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Pintos Project: Introduction

CSL-Pintos

Contents

1. Introduction to Pintos
2. Install Oracle VM VirtualBox
3. Install Ubuntu 16.04.7 LTS via VirtualBox
4. Install Pintos

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1. Introduction to Pintos

What is Pintos?

Pintos

- Pintos is an educational operating system
- This OS is designed to provide an experience to develop operating system without being excessively complex
- Pintos is developed with several limitations in terms of file system, thread scheduler, virtualization etc.
- Our purpose is to improve Pintos with advanced ideas



Pintos project

Project 1: threads

- **Alarm clock** / **Priority scheduling** / Advanced scheduler

Project 2: User program

- Argument passing / User memory / System calls

Project 3: Virtualization

- Memory management / anonymous page / stack growth / memory mapped files

Overview of Pintos source tree

src/utils

- It contains a number of help functions and utilities related to the Pintos kernel

src/threads

- It configures the behavior of kernel threads

src/devices

- It contains hardware device drivers and related code for the Pintos operating system

src/lib

- It contains various libraries and utility codes providing common functions and features for both the kernel and application programs

src/tests

- It contains test code and test suites used to verify various components and functionalities

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2. Install Oracle VM VirtualBox




Download VirtualBox installer

Download Link

<https://www.oracle.com/kr/virtualization/technologies/vm/downloads/virtualbox-downloads.html>

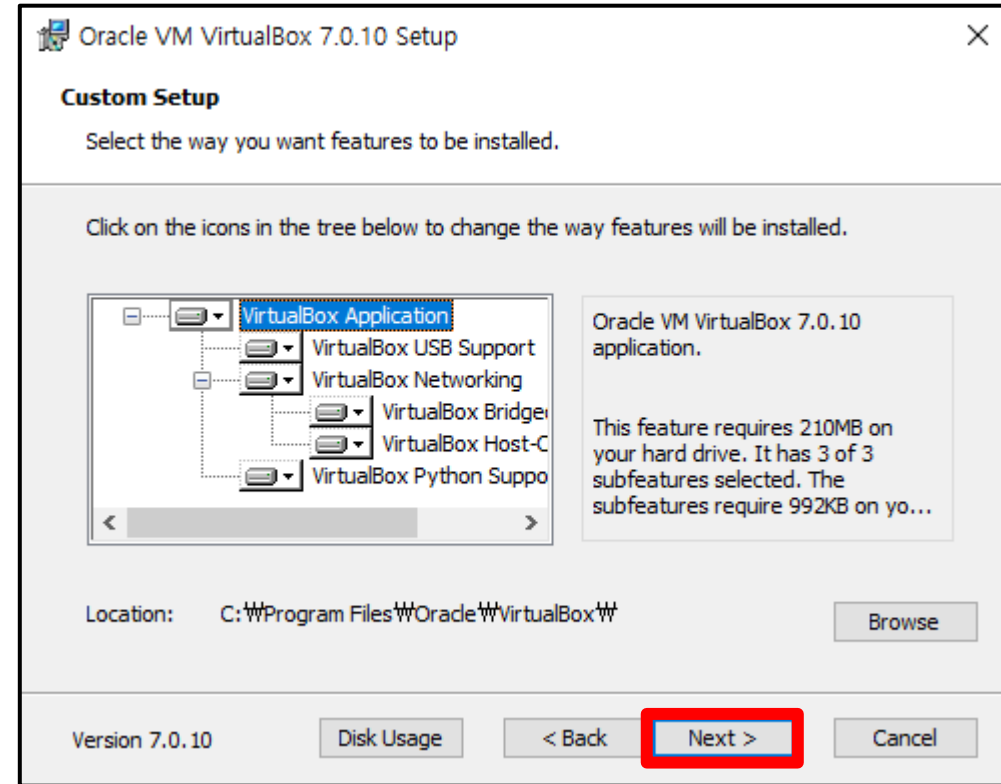
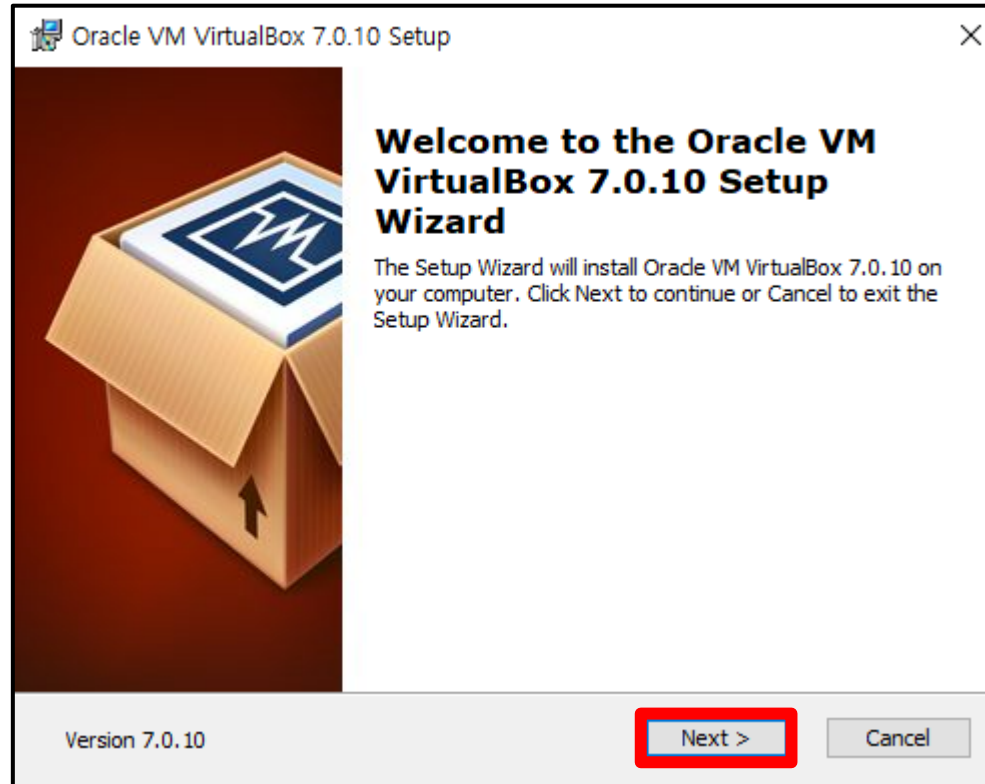
Oracle VM VirtualBox Base Packages - 7.0.10

Freely available for Windows, Mac OS X, Linux and Solaris x86 platforms under GPLv3:

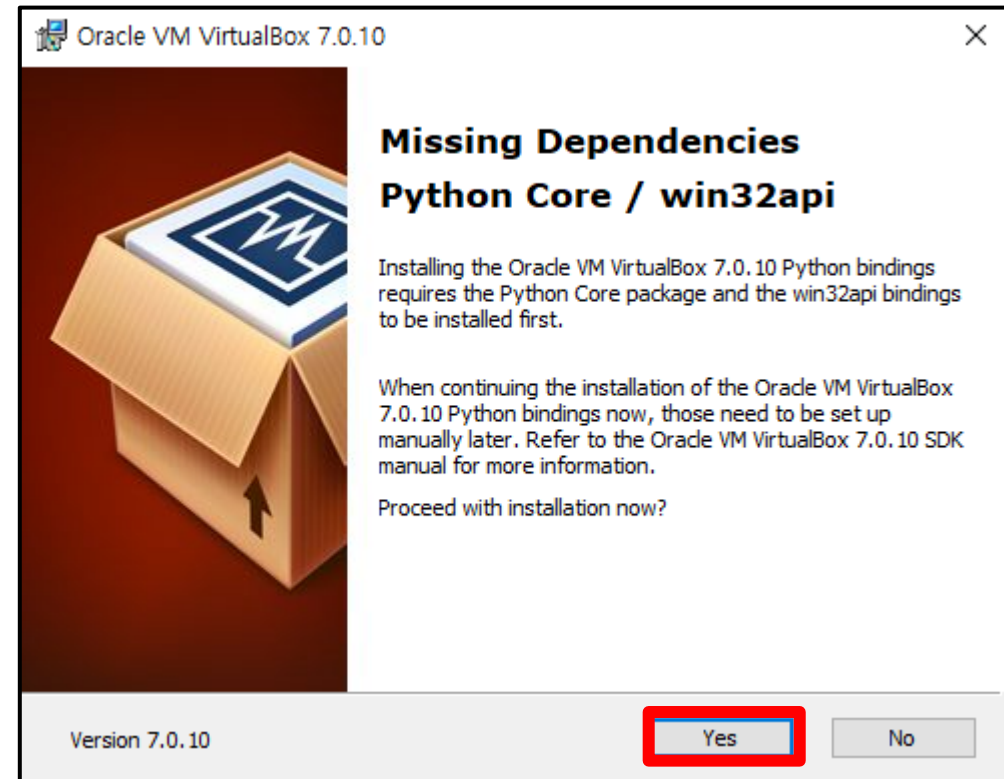
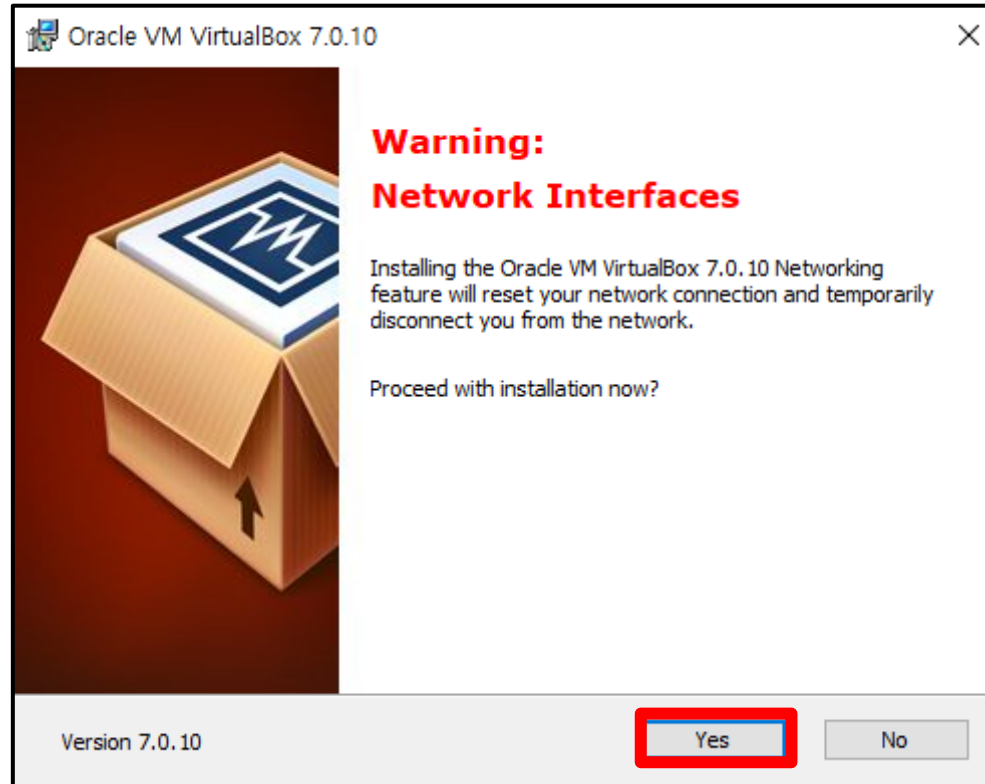
Platform	64-bit
Windows	 Windows Installer
Mac OS X	 dmg Image
Solaris 11	 Solaris Package

Please choose the right one depending on the OS you are using.

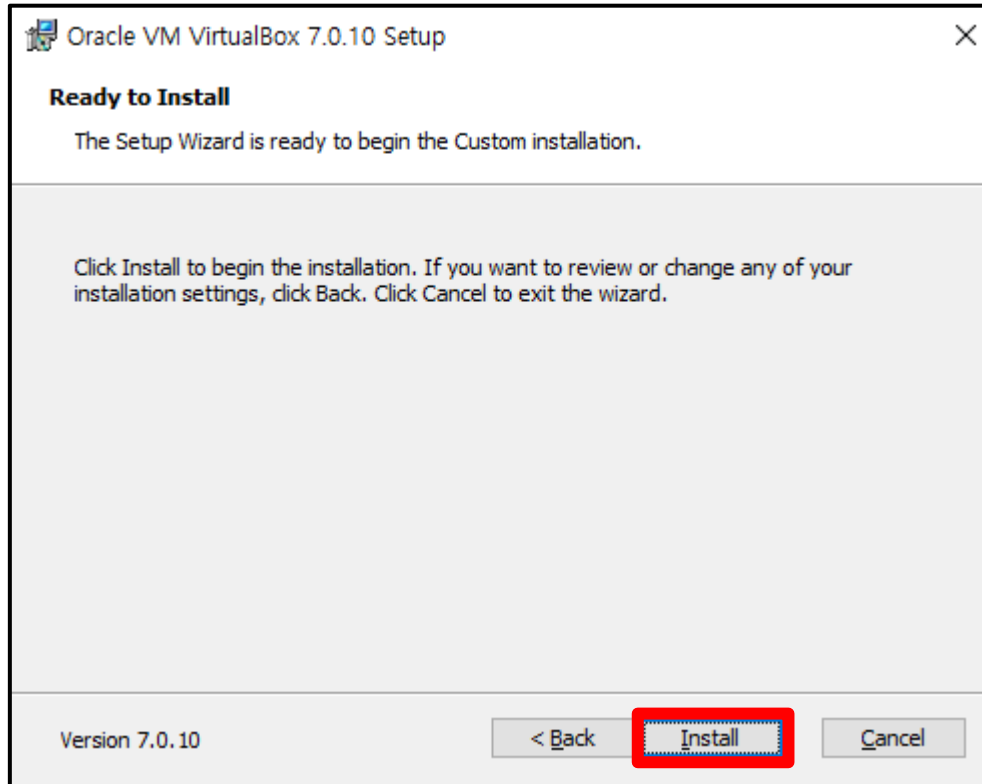
Installation Procedure ①



Installation Procedure ②



Installation Procedure ③



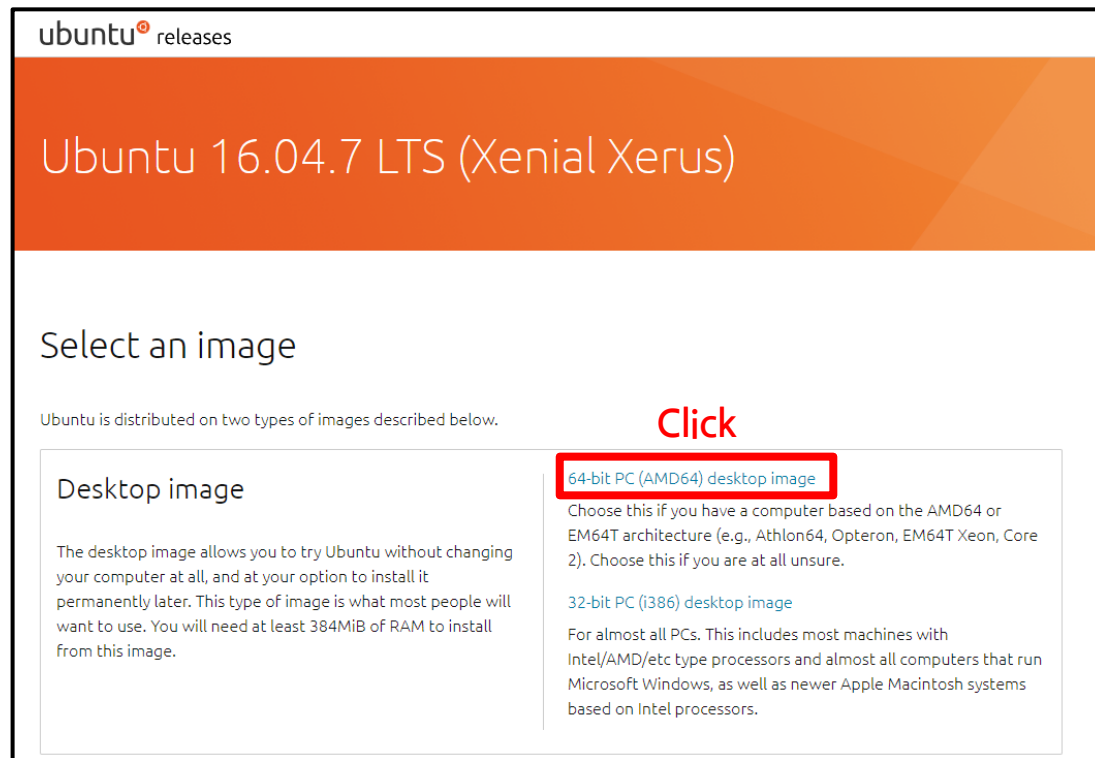
...

3. Install Ubuntu16.04.7 LTS via VirtualBox

Download Ubuntu 16.04.7 LTS ISO image

Download Link

<https://releases.ubuntu.com/16.04/>



ubuntu[®] releases

Ubuntu 16.04.7 LTS (Xenial Xerus)

Select an image

Ubuntu is distributed on two types of images described below.

Desktop image

The desktop image allows you to try Ubuntu without changing your computer at all, and at your option to install it permanently later. This type of image is what most people will want to use. You will need at least 384MiB of RAM to install from this image.

Click

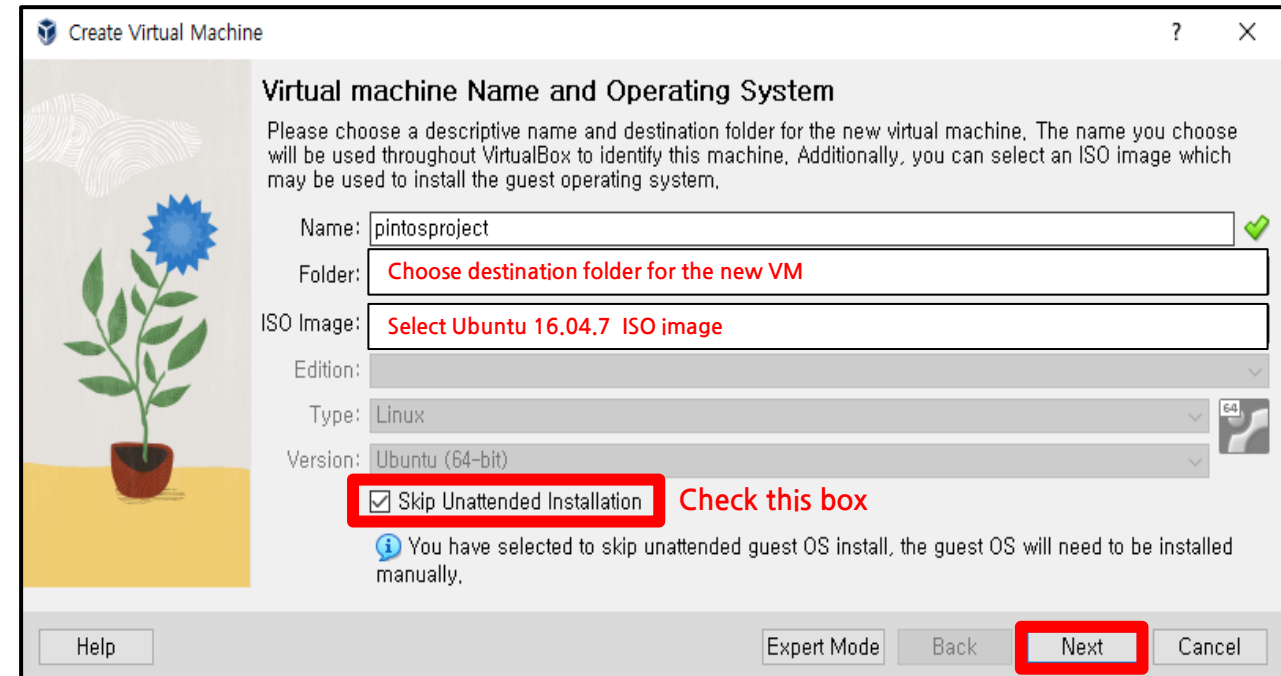
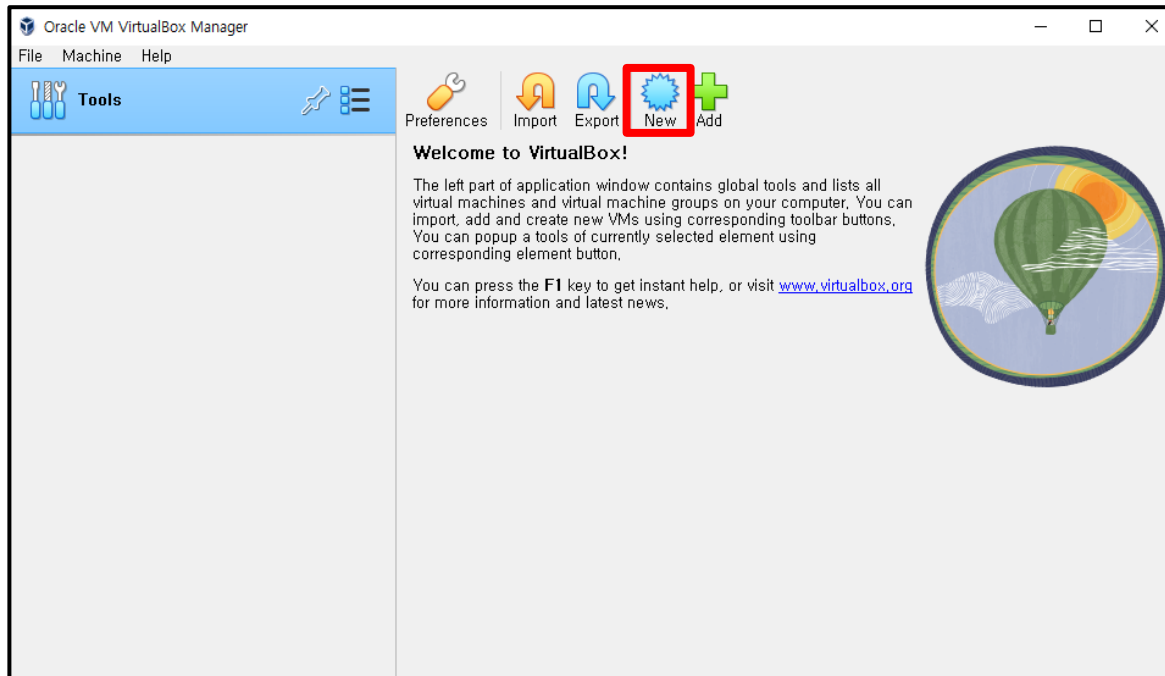
[64-bit PC \(AMD64\) desktop image](#)

Choose this if you have a computer based on the AMD64 or EM64T architecture (e.g., Athlon64, Opteron, EM64T Xeon, Core 2). Choose this if you are at all unsure.

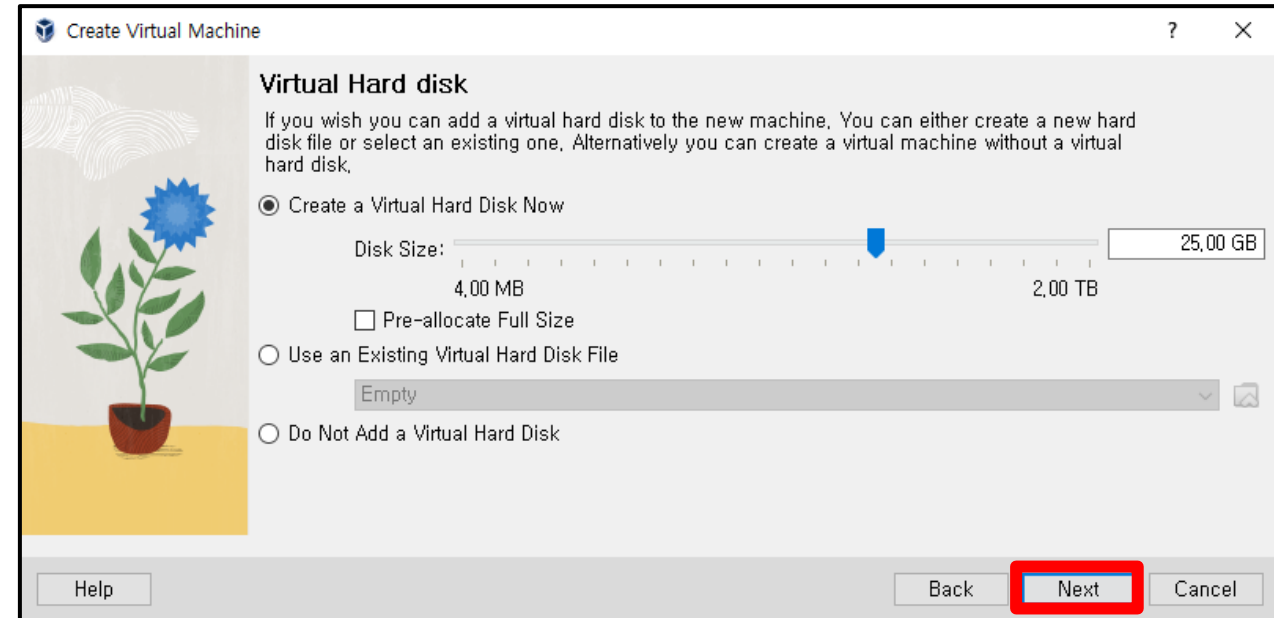
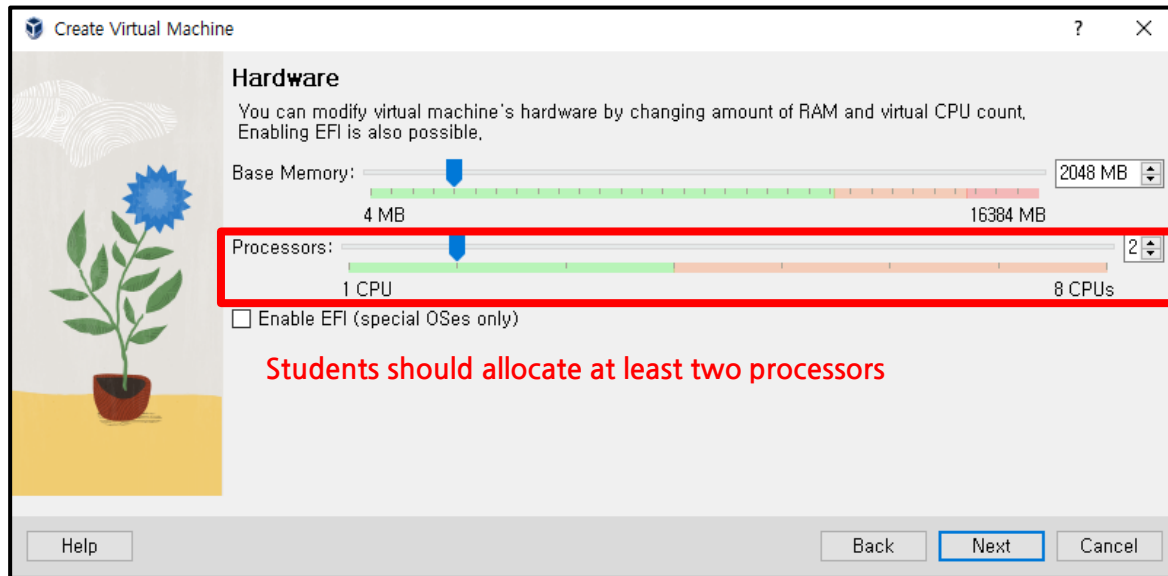
[32-bit PC \(i386\) desktop image](#)

For almost all PCs. This includes most machines with Intel/AMD/etc type processors and almost all computers that run Microsoft Windows, as well as newer Apple Macintosh systems based on Intel processors.

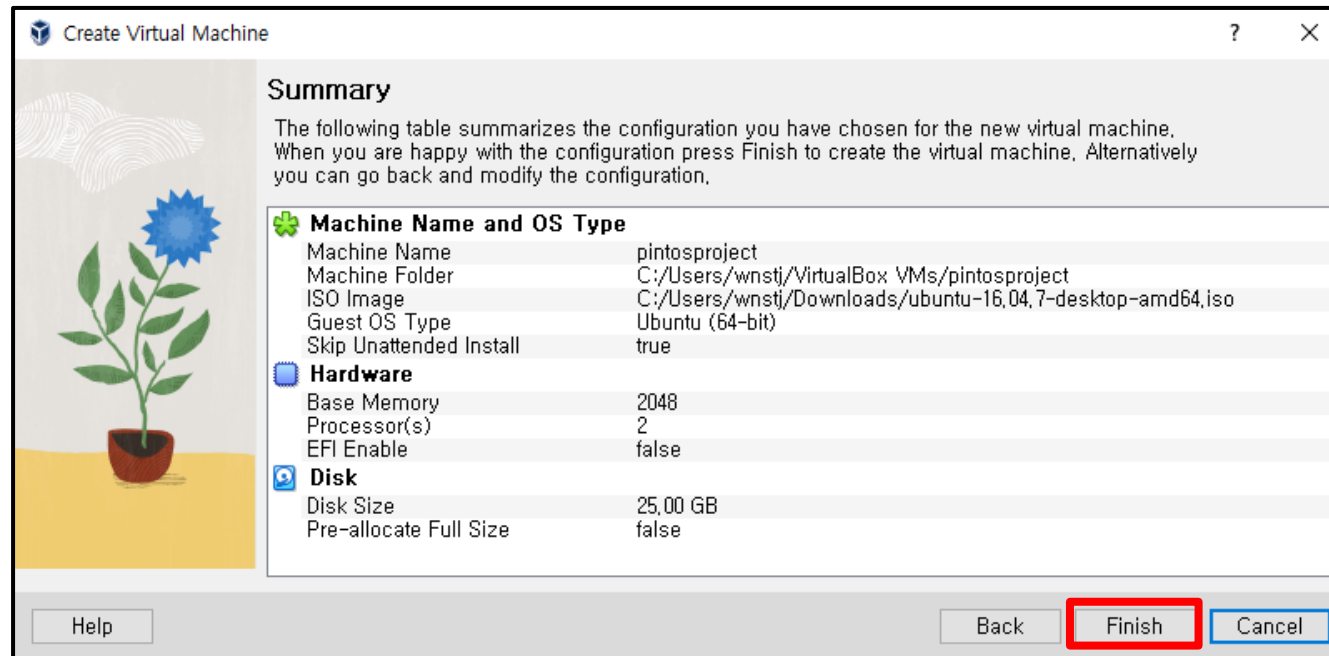
Installation Procedure ①



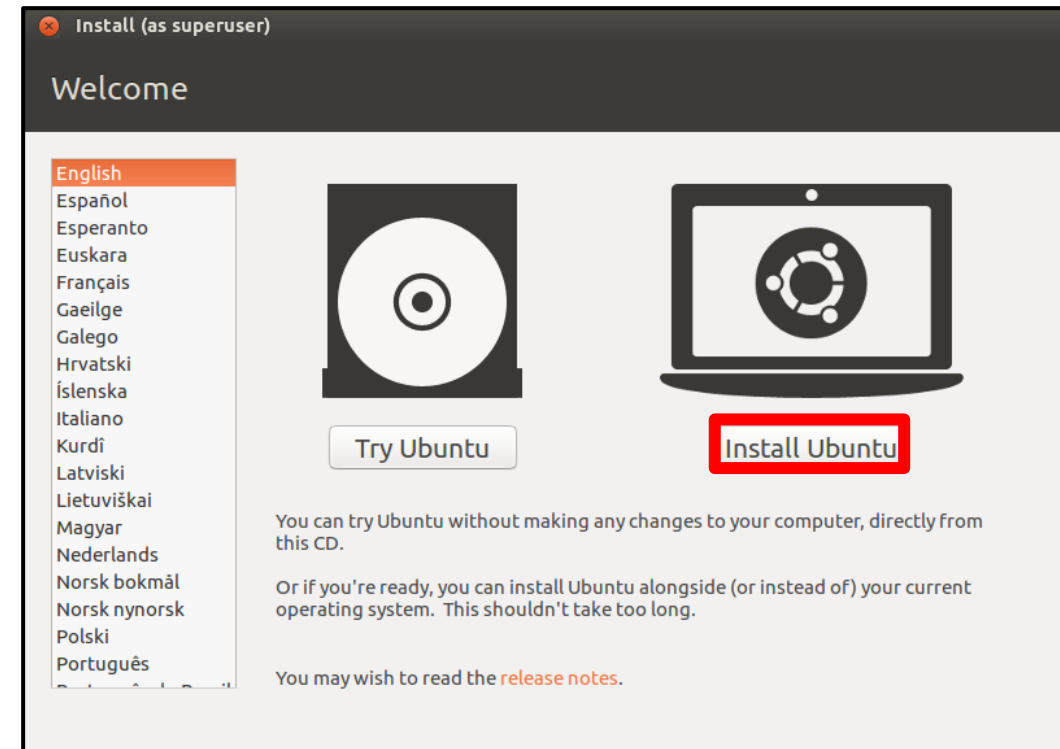
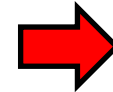
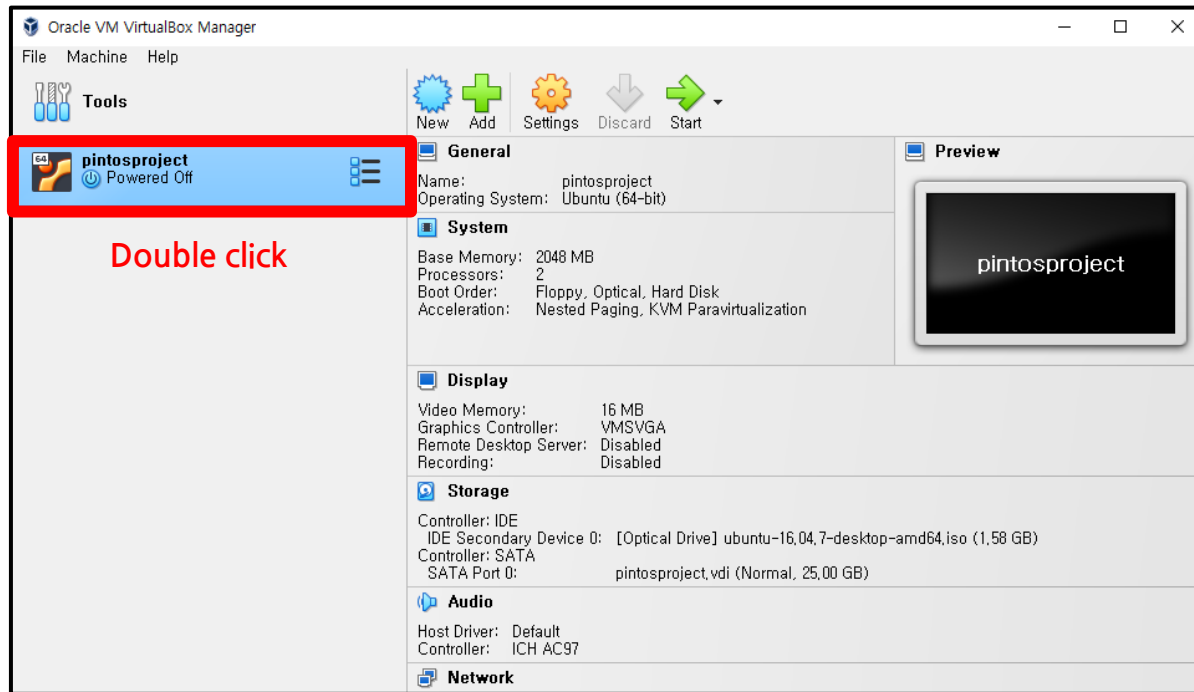
Installation Procedure ②



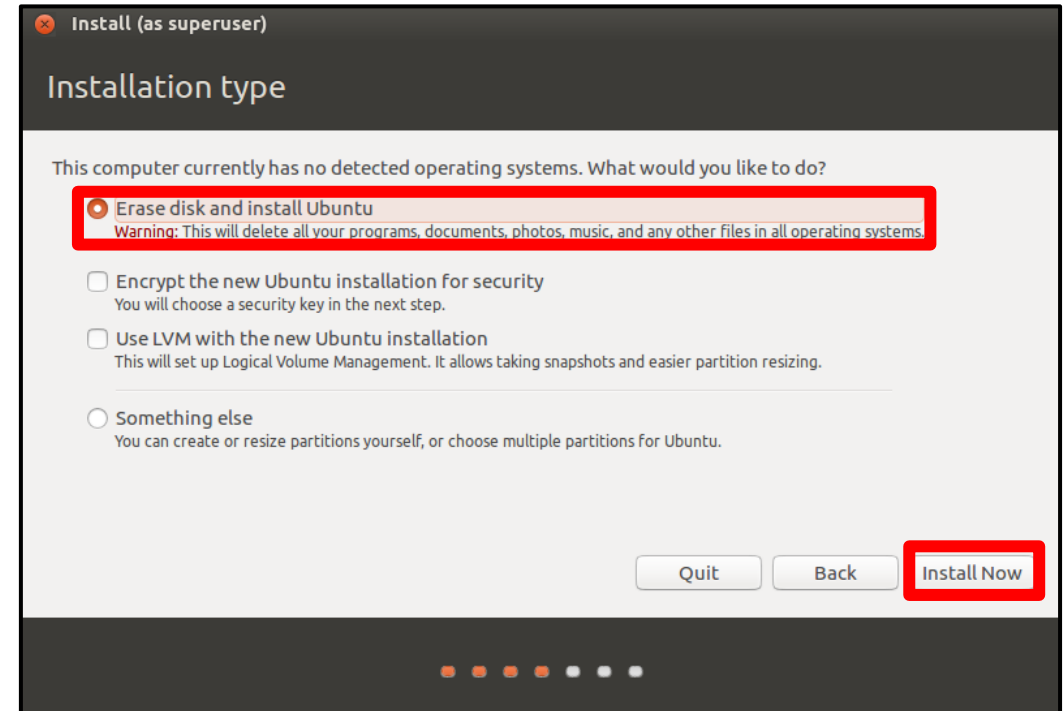
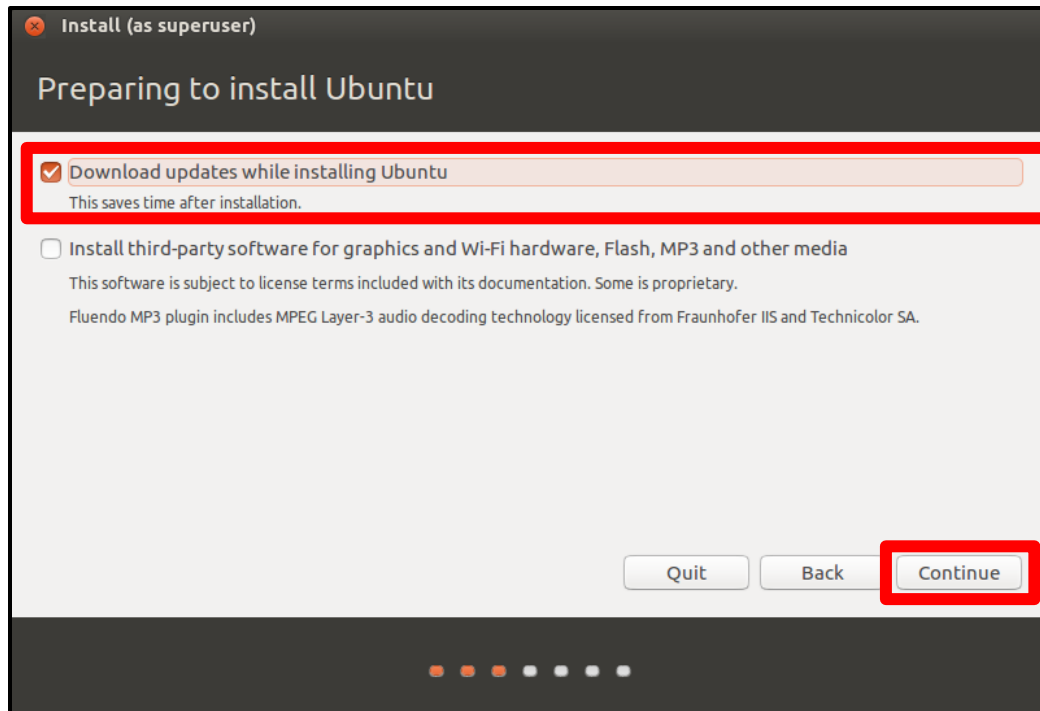
Installation Procedure ③



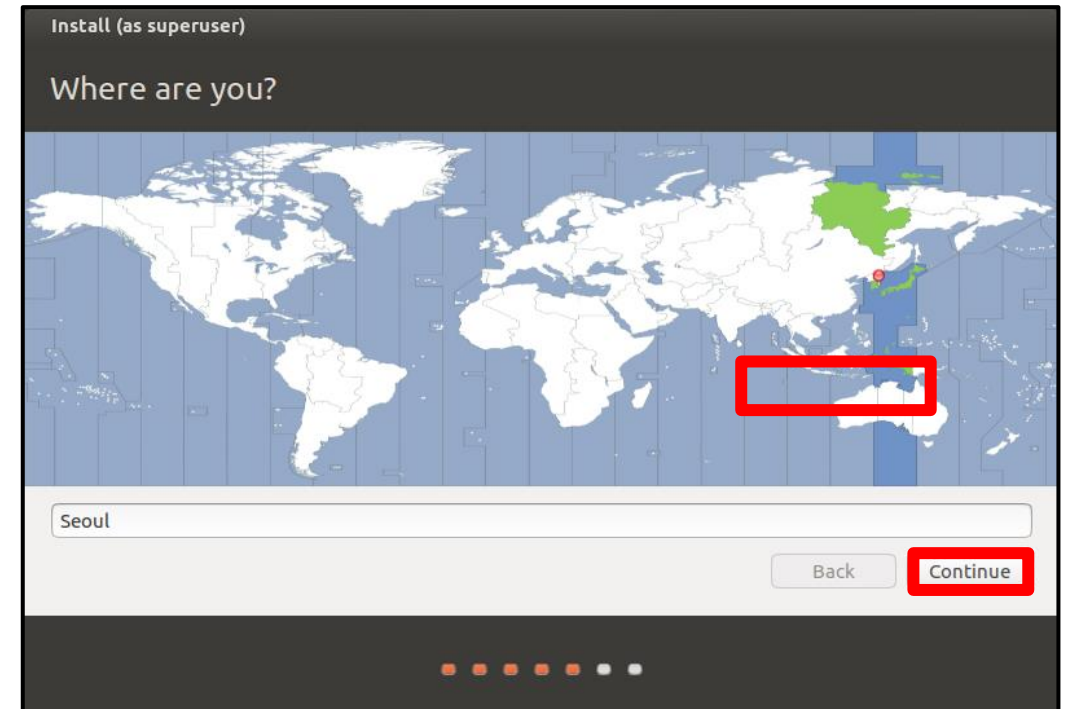
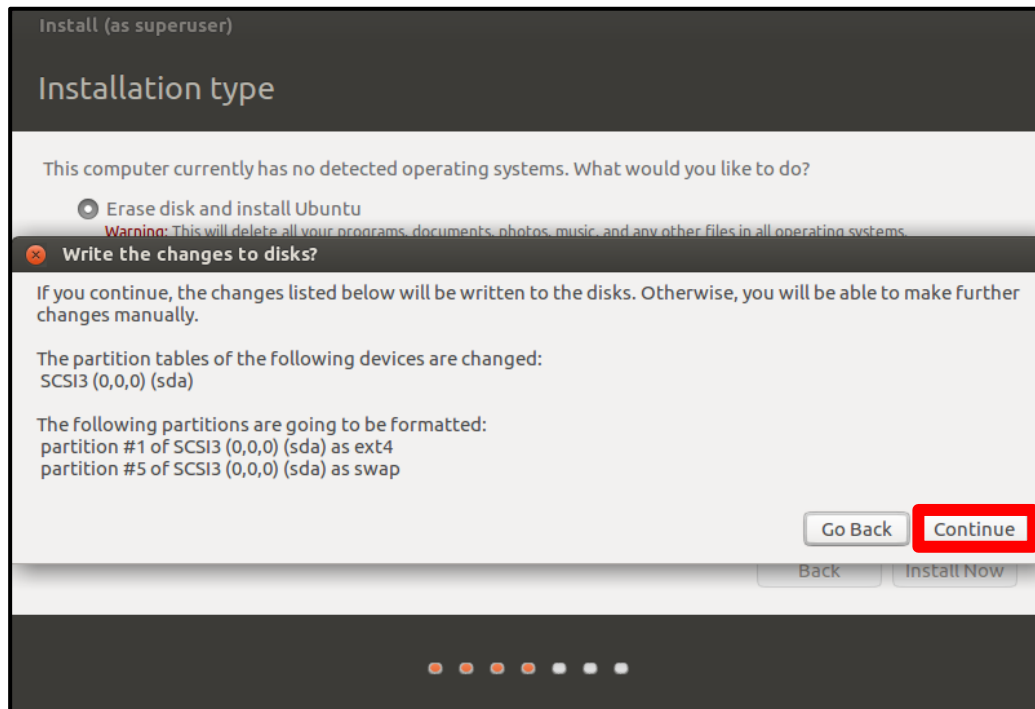
Installation Procedure ④



Installation Procedure ⑤



Installation Procedure ⑥





Installation Procedure ⑦

**** Naming rule ****

Your name: ✓

Your computer's name: ✓ **"p + your student ID"**
The name it uses when it talks to other computers.

Pick a username: ✓ **"p + your student ID"**

Choose a password: **Short password**

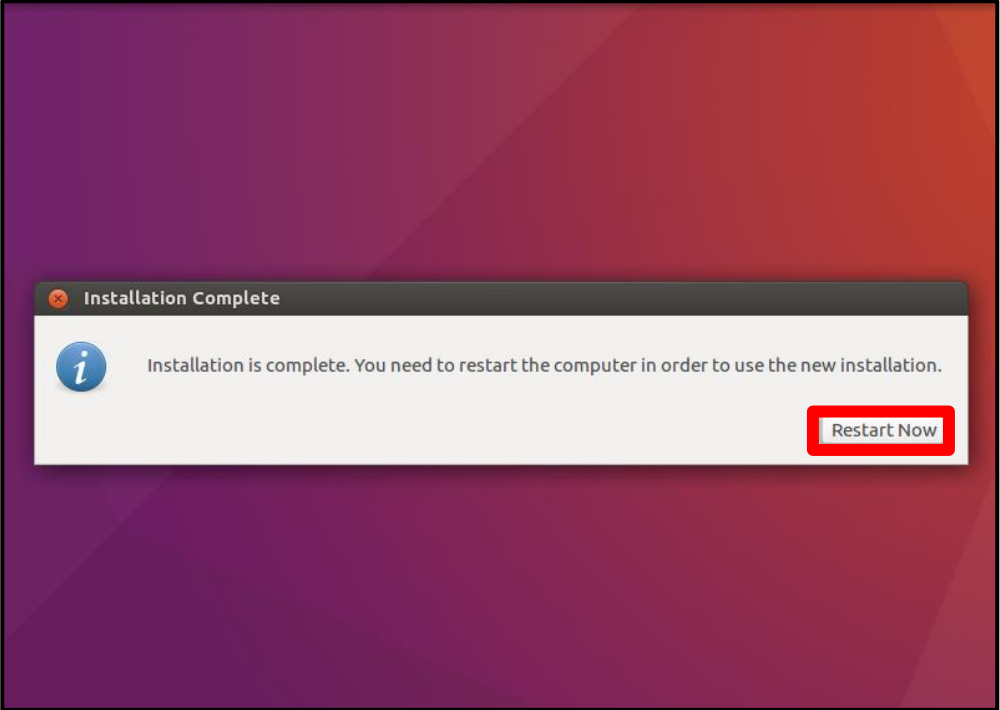
Confirm your password: ✓

☐ Log in automatically

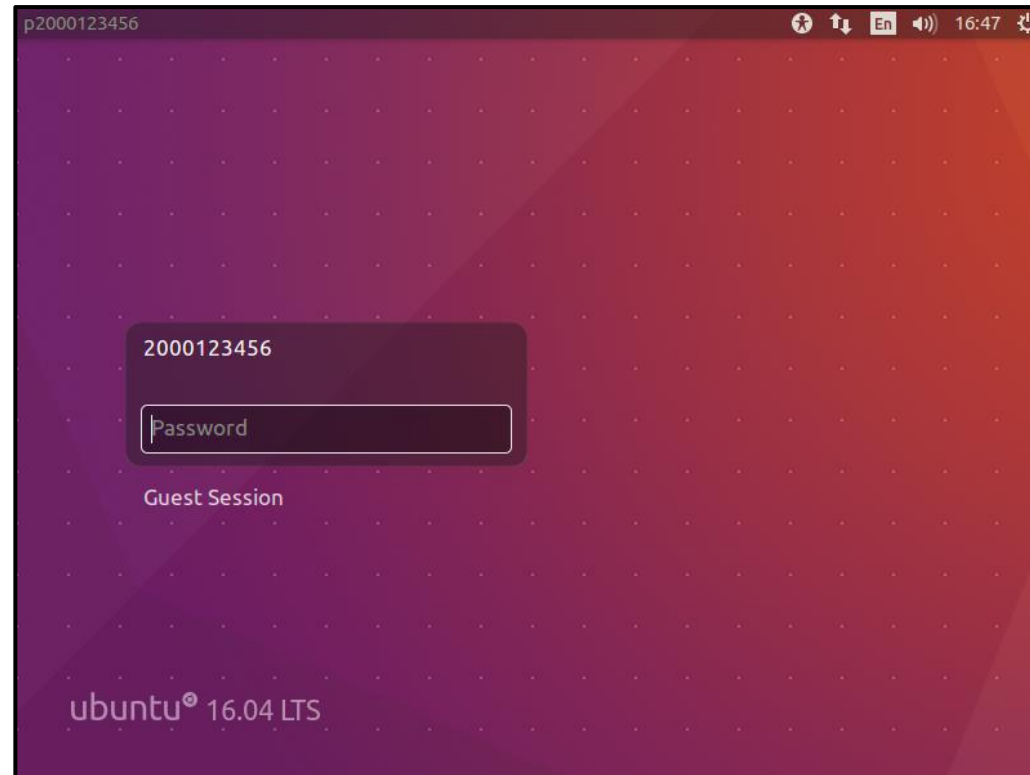
☒ Require my password to log in

☐ Encrypt my home folder

Set your password



Installation Procedure ⑧



Two additional options for convenient use

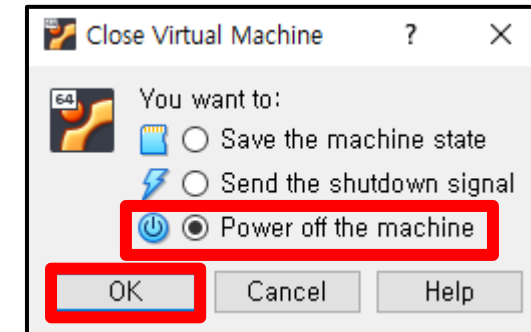
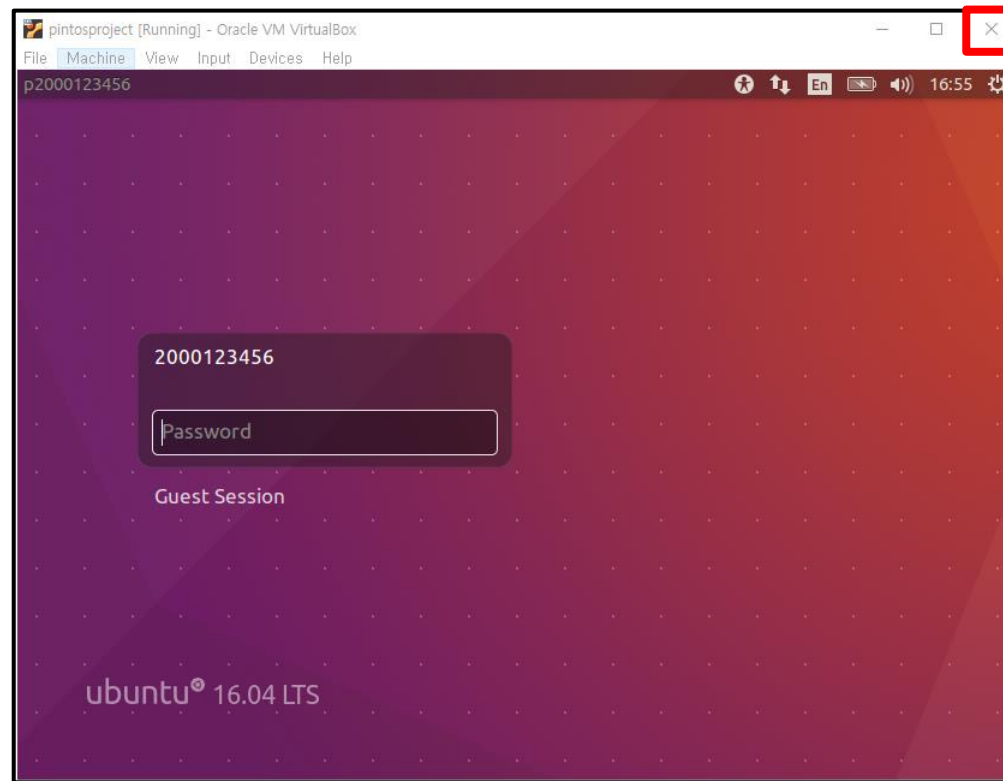
(a) Shared clipboard / Drag & drop

- This option allows guests to have *read or write access* to the clipboard, even when they are not focused on a window in the virtual machine.

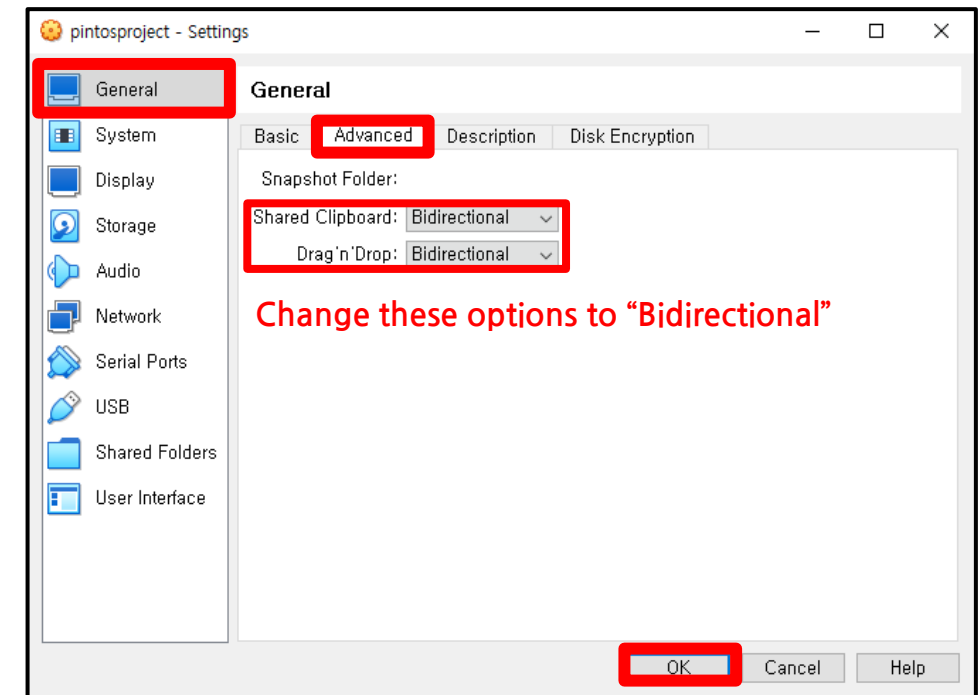
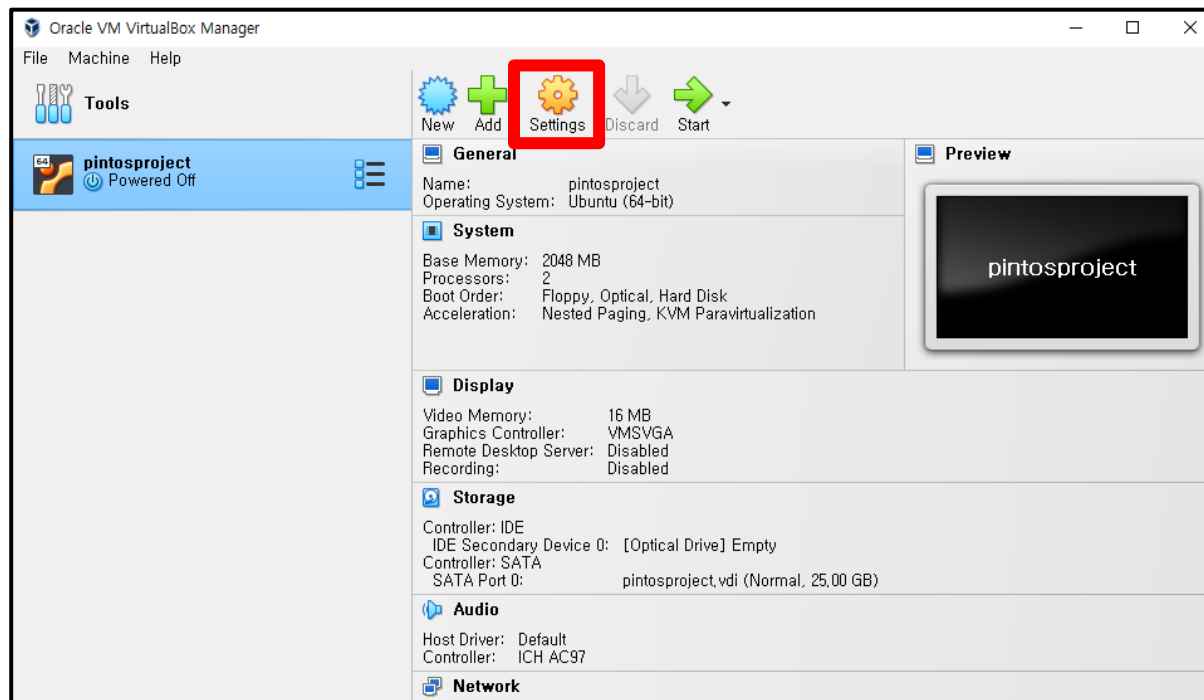
(b) VBoxVGA

- This option allows guest VM to use full screen

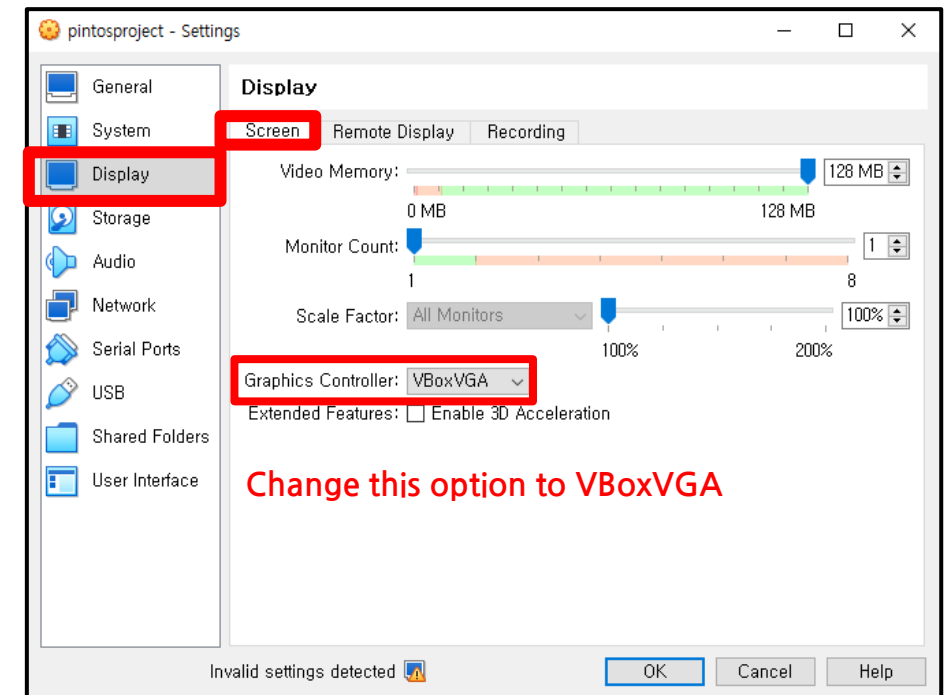
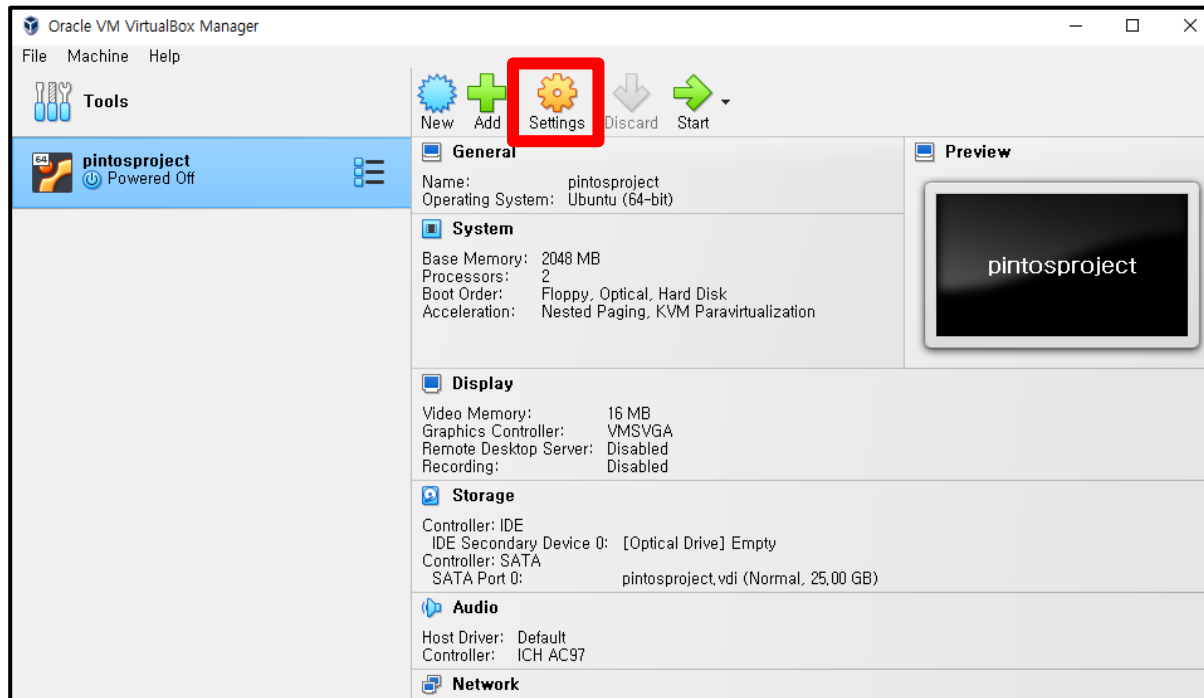
Enabling additional options ①



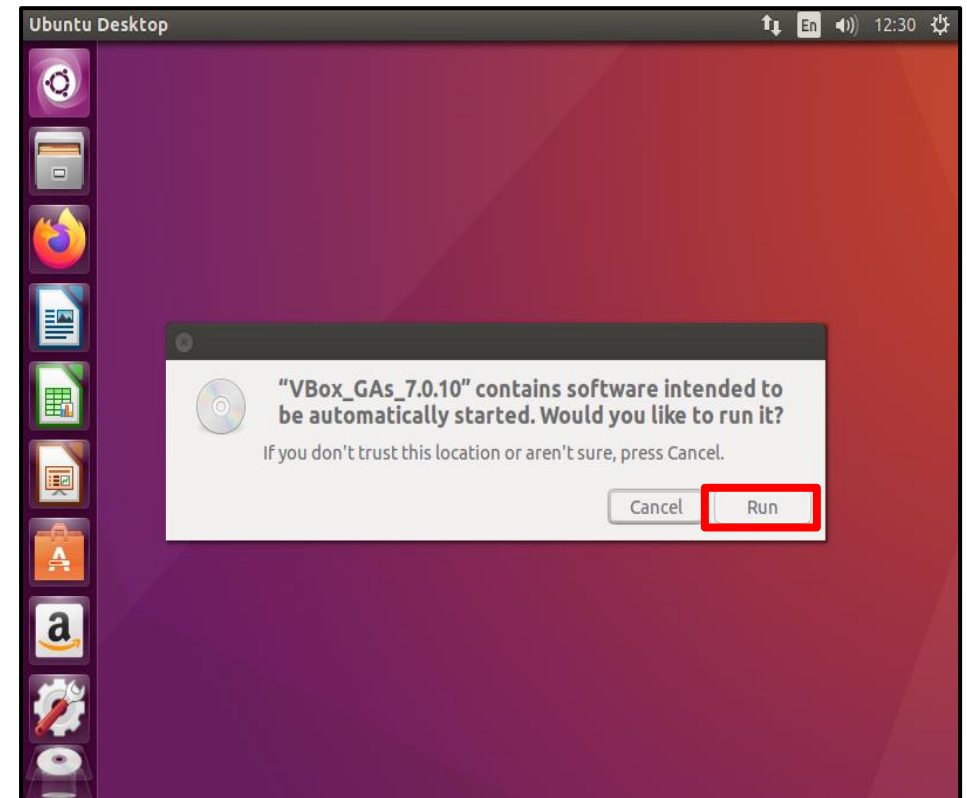
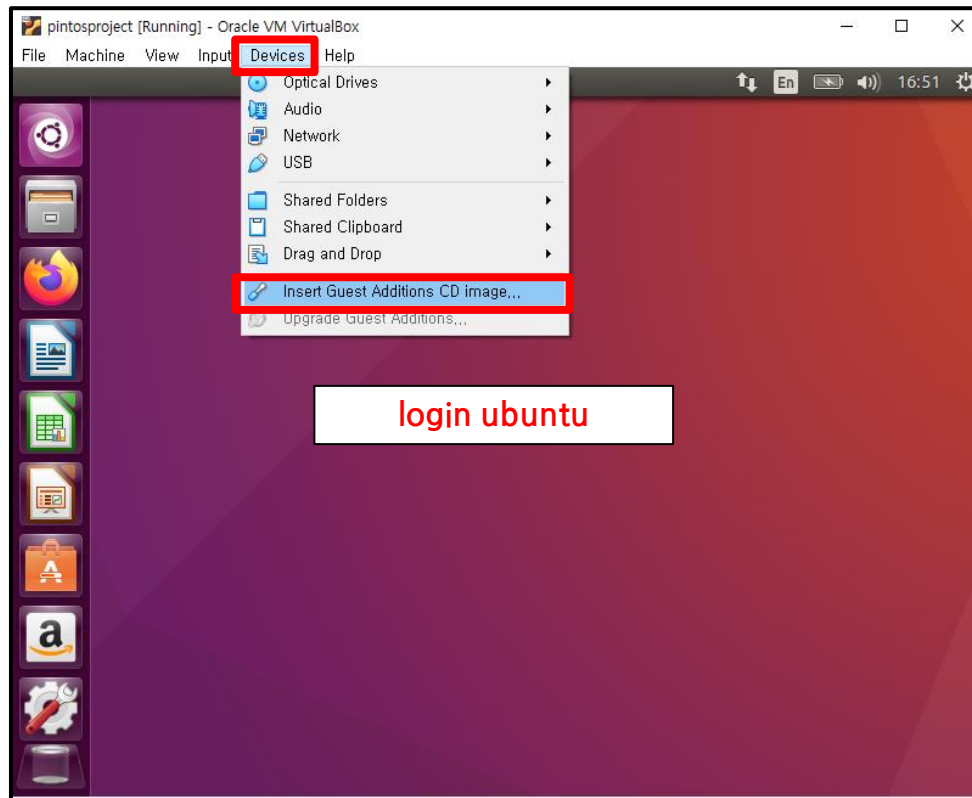
Enabling additional options ②



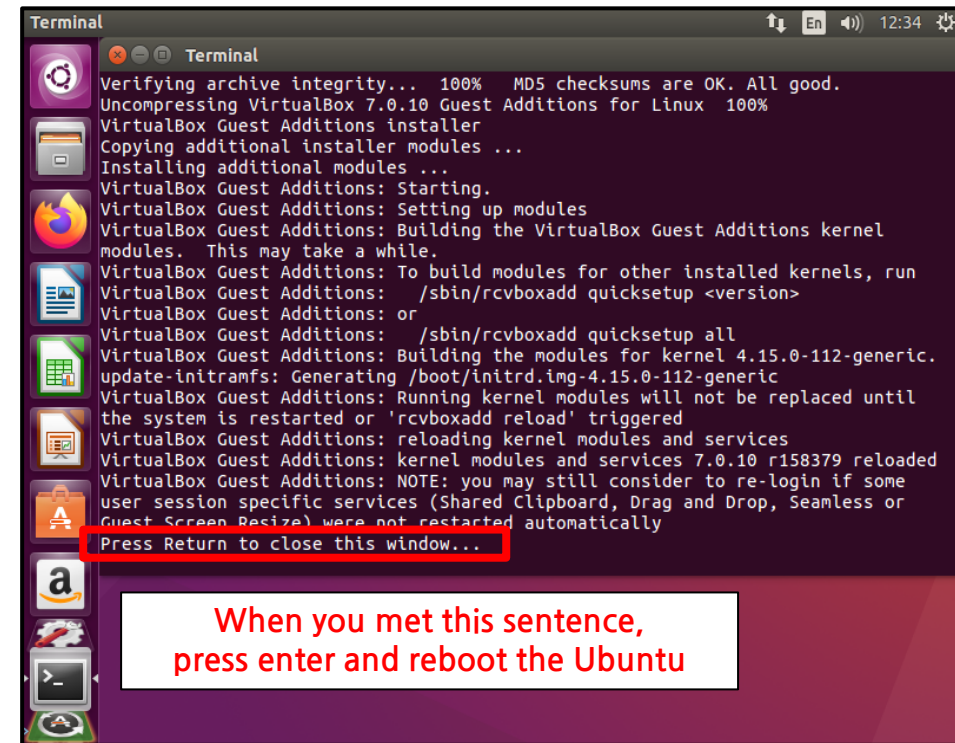
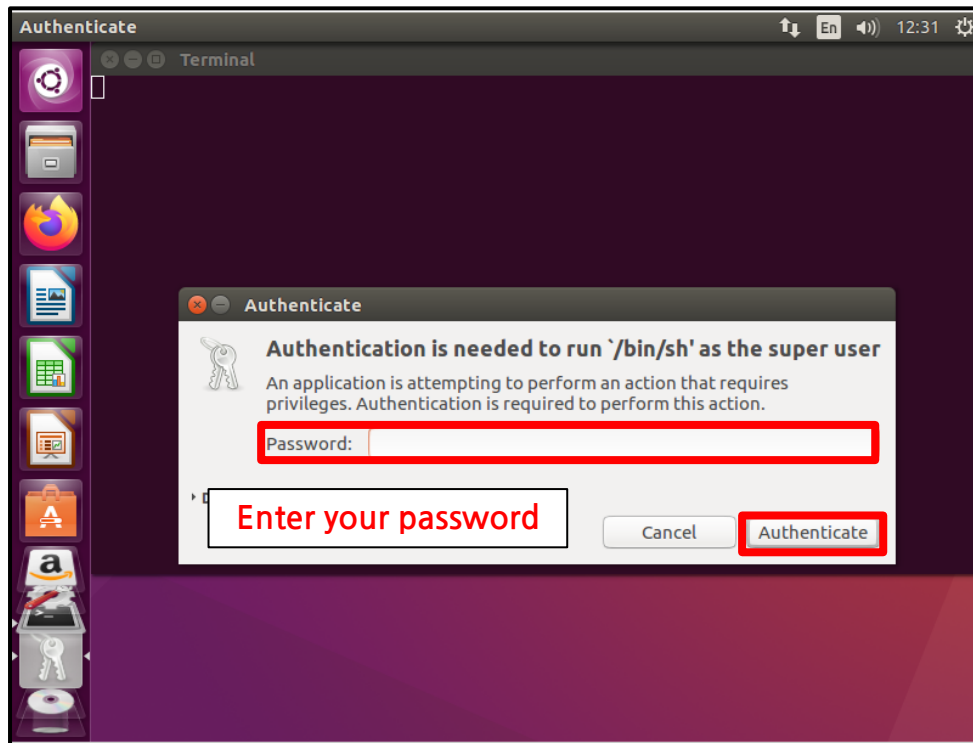
Enabling additional options ③



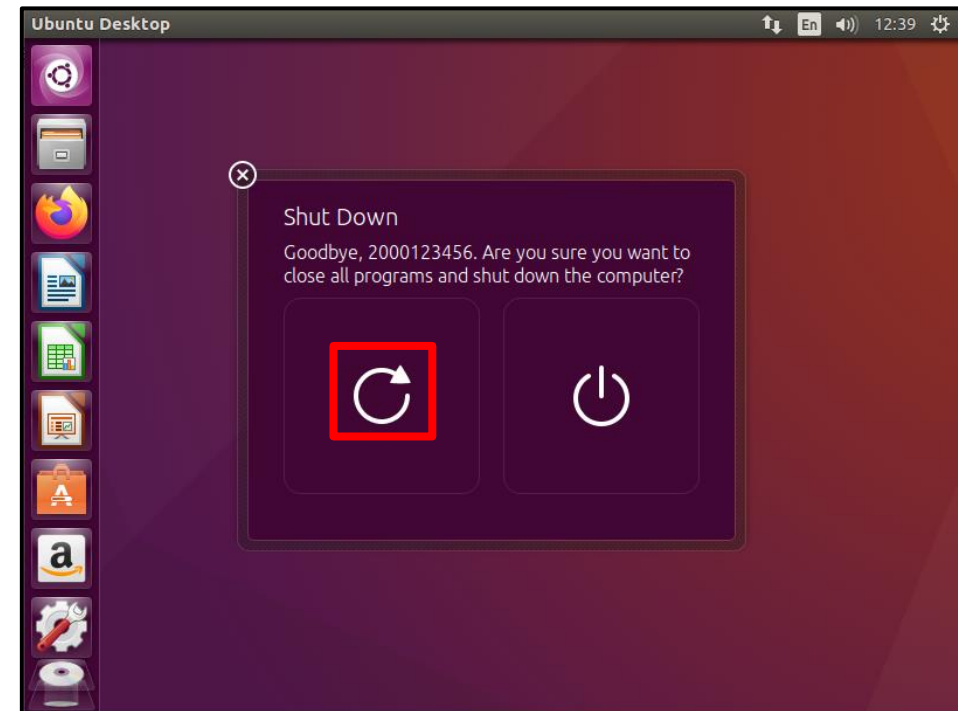
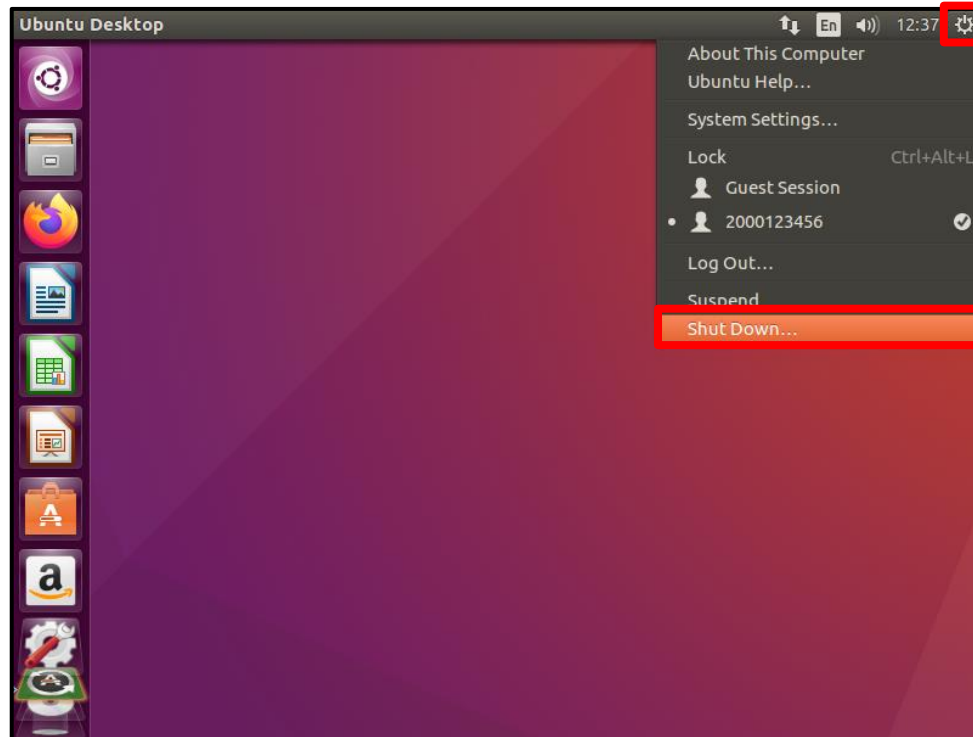
Enabling additional options ④



Enabling additional options ⑤



Enabling additional options ⑥



...

4. Install Pintos

Install packages related to Pintos

```
$ sudo apt update
```

```
$ sudo apt install qemu libc6-dev g++ gcc
```

```
$ sudo ln -s /usr/bin/qemu-system-i386 /usr/bin/qemu
```

```
$ wget https://web.stanford.edu/class/cs140/projects/pintos/pintos.tar.gz
```

```
$ tar -xvf pintos.tar.gz
```

```
p2000123456@p2000123456: ~  
pintos/src/userprog/syscall.h  
pintos/src/userprog/tss.c  
pintos/src/userprog/tss.h  
pintos/src/utils/  
pintos/src/utils/.gitignore  
pintos/src/utils/Makefile  
pintos/src/utils/Pintos.pm  
pintos/src/utils/backtrace  
pintos/src/utils/pintos  
pintos/src/utils/pintos-gdb  
pintos/src/utils/pintos-mkdisk  
pintos/src/utils/pintos-set-cmdline  
pintos/src/utils/setitimer-helper.c  
pintos/src/utils/squish-pty.c  
pintos/src/utils/squish-unix.c  
pintos/src/vm/  
pintos/src/vm/.gitignore  
pintos/src/vm/Make.vars  
pintos/src/vm/Makefile  
pintos/src/Make.config  
p2000123456@p2000123456:~$ ls  
Desktop Downloads Music pintos Public Videos  
Documents examples.desktop Pictures pintos.tar.gz Templates  
p2000123456@p2000123456:~$
```

Modify several configuration files

- ① pintos/src/threads/Make.vars
SIMULATOR = `--bochs` → SIMULATOR = `--qemu`
- ② pintos/src/utils/pintos (line 103)
(\$sim = `"qemu"` if !defined \$sim;)
- ③ pintos/src/utils/pintos (line 259)
(`"your directory/pintos/src/threads/build/kernel.bin"`);
- ④ pintos/src/utils/Pintos.pm (line 362)
(`"your directory/pintos/src/threads/build/loader.bin"`)
- ⑤ pintos/src/device/shutdown.c (line 100)
`outw(0x604, 0x0|0x2000);` <- Add on the 100th line
- ⑥ pintos/src/utils/Makefile
"LDFLAGS = `-lm`" → "LDLIBS = `-lm`"

```
# -*- makefile -*-
kernel.bin: DEFINES =
KERNEL_SUBDIRS = threads devices lib lib/kernel $(TEST_SUBDIRS)
TEST_SUBDIRS = tests/threads
GRADING_FILE = $(SRCDIR)/tests/threads/Grading
SIMULATOR = --qemu
```

```
if (lexists $parts{KERNEL}) {
my $name = find_file ('/home/p2000123456/pintos/src/threads/build/kernel.bin');
die "Cannot find kernel\n" if !defined $name;
do_set_part ('KERNEL', 'file', $name);
}
```

```
p2000123456@p2000123456: ~/pintos
# If $file_name is undefined, tries to find the default loader.
# Makes sure that the loader is a reasonable size.
sub read_loader {
my ($name) = @_;
$name = find_file ("/home/p2000123456/pintos/src/threads/build/loader.bin") if !defined $name;
die "Cannot find loader\n" if !defined $name;
```

```
print_stats ();

printf ("Powering off...\n");
serial_flush ();
outw(0x604, 0x0|0x2000);
```

```
p2000123456@p2000123456: ~/pintos
all: setitimer-helper squish-pty squish-unix

CC = gcc
CFLAGS = -Wall -W
LDLIBS = -lm
```

Build Pintos & set environment variable

Build threads, utils and set environment variable

```
$ cd pintos/src/threads
```

```
$ make
```

```
$ cd pintos/src/utils
```

```
$ echo "export PATH=\"\$PATH:~/pintos/src/utils\"" >>  
~/.bashrc
```

```
$ source ~/.bashrc
```

Run pintos

```
$ pintos -q run alarm-multiple
```

```
p2000123456@p2000123456: ~/pintos/src/utils  
(alarm-multiple) thread 3: duration=40, iteration=2, product=80  
(alarm-multiple) thread 1: duration=20, iteration=4, product=80  
(alarm-multiple) thread 2: duration=30, iteration=3, product=90  
(alarm-multiple) thread 4: duration=50, iteration=2, product=100  
(alarm-multiple) thread 1: duration=20, iteration=5, product=100  
(alarm-multiple) thread 1: duration=20, iteration=6, product=120  
(alarm-multiple) thread 2: duration=30, iteration=4, product=120  
(alarm-multiple) thread 3: duration=40, iteration=3, product=120  
(alarm-multiple) thread 1: duration=20, iteration=7, product=140  
(alarm-multiple) thread 2: duration=30, iteration=5, product=150  
(alarm-multiple) thread 4: duration=50, iteration=3, product=150  
(alarm-multiple) thread 3: duration=40, iteration=4, product=160  
(alarm-multiple) thread 2: duration=30, iteration=6, product=180  
(alarm-multiple) thread 3: duration=40, iteration=5, product=200  
(alarm-multiple) thread 4: duration=50, iteration=4, product=200  
(alarm-multiple) thread 2: duration=30, iteration=7, product=210  
(alarm-multiple) thread 3: duration=40, iteration=6, product=240  
(alarm-multiple) thread 4: duration=50, iteration=5, product=250  
(alarm-multiple) thread 3: duration=40, iteration=7, product=280  
(alarm-multiple) thread 4: duration=50, iteration=6, product=300  
(alarm-multiple) thread 4: duration=50, iteration=7, product=350  
(alarm-multiple) end  
Execution of 'alarm-multiple' complete.
```

Result of “\$ pintos -q run alarm-multiple”

Thank you

: -)