Why Rumors Spread so Quickly in Social Networks

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Introduction

- Purpose
 - why rumors spread so quickly
- Models
 - samples of social network: Twitter & Orkut
 - PA graph created by other researchers
 - add new nodes with m neighbors
 - give preference to 'popular' nodes
 - RA graph and complete graph
- Method
 - start from a random node
 - push-and-pull protocol
- Result
 - faster upper bound
 - 'unpopular' nodes help a lot

Negatives

- Flaws with model used
 - Input size
 - Information Dissemination
 - Neighbors chosen randomly from uniform distribution
 - Misalignment from Twitter Platform

Negatives (cont'd)

- Flaws in paper writing
 - lack of explanations
 - how the preferences were given
 - fewer than m nodes
 - lack of mathematical derivations
 - but gave reference
 - nothing mentioned
- Flaws with English grammar
 - grammar errors
 - third-person singular
 - singular form vs plural form
 - wrong tense
 - sentence structure

Positives

- Background and purpose are well defined
- Expounds upon previous work done in related areas

Scalability is very favorable

Positives (cont'd)

- significantly improved in algorithm
 - previous: O(log(n)²)
 - now: O(log(n)/log(log(n))
 - PA better than RA graphs and complete graphs
- good observation
 - may help future research
- have been cited 26 times
 - mostly in Theory of Computing

Conclusions

- Novelty in social information diffusion
- Builds on previous principles in a logical manner

 Allows for expandability, mainly through model