machine Learning Repository",  
url = "http://archive.ics.uci.edu/ml",  
institution = "University of California, Irvine, School of Information and Computer  
Sciences" }
```

A few UCI data sets have additional citation requests. These requests can be found on the bottom of each data set's web page.