## Appendix B: MATLAB script for spectrogram

```
%% get file names
[file_pc,path_pc] = uigetfile('*.bin','Ultrasound file');
%% load ultrasound data
fid = fopen([path_pc,file_pc]);
                                      % data file
data_pc = fread(fid, 2e^7, uint16', b');
fclose(fid);
data_info = importdata([path_pc,file_pc(1:end-3),'txt'],' ',0); % additional info file
% get the info about data
dt = data_info(2)*1e-9;
fs = 1/dt;
N_{samp} = data_{info(3)};
N_line = length(data_pc)/N_samp;
rfpc = reshape(data_pc,N_samp,N_line);
t = (1:N_samp)*dt;
% filtering
[bpc,apc]=butter(2,[1e6 1e7]*dt/2);
rfpc_f = rfpc-mean(rfpc_2)*ones(1,N_line_1);
rfpc_f = filtfilt(bpc,apc,rfpc_f.*tukeywin(N_samp,0.1));
%....get the echo envelope (abs(hilbert(), display in dB)
rfpc_fh = hilbert(rfpc_f);
rfpc_fhe = abs(rfpc_fh);
afig = figure;
imagesc(1:N_line,t*1e6,20*log10(rfpc_fhe))
colorbar
ylabel('t (\mus)')
xlabel('Line no')
title(['Ultrasound data ',strrep(file_pc,'_','\_')])
set(gca,'YDir',"normal")
[cmi,cma]=caxis;
caxis([round((cma-50)/5)*5, cma])
                                         % use e.g.,50dB dynamic range
[maxval,indpc max] = max(sum(abs(rfpc fh)));
[minval,indpc_min] = min(sum(abs(rfpc_fh)));
[peakX,peakY] = pick_interface(t,rfpc_fhe,[6,21*15],5,10e-6);
figure(afig), hold on
plot(peakX, peakY*1e6,'r.')%'rx')
```

```
function [allTraceX, allTracet] = pick_interface(t, demodDataFilt, smfilt, Peakprom, PeakDist)
% function [allTraceX, allTraceY] = pick_interface(t, demodDataFilt, smfilt, Peakprom, PeakDist)
%
%
   function smoothing the image of the dataset and use MatLab's
%
   function findpeaks to indentify surfaces/interfaces in the image
%
           - time axis
% t
% demodDataFilt - filtered envelope of dataset
            - smoothfilter length smfilt(Nx, Ny) (in samples, Nx - lines, Ny time in samples)
% smfilt
% Peakprom - peak prominence (in dB)
              - minimum peak distance in time (s)
% PeakDist
% allTraceX - peak positions, X - line no
% allTracet - peak positions, t - time (s)
% based on Jørgen Avdals procBinary
% Tonni F.Johansen, 10.oct.2022
%
N_line = size(demodDataFilt,2);
% smooth filter parameters
Nx = smfilt(1);
Ny = smfilt(2);
fs = \frac{1}{diff(t(1:2))}; % sampling frequency
PeakDistS = PeakDist*fs; % peak distance in samples
demodData_af = filter2(ones(Ny,Nx)/(Ny*Nx), abs(demodDataFilt).^2);
                                                                            % smoothing of the image
peakMask = zeros( size( demodData af) );
for ii = 1:size( demodData af,2)
  testSig = 10*log10(demodData_af(:,ii));
  [pks,locs,w,p] = findpeaks(testSig, 'MinPeakProminence', Peakprom, 'MinPeakDistance', PeakDistS);
  peakMask(locs,ii) = pks;
end
[allTraceY, allTraceX] = ind2sub( size( peakMask), find( peakMask) );
  figure, hold off, imagesc(1:N_line,t*1e6, 10*log10(demodData_af));
  [cmi,cma]=caxis;
  caxis([cma-15, cma])
                             % compressed dynbamic range
  hold on, plot(allTraceX, allTraceY/fs*1e6, 'r.'); hold off;
  xlabel('Line no')
  ylabel('t (\mus)')
  colorbar
  set(gca,'YDir',"normal")
allTracet = allTraceY/fs;
```