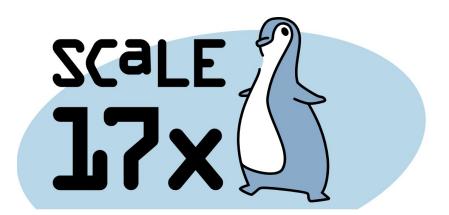
```
# biolatency.bt
Attaching 3 probes...
Tracing block device I/O... Hit Ctrl-C to end.
ΛC
    eBPF Perf Tools 2019
[256, 512)
[512, 1K)
              10
[1K, 2K)
                0
[2K, 4K)
             230
                a
[4K, 8K)
[8K, 16K)
             128
                0
[16K, 32K)
                00000000000
[32K, 64K)
[64K, 128K)
                  Brendan Gregg
[128K, 256K)
```

SCaLE Mar 2019



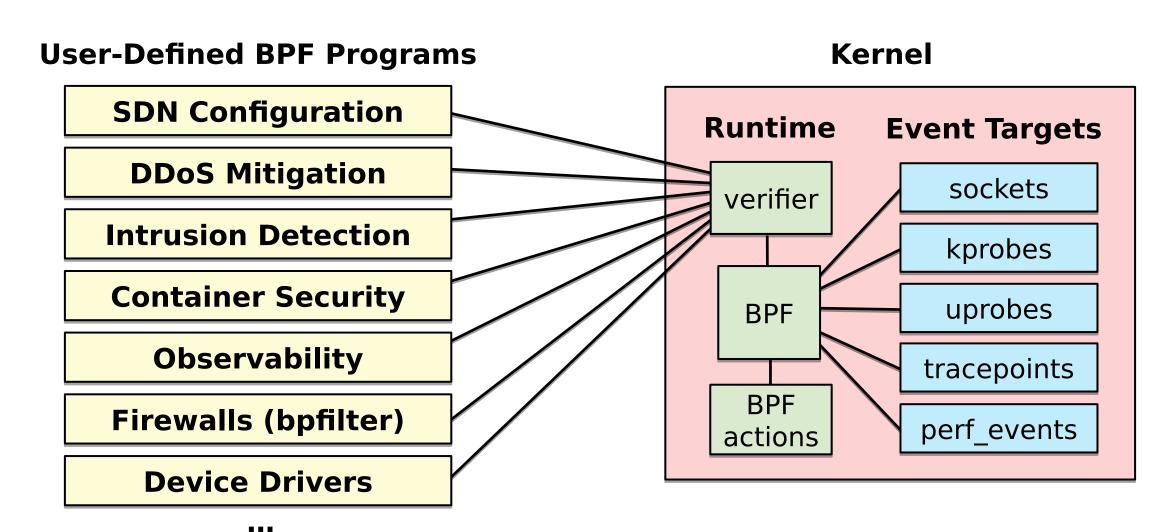


LIVE DEMO eBPF Minecraft Analysis

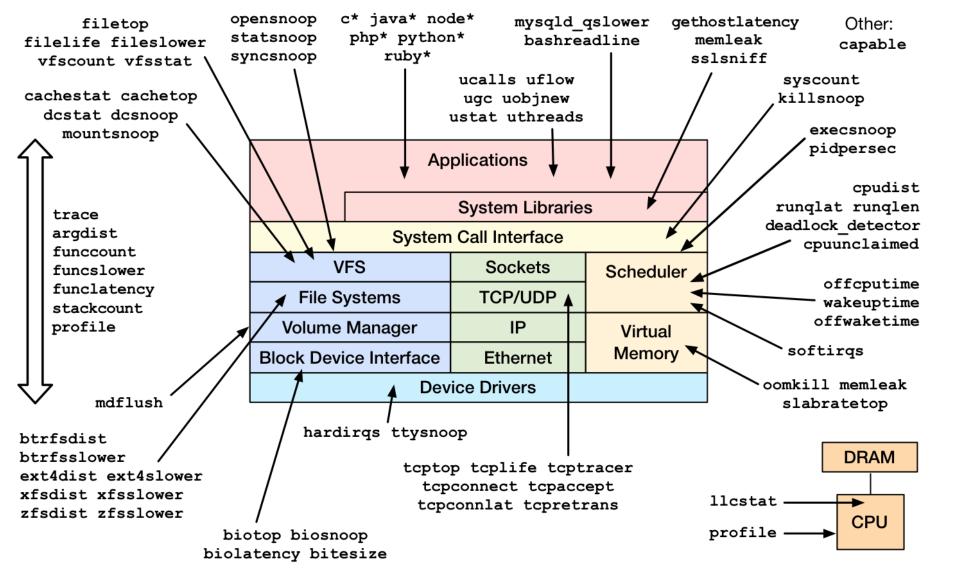


Enhanced BPF

also known as just "BPF"



eBPF bcc

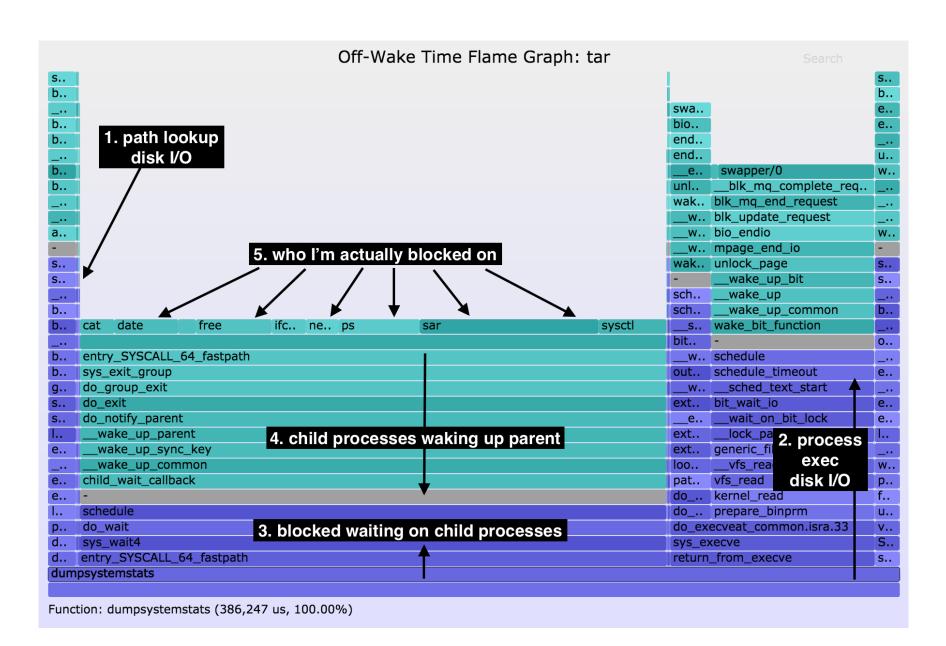


https://github.com/iovisor/bcc

Linux 4.9+

```
# Files opened by process
bpftrace -e 't:syscalls:sys_enter_open { printf("%s %s\n", comm,
   str(args->filename)) }'
# Read size distribution by process
bpftrace -e 't:syscalls:sys_exit_read { @[comm] = hist(args->ret) }'
# Count VFS calls
bpftrace -e 'kprobe:vfs_* { @[func]++ }'
# Show vfs_read latency as a histogram
bpftrace -e 'k:vfs_read { @[tid] = nsecs }
   kr:vfs_read /@[tid]/ { @ns = hist(nsecs - @[tid]); delete(@tid) }'
# Trace user-level function
Bpftrace -e 'uretprobe:bash:readline { printf("%s\n", str(retval)) }'
```

eBPF is solving new things: off-CPU + wakeup analysis



Raw BPF

```
struct bpf_insn prog[] = {
        BPF MOV64 REG(BPF REG 6, BPF REG 1),
        BPF_LD_ABS(BPF_B, ETH_HLEN + offsetof(struct iphdr, protocol) /* R0 = ip->proto */),
        BPF_STX_MEM(BPF_W, BPF_REG_10, BPF_REG_0, -4), /* *(u32 *)(fp - 4) = r0 */
        BPF_MOV64_REG(BPF_REG_2, BPF_REG_10),
        BPF_ALU64_IMM(BPF_ADD, BPF_REG_2, -4), /* r2 = fp - 4 */
        BPF LD MAP FD(BPF REG 1, map fd),
        BPF_RAW_INSN(BPF_JMP | BPF_CALL, 0, 0, 0, BPF_FUNC_map_lookup_elem),
        BPF_JMP_IMM(BPF_JEQ, BPF_REG_0, 0, 2),
        BPF_MOV64_IMM(BPF_REG_1, 1), /* r1 = 1 */
        BPF_RAW_INSN(BPF_STX | BPF_XADD | BPF_DW, BPF_REG_0, BPF_REG_1, 0, 0), /* xadd r0 += r1 */
        BPF_MOV64_IMM(BPF_REG_0, 0), /* r0 = 0 */
        BPF_EXIT_INSN(),
};
```

C/BPF

```
SEC("kprobe/__netif_receive_skb_core")
int bpf_prog1(struct pt_regs *ctx)
        /* attaches to kprobe netif_receive_skb,
         * looks for packets on loobpack device and prints them
         */
        char devname[IFNAMSIZ];
        struct net_device *dev;
        struct sk_buff *skb;
        int len;
        /* non-portable! works for the given kernel only */
        skb = (struct sk_buff *) PT_REGS_PARM1(ctx);
        dev = (skb->dev);
```

bcc/BPF (C & Python)

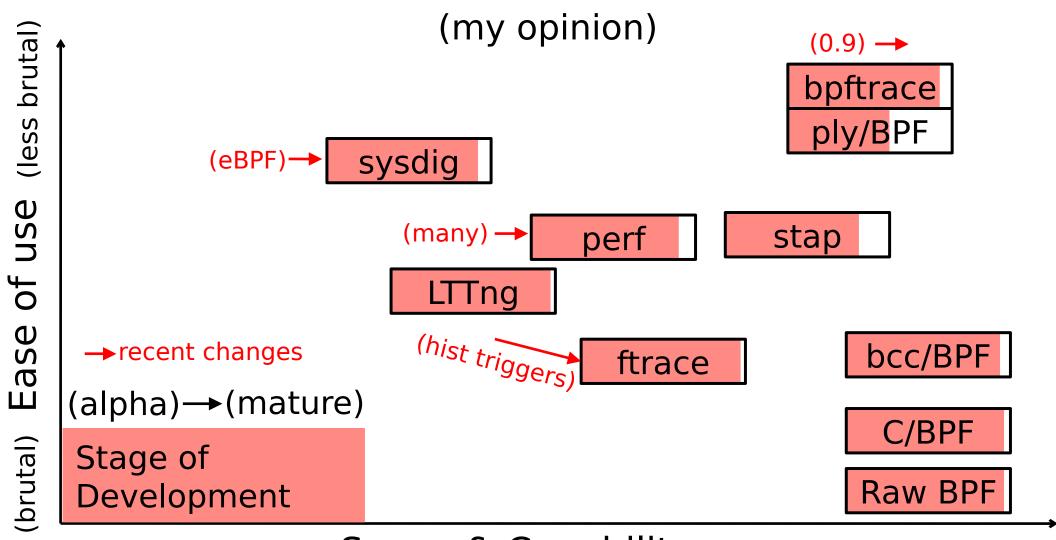
```
# load BPF program
b = BPF(text="""
#include <uapi/linux/ptrace.h>
#include <linux/blkdev.h>
BPF_HISTOGRAM(dist);
int kprobe__blk_account_io_completion(struct pt_regs *ctx,
    struct request *req)
    dist.increment(bpf_log2l(req->__data_len / 1024));
    return 0;
.....
```

```
# header
print("Tracing... Hit Ctrl-C to end.")
# trace until Ctrl-C
try:
    sleep(9999999)
except KeyboardInterrupt:
    print
# output
b["dist"].print_log2_hist("kbytes")
```

bpftrace

```
bpftrace -e 'kr:vfs_read { @ = hist(retval); }'
```

The Tracing Landscape, Mar 2019



Scope & Capability

e.g., identify multimodal disk I/O latency and outliers with bcc/eBPF biolatency

```
# biolatency -mT 10
Tracing block device I/O... Hit Ctrl-C to end.
19:19:04
                           distribution
                  : count
   msecs
                          | * * * * * * * * *
      0 \to 1
                  : 238
      2 -> 3
                  : 424
                           *****
      4 -> 7
                  : 834
                           : 506
                           8 -> 15
     16 -> 31 : 986
                           ****************
     32 -> 63 : 97
                           * * *
     64 -> 127 : 7
               : 27
     128 -> 255
19:19:14
                           distribution
                  : count
   msecs
      0 -> 1
                  : 427
      2 -> 3
                           *****
                  : 424
[...]
```

bcc/eBPF programs can be laborious: biolatency

```
# define BPF program
bpf_text = """
#include <uapi/linux/ptrace.h>
#include ux/blkdev.h>
typedef struct disk_key {
    char disk[DISK_NAME_LEN];
    u64 slot;
} disk key t;
BPF_HASH(start, struct request *);
STORAGE
// time block I/O
int trace_req_start(struct pt_regs *ctx, struct request *req)
    u64 ts = bpf_ktime_get_ns();
    start.update(&req, &ts);
    return 0;
}
// output
int trace_req_completion(struct pt_regs *ctx, struct request *req)
    u64 *tsp, delta;
    // fetch timestamp and calculate delta
    tsp = start.lookup(&req);
    if (tsp == 0) {
        return 0; // missed issue
    delta = bpf ktime get ns() - *tsp;
    FACTOR
    // store as histogram
    STORE
    start.delete(&req);
    return 0;
# code substitutions
if args.milliseconds:
    bpf_text = bpf_text.replace('FACTOR', 'delta /= 1000000;')
    label = "msecs"
    bpf_text = bpf_text.replace('FACTOR', 'delta /= 1000;')
    label = "usecs"
```

```
if args.disks:
   bpf text = bpf text.replace('STORAGE',
        'BPF_HISTOGRAM(dist, disk_key_t);')
   bpf_text = bpf_text.replace('STORE',
        'disk_key_t key = {.slot = bpf_log2l(delta)}; ' +
        'void *__tmp = (void *)req->rq_disk->disk_name; ' +
        'bpf probe read(&key.disk, sizeof(key.disk), tmp); ' +
        'dist.increment(key);')
else:
   bpf_text = bpf_text.replace('STORAGE', 'BPF_HISTOGRAM(dist);')
   bpf_text = bpf_text.replace('STORE',
        'dist.increment(bpf log2l(delta));')
if debug or args.ebpf:
   print(bpf_text)
   if args.ebpf:
        exit()
# load BPF program
b = BPF(text=bpf text)
if args.gueued:
   b.attach_kprobe(event="blk_account_io_start", fn_name="trace_req_start")
   b.attach kprobe(event="blk start request", fn name="trace req start")
   b.attach_kprobe(event="blk_mq_start_request", fn_name="trace_req_start")
b.attach_kprobe(event="blk_account_io_completion",
   fn_name="trace_req_completion")
print("Tracing block device I/0... Hit Ctrl-C to end.")
# output
exiting = 0 if args.interval else 1
dist = b.get_table("dist")
while (1):
   try:
        sleep(int(args.interval))
   except KeyboardInterrupt:
        exiting = 1
   print()
   if args.timestamp:
        print("%-8s\n" % strftime("%H:%M:%S"), end="")
   dist.print_log2_hist(label, "disk")
   dist.clear()
   countdown -= 1
   if exiting or countdown == 0:
        exit()
```

... rewritten in bpftrace (launched Oct 2018)!

```
#!/usr/local/bin/bpftrace
BEGIN
   printf("Tracing block device I/O... Hit Ctrl-C to end.\n");
kprobe:blk_account_io_start
   @start[arg0] = nsecs;
kprobe:blk_account_io_completion
/@start[arg0]/
   @usecs = hist((nsecs - @start[arg0]) / 1000);
   delete(@start[arg0]);
```

... rewritten in bpftrace

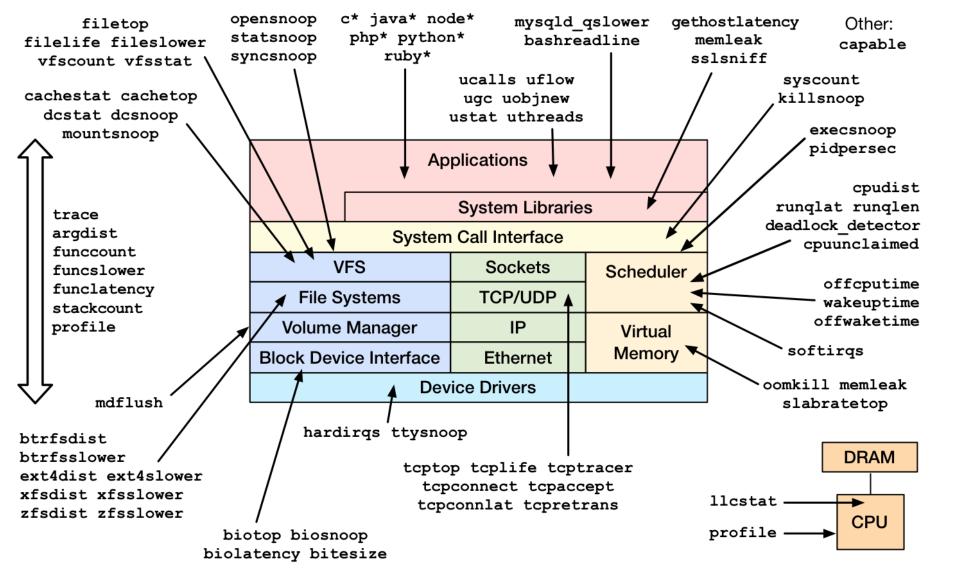
```
# biolatency.bt
Attaching 3 probes...
Tracing block device I/O... Hit Ctrl-C to end.
νC
@usecs:
[256, 512)
[512, 1K)
                10 |@
[1K, 2K)
             [2K, 4K)
               230 | @@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
[4K, 8K)
                   0
[8K, 16K) 128 | @@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
[16K, 32K)
            68 | @@@@@@@@
[32K, 64K)
[64K, 128K)
[128K, 256K)
                10 |@
```

bcc canned complex tools, agents

bpftrace one-liners, custom scripts

bcc

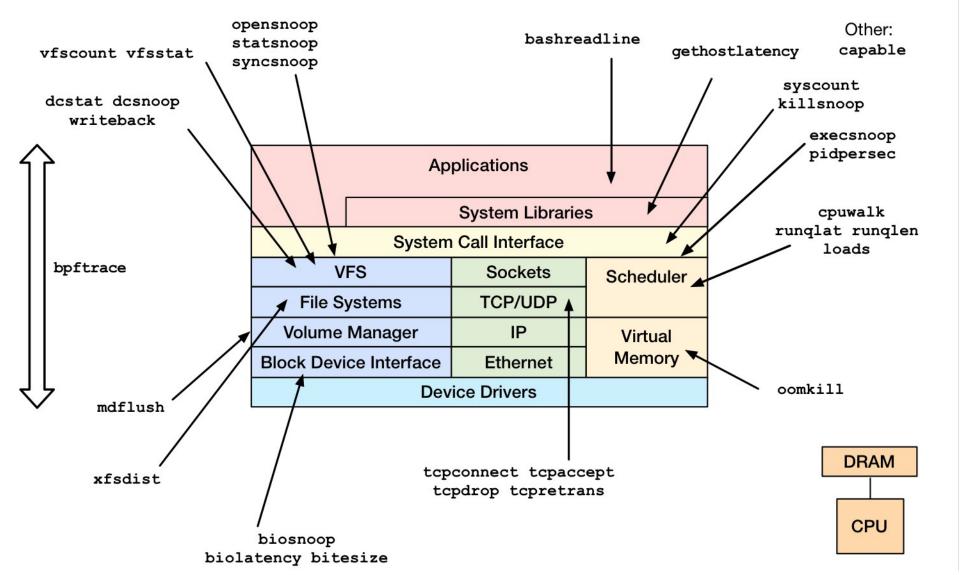
eBPF bcc



https://github.com/iovisor/bcc

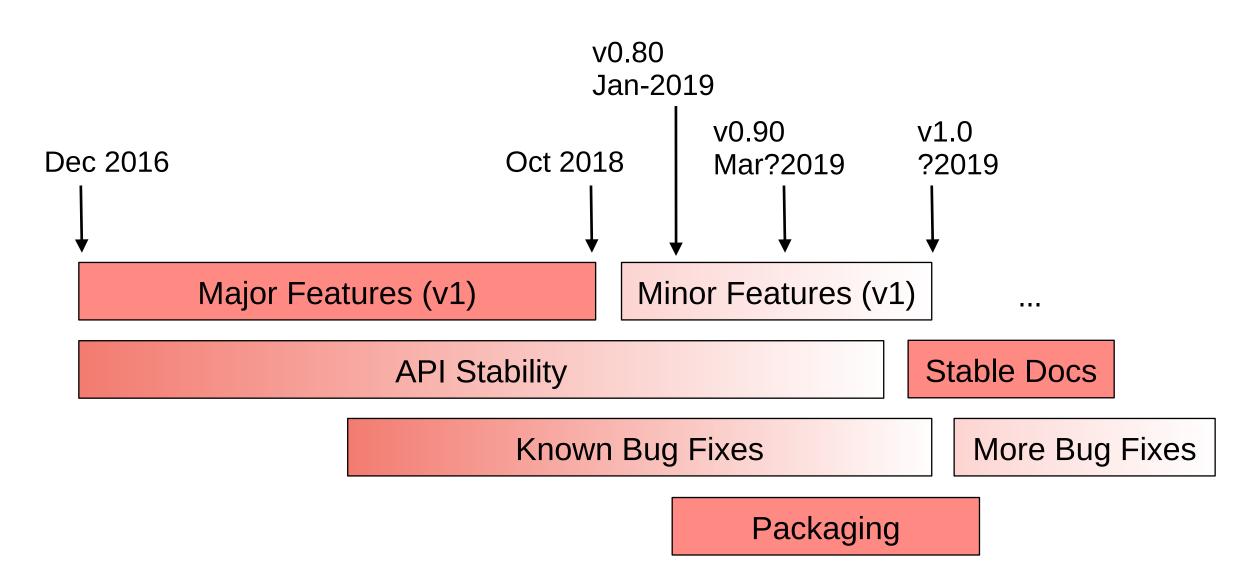
bpftrace

eBPF bpftrace

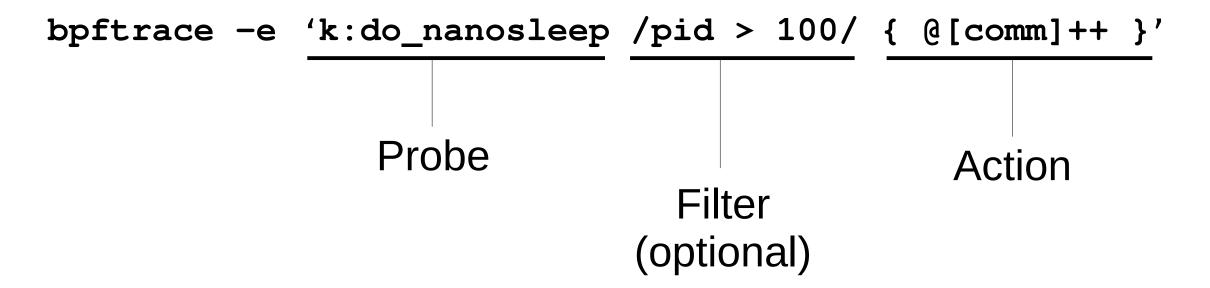


https://github.com/iovisor/bcc

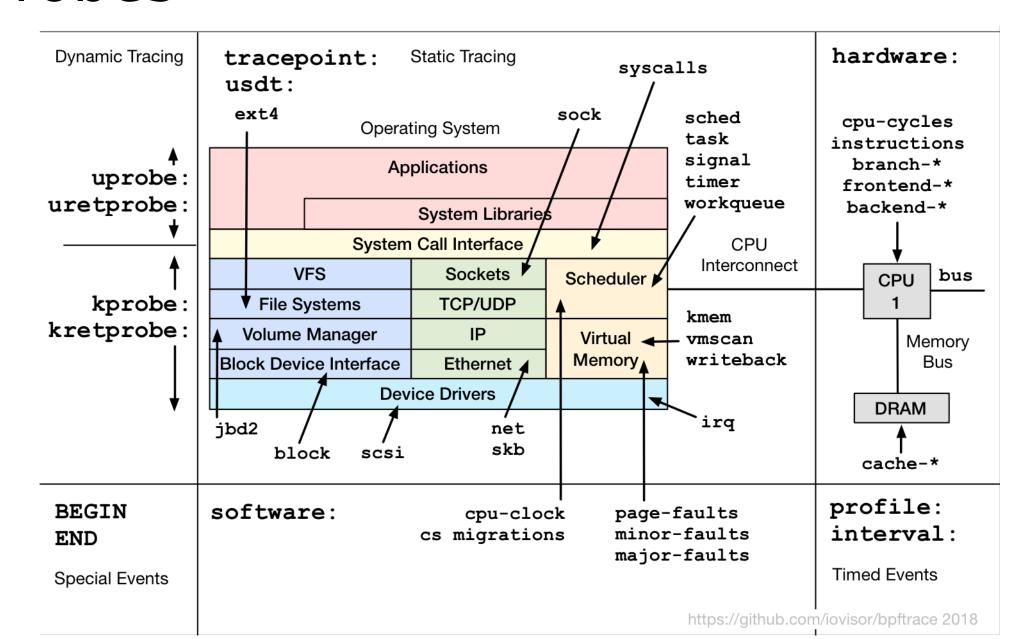
bpftrace Development



bpftrace Syntax



Probes



Probe Type Shortcuts

tracepoint	t	Kernel static tracepoints
usdt	U	User-level statically defined tracing
kprobe	k	Kernel function tracing
kretprobe	kr	Kernel function returns
uprobe	u	User-level function tracing
uretprobe	ur	User-level function returns
profile	р	Timed sampling across all CPUs
interval	i	Interval output
software	S	Kernel software events
hardware	h	Processor hardware events

Filters

```
/pid == 181//comm != "sshd"//@ts[tid]/
```

Actions

Per-event output

```
- printf()
- system()
- join()
- time()
```

Map Summaries

```
- @ = count() or @++
- @ = hist()
-
```

The following is in the https://github.com/iovisor/bpftrace/blob/master/docs/reference_guide.md

Functions

- hist(n) Log2 histogram
- lhist(n, min, max, step) Linear hist.
- count () Count events
- sum(n) Sum value
- min(n)
 Minimum value
- max(n) Maximum value
- avg(n) Average value
- stats(n) Statistics
- str(s) String
- sym(p) Resolve kernel addr
- usym(p) Resolve user addr
- kaddr(n) Resolve kernel symbol
- uaddr(n) Resolve user symbol

- printf(fmt, ...) Print formatted
- print(@x[, top[, div]]) Print map
- delete(@x) Delete map element
- clear (@x) Delete all keys/values
- reg(n) Register lookup
- join(a) Join string array
- time(fmt) Print formatted time
- system(fmt) Run shell command
- exit() Quit bpftrace

Variable Types

- Basic Variables
 - @global
 - @thread_local[tid]
 - \$scratch
- Associative Arrays
 - @array[key] = value
- Buitins
 - pid
 - . . .

Builtin Variables

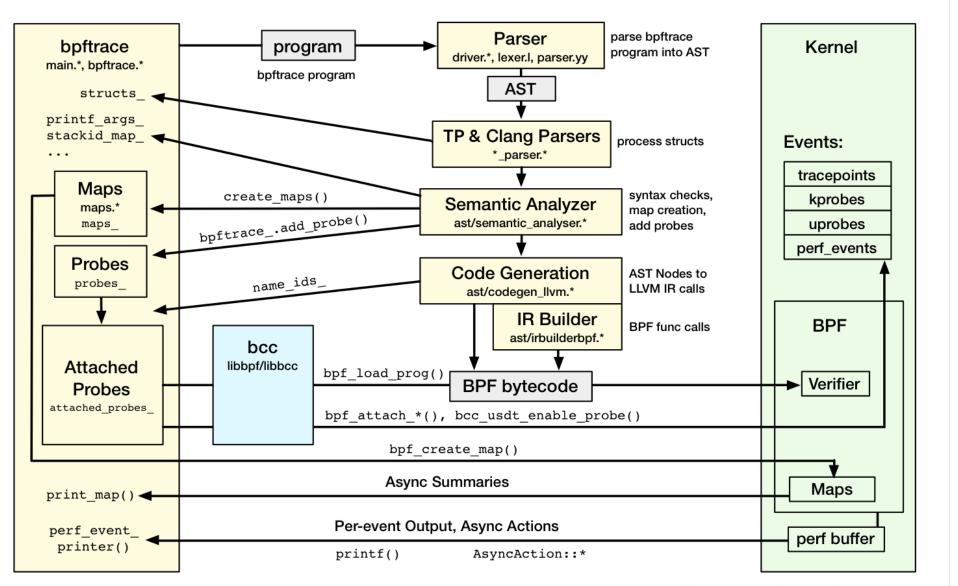
- **pid** Process ID (kernel tgid)
- tid Thread ID (kernel pid)
- cgroup Current Cgroup ID
- uid User ID
- gid Group ID
- nsecs Nanosecond timestamp
- cpu Processor ID
- comm Process name
- stack Kernel stack trace
- ustack User stack trace

- arg0, arg1, ... Function arguments
- retval Return value
- **func** Function name
- probe
 Full name of the probe
- curtask Current task_struct (u64)
- rand Random number (u32)

biolatency (again)

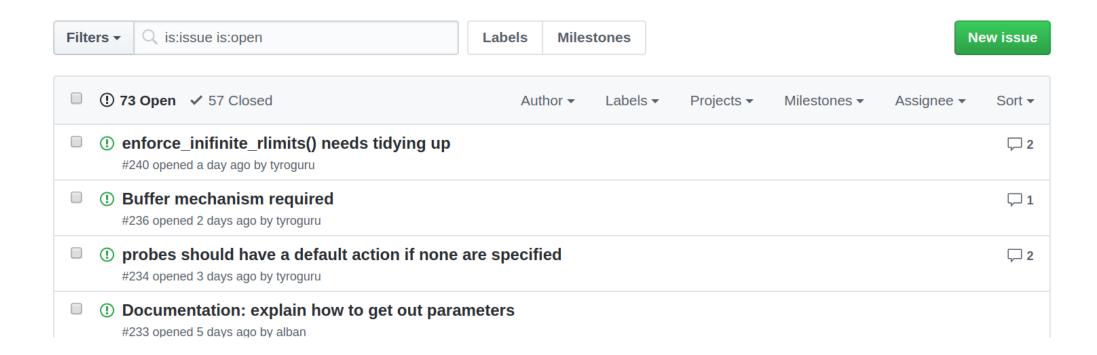
```
#!/usr/local/bin/bpftrace
BEGIN
   printf("Tracing block device I/O... Hit Ctrl-C to end.\n");
kprobe:blk_account_io_start
   @start[arg0] = nsecs;
kprobe:blk_account_io_completion
/@start[arg0]/
   @usecs = hist((nsecs - @start[arg0]) / 1000);
   delete(@start[arg0]);
```

bpftrace Internals



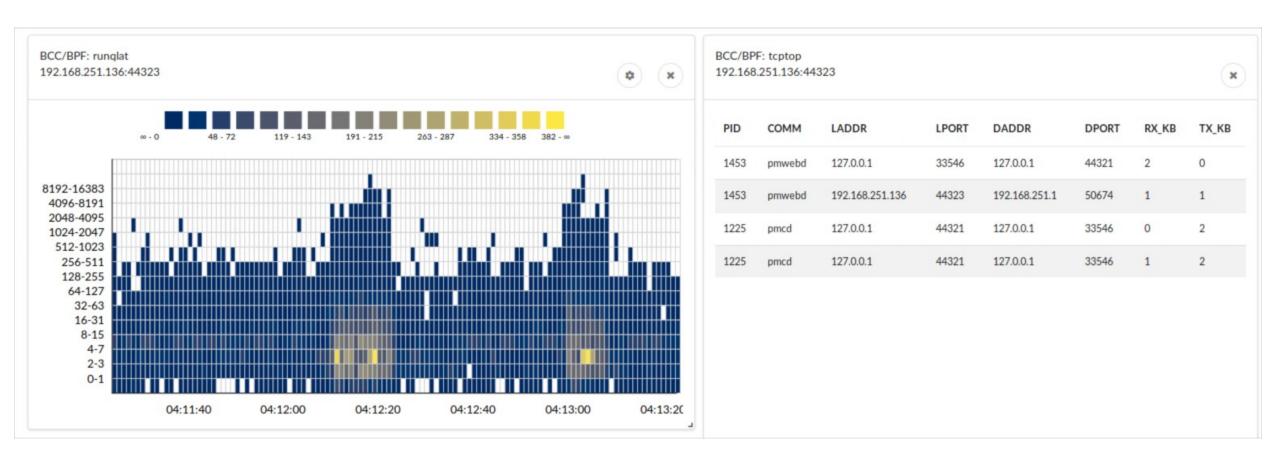
Issues

- All major capabilities exist
- Many minor things
- https://github.com/iovisor/bpftrace/issues



Other Tools

Netlfix Vector: BPF heat maps



https://medium.com/netflix-techblog/extending-vector-with-ebpf-to-inspect-host-and-container-performance-5da3af4c584b

Anticipated Worldwide Audience

- BPF Tool Developers:
 - Raw BPF: <20
 - C (or C++) BPF: ~20
 - bcc: >200
 - bpftrace: >5,000
- BPF Tool Users:
 - CLI tools (of any type): >20,000
 - GUIs (fronting any type): >200,000

Other Tools

- kubectl-trace
- sysdig eBPF support

Take Aways

Easily explore systems with bcc/bpftrace

Contribute: see bcc/bpftrace issue list

Share: posts, talks

URLs

- https://github.com/iovisor/bcc
- https://github.com/iovisor/bcc/blob/master/docs/tutorial.md
- https://github.com/iovisor/bcc/blob/master/docs/reference_guide.md
- https://github.com/iovisor/bpftrace
- https://github.com/iovisor/bpftrace/blob/master/docs/tutorial_one_liners.md
- https://github.com/iovisor/bpftrace/blob/master/docs/reference_guide.md

Thanks

bpftrace

- Alastair Robertson (creator)
- Netflix: myself so for
- Sthima: Matheus Marchini, Willian Gaspar
- Facebook: Jon Haslam, Dan Xu
- Augusto Mecking Caringi, Dale Hamel, ...

eBPF/bcc

- Facebook: Alexei Starovoitov, Teng Qin, Yonghong Song, Martin Lau, Mark Drayton, ...
- Netlfix: myself
- VMware: Brenden Blanco
- Sasha Goldsthein, Paul Chaignon, ...

