# Neural Network 기초 Assignment 1

이름: 장 눼 닋

#### Part 1. 함수 (20 points)

1. Sigmoid를 z에 대해 미분하세요. (2 points)

$$\sigma(z) = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-z}}$$

$$\sigma'(z) = \frac{e^{-z}}{(1 + e^{-z})^{-1}} = \frac{1}{(1 + e^{-z})^{-1}} = \frac{1}{(1 + e^{-z})^{-1}} = \frac{1}{(1 + e^{-z})} \left(1 - \frac{1}{(1 + e^{-z})}\right)$$

$$= \sigma(z) \left(1 - \sigma(z)\right)$$

2. Mean Square Error를  $w_i$ 에 대해 편미분하세요. (3 points)

$$MSE = J(W) = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{k=1}^{K} (y_k - o_k)^2$$

$$o_i = \mathbf{w}_i^T \mathbf{x} + b_{i,j} (1 \le i \le K)$$

$$\frac{\partial J(w)}{\partial w_{i}} = \frac{1}{2} \cdot 2 \, Z(h_{i} - o_{i}) \, (y_{2} - o_{i})'$$

$$= 2 \, (y_{1} - o_{i}) \, (o - 1 - o_{i})$$

$$= -2 \, (y_{3} - o_{i}) \, K$$

3. Logistic Regression의 Log Likelihood를  $w_i$ 에 대해 편미분하세요. (3 points)

$$\begin{aligned} \log likelihood &= J(W) = -\sum_{k=1}^K \{y_k \log p_k + (1-y_k) \log (1-p_k)\} \\ p_i &= \sigma(z_i), z_i = \boldsymbol{w}_i^T \boldsymbol{x} + b_i, (1 \leq i \leq K) \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{2J(w)}{2w^{2}} = -\Sigma \left( \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial}{\partial w^{2}} \log P_{1} + (-1) \frac{\partial}{\partial w^{2}} \log (1-P_{1}) \right)$$

$$= -\Sigma \left( \frac{2}{1} \frac{P_{1}(1-1)}{P_{1}} + \frac{(1-1)}{1-P_{2}} \frac{P_{2}(1-P_{1})}{1-P_{2}} \right)$$

$$= -\Sigma \left( \frac{1}{1} \frac{(1-P_{1})}{P_{1}} \times - (1-2) \frac{P_{1}}{P_{1}} \times \right)$$

$$= -\Sigma \left( \frac{1}{1} \frac{P_{1}}{P_{1}} \right) \times C_{1}^{2} \Sigma \left( \frac{P_{1}}{P_{1}} - \frac{1}{2} \right) \times C_{2}^{2}$$

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4. 다음 식이 올바른 이유를 증명하세요. (5 points)

$$-\sum_{k=1}^{K} y_k \log(p_k) = -\log p_i, (1 \le i \le k)$$

Kohil classification Zalley

W) k=3. [1.00], [0,1.0], [0.0.1] 최정 one-hot electing 가건함턴

5. Softmax-Cross Entropy를  $z_i$ 에 대해 편미분하세요. (7 points)

$$CE = -\sum_{k=1}^{K} y_k \log(p_k), \qquad p_i = \frac{e^{z_i}}{\sum e^{z_k}}$$

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i) i=j 
$$e^{\frac{2i}{2}} \frac{e^{\frac{2i}{4}} e^{\frac{2i}{4}} e^{\frac{2i}{4}} e^{\frac{2i}{4}}}{(2e^{\frac{2k}{4}})^2} = \frac{e^{\frac{2i}{4}} \left(\sum e^{\frac{2k}{4}} - e^{\frac{2i}{4}}\right)}{(\sum e^{\frac{2k}{4}})^2} = \frac{\sum e^{\frac{2i}{4}} \frac{\sum e^{\frac{2k}{4}} - e^{\frac{2i}{4}}}{\sum e^{\frac{2k}{4}}} = l_1(1-l_1)$$

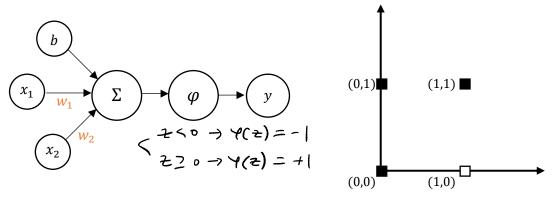
$$\frac{\partial}{\partial r} = \frac{\partial r}{\partial r} = \frac{\partial r}{\partial r} = -\frac{e^{2i}}{\sum_{k=1}^{n}} = -\frac$$

$$\frac{3(E)}{3E_{i}} = -\sum y_{i} \frac{\frac{3}{3E_{i}}P_{k}}{1k} = -y_{i} \frac{P_{i}LI-P_{i}}{P_{i}} - \sum_{i \neq j} (y_{i} - \frac{P_{i}P_{j}}{P_{j}})$$

$$= -y_{i}(1-P_{i}) + \sum_{i \neq j} P_{i}$$

### Part 2. 퍼셉트론 (15 points)

다음과 같은 구조의 퍼셉트론과 ■(=1), □(=0)을 평면좌표상에 나타낸 그림이 있습니다.



1. ■, □를 분류하는 임의의 *b*, w를 선정하고 분류하는 과정을 보이세요. (5 points)

$$b = +( , W_{1} = -2 , W_{2} = +2$$

$$(0.0) \rightarrow P(1) = 1 \rightarrow \hat{1} = 1$$

$$(0.1) \rightarrow P(1+2) = 1 \rightarrow \hat{1} = 1$$

$$(1.0) \rightarrow P(1+2) = 1 \rightarrow \hat{1} = 0$$

$$(1.1) \rightarrow P(1-2+2) = 1 \rightarrow \hat{1} = 0$$

2. Perceptron 학습 규칙에 따라 임의의 학습률  $\eta$ 을 정하고 b, w를 한 번 업데이트해 주세요. (5 points)

$$\eta = 0.01$$
 $b \neq b + 0.01 \times 0$ 
 $w_1 \neq w_1 + 0.01 \times 0$ 
 $w_2 \neq w_2 + 0.01 \times 0$ 
 $b = +1$ 
 $w_1 = -2$ 
 $w_2 = +2$ 

3. Adaline Gradient Descent에 따라 임의의 학습률  $\eta$ 을 정하고 b, w를 한 번 업데이트해 주세요. (5 points) 3a + 2c, 42c + 1c

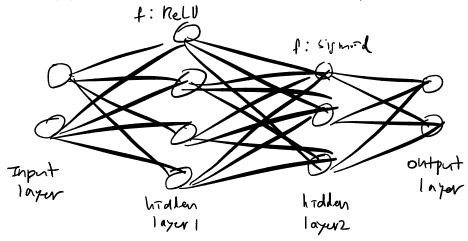
$$h = 0.01$$
 $b \in b + 0.01 \times (-3)$ 
 $W_1 \in W_1 + 0.01 \times 1$ 
 $W_2 \in W_2 + 0.01 \times (-1)$ 
 $b = 0.01$ 
 $W_1 = -1.99$ 
 $W_2 = 1.98$ 

_	do	26, 1	2(2	7	w3	1-270
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	1	1	0	0	-1	١
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### Part 3. 다층 퍼셉트론 (30 points)

Input Layer가 2차원, 첫 번째 Hidden Layer가 4차원 첫 번째 활성화 함수가 ReLU, 두 번 째 Hidden Layer가 3차원, 두 번째 활성화 함수가 Sigmoid, Output Layer가 2차원인 다층 퍼셉트론 구조의 신경망이 있습니다.

1. 위 신경망의 구조를 간략하게 그림으로 그리세요. (5 points)



2. Bias를 포함하여 각 Layer에 존재하는 Weight(Parameter)의 개수와 전체 Weight의 개 수를 구하세요. (10 points)

Input layer: 3

hidden layer 1: 5

total = 3×5× 4×2 = 120

hiddun layer 2: 4 output layer: 2

3. 위 신경망을 식으로 나타날 때 필요한 함수, 벡터와 행렬을 정의하고 순전파 과정을 행렬 식으로 표현하세요. (ex) input:  $x = (x_1, x_2, ...)^T$ ,  $x \leftarrow 4x1$ 차원) (15 points)

$$X = (x_1, x_n)^T, x \in \mathbb{R}^{2X}$$

$$W_1 = \begin{pmatrix} W_1 & W_{21} & W_{31} & W_{41} \\ W_{12} & W_{22} & W_{32} & W_{42} \end{pmatrix}^T, W \in \mathbb{R}^{4X2}$$

$$b' = (b_{1}^{1}, b_{2}^{1}, b_{3}^{1}, b_{4}^{1})^{T}, b' \in \mathbb{R}^{4k}$$

$$w'' = w_{11}^{2} w_{21}^{2} w_{31}^{2} T$$

$$\left(\begin{array}{ccc} w_{12}^{2} & w_{23}^{2} & w_{33}^{2} \\ w_{13}^{2} & w_{23}^{2} & w_{33}^{2} \end{array}\right), w' \in \mathbb{R}^{3k4}$$

$$w_{14}^{2} w_{14}^{2} w_{24}^{2} w_{34}^{2}$$

$$\mathcal{L} = (\mathcal{L}_{1}, \mathcal{A}_{N})^{T}, \quad \mathcal{A} \in (\mathbb{R}^{2\times 1})$$

$$W_{1} = (W_{1}^{1} | W_{2}^{1} | W_{3}^{1} | W_{4}^{1})^{T}, \quad W_{1}^{1} \in (\mathbb{R}^{4\times 2})$$

$$W_{1}^{2} = (W_{1}^{1} | W_{2}^{1} | W_{3}^{2})^{T}, \quad W_{2}^{2} \in (\mathbb{R}^{2\times 3})$$

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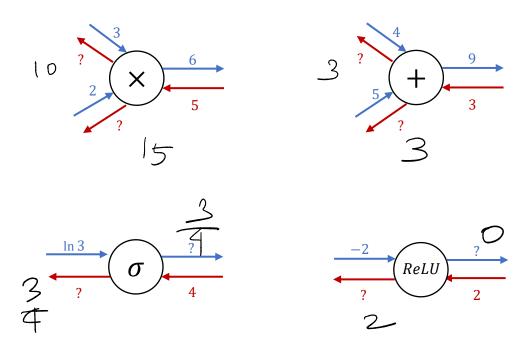
$$W_{3}^{2} = (W_{1}^{1} | W_{3}^{2} | W_{3}^{2})$$

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$$W$$

## Part 4. 역전파 (35 points)

1. 다음 그림들의 물음표에 들어갈 숫자를 구하세요. (5 points)



2. 3-3에서 정의한 함수, 벡터와 행렬로 각 Layer에 존재하는 Bias값들의 업데이트를 행렬식으로 표현하세요. (15 points)

$$S^{3} = \frac{37}{37}$$

$$f' = \frac{37}{32} = f'(2') \, \epsilon \, W^{3} \, J^{3}$$

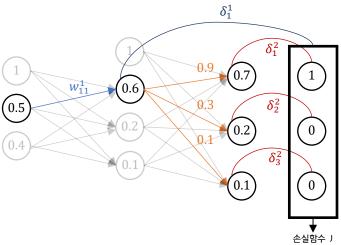
$$f' = \frac{37}{32'} = f'(2') \, \epsilon \, W^{3} \, J^{3}$$

$$f' = b' - 1 \, \zeta^{3}$$

$$f' \in b' - 1 \, \zeta^{3}$$

$$f' \in b' - 1 \, \zeta^{3}$$

3. 다음 그림에서 Loss Function은 Cross Entropy, Output Layer의 Activation Function은 Softmax, Hidden Layer의 Activation Function은 Sigmoid이고 Learning Rate는 0.05일 때, 각  $\delta$ 의 값과  $w_{11}^1$ 의 변화량을 구하세요. (각 노드의 숫자는 활성화 이후의 숫자입니다.) (15 points)



$$S_{1}^{2} = |-0.1| = 0.3$$

$$S_{2}^{2} = 0.2 = -0.2$$

$$S_{3}^{2} = 0.01 = -0.1$$

$$S_{1}^{1} = f'(0.1)(0.1)(0.1)(0.1)(0.1)(0.1)(0.1)(0.2)$$

$$= 0.6(11-0.1)(0.2)$$

$$= 0.048$$

$$SW_{11}^{1} = 0.05 \times S_{1}^{1} \times I_{1}$$

$$= 0.05 \times 0.048 \times 0.5$$

$$= 0.0012$$

고생하셨습니다~