# **IE531: Algorithms for Data Analytics**

## **Spring**, 2018

## Homework 3: SVD and Related Topics Due Date: March 10, 2020

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### Instructions

- 1. You can modify any of the code on Compass to solve these problems, if you want. It might help you with honing your programming skills.
- 2. You will submit a PDF-version of your answers on Compass on-or-before midnight of the due date.

#### **Instructions**

- 1. (15 points) Exercise 3.7 (Text).
- 2. (15 points) Exercise 3.13 (Text)
- 3. (15 points) Exercise 3.14 (Text)
- 4. (15 points) Exercise 3.16 (Text)
- 5. (40 points) Let A be an  $n \times d$  matrix (of real numbers) that can be partitioned as

$$\underbrace{\mathbf{A}}_{n \times d} = \left( \begin{array}{ccc} \underbrace{\mathbf{A}_1}_{n_1 \times d_1} & \underbrace{\mathbf{A}_2}_{n_1 \times d_1} \\ \underbrace{\mathbf{A}_3}_{n_2 \times d_1} & \underbrace{\mathbf{A}_4}_{n_2 \times d_2} \end{array} \right),$$

where  $n = n_1 + n_2$  and  $d = d_1 + d_2$  (obviously).

(a) (30 points) Show that

$$rank(\mathbf{A}) \le rank(\mathbf{A}_1) + rank(\mathbf{A}_2) + rank(\mathbf{A}_3) + rank(\mathbf{A}_4)$$

(b) (10 points) Suppose for each  $\{\mathbf{A}_i\}_{i=1}^4$  there is a corresponding set of matrices  $\{\mathbf{B}_i\}_{i=1}^4$  such that  $\forall i, \|\mathbf{A}_i - \mathbf{B}_i\|_F \le \epsilon$  show that

$$\left\| \left( \begin{array}{cc} \mathbf{B}_1 & \mathbf{B}_2 \\ \mathbf{B}_3 & \mathbf{B}_4 \end{array} \right) \right\| \le 4\epsilon$$