Example: Finding GCD (最大公因數)

- Basic steps
 - Factor each number
 - Find the factors that are common between both numbers
 - Multiply the common factors together to get the greatest common divisor

Finding 最大公因數

- Ex: two numbers 40, 48
- Basic steps
 - Factor each number

It will take a long time

Find the common factors

Multiply the common factors to get the greatest common divisor

Euclid's Algorithm for GCD (1)

- Basic steps
 - Larger number = larger number smaller number
 - If the numbers are the same, it is the greatest common divisor, otherwise go to step 1

Euclid's Algorithm for GCD (2)

- Two numbers 48, 40
- Basic steps

$$-48, 40 \rightarrow 48 - 40 = 8 \quad 40$$

$$-8, 40 \rightarrow 40 - 8 = 32$$
 8

8 != 32, so repeat step 1

$$\bullet$$
 8, 32 \rightarrow 32 - 8 = 24 8

8 != 24, so repeat step 1

$$-8, 24 \rightarrow 24 - 8 = 16$$
 8

• 8 != 16, so repeat step 1

$$\bullet$$
 8, 16 \rightarrow 16 – 8 = 8

•8 = 8, so 8 is the GCD

Euclid's Algorithm for GCD (3)

```
int find gcf(int a, int b)
 /* assumes both a and b are greater than 0 */
while (a!=b) {
 if (a > b)
    a = a - b;
 else
    b = b - a;
  return a;
```