Digital System Design Project 3 – State Minimization

Due: 23:59, Nov. 17, 2022

In sequential circuit, the time sequence of inputs, states, and outputs can be graphically represented in a state diagram, a.k.a. state transition graph (STG). In a STG, states are represented by circles/vertices and the transitions between two states are indicated by directed lines/edges. According to the input condition, each directed line/edge is originated at a "present state" and terminated at a "next state". Since the number of states is correlated with the number of required state flip-flops in a sequential circuit, minimizing the number of states could reduce the number of state flip-flops as well as hardware cost. In this project, your program reads a completely specified STG (i.e., STG without don't cares) in KISS format and outputs its minimum STG in KISS format and in pictorial DOT format.

Please submit your report and program according to the following rules:

- 1- The font size of your report is 12 in PDF format.
- 2- The filename of your report is your student ID (e.g., B12345678.pdf).
- 3- Generate your own KISS file (4 to 6 states, 1 to 2 inputs, and 1 output).
- 4- Post the content of input and output KISS files.

%> smin input.kiss output.kiss output.dot

- 5- Post the screenshots of your STG (before and after state minimization).
- 6- Upload a tarball (e.g., B12345678.tgz) of your program source code, your KISS files, and a text ReadMe file, which illustrates how your program to be compiled and executed in Ubuntu Linux environment (e.g., WSL).

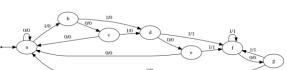
```
KISS Example: input.kiss
                                                    %> cat output.kiss
.start kiss
                                                    .start kiss
.i 1
                                                     .i 1
                                                     .0 1
.0 1
.p 14
                                                     .p 10
.s 7
                                                     .s 5
.r a
                                                     .r a
0 a a 0
                                                    0 a a 0
1 a b 0
                                                    1 a b 0
0 b c 0
                                                    0 b c 0
1 b d 0
                                                    1 b d 0
                                                    0 c a 0
0 c a 0
 c d 0
                                                    1 c d 0
0 d e 0
                                                    0 d e
1 d f 1
                                                    1 d d 1
0 e a 0
                                                    0 e a 0
1 e f
                                                    1 e d 1
0 f g 0
                                                     .end kiss
 f f 1
0 g a 0
                                                    %> dot -T png output.dot > output.png
1 g f 1
.end kiss
%> PROGRAM KISS IN KISS OUT DOT FILE
Run-time Example:
```

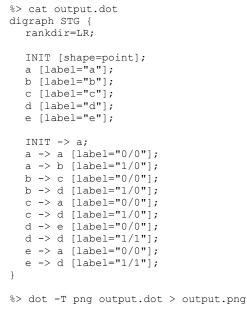
Basic DOT (graph description language) Reference

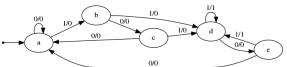
Install Graphviz if you want to visualize your DOT file.

%> sudo yum install graphviz

```
%> cat input.dot
digraph STG {
  rankdir=LR;
  INIT [shape=point];
  a [label="a"];
  b [label="b"];
  c [label="c"];
  d [label="d"];
  e [label="e"];
  f [label="f"];
  g [label="g"];
  INIT -> a;
  a -> a [label="0/0"];
  a -> b [label="1/0"];
  b -> c [label="0/0"];
  b -> d [label="1/0"];
  c -> a [label="0/0"];
  c -> d [label="1/0"];
  d -> e [label="0/0"];
  d -> f [label="1/1"];
  e -> a [label="0/0"];
  e -> f [label="1/1"];
  f -> g [label="0/0"];
  f -> f [label="1/1"];
  g -> a [label="0/0"];
  g -> f [label="1/1"];
%> dot -T png input.dot > input.png
```







Two more examples for your reference (case4):

```
%> cat case4.kiss
.start kiss
.i 2
.0 1
.p 16
.s 4
.r S1
00 S1 S1 0
01 S1 S2
10 S1 S3 0
11 S1 S4 0
00 S2 S1
01 S2 S2 0
10 S2 S3
11 S2 S4 1
00 S3 S1 0
01 S3 S2
10 S3 S3 0
11 S3 S4 0
00 S4 S1 1
01 S4 S2 0
10 S4 S3 1
11 S4 S4 1
.end_kiss
%> cat case4.dot
digraph STG {
   rankdir=LR;
  INIT [shape=point];
  S1 [label="S1"];
  S2 [label="S2"];
  S3 [label="S3"];
  S4 [label="S4"];
  TNTT -> S1:
  S1 -> S1 [label="00/0"];
  S1 -> S2 [label="01/1"];
  S1 -> S3 [label="10/0"];
  S1 -> S4 [label="11/0"];
S2 -> S1 [label="00/1"];
  S2 -> S2 [label="01/0"];
  s2 -> s3
            [label="10/1"];
  S2 -> S4 [label="11/1"];
  S3 -> S1 [label="00/0"];
            [label="01/1"];
  S3 -> S2
  S3 -> S3 [label="10/0"];
  S3 -> S4 [label="11/0"];
  S4 -> S1 [label="00/1"];
  S4 -> S2 [label="01/0"];
  S4 -> S3 [label="10/1"];
  S4 -> S4 [label="11/1"];
%> dot -T png case4.dot > case4.png
                                10/1
                   01/0
                                01/1
                   S2
            01/1
                                11/1
                                             10/0
             00/1
                                             00/0
                                      11/0
                                             S3
       S1
                   00/1
                          10/0
                         00/0
```

```
%> cat result.kiss
.start kiss
.i 2
.0 1
.p 8
.s 2
.r S1
00 S1 S1 0
01 S1 S2
10 S1 S1 0
11 S1 S2 0
00 S2 S1
01 S2 S2 0
10 S2 S1
11 S2 S2 1
.end_kiss
%> cat result.dot
digraph STG {
   rankdir=LR;
  INIT [shape=point];
S1 [label="S1"];
  S2 [label="S2"];
  INIT -> S1;
  S1 -> S1 [label="00/0,10/0"];
S1 -> S2 [label="01/1,11/0"];
  S2 -> S1 [label="00/1,10/1"];
  S2 -> S2 [label="01/0,11/1"];
%> dot -T png result.dot > result.png
               00/0,10/0
                                    01/0,11/1
                          01/1,11/0
                  Sl
                                       S2
```

00/1,10/1

Two more examples for your reference (case5):

```
%> cat case5.kiss
                                                    %> dot -T png case5.dot > case5.png
.start kiss
.i 1
                                                                             1/0
.0 1
.p 16
.s 8
.r A
0 A
     C 0
1 A
0 B
     D 0
1 B
     E 0
0 C
     F 0
1 C
     A 0
0 D
     н 0
1 D
     G 0
                                                    %> cat result.kiss
0 E
     B 0
                                                    .start kiss
1 E
     C 0
                                                    .i 1
0 F
     D 0
                                                    .0 1
1 F
     E 0
                                                    .p 10
0 G
     F 1
                                                    .s 5
     A 0
1 G
                                                    .r A
0 H
     н О
                                                    0 A
                                                         B 0
     A 0
1 H
                                                    1 A
                                                         A 0
.end kiss
                                                    0 B
                                                         D 0
                                                    1 B
                                                          A 0
%> cat case5.dot
                                                    0 D
                                                         н О
digraph STG {
                                                    1 D
                                                          G 0
  rankdir=LR;
                                                    0 G
                                                          в 1
                                                         A 0
                                                    1 G
  INIT [shape=point];
                                                    0 H
                                                         н О
  A [label="A"];
                                                    1 H
                                                         A 0
  B [label="B"];
                                                    .end_kiss
    [label="C"];
  D [label="D"];
                                                    %> cat result.dot
  E [label="E"];
                                                    digraph STG {
    [label="F"];
  F
                                                       rankdir=LR;
  G [label="G"];
  H [label="H"];
                                                       INIT [shape=point];
                                                      A [label="A"];
  INIT -> A;
                                                      B [label="B"];
  A -> B [label="0/0"];
                                                      D [label="D"];
  A -> C [label="1/0"];
                                                       G [label="G"];
  B -> D [label="0/0"];
                                                      H [label="H"];
  B -> E [label="1/0"];
  C -> F [label="0/0"];
                                                      INIT -> A;
  C -> A [label="1/0"];
                                                      A -> B [label="0/0"];
  D -> H [label="0/0"];
                                                      A -> A [label="1/0"];
  D -> G [label="1/0"];
                                                      B -> D [label="0/0"];
  E -> B [label="0/0"];
                                                      B -> A [label="1/0"];
  E -> C [label="1/0"];
                                                       D -> H [label="0/0"];
  F -> D [label="0/0"];
                                                      D -> G [label="1/0"];
  F -> E [label="1/0"];
                                                      G -> B [label="0/1"];
  G -> F [label="0/1"];
                                                      G \rightarrow A [label="1/0"];
  G -> A [label="1/0"];
                                                      H -> H [label="0/0"];
  H -> H [label="0/0"];
                                                       H -> A [label="1/0"];
  H -> A [label="1/0"];
                                                    %> dot -T png result.dot > result.png
                                                                             1/0
                                                                                               G
                                                                                   0/1
                                                                                         1/0
                                                                       В
                                                                             0/0
                                                                 0/0
                                                                                    D
                                                                                         0/0
                                                                             1/0
```