Lecture 1: Intro. to Interactive Visualization

Sep 3, 2024
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Outline

- What is interactive visualization?
- About the course



vi·su·al·i·za·tion noun \ vi-zhə-wə-lə- zā-shən

1: formation of mental visual images

2: the act or process of interpreting in visual terms or of putting into visible form

3: the process of making an internal organ or part visible by the introduction (as by swallowing) of a radiopaque substance followed by radiography

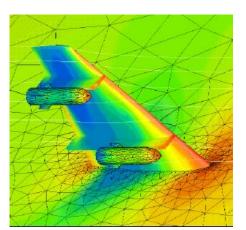


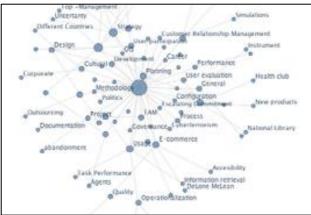
"a cognitive process performed by humans in forming a mental image of a domain space. In computer and information science it is, more specifically, the visual representation of a domain space using graphics, images, animated sequences, and sound augmentation to present the data, structure, and dynamic behavior of large, complex data sets that represent systems, events, processes, objects, and concepts" [Williams et al. 95]

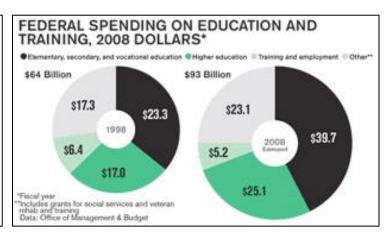


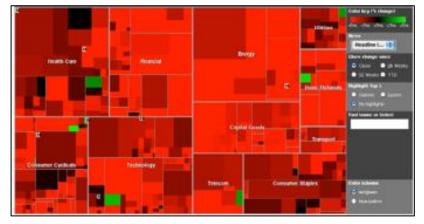
Visualization

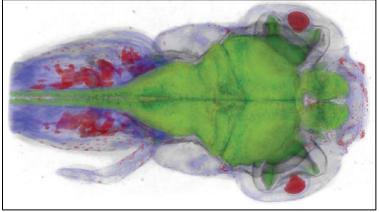
Convey information through graphical representations of data



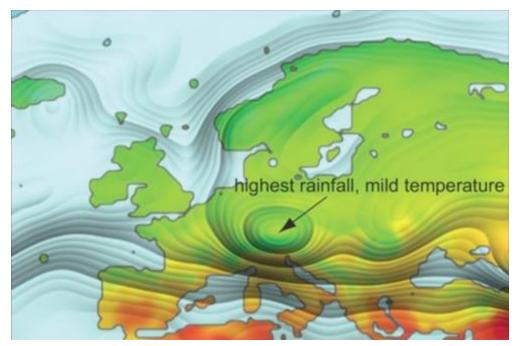








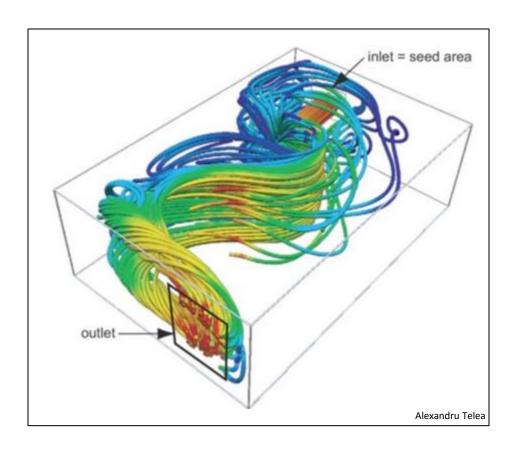
• Rainfall - temperature



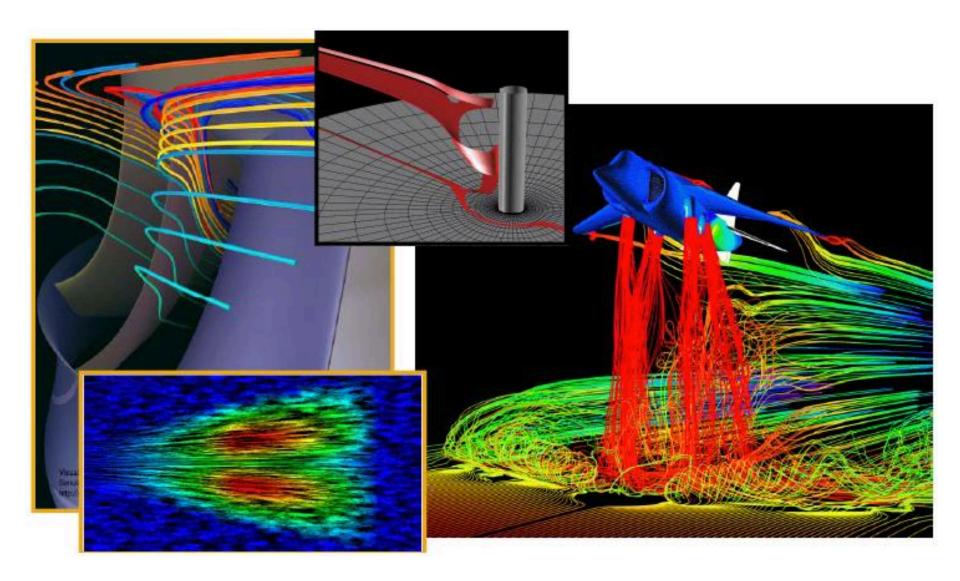
Alexandru Telea



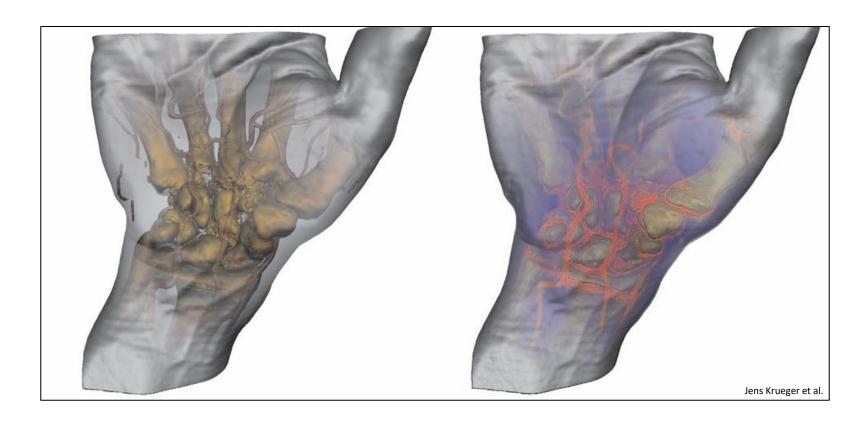
Fluid flow





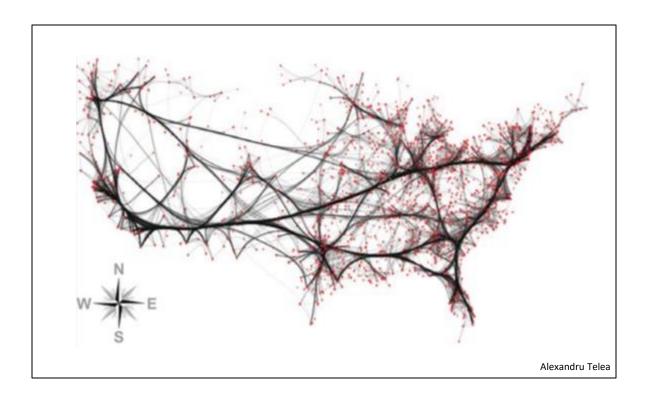


• Focus + context





Population migration pattern





 Which gender and income level shows a different effect of age on triglyceride levels?

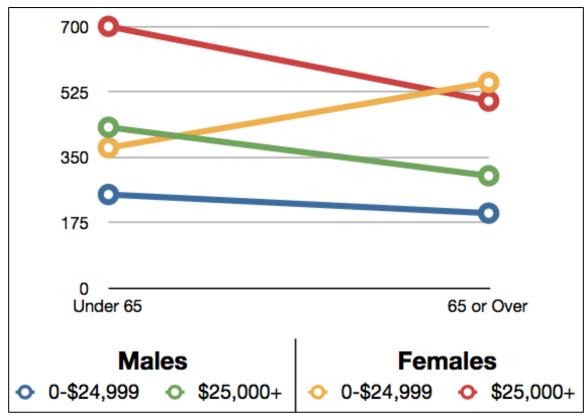
TRIGLYCERIDE LEVEL

	Males		Females	
Income Group	Under 65	65 or Over	Under 65	65 or Over
0-\$24,999	250	200	375	550
\$25,000+	430	300	700	500



 Which gender and income level shows a different effect of age on triglyceride levels?





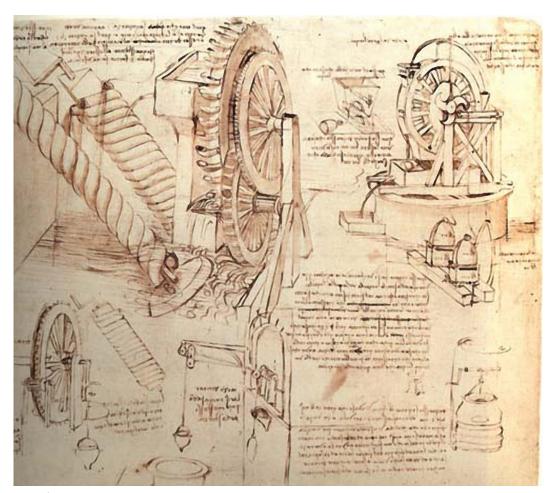


Why Visualization?

- Record information
 - Blueprints, photographs
- Analyze data to support reasoning
 - Find patterns, develop and assess hypothesis
- Communicate ideas to others
 - Share information and persuade



Record

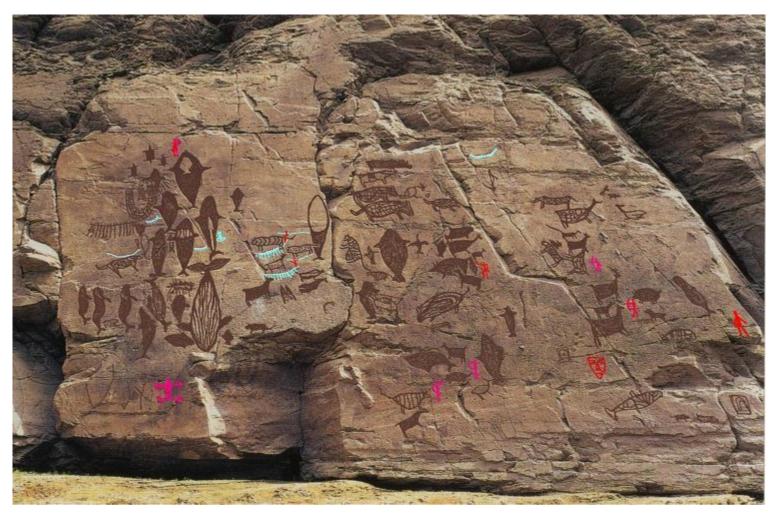




Leonardo Da Vinci



Record



Petroglyphs of Bangudae Terrace



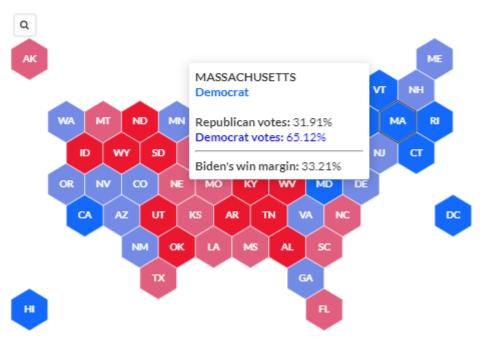
Analyze

State hex map

Presidential election results, 2020

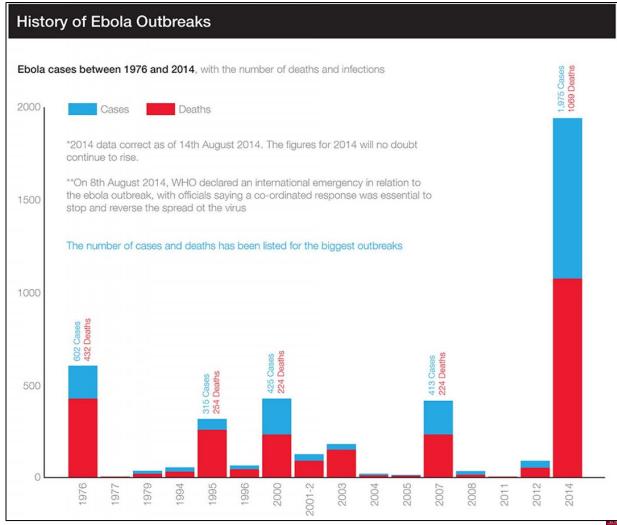
A positive margin of victory means the state voted more in favor of the **Democrats**. Values closer to **zero** suggest a politically divided district.



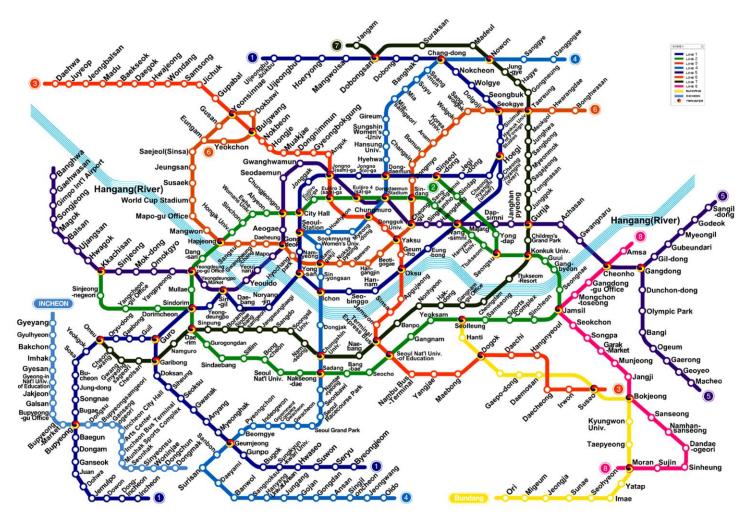




Analyze



Communicate





Classification

- Scientific Visualization (SciVis)
 - Spatial data
 - Image, volume, polygonal mesh, ...
- Information Visualization (InfoVis)
 - Non-spatial data
 - Tree, graph, table, ...
- Visual Analytics (VA)
 - Analysis of data using graphical tools



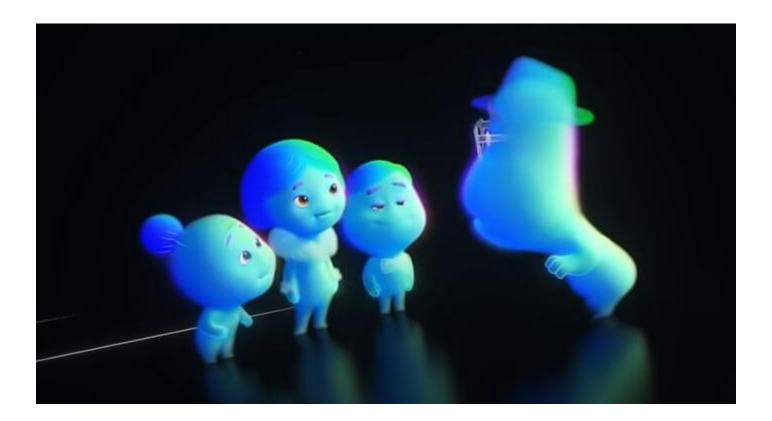
"Interactive visualization or interactive visualisation is a branch of graphic visualization in computer science that involves studying how humans interact with computers to create graphic illustrations of information and how this process can be made more efficient."

- Wikipedia



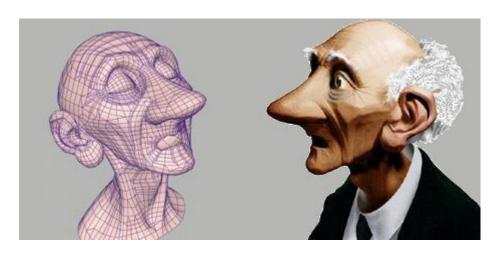
Computer Graphics

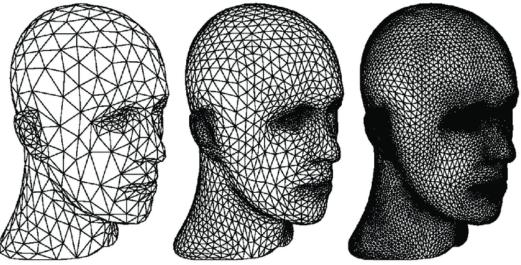
All about image generation using computers





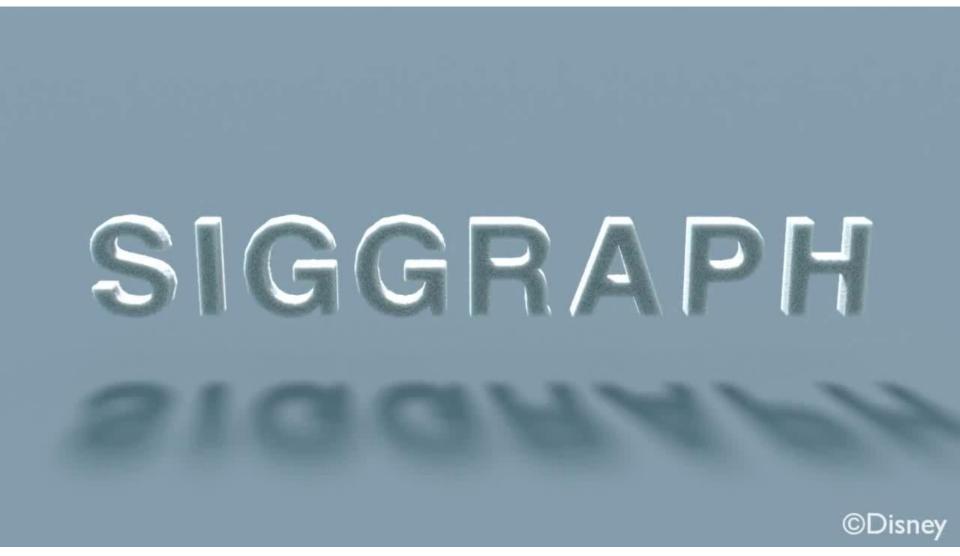
Technique: Modeling





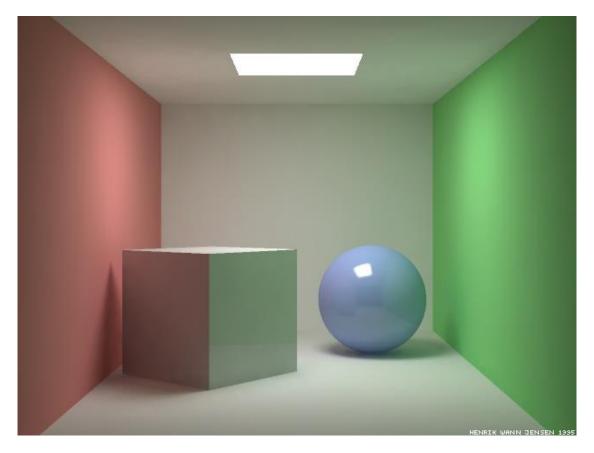


Technique: Animation



Technique: Rendering

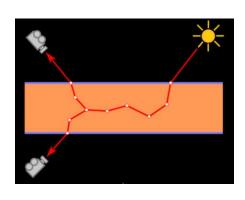
Global illumination





Technique: Rendering

Subsurface scattering



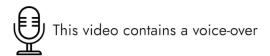






Technique: Rendering

Radiance field rendering



3D Gaussian Splatting for Real-Time Radiance Field Rendering

SIGGRAPH 2023 (ACM Transactions on Graphics)

Bernhard Kerbl*



Georgios Kopanas*



Thomas Leimkühler



George Drettakis



* Denotes equal contribution





Technique: Image Processing

Style transfer







Technique: Human Interactions



Examples of Interactive Visualization



Interaction with Scientific Data

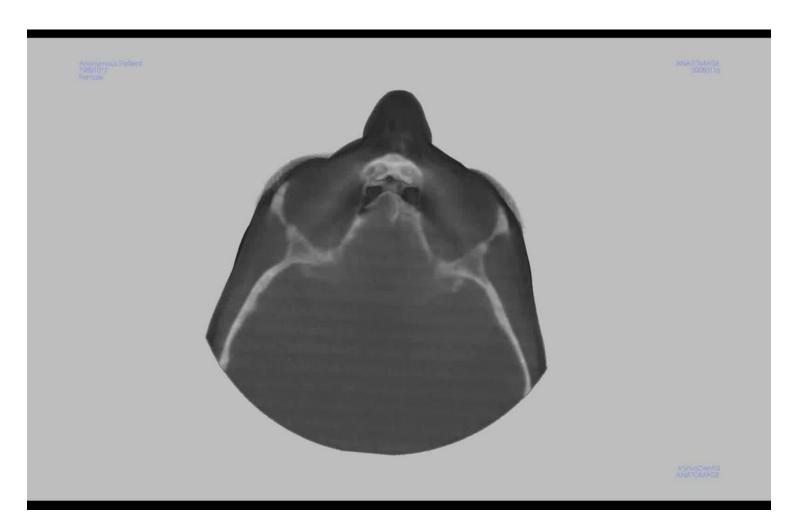
Demo

Experimental Environment:GPU cluster system

(each node is equipped with a Titan X / 1080ti)



Medical Data Exploration





Collaborative Visualization





Interactive Visual Analytics



Outline

- What is visual computing?
- About the course



Instructor



Won-Ki Jeong (정원기) Office: Woojung ICT Bd 502 Email: wkjeong@korea.ac.kr Office hours: by appointment





Image Processing & Visualization http://hvcl.korea.ac.kr



Teaching Assistants



Head TA: Suemin Jeon (전수민) 2nd year MS-PhD orangeblush@korea.ac.kr



Gayeon Koh (고가연) 1st year MS hellenkoh@gmail.com

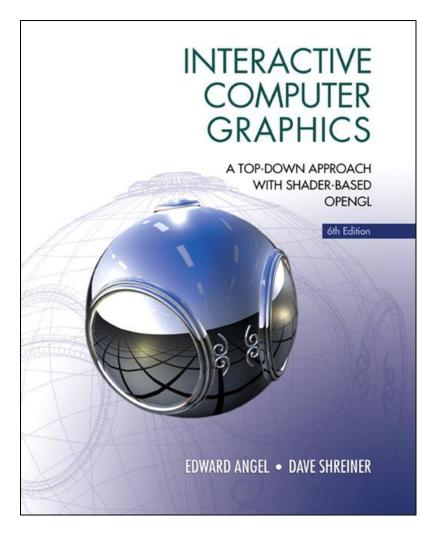


COSE436 Goals

- Learn fundamental theories and algorithms for interactive visualization
 - Interactive graphics techniques
 - Raster graphics pipeline, GPU, user interface
 - Focus on scientific applications
 - Volume rendering, surface rendering, images, etc
- Get hands-on programming experience of graphics APIs and user interactions
 - OpenGL shaders, GLUT, C++



Textbook

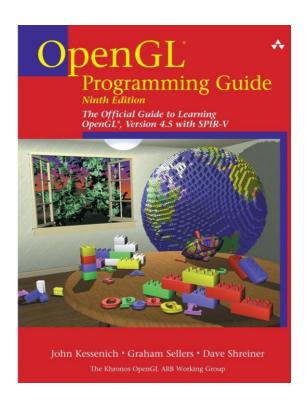


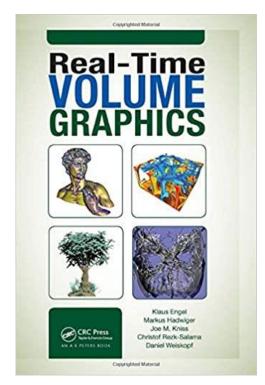
- Interactive Computer Graphics: A Top-Down Approach with Shader-Based OpenGL (6th Edition)
 - Edward Angel & Dave Shreiner
 - Addison-Wesley
- Lecture notes will cover the topics in the book
 - No purchase required

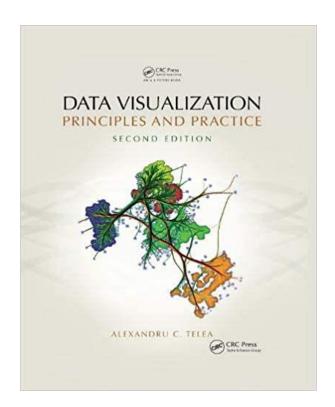


References

Will be covered by lecture notes







- OpenGL Programming Guide "the Red Book" (9th Edition) by Dave Shreiner
- Real-Time Volume Graphics by Engel et al.
- Data Visualization by Alexandru Telea (2nd Edition)



Course Logistics

- Tue/Thu 15:00-16:15
 - Lectures
- Programming assignments
 - Need prior knowledge of C++
- Midterm & Final exams



Grading Policy

- Points break-down
 - Homework (45%)
 - Exam (45%)
 - Class participation (attendance, etc) (10%)
- Homeworks are due Sundays midnight
 - You may use up to 4 days of grace period (no penalty for late submission) anytime during the course



Academic Honesty

- Discussion among students are encouraged, but no code sharing between students
- External code/library is not allowed unless approved by instructor
 - Ask instructor/TA if you are not sure
- No reusing code from other courses
- Rule of thumb: consider homework as takehome exam



Questions?

Send e-mails to wkjeong@korea.ac.kr