



Solutions to Item-wise Exercise

◆ Second Paper

Part-A : Grammar [60 Marks]

Using articles where necessary (Question No. 1)

01. (a) a (b) a (c) × (d) The/A (e) a (f) × (g) the (h) the (i) an (j) the
02. (a) the (b) × (c) a (d) the (e) the (f) A (g) a (h) A (i) the (j) a
03. (a) a (b) the (c) the (d) × (e) an (f) a (g) the (h) the (i) the (j) A
04. (a) the/an (b) a (c) the/× (d) a (e) × (f) a (g) the (h) the /a (i) the/a (j) the
05. (a) the (b) the (c) the (d) the (e) a (f) an (g) ×/ the (h) the (i) an (j) ×
06. (a) the (b) the (c) a (d) × (e) a (f) the (g) the (h) the (i) the (j) the
07. (a) an (b) a (c) a (d) the (e) a (f) the (g) × (h) × (i) the (j) an
08. (a) the (b) × (c) a (d) the (e) the (f) the (g) a (h) a (i) the (j) a
09. (a) a (b) × (c) the (d) the (e) a (f) the (g) an (h) a (i) the (j) the
10. (a) an/the (b) an (c) A (d) the (e) the (f) an/ the (g) a (h) × (i) a (j) ×
11. (a) × (b) a (c) × (d) the (e) × (f) the (g) a (h) the (i) × (j) the
12. (a) a (b) the (c) the (d) a (e) the (f) × (g) the (h) the (i) The (j) ×
13. (a) an (b) an (c) the (d) the (e) a (f) the (g) a (h) the (i) A (j) ×
14. (a) the (b) A (c) the (d) a (e) the (f) a (g) the (h) × (i) the (j) ×
15. (a) an (b) × (c) × (d) × (e) A (f) a (g) the (h) a (i) the (j) a
16. (a) a (b) a (c) The (d) an (e) an (f) an (g) the (h) the (i) the (j) ×
17. (a) an (b) the (c) a (d) ×/ a (e) the (f) a (g) × (h) ×/ a (i) a/ × (j) the
18. (a) the (b) the (c) ×/ the (d) the (e) a (f) × (g) × (h) the (i) the (j) the/ ×
19. (a) a (b) × (c) × (d) the (e) a (f) a (g) the (h) the (i) a (j) the
20. (a) a (b) an (c) a (d) × (e) the (f) × (g) a (h) the (i) a (j) the
21. (a) a (b) a (c) × (d) a (e) the (f) × (g) a (h) the (i) the (j) a
22. (a) a (b) a (c) × (d) a (e) the (f) × (g) the (h) the (i) a (j) ×
23. (a) an (b) an (c) × (d) a (e) × (f) The (g) the (h) a (i) × (j) ×
24. (a) a (b) a (c) an (d) the (e) the (f) the (g) a (h) the (i) × (j) ×
25. (a) The (b) a (c) × (d) a (e) × (f) the (g) an (h) an (i) the (j) a
26. (a) an (b) × (c) the (d) × (e) a (f) × (g) the (h) a (i) the (j) the
27. (a) an (b) a (c) the (d) the (e) × (f) × (g) the (h) the (i) the (j) an
28. (a) a (b) a (c) A (d) the (e) a/ the (f) the/ a (g) the (h) × (i) the (j) ×
29. (a) the (b) the (c) × (d) a (e) × (f) a (g) the (h) the (i) an (j) the
30. (a) the (b) the (c) a (d) the (e) the (f) the (g) the (h) the (i) the (j) the
31. (a) a (b) a (c) the (d) an (e) an (f) the (g) × (h) the (i) the (j) ×
32. (a) An (b) the (c) an (d) an (e) an (f) the (g) a (h) a (i) the (j) the
33. (a) × (b) × (c) a (d) the (e) × (f) × (g) the (h) × (i) The (j) the
34. (a) a (b) an (c) The (d) a (e) a (f) the (g) the (h) the (i) the (j) a
35. (a) an (b) a (c) a (d) × (e) × (f) a (g) the (h) an (i) a (j) the
36. (a) an (b) an (c) an (d) the (e) the (f) × (g) an (h) a (i) an (j) a
37. (a) × (b) The (c) the (d) the (e) the (f) The (g) the (h) a (i) a (j) a
38. (a) the (b) a (c) × (d) the (e) a (f) a (g) The (h) the (i) a (j) the
39. (a) An (b) an (c) the (d) an/the (e) a/the (f) The (g) × (h) the (i) the (j) the
40. (a) × (b) an (c) the (d) × (e) the (f) a (g) × (h) the (i) a (j) a
41. (a) an (b) the (c) a (d) a (e) The (f) the (g) ×/ the (h) a (i) a (j) the
42. (a) the (b) the (c) a (d) × (e) the (f) × (g) × (h) a (i) an (j) a
43. (a) an (b) the (c) a (d) × (e) the (f) An (g) a (h) the (i) An (j) the
44. (a) an (b) a (c) × (d) × (e) the (f) a (g) the (h) the (i) A (j) an
45. (a) An (b) an (c) an (d) The (e) the (f) × (g) the (h) the (i) the (j) ×
46. (a) a (b) × (c) the (d) × (e) an (f) the (g) a (h) the (i) a (j) ×
47. (a) a (b) a (c) the (d) the (e) The (f) × (g) an (i) An (j) ×
48. (a) the (b) the (c) the (d) a (e) a (f) the (g) a (h) the (i) × (j) the
49. (a) a (b) an (c) × (d) × (e) a (f) an (g) the (h) the (i) the (j) ×
50. (a) a (b) the (c) the (d) the (e) × (f) the (g) an (h) × (i) the (j) the

Using Prepositions (Question No.-2)

01. (a) in (b) In (c) around (d) of (e) For (f) of/among (g) for (h) of (i) in (j) of
02. (a) in (b) in (c) through (d) of (e) to (f) around (g) of (h) into (i) through (j) with
03. (a) in (b) on (c) to (d) over (e) for (f) down (g) of (h) in (i) on (j) in
04. (a) for (b) in (c) of/from (d) for/with/like/as (e) for/as (f) of/about (g) in/on/at (h) of/about (i) of (j) for/ about
05. (a) at/for (b) no preposition (c) of (d) against (e) to (f) of (g) in/during (h) after (i) of (j) in
06. (a) in (b) at (c) of (d) for (e) in/to (f) in (g) of (h) to (i) of (j) on
07. (a) of (b) to/with (c) in (d) of (e) at/in (f) with (g) from (h) of (i) for (j) with
08. (a) about (b) to (c) with (d) as (e) on (f) at (g) with (h) After (i) at (j) with
09. (a) of (b) for (c) for (d) of (e) of (f) in (g) about (h) in/ beyond (i) in (j) with
10. (a) by (b) of (c) down (d) of (e) in (f) up (g) outside/ out of (h) off (i) to (j) with
11. (a) of (b) by (c) by (d) down (e) by (f) up (g) by (h) in (i) up (j) on
12. (a) of (b) in (c) of (d) from (e) to (f) with (g) under (h) before (i) inside/ in (j) after
13. (a) to (b) to (c) by (d) for (e) for (f) to (g) of (h) of (i) by (j) down
14. (a) on (b) from (c) as (d) in (e) of (f) for (g) of (h) on (i) on (j) for
15. (a) in (b) in (c) with (d) in (e) in (f) with (g) to (h) with (i) to (j) of
16. (a) at (b) through (c) in (d) to (e) to (f) for (g) to (h) for (i) from (j) for
17. (a) in (b) of (c) in (d) to (e) by (f) in (g) by (h) in (i) to (j) for
18. (a) from (b) of (c) from (d) in (e) from (f) for (g) from (h) of (i) of (j) for
19. (a) from (b) to (c) in (d) in (e) against (f) with (g) for (h) round (i) with (j) of
20. (a) to (b) from (c) to (d) into (e) of (f) to (g) with (h) by (i) for (j) over
21. (a) on (b) by/beside (c) up (d) of (e) up (f) in (g) out (h) for (i) up (j) with
22. (a) over (b) between (c) in (d) of (e) of (f) in/on (g) over (h) On (i) by (j) to
23. (a) at (b) with (c) with (d) of (e) of (f) to (g) of (h) over (i) about (j) above
24. (a) of (b) to (c) from (d) through (e) for (f) at (g) on (h) with (i) into (j) in
25. (a) in (b) with (c) on (d) of (e) in (f) with (g) of (h) of (i) in (j) for
26. (a) of (b) of (c) to (d) for (e) in (f) to (g) by (h) of (i) on (j) of
27. (a) through (b) towards (c) up (d) to (e) on (f) near/up (g) away (h) down (i) to (j) into
28. (a) with (b) out (c) for (d) on (e) by (f) into (g) from (h) out (i) up (j) to
29. (a) in (b) from (c) of (d) for (e) after (f) by (g) with (h) into (i) for (j) on
30. (a) in (b) to (c) for (d) of (e) to (f) in (g) away (h) to (i) from (j) of/about
31. (a) of (b) within (c) of (d) out (e) by (f) with (g) in (h) with (i) to (j) of
32. (a) of (b) by (c) on/ during (d) of (e) with (f) of (g) During (h) to (i) in (j) by
33. (a) in (b) on (c) to (d) after (e) On (f) with (g) from (h) in (i) in (j) of
34. (a) of (b) in (c) with (d) to (e) of (f) to (g) of (h) of (i) from (j) in
35. (a) for (b) with (c) to (d) of (e) for (f) to (g) from (h) on (i) by (j) away
36. (a) to (b) about (c) of (d) from (e) to (f) in (g) with (h) of (i) of (j) to
37. (a) of (b) in (c) in (d) of (e) in (f) for (g) with (h) without (i) with (j) for
38. (a) of (b) up (c) with (d) of (e) to (f) to (g) of (h) from (i) into (j) in
39. (a) of (b) with (c) to (d) on (e) By (f) from (g) like (h) of (i) to (j) of
40. (a) to (b) out (c) across (d) for (e) of (f) to (g) about (h) of (i) under (j) at
41. (a) in (b) at (c) to (d) with (e) for (f) to (g) to (h) of (i) off (j) of
42. (a) of / in (b) to (c) to (d) to (e) in (f) to (g) in (h) against (i) of /about (j) in.
43. (a) of (b) to (c) about (d) of (e) with (f) of (g) of (h) to (i) in (j) of
44. (a) in (b) On (c) about (d) for (e) of (f) in (g) of (h) as (i) till (j) like
45. (a) to (b) of (c) of (d) to (e) to (f) to (g) on (h) for (i) from (j) from
46. (a) for (b) of (c) to (d) of (e) of (f) about (g) to (h) of (i) in (j) about
47. (a) for (b) from (c) on (d) of (e) as (f) of (g) on (h) with (i) of (j) beyond
48. (a) in (b) out (c) for (d) of (e) for (f) in (g) to (h) with (i) of (j) at/in
49. (a) for (b) to (c) For (d) into (e) for (f) of (g) to (h) by (i) on (j) against
50. (a) in (b) in (c) to (d) to (e) for (f) for (g) with (h) to (i) above (j) of

Words/Phrases of Special Use (Question No.-3)

01. (a) have to (b) would rather (c) What if (d) What's it like (e) As soon as (f) It (g) let alone (h) was born (i) had better (j) what does look like
02. (a) No sooner had (b) was born (c) as if (d) What if (e) would rather (f) lest (g) let alone (h) what does look like (i) there (j) have to
03. (a) had better (b) It (c) have to (d) there (e) What look like (f) As soon as (g) would rather (h) was born (i) let alone (j) as if
04. (a) there (b) let alone (c) as if (d) what's it like (e) What does ... look like (f) had better (g) as soon as (h) would rather (i) was born (j) have to
05. (a) Would you mind (b) in case (c) have to (d) as though (e) as long as (f) It is high time (g) lest (h) used to (i) unless (j) No sooner had
06. (a) was born (b) there (c) What's it like (d) would rather (e) has to/ had to (f) let alone (g) as soon as (h) as if (i) What if (j) what does look like
07. (a) Would you mind (b) had better (c) let alone (d) There (e) It (f) was born (g) What does... .. look like (h) as if (i) as soon as (j) would rather
08. (a) let alone (b) It (c) as if (d) would rather (e) as soon as (f) There (g) If (h) had better (i) What's like (j) have to
09. (a) The older — the more (b) There (c) Neither will (d) as fast as (e) let alone (f) Would you mind (g) It (h) had better (i) unless (j) as if
10. (a) as soon as (b) in order to (c) Whenever (d) let alone (e) There (f) had better (g) would rather (h) was born (i) as if (j) has to
11. (a) let alone (b) what's it like (c) It (d) would rather (e) had better (f) as if (g) has to (h) was born (i) There (j) As soon as
12. (a) was born (b) No sooner had (c) had better (d) used to (e) What's the matter (f) But for (g) What do you mean (h) as if (i) It (j) has to
13. (a) have to (b) had better (c) as if (d) There (e) would rather (f) let alone (g) It (h) As soon as (i) was born (j) What does.... look like
14. (a) let alone (b) have to (c) What does.... look like (d) would rather (e) As soon as (f) was born (g) as if (h) had better (i) There (j) Would you mind
15. (a) What's ... like (b) had better (c) would rather (d) There (e) as if (f) as soon as (g) let alone (h) It (i) was born (j) What if (বোর্ড প্রশ্নের option-এ What is থাকলেও সঠিক উত্তর হবে What if)
16. (a) It (b) let alone (c) as soon as (d) as if (e) had better (f) What if (g) There (h) as long as (i) was born (j) have to
17. (a) wish (b) Would you mind (c) have to (d) had to (e) There (f) Whether...or (g) as soon as (h) as fast as (i) in case (j) was born
18. (a) As soon as (b) have to (c) was born (d) There (e) would rather (f) had better (g) let alone (h) as if (i) What's it like (j) What does...look like
19. (a) would rather (b) had better (c) let alone (d) what's it like (e) have to (f) what do...look like (g) as if (h) there (i) as soon as (j) was born
20. (a) had better (b) let alone (c) as though (d) was born (e) What...look like (f) as soon as (g) There (h) had to (i) it (j) would rather
21. (a) have to (b) would rather (c) had better (d) let alone (e) as if (f) as soon as (g) What's it like (h) What...look like (i) There (j) was born
22. (a) let alone (b) would rather (c) What's it like (d) what if (e) had better (f) As soon as (g) how...like (h) call it a day (i) how....doing (j) read between the lines
23. (a) There (b) it's time (c) Anyway (d) rather (e) what's...like (f) However (g) definitely (h) what does...look like (i) have got (j) It
24. (a) lest (b) as if (c) would rather (d) as well as (e) used to (f) had better (g) had to (h) let alone (i) what if (j) was born
25. (a) adhere to (b) It's high time (c) have to (d) What's it like (e) What if (f) had better (g) as if (h) looked down upon (i) beggars description (j) used to
26. (a) let alone (b) lest (c) as if (d) had to (e) had better (f) used to (g) would rather (h) There (i) was born (j) as well as
27. (a) It (b) There (c) would rather (d) as though (e) had to (f) enough (g) day by day (h) too (i) lest (j) than
28. (a) was born (b) would rather (c) had better (d) What's it like (e) What if (f) as though (g) let alone (h) have to (i) There (j) it
29. (a) in a nutshell (b) in order to (c) would rather (d) had better (e) all in all (f) was born (g) As soon as (h) as if (i) at stake (j) have to
30. (a) let alone (b) was born (c) what does look like (d) does he look (e) There (f) would rather (g) have to (h) As soon as (i) as if (j) had better
31. (a) was born (b) There (c) as if (d) What if (e) As soon as (f) has to (g) let alone (h) What is like (i) would rather (j) had better
32. (a) let alone (b) As soon as (c) have to (d) had better (e) as if (f) What if (g) there (h) was born (i) would rather (j) what..... look like
33. (a) would rather (b) as soon as (c) There (d) What if (e) have to (f) as if (g) had better (h) let alone (i) was born (j) What's it like
34. (a) have to (b) would rather (c) had better (d) let alone (e) as if (f) as soon as (g) What's it like (h) what does..look like (i) there (j) was born
35. (a) had to (b) What's.... like (c) was born (d) What if (e) had better (f) let alone (g) as soon as (h) What does...look like (i) There (j) would rather

36. (a) was born (b) What if (c) had better (d) would rather (e) as if (f) as soon as (g) There (h) It (i) What does — look like (j) has to
37. (a) provided that (b) No sooner had (c) There (d) as if (e) used to (f) was born (g) unless (h) It is high time (i) while (j) would rather
38. (a) have to (b) would rather (c) let alone (d) had better (e) There (f) What's it like (g) as if (h) was born (i) It (j) what if
39. (a) lest (b) as if (c) Would you mind (d) It is time (e) As soon as (f) would rather (g) let alone (h) had to (i) had better (j) What if
40. (a) would rather (b) have to (c) was born (d) let alone (e) as if (f) had better (g) What's it like (h) what does...look like (i) as soon as (j) There
41. (a) let alone (b) as if (c) have to (d) had better (e) As soon as (f) was born (g) What if (h) It (i) would rather (j) What's it like
42. (a) As soon as (b) has to (c) There (d) as if (e) It (f) had better (g) let alone (h) What if (i) What's like (j) was born
43. (a) as if (b) Scarcely (c) There (d) have to (e) was born (f) lest (g) used to (h) would rather (i) supposed (j) It
44. (a) was born (b) as if (c) What if (d) have to (e) after (f) had better (g) would rather (h) let alone (i) so that (j) Would that
45. (a) wish (b) had better (c) have to (d) There (e) Whether....or (f) What does...look like (g) had to (h) As soon as (i) was born (j) in case
46. (a) What does...look like (b) It (c) had better (d) would rather (e) has to (f) as soon as (g) as if (h) let alone (i) What's it like (j) was born
47. (a) let alone (b) has to (c) was born (d) There (e) It (f) had better (g) What if (h) as if (i) What's it like (j) would rather
48. (a) was born (b) had better (c) would rather (d) As soon as (e) let alone (f) as though (g) what does...look like (h) There (i) have to (j) What's it like
49. (a) have to (b) had better (c) would rather (d) let alone (e) As soon as (f) as if (g) was born (h) What look like (i) There (j) what's-like.
50. (a) let alone (b) have to (c) had better (d) as soon as (e) There (f) What if (g) What's it like (h) was born (i) would rather (j) as if.

Completing with Clauses/Phrases (Question No.-4)

01. (a) So we should plant more trees.
 (b) Without knowing English, you cannot get a good job.
 (c) It is high time to raise our voice against corruption.
 (d) I wish I were a child again.
 (e) But it has many disadvantages.
 (f) So, he should find out another source of income.
 (g) He confessed that he committed the fault.
 (h) It was too difficult to memorise.
 (i) Since there was no more question to discuss, the Chairman ended the meeting.
 (j) It is a good sign that nowadays girls are getting educated.
02. (a) 21st February is a red-letter day in our life because our brave sons laid down their lives on the day for our mother tongue.
 (b) They were so lazy that they did not do any work.
 (c) Do you know where he lives?
 (d) It is high time you gave up smoking.
 (e) If you want to go abroad for higher studies, you will have to learn English.
 (f) It flies from flower to flower to collect honey.
 (g) It is many years since I met him last.
 (h) The sooner we get up, the better we shall have opportunity to start our works.
 (i) Unless we are united, we will fall.
 (j) We all should come forward with a view to solving these problems.
03. (a) Rifat does not live rich food.
 (b) He hopes to obtain A+ in the coming examination.
 (c) Working overtime is not good.
 (d) Smoking gives no pleasure.
 (e) There is nobody who is always happy.
 (f) Birds coming from the other countries are called migratory birds.
 (g) People are careful of using their resources in Dhaka city.
 (h) No man can do a single day without the help of others.
 (i) His father wanted him to be a doctor.
 (j) A large number of youths in Bangladesh are unemployed.
04. (a) I feel sleepy while watching TV.
 (b) You cannot handle such a problem if you don't have prior experience in teaching.
 (c) If the driver had been more careful, he could escape the fatal accident.
 (d) But it was so hot that we had to postpone the journey.
 (e) It is a public place where people meet one another.
 (f) Are you strong enough to carry it?
 (g) We must not encourage begging.
 (h) Whenever he speaks in English, he tries to make less mistakes.
 (i) It will take you five minutes to reach there.
 (j) One should bear in mind that forming bad habit is easy to do but giving it up is very difficult.

05. (a) He studies medicine so that he may be a doctor.
 (b) It was five years since we had met last.
 (c) He came to me with a view to drinking a glass of water.
 (d) The box was too heavy for me to lift.
 (e) Had you requested me, I would have bought a shirt for you.
 (f) I will go to bed after I have finished my study.
 (g) If the bank gives them loan on easy terms, they will surely utilize it properly.
 (h) United we stand, divided we fall.
 (i) We saw a snake while we were walking.
 (j) A graveyard is a place where dead bodies are buried.
06. (a) We should keep the environment free from pollution so that we may lead a healthy life.
 (b) Without following the rules of hygiene, we cannot get a sound health.
 (c) He had practised a lot before he took part in the competition.
 (d) To tell the truth misfortune never comes alone.
 (e) If she had studied more seriously, she would have got GPA 5 in the exam.
 (f) The boy was playing when his father returned home.
 (g) If I felt better, I would continue my classes.
 (h) We cannot prosper in life unless we make the proper use of time.
 (i) Last year he ran so fast that other competitors were left behind.
 (j) If we take a balanced diet, it will keep us fit.
07. (a) If you maintain honesty, you will be successful.
 (b) It is high time we practised patriotism.
 (c) I wish I could learn English well.
 (d) If I had much money, I would set up a school for the old.
 (e) There goes a proverb that a friend in need is a friend indeed.
 (f) Hardly had he seen his friend when he rushed to greet him.
 (g) It is a long time since we met each other.
 (h) All of us have to work hard with a view to developing our motherland.
 (i) I was too young to say 'no' to a woman.
 (j) He has to study regularly lest he should fail in the exam.
08. (a) If you don't work hard in your student life, you will find it difficult to get a good job.
 (b) They supply oxyzen without which we cannot survive a single minute.
 (c) I have to study attentively so that I can do well in the examination.
 (d) Would you mind giving me your phone so that I can talk to my mother?
- (e) No sooner had I heard the news than I rushed to the hospital to see him.
 (f) There is hardly anyone who hates flower.
 (g) Walk fast lest you should miss the bus.
 (h) She wants to be a physician.
 (i) They should know that time once gone never comes back.
 (j) He came to my room while I was sleeping.
09. (a) If you take regular physical exercise, you will lead a healthy and happy life.
 (b) They came to you with a view to helping you, but you scolded them without any reason.
 (c) Please wait here until I return.
 (d) If I had been hungry, I would have bought some food.
 (e) So, we should plant more trees.
 (f) There goes a proverb that time and tide wait for none.
 (g) Since the water of this bottle is not pure, we should not drink it.
 (h) Yesterday when we went to their house, we found them quarrelling.
 (i) It is high time the government took proper steps to control it.
 (j) They did it so that they could save their motherland.
10. (a) If you work hard, you will succeed in every sphere of your life.
 (b) It is high time we checked corruption in our national life.
 (c) He is studying hard lest he should miss GPA-5.
 (d) There are a good number of reasons why students fail in English in this country.
 (e) I wish I could fly like birds.
 (f) No sooner had we reached there than the programme started.
 (g) It is not good to keep bad company.
 (h) He behaves as if he were a qualified doctor.
 (i) You had better put on warm clothes.
 (j) Would that I could go back to my childhood days.
11. (a) Be punctual lest you should suffer in the long run.
 (b) Do you know when the next train will arrive here?
 (c) As soon as I saw him, he ran away.
 (d) Though he was late, teacher allowed him to come in.
 (e) He must work if he wants to get rid of poverty.
 (f) I usually avoid driving in Dhaka city.
 (g) As it is a difficult task, the manager assigned Abdullah to complete it.
 (h) Whenever I go to visit the Factory, I find him absent.
 (i) If you enjoyed the film, you would feel delighted.
 (j) We must work hard so that we can overcome the obstacles.

12. (a) He practices geometry a lot so that he can get a good grade in Mathematics.
 (b) It was five years since we had last met.
 (c) Sanjida was writing quite well in the exam when suddenly she fell sick.
 (d) I shall accompany you after I have finished my study.
 (e) He came to you with a view to getting help from you.
 (f) The box was too heavy for him to carry.
 (g) If the bank gives them loan on easy term, they can change their lot.
 (h) It is high time we produced more electricity.
 (i) He joined me without any hesitation.
 (j) Had he got the job, he would have relieved his family of poverty.
13. (a) It is really a red-letter day in our national history, because on this day our country became independent.
 (b) A proverb goes that honesty is the best policy.
 (c) Courtesy means showing of politeness in one's attitude and behaviour towards others.
 (d) As her economy depends on agriculture, we should give importance on its development.
 (e) You cannot prosper in life unless you make the best use of time.
 (f) Though it is a small country, it is rich in many natural resources.
 (g) Since I am an early riser, I get enough time to complete my daily tasks.
 (h) If you can be confident, you will be successful.
 (i) I studied hard lest I should fail in the examination.
 (j) So the son takes up a part time job so that he can continue his study.
14. (a) Garment industry in Bangladesh is one of the major sources of foreign remittance.
 (b) When the Prince heard the news, he attacked Taimur with his army.
 (c) Unless he works hard, he cannot turn the wheels of his fortune.
 (d) When a man works in a systematic way, he can attain success.
 (e) It is a good sign that nowadays much importance is being given on female education.
 (f) It is our sacred duty to save our motherland.
 (g) Life should not be considered as a bed of roses.
 (h) When you are done with your work, you will go home.
 (i) He ran away lest he should be arrested.
 (j) Despite his honest work, he is not well paid.
15. (a) That's why, they were loved and respected by all.
 (b) I took five books that were distributed among them.
 (c) When he came out, all praised him warmly.
 (d) Though the pen writes well, I have to abandon it.
 (e) The poem is too difficult for the students to understand.
 (f) If I had a camera, I would take snaps of the spot.
 (g) He came to my room while I was making my lessons.
 (h) Rina waited until she got the money.
 (i) He went to London so that he could continue his study there.
 (j) He confessed that he had made the mistake.
16. (a) You can not buy a car unless you have a lot of money.
 (b) Call me in case you need my help.
 (c) He is so short that he cannot reach the branch of the tree.
 (d) Since there are no more questions to discuss, we have to stop discussion.
 (e) I worked hard although I was suffering from headache.
 (f) Hardly had we started to eat when a guest entered our house.
 (g) We were unable to go by train because of unavailability of tickets.
 (h) I will give him the message as soon as I receive it.
 (i) When I was a child, I used to live in the village.
 (j) I wish I could help them.
17. (a) Once a clever fox, walking through a forest, fell into a trap; but he somehow managed to get out of the trap.
 (b) The fox tried his level best to get out of the trap.
 (c) At last he somehow managed to get out of the trap at the cost of his tail.
 (d) By loving the wild animals we can save our ecology.
 (e) In the past man could not realize the importance of animals.
 (f) They killed not only animals but also destroyed their habitat.
 (g) We should refrain ourselves from killing birds and animals.
 (h) We should know that birds and animals are the part and parcel of the environment.
 (i) If we cannot stop killing them, one day our existence will be at stake.
 (j) So we should try to protect them for our existence.

18. (a) Had he been a little careful, he would have succeeded in the examination.
 (b) To tell a lie is a great sin.
 (c) All employees want to be promoted in their job.
 (d) All on a sudden, he came to me to know the information yesterday.
 (e) It is high time we left the place.
 (f) The present may be good, but the past is golden/better.
 (g) Your disease may be very fatal.
 (h) The Headmaster speaks that the student is not serious about his studies.
 (i) Kith and kin are persons with whom we have close ties.
 (j) A man cannot remember what happened in his childhood.
19. (a) The teacher spoke loudly so that the students could hear him.
 (b) Though Bangladesh is blessed with rivers, we do not get sufficient water during dry season.
 (c) He acts as if he were the president of the function.
 (d) We must do something to stop this bad practice before it is late.
 (e) I haven't seen each other and so I feel really glad.
 (f) The text book is new but it is not obscure.
 (g) If I had a camera with me, I would have captured so many scenes.
 (h) We will go out when the rain stops.
 (i) Avoid playing in the sun lest you should be sick.
 (j) You will be respected by all if you are honest.
20. (a) I don't like people who are idle.
 (b) Do you know where he lives?
 (c) It was a long since we had met last.
 (d) You will not pass unless you read attentively.
 (e) Had I been proposed to go, I would have gone.
 (f) For sound health we should do physical exercise regularly.
 (g) Who doesn't know this wise saying?
 (h) Unless you are united, you will be unable to remove corruption.
 (i) The story of the old man and his son teaches us, "United we stand, divided we fall."
 (j) It is high time we solved the problem.
21. (a) If we lose the morning hours of our life, our life will be disastrous.
 (b) As a student, you should read properly so that you can be a worthy citizen for your country.
 (c) Students should read textbooks again and again with a view to making a good result.
- (d) Uneasy lies the head that wears the crown.
 (e) When the students stood up, the teacher told them to sit down.
 (f) Tell me what your aim in life is.
 (g) You will surely succeed provided that you use your time properly.
 (h) Had I seen him, I would have informed him about the meeting.
 (i) Would you mind keeping the door opened?
 (j) It is I who am to complete it in due time.
22. (a) Mr. Ant worked hard during the summer so that he could have a good harvest.
 (b) It is high time we released this truth.
 (c) If we cut trees at random, the country will soon turn into a desert.
 (d) You would keep fit if you took regular physical exercise.
 (e) Save money lest you should fall in financial hardship in future.
 (f) The students who got golden A+ were given warm reception.
 (g) If I had been hungry, I would have eaten meal in time.
 (h) Five years have passed since we met each other.
 (i) He acted as if he were mad.
 (j) A good teacher discovers the treasure that lies hidden inside a student. Thus he makes every student an asset to the nation.
23. (a) Irrigation is easy enough if there is sufficient rainfall.
 (b) A dam across a river is built so that water can be reserved for irrigation.
 (c) This nocturnal beast hunts only when it is night.
 (d) English has become an international language because of many reasons.
 (e) People adopt different policies to make their English outstanding and acceptable worldwide.
 (f) Alfred Nobel who invented dynamite instituted nobel prize.
 (g) It was named after an English man George Everest who climbed the mountain first.
 (h) Climbing mountains like Everest is difficult and dangerous because there is ice all around.
 (i) He and the other sailors sailed away to the south until they had reached the cold grey-sea.
 (j) The weather was so cold that there was no wind to blow the sail.
24. (a) We should keep the environment free from pollution so that we can live happily.
 (b) Without following the rules of hygiene, we cannot save ourselves from diseases .
 (c) I had worked hard before I took part in the competition.

- (d) In fact, misfortunes never come singly .
- (e) If you had studied more seriously, you would have got GPA 5 in the exam.
- (f) He was playing in the field close to his house when a strong earthquake happened.
- (g) If I took medicine, I would continue with my classes.
- (h) You cannot prosper in life unless you make the best use of your time.
- (i) Last year, he thought that he left other competitors way behind.
- (j) If you take a balance diet, it will help to keep your body fit.
25. (a) He is so popular that every student likes him.
- (b) That's why they should build up their career so that they can run the country.
- (c) He needs a personal computer so that he can browse internet.
- (d) Our country is not only beautiful but also charming.
- (e) I have an aim that one day I will be a doctor.
- (f) I need to commit it to my memory.
- (g) It is one of the most beautiful places of the world.
- (h) You have to take rest lest you should fall ill.
- (i) If I had gone to Dhaka University, I would have established myself.
- (j) The people who work hard can succeed in life.
26. (a) we shall suffer from hearing problem.
- (b) they did not do any work to help their father.
- (c) he needs the company of others.
- (d) by selling them in the market.
- (e) honesty is the best policy
- (f) corruption retards the development works of the country.
- (g) Like other countries of South Asia
- (h) time once lost is lost forever
- (i) others come forward to help him
- (j) became serious in your studies
27. (a) Although many other things are changing now, it has remained the same.
- (b) We should create public awareness so that it may be stopped.
- (c) I'll be back by tomorrow unless there is any problem.
- (d) If I were she, I would try for Dhaka University.
- (e) The hill is too high to climb.
- (f) She came to me in order to borrow some money.
- (g) We should take umbrella with us lest we should get drenched.
- (h) As the patient was in a serious condition, he should be shifted to the ICU.
- (i) No sooner had she heard the news than she burst into tears.
- (j) It is many years since we met each other.
28. (a) It is known to all that the industrious can prosper in life.
- (b) We believed that he could make a good result in the examination.
- (c) No sooner had I got down from the train than I did not find my luggage.
- (d) Though he was innocent, nobody believed him.
- (e) It is high time we developed our economic condition.
- (f) Those who smoke suffer in the long run.
- (g) He cannot walk one mile at a stretch, let alone ten miles.
- (h) If I had possessed enough wealth, I would have set up a hospital for the poor.
- (i) He acted as if he had been mad.
- (j) The car is too luxuries for him to buy it.
29. (a) I put on warm clothes so that I could keep warm.
- (b) The old man was crossing the road when a motorcycle running at a great speed hit him.
- (c) You will be sick unless you put on warm clothes.
- (d) It is high time we gave up this bad habit.
- (e) In spite of that he always puts on dresses as if he were poor.
- (f) I took him to our house with a view to giving him some food to eat.
- (g) I felt relaxed after I had taken a shower.
- (h) If I had seen it, I would have hit for a boundry.
- (i) We must be careful while crossing the road.
- (j) At first, Mitul did not like her new school, but she is happy now.
30. (a) There is a wise saying that united we stand, divided we fall.
- (b) He undergoes hard work so that he may maintain himself.
- (c) They think that they need no education because education for girls is a mere waste of money.
- (d) No sooner had we heard the news than we rushed to the hospital.
- (e) Without a sound physique one can not have a sound mind.
- (f) There is hardly any person who does not love flowers.
- (g) He used to support his family with the crops that grew in his fields.
- (h) When any one falls in danger, others come to his help.
- (i) We work hard so that we may succeed in life.
- (j) A man who lives an idle life, can not reach his goal.

31. (a) It is the rationality in him which makes him different species.
 (b) Happiness is a word which is longed for by all.
 (c) He used to go out in disguise at night so that he could see the condition of his subject.
 (d) I wish I possessed a vast property.
 (e) He who is taken by anger causes a lot of troubles.
 (f) If we cut down trees at random, our country will turn into a desert.
 (g) Since trees help us in different ways, we should protect them.
 (h) The Taliban fundamentalists shot her but she did not deviate from her mission.
 (i) We hurried up lest we should miss the beginning of the programme.
 (j) No sooner had we reached there than the programme started.
32. (a) It energizes our mind so that we can cope with the surrounding.
 (b) Though his mother wants him to be an engineer, he wants to be a teacher.
 (c) An early riser can get many advantages, on the other hand a late riser cannot enjoy.
 (d) We can shine in life by means of hard labour.
 (e) Sinners atone in the long run.
 (f) All his hopes were nipped in the bud at his father's death.
 (g) They are usually worried on the eve of their examination.
 (h) If you want to enjoy good health, you must lead your life in discipline.
 (i) He did many gracious works for the writer of his own accord.
 (j) His honesty is beyond question.
33. (a) He speaks softly lest the students should understand him.
 (b) Our English teacher not only teaches well but also guides well.
 (c) Lost health may be regained by medicine and proper caring but lost time can never be regained.
 (d) If we make a proper division of time, we can be successful in life.
 (e) Nothing is more pleasant to me than the golden past.
 (f) But there are certain things which can never be forgotten.
 (g) He should read newspaper and other books which can develop his knowledge.
 (h) He must observe the rules of health so that he can remain healthy.
 (i) Although he had a lot of it, he wanted more and more.
 (j) No sooner had he expressed his desire than a God accepted it promptly.
34. (a) I visit whenever I get a chance.
 (b) You are punctual but you cannot prosper in life unless you work hard.
 (c) If you want to go out you must take an umbrella.
 (d) There is nobody who trusts a liar.
 (e) He has a lot of money but he is not satisfied.
 (f) So, walk fast lest you should miss the train.
 (g) Though his salary is not enough for his family yet he is happy.
 (h) If it rains timely, they have a good harvest.
 (i) I was so busy that I could not make time to meet him.
 (j) It is time we left it.
35. (a) He is loved by all.
 (b) Unless you have respect for others, others will not respect you.
 (c) So, we should plant more and more trees.
 (d) Pure water should be drunk so that we can keep fit.
 (e) Five years have passed since we met together.
 (f) But Simran insisted on my going to the party.
 (g) I will not step out of the house until the rain stops.
 (h) If weal comes, woe will surely follow.
 (i) When the danger is gone, people forget to remember it.
 (j) The darkness of night does not disappear until the sun appears in the sky.
36. (a) It is time you utilized it properly.
 (b) He speaks as though he knew everything.
 (c) We work hard so that we can shine in life.
 (d) Where there is a will, there is a way.
 (e) Had I the wings of a bird, I could fly in the sky.
 (f) He took up a job so that he could lead a happy life.
 (g) Five years have passed since I saw you.
 (h) She insisted that I should make a foreign trip.
 (i) They went to college after they had passed the SSC examination.
 (j) Hardly had we reached the hospital when we received a proper treatment.
37. (a) I drink plenty of pure water everyday so that I may maintain good health.
 (b) He is so weak that he can not get up from bed.
 (c) Self-help is the best help and Allah helps those who who help themselves.
 (d) If I had the wings of a bird, I would fly like a bird.
 (e) But we, went out because we had to attend an important meeting.
 (f) Therefore we stopped this and put emphasis on tree plantation.

- (g) Though she was not a good student, she cut a good figure in the exam by studying seriously.
- (h) He took me to the village after I had finished my annual exam.
- (i) If we want to succeed in life, we must remember the wise saying that time and tide wait for none.
- (j) He acted as if he did not know me.
38. (a) She studies attentively so that she can pass in the examination.
- (b) One day she will prosper in life because she learns his lessons regularly.
- (c) So while eating food, we should bear in mind that we should not take excessive foods.
- (d) If we want to enjoy a good health, we should follow some rules.
- (e) United we stand, divided we fall.
- (f) Bangladesh has a huge population though it is poor.
- (g) Yesterday while I was returning home from my college I saw an accident.
- (h) The injured were admitted into different clinics where the doctors and nurses served them.
- (i) The bodies were taken to the hospital for autopsy and then three of them had been identified.
- (j) That terrible accident occurred because the driver was not sincere to his duty.
39. (a) I go to the library when I need any book.
- (b) I have to go to the station in order to receive him.
- (c) I cannot join you until I finish my work.
- (d) No sooner had he come than the function began.
- (e) You cannot prosper in life unless you make the best use of your time.
- (f) We have to make them literate so that we can develop our country.
- (g) You should rise early so that you can be healthy.
- (h) There goes a proverb that honesty is the best policy.
- (i) We read newspaper with a view to gaining knowledge.
- (j) If I found him, I would tell him the matter.
40. (a) He could not avail himself of the opportunity.
- (b) Had I been there, I would have helped him.
- (c) I prevented him from doing this evil act.
- (d) Do what I say.
- (e) A rolling stone gathers no moss.
- (f) It sounds as if it were raining.
- (g) Avoid mistakes lest you should suffer.
- (h) No sooner had the leader finished his speech than the audiences clapped their hands.
- (i) Where there is a will there is a way.
- (j) If the weather is good I shall go out.
41. (a) I went to the book fair so that I could buy some books.
- (b) If one wants to enjoy good health, he must eat a balanced diet.
- (c) Water is so vital of all natural resources that we can not live without it.
- (d) Though it is blessed with rivers, we do not get sufficient water during cultivation.
- (e) He came to Bagerhat so that he could preach Islam.
- (f) Since it is one of the greatest tourist attractions, people visit here all the year round.
- (g) In spite of having no qualification, she got the job.
- (h) They were frightened when they saw a tiger.
- (i) He was undersized because of malnutrition.
- (j) So he played another tune and took revenge against the Mayor.
42. (a) Women and girls are terrified of it whenever they hear the news of acid throwing.
- (b) Some students join politics in student life but they suffer in the long run.
- (c) One can go a long way if he is sincere to his work.
- (d) I admire all the great poets but I admire Kazi Nazrul Islam most.
- (e) My heart dances and blood stimulates when I read his poems.
- (f) Though I am not a good singer I like to sing his songs.
- (g) He walked about and received his lessons from whatever he gets.
- (h) It is a social menace that must be uprooted.
- (i) This system makes women the daily commodities which is undoubtedly a bad practice for the society.
- (j) Look at the great world leaders who succeeded in their life. Punctuality was their hallmark.
43. (a) Though he is a wealthy man, he is a miser.
- (b) You will never know it because the wearer best knows where the shoe pinches.
- (c) The brilliant result of her son made the widow so happy that she could not but shed the tears of joy.
- (d) You must remember the wise saying "Waste not, want not."
- (e) If he had studied hard, he could have passed the exam.
- (f) Scarcely had the teacher gone out of the room when the students started to make a noise.
- (g) Man cannot live alone so he wants companions.
- (h) A tree is known by its fruits.
- (i) It is hartal and damaging public properties by which our politicians take benefits.
- (j) Unless you are united, you will be fallen.

44. (a) It energizes our mind so that we may stand upright.
 (b) Though his mother wants him to be an engineer, he wants to be a doctor.
 (c) But a late riser cannot enjoy all these.
 (d) We can shine in life if we do hard labour.
 (e) Sinners atone for their sin.
 (f) All his hopes were nipped in the bud at his father's death.
 (g) Some students are usually worried about their exam.
 (h) If you want to enjoy good health, you have to follow the rules of health.
 (i) Jerry did many gracious work for the writer willingly/of his own accord.
 (j) His honesty is beyond doubt.
45. (a) Flood which is a common phenomenon visits almost every year in Bangladesh.
 (b) I went to market with a view to shopping.
 (c) What he has done is fruitful.
 (d) Had you invited me earlier, I would have joined your party.
 (e) He needs sleep.
 (f) Hobby is nothing but passing time in leisure.
 (g) She studies attentively so that she can make a good result.
 (h) A man can be benefited in many ways if he reads newspaper daily.
 (i) Wait here until I come back.
 (j) If a mother fails to take care of her children properly, the children will go astray.
46. (a) A railway station is a place where trains stop and start from.
 (b) The man who is hard working can prosper in life.
 (c) We waited there until they came.
 (d) Unless you study well, you will cut a sorry figure in the exam.
 (e) She is studying hard lest she should fail in the exam.
 (f) Poverty hampers progress because it hinders all the development of the country.
 (g) Unless we make efforts, we will fail to alleviate poverty.
 (h) We must try our best in order that we can improve ourselves.
 (i) Without removing poverty, we cannot go ahead.
 (j) It is time to use time properly.
47. (a) It was ten years since I had met her.
 (b) My parents are glad that I stood first in the class.
 (c) He has none to help him financially, by his own effort he could solve the problem.
 (d) For this, a wealthy man cannot lead always a happy life.
 (e) He is now in problem because he left the job.
 (f) He has become tired as he has been working for 3 hours.
 (g) When it is spring, the cuckoo sings night and day.
- (h) It is observed nationally with due solemnity.
 (i) Napoleon asked an English boy why he was making the boat.
 (j) Neighbours are those persons who live to our next door.
48. (a) I went to the book fair so that I could enjoy the book fair.
 (b) If one wants to enjoy good health, he will have to follow certain rules.
 (c) Water is so vital of all natural resources that it is essential for our life.
 (d) Though it is blessed with many rivers, most of the rivers have dried up.
 (e) He came to Bagerhat so that he could preach Islam.
 (f) Since it is one of the greatest tourist attractions, people from home and abroad visit the place every year.
 (g) The Mosque was used not only as a prayer hall but also as the court of Khan Jahan Ali.
 (h) They were frightened when they saw a bear coming towards them.
 (i) He was undersized because of malnutrition.
 (j) So, he played another tune and carried away all the children to an unknown place.
49. (a) Arif is studying heart and soul so that he can pass the exam.
 (b) Would you mind giving me a glass of water? I am very thirsty.
 (c) For this, he left the place after I had reached there.
 (d) Hardly had he reached the station when the train arrived.
 (e) Though Bangladesh is a small country, it has vast population.
 (f) Unless you learn it, you will lag behind.
 (g) Do you know where he lives?
 (h) But now I have to be hurry lest I should miss the last bus.
 (i) You should avoid bad companies, because a person is known by the company he keeps.
 (j) He went to Dhaka with a view to receiving his sister.
50. (a) We had better wait for another bus/get a taxi.
 (b) It is high time we solved this problem/that we should solve this problem.
 (c) I am studying hard in order that I can do well in the exam.
 (d) I will wait for you until you come.
 (e) As my examination is over I should /will learn computer.
 (f) She is studious enough to do well in the exam.
 (g) If you are punctual you will shine in life.
 (h) Five years have passed since I met last.
 (i) We go to our village with a view to meeting /seeing our relatives.
 (j) Had I been a rich man I would have helped them.

Correct Form of Verbs (Question No.-5)

01. (a) happens (b) has risen (c) taking (d) travels (e) causes (f) violating (g) lessened (h) crossing (i) climbing (j) controlling
02. (a) built (b) is (c) is made (d) has (e) rests (f) rise (g) stands (h) are (i) can look (j) lie
03. (a) got (b) made (c) reached (d) was (e) were coming (f) were running (g) were (h) stood (i) stood (j) bought
04. (a) appear (b) are (c) help (d) mentioned (e) set (f) calculated (g) know (h) will find/ can find/ may find/ find (i) believe (j) beat
05. (a) is (b) is learnt (c) maintaining (d) require (e) are (f) wishing (g) written (h) ignored (i) put (j) learning
06. (a) joined (b) inspired/ inspiring (c) raised/ to raise (d) travel (e) performed (f) staging/ staged (g) is/has seen (h) feels (i) wishes (j) covers
07. (a) came (b) lost/ had lost (c) committed (d) recollect (e) being (f) drew (g) was impressed (h) showing (i) took (j) to win
08. (a) is (b) polluted (c) do (d) contaminates (e) burning (f) happens (g) are burnt (h) held (i) checked (j) will suffer
09. (a) is arranged (b) containing (c) lead (d) played (e) runs (f) is (g) arranged (h) remains (i) scoring (j) are maintained
10. (a) lived (b) did not undergo (c) got (d) called (e) was (f) prescribe (g) move (h) got (i) following (j) was relieved
11. (a) took (b) have been made (c) have gained (d) became (e) broke (f) witnessed (g) destroyed (h) became (i) was born (j) can hold/hold
12. (a) waste (b) kill (c) sit (d) can not support (e) will lead (f) will suffer (g) indicates (h) shall/ can lead (i) follow (j) have made
13. (a) are (b) is born (c) know (d) start (e) thinking (f) nursing (g) bringing (h) remain (i) taking (j) should offend
14. (a) be forgiven (b) does not give up (c) will suffer (d) will be taken (e) was (f) killing (g) called (h) brought (i) was left (j) dropped
15. (a) was sleeping (b) felt (c) Calling (d) fell (e) found (f) came (g) sleeping (h) standing (i) should wake (j) understood
16. (a) do not take (b) realize (c) are ruining (d) fall (e) becomes (f) remain (g) can build (h) makes (i) improves (j) gives
17. (a) teaching (b) makes (c) are (d) treats (e) praises (f) commits (g) realize (h) behaves (i) is interested (j) sets
18. (a) believed (b) was (c) had (d) lose (e) got (f) began (g) went (h) looking (i) found (j) paying
19. (a) is (b) depends (c) developed (d) has enriched (e) is (f) gives (g) makes (h) exports (i) increasing (j) is
20. (a) yielding (b) remains (c) notice (d) are being changed (e) do not exist (f) have replaced (g) is losing (h) are becoming (i) has changed (j) looking
21. (a) are going (b) have been broken (c) are being sold (d) has gone (e) being sold (f) is bringing (g) should be taken (h) has created (i) has made (j) should look
22. (a) used (b) have to (c) are required (d) drawn (e) implemented (f) will come (g) hope (h) educated (i) is being changed (j) are
23. (a) fail (b) were (c) meant (d) is regarded (e) begin (f) consider (g) had (h) learnt (i) motivated (j) are not written.
24. (a) are playing (b) confined (c) are working (d) receiving (e) becoming (f) has been (g) proved (h) contributing (i) will be (j) keeping
25. (a) been fascinated (b) may lead (c) migrate (d) educated (e) settling (f) are known (g) are shattered (h) become bankrupt (i) migrate (j) needed
26. (a) was living (b) overlooking (c) was earning (d) to keep (e) had written (f) thanking (g) received (h) saying (i) saying (i) was passing (j) would like.
27. (a) enables (b) losing (c) does not persuade (d) accept (e) keeping (f) relishing (g) set (h) shaped (i) revere (j) cheered
28. (a) had entered (b) was (c) ordered (d) was waiting (e) was (f) knew (g) sitting (h) glancing (i) seen (j) had
29. (a) did not do (b) visited (c) were nursed (d) was shocked (e) returned (f) went out (g) done (h) done (i) brought (j) had been.
30. (a) has become (b) growing (c) strengthened (d) has asked (e) demand (f) reflect (g) made (h) call (i) celebrate (j) played
31. (a) is (b) does not depend (c) is believed (d) deserve (e) is (f) is (g) considered (h) is (i) practices (j) is not admired
32. (a) do not take (b) realize (c) are running (d) fall (e) becomes (f) are (g) can build (h) makes (i) improves (j) gives
33. (a) constitute (b) are connected (c) cannot live (d) bring (e) settled (f) discharge (g) prosper (h) performed (i) attaining (j) obey
34. (a) is considered (b) attained (c) Following (d) had spread (e) was imposed (f) joined (g) took (h) were locked (i) were injured (j) went
35. (a) makes (b) is trusted (c) cultivates (d) speaking (e) is not trusted (f) not gain (g) achieve (h) telling (i) comes (j) exposed
36. (a) is (b) came (c) did not come (d) became (e) was (f) beginning (g) tried (h) established (i) were (j) take
37. (a) goes (b) is called (c) described (d) cannot be imagined (e) is used (f) is said (g) depends (h) brings (i) is (j) get.
38. (a) got (b) written (c) held (d) have requested (e) decided (f) taking (g) pleased (h) visit (i) bring (j) is
39. (a) waste (b) kill (c) sit (d) cannot support (e) lead (f) suffer (g) indicates (h) will lead (i) follow (j) make

40. (a) enjoyed (b) was held (c) gave (d) went (e) stood (f) bought (g) reached (h) cheered (i) blew (j) were
41. (a) is (b) regards (c) inspires (d) defend (e) does not love (f) works (g) is (h) having (i) should have (j) values
42. (a) is required (b) drawn (c) is (d) adulterated (e) are not sold (f) has directed (g) to look (h) are catching (i) using (j) disappear
43. (a) is getting (b) am enjoying (c) will be (d) borrowed (e) including (f) were allowed (g) has been selected (h) read (i) have to leave (j) have studied
44. (a) was changed (b) fell (c) had died (d) came (e) saw (f) appeared (g) did not/could not rest (h) spoke (i) would have (j) would tell.
45. (a) prepares (b) sits (c) maintains (d) avoids (e) takes (f) remains (g) takes (h) does not keep (i) gets (j) says
46. (a) has brought (b) can be transmitted (c) have become (d) has (e) not reached (f) can not afford (g) have started (h) operated (i) makes (j) can communicate
47. (a) exercises (b) moulding (c) take (d) goes (e) get (f) learns (g) influences (h) teach (i) form (j) grow
48. (a) possess (b) are (c) survive (d) were (e) was (f) is spoken (g) introduce (h) lived (i) thought (j) were
49. (a) are known (b) kill (c) reside (d) seen (e) hidden (f) discern (g) fall (h) unite (i) attack (j) devours
50. (a) working (b) cannot/does not exist (c) is seen (d) are irrigated/are being irrigated (e) are grown (f) be brought (g) tapped (h) are built (i) to be built (j) to share

Changing Sentences (Question No.-6)

01. (a) A frugal man doesn't like to spend money without reasons.
 (b) The target of a man who is frugal is to save money for future.
 Or, A frugal man has a target so that he can/may save money for future.
 Or, A man who is frugal has a target to save money for future.
 Or, A frugal man has a target that he should/will save money for future.
 (c) Frugality should be practiced to make a well planned family by everyone.
 (d) A frugal man does not live an insolvent/poor/needy life.
 (e) A prodigal man is not as/so happy as a frugal man.
02. (a) Bangladesh achieved independence in 1971.
 (b) It is more significant than any other event in the history of Bangladesh.
 (c) Our freedom fighters sacrificed their lives so that they could bring independence of Bangladesh.
 Or, It is the independence of Bangladesh for which our freedom fighters sacrificed their lives.
 (d) What a struggle it was for them!
 (e) We are proud of them and we shall always remember them.
03. (a) Water which is an important vital element of environment is polluted in various ways.
 (b) Pure water is necessary for us.
 (c) Men throw waste in water and pollute it.
 (d) Water is used by the farmers in time of cultivation largely.
 (e) Very few elements of all living beings are so important as it.
04. (a) They had a patriotic zeal and fought for the country.
 Or, They were patriots and (so they) fought for the country.
- (b) No other son of our nation is as courageous as they.
 (c) They are admired and respected greatly by everybody.
 Or, They are greatly admired and respected by everybody.
 (d) Does anybody deny their contribution to their motherland?
 Or, Who denies their contribution to their motherland?
 (e) They will always/ ever be remembered by their countrymen to the end.
05. (a) We are to ensure some essential agricultural inputs to increase our food production.
 (b) The poor farmers do not get loans on easy terms.
 (c) It is a great pity.
 (d) The farmers do not get the facilities that/ which are necessary for food production.
 (e) They do not get the due price of their products and it is unfortunate.
 Or, They produce but unfortunately they do not get the due price of their products.
06. (a) Long long ago there was a very wise king.
 (b) He was called wise Solomon (by people).
 (c) Actually at that time he was wiser than all/ all people/ all kings/ all men.
 (d) There was another ruler who was named Queen of Sheba
 Or, There was another ruler whose name was Queen of Sheba.
 (e) One day she thought that Solomon's wisdom should be tested.
07. (a) Aren't most of the people of our country living in the rural areas?
 (b) It is they who are peace loving.
 (c) Nobody is as patriotic and industrious as they.
 (d) Their motherland is loved profoundly by them.
 (e) In spite of their insolvency they do not adopt unfair means to become rich overnight.

08. (a) Jim and Della sacrificed their dearest possessions and and wanted to buy Christmas presents for each other.
 (b) Della had an ardent desire that was to give her husband a worthy gift./ Della had an ardent desire that she should give her husband a worthy gift.
 (c) Jim also thought of giving his wife a nice gift.
 (d) A scanty amount of money was saved by Della for this.
 (e) Very few husbands were as sincere as Jim that we have ever known.
09. (a) Pohela Baishakh is a festival which is undoubtedly the most celebrated one in Bangladesh.
 (b) The city roads get so jam packed on the first day of the Bengali year.
 (c) The day is enjoyed by almost everyone in his own way.
 (d) I do not like gathering but I enjoy the activities of this day.
 (e) Very few days of the year are so interesting as it.
10. (a) What an exciting game cricket is!
 (b) This game is enjoyed by people of all ages.
 (c) At present cricket is more popular than any other game in our country.
 (d) In spite of being a costly game, people of all classes enjoy playing cricket.
 (e) Though Bangladesh is a test playing country, its standard is not high.
11. (a) Is anger anything but a vice?
 (b) It begets nothing but the worst.
 (c) So it should be controlled for our sake by us.
 (d) Taken by anger he causes a lot of troubles.
 (e) We should realise it and try to be emotionally balanced.
12. (a) Helal did not accept/ take/ receive the money.
 (b) How Nasir desires to see her once!
 (c) My present house for living is comfortable.
 (d) Everybody admired his speech.
 (e) Though it disturbed him, he did not know the reason.
13. (a) They had a patriotic zeal and fought for the country.
 (b) No other son of our nation is as courageous as they.
 (c) They are greatly admired and respected by everybody.
 (d) Who denies their contribution to their motherland?/ Does anybody deny their contribution to their motherland?
 (e) They will always be remembered by their countrymen to the end.
14. (a) Who doesn't want friend?
 (b) As the heart is formed for love, it cannot be happy without the opportunity of giving and receiving love.
- (c) But without loving them you cannot find others to love you.
 (d) Can you be happy without it?
 (e) Love is divine and everybody wants to love.
15. (a) Emperor Shah Jahan built the Taj three hundred years ago.
 (b) He loved his wife very much and so he built it as a tomb of his dear wife.
 (c) He made the building with fine white marbles.
 (d) It looks very beautiful as it rests on a platform of red stone.
 (e) Very few buildings in the world are so beautiful as the Tajmahal.
16. (a) A lot of emphasis is put on the unity by the Chinese.
 (b) The parks are not empty.
 (c) There are lots of clean parks and those are in the cities.
 (d) In the evening many families spend their free time watching television.
 (e) Life becomes dull if it has no recreation.
17. (a) Is it known to you?
 (b) A/ The boy who is industrious will shine in life.
 (c) A life without an assignment is not an actual life.
Or, Isn't a life with an assignment an actual life?
 (d) None can receive any reward without working hard.
 (e) It is evident that very few virtues are as great as industry.
18. (a) What an exciting game cricket is!
 (b) This game is enjoyed by people of all ages.
 (c) At present, no other game is as popular as cricket in our country.
 (d) Bangladesh is weaker than most other test playing countries.
 (e) Aren't they fond of watching "Twenty-twenty" cricket?
19. (a) The Albatross was shot by the old sailor.
 (b) At this, the sailors were not at all pleased with him.
 (c) Since their throats were dry, they could not speak.
 (d) Killing the bird, the old sailor brought bad luck to the sailors.
 (e) What an unlucky day it was!
20. (a) A/ The friend who is true is an asset.
 (b) He helps his friend at the time of danger.
 (c) He accompanies/ stands by his friend.
 (d) We hardly find a true friend.
 (e) He is no less good than an honest man.
Or, An honest man is not better than he.
21. (a) There is nobody but lives in society.
Or, There is nobody who does not live in society.

- (b) We should maintain/ follow/ obey/ abide by social order.
 (c) By maintaining it, we shall be able to lead a peaceful life.
 (d) Everybody likes peace.
 (e) Society requires it very much/ so much.
 Or, We require it very much/ so much.
- 22.** (a) Didn't my friend invite me to pay a visit to Cox's Bazar?
 (b) The invitation was gladly accepted by me.
 (c) I reached there and my friend received me cordially.
 (d) How glad I was to see the sea-beach!
 (e) Very few journeys in my life were as memorable as it.
- 23.** (a) Email is a messaging system that is based on computer.
 (b) Doesn't it eliminate the time spent in establishing phone calls?
 (c) Telephone calls are not as cheap as it.
 (d) It does not take more than a few seconds to transmit a message from one country to another.
 (e) But even here commercially operated email facilities are used by people for important purposes.
- 24.** (a) It is Cox's Bazar sea-beach which is the largest in the world.
 (b) Very few sea-beaches in the world are as beautiful as it.
 (c) People call it pleasure seekers' paradise.
 (d) The visitors go there and enjoy natural beauties.
 (e) The tired may go to relax there.
- 25.** (a) Water which is an important element of environment is polluted by various ways.
 (b) Pure water is necessary for us.
 (c) Men throw waste in water and pollute it.
 (d) Water is used largely in time of cultivation by farmers.
 (e) Very few elements of all living beings are so/as important as it.
- 26.** (a) The birds coming to our country in winter are called migratory birds.
 (b) In winter, the weather is so cold that they cannot live in the north.
 (c) A better shelter is found in Bangladesh by them.
 (d) We cannot but protect them./ We must not harm them.
 (e) The dove does not run as fast as migratory birds.
- 27.** (a) The National Memorial situated at Savar is a symbol of the nation's respect.
 (b) We stand in front of the graves and bow down our heads.
 (c) Don't the towers symbolise the loftiness of the spirit of the martyred freedom fighters?
 (d) We never forget their memories.
 (e) Don't many people go to visit it every day?
- 28.** (a) A bee is busier than most other insects.
 (b) It lives nowhere but in a hive.
 (c) It flies from flower to flower and collects honey.
 (d) It stores collected honey in the hive.
 (e) Although it remains idle in winter, it works hard in spring.
- 29.** (a) Once a duck was roasted for his master by a cook.
 (b) The roast looked too delicious for the cook to resist the temptation.
 (c) His master sat down to eat and quickly noticed the missing drumstick.
 (d) Didn't the master enquire of the missing leg?
 (e) But the cook told him that this duck had not more than one leg.
- 30.** (a) A fox which was cunning was passing through a forest.
 (b) Because of being thirsty, the fox was looking for water./ The thirsty fox was looking for water.
 (c) Any source of water could not be found by it.
 (d) Didn't he feel very helpless?
 (e) It seemed to the fox that it was happier than any other animal in the world.
- 31.** (a) Long long ago there was a very wise king.
 (b) He was called wise Solomon by people.
 (c) Actually at that time he was wiser than all others.
 (d) There was also another ruler and her name was Queen of Sheba.
 (e) One day she thought that Solomon's wisdom should not remain untested.
- 32.** (a) It is health which is wealth.
 (b) A sick moneyed man is not so/ as happy as a healthy poor man.
 (c) A healthy man is an asset to his family but an unhealthy man is a liability.
 (d) Can't he succeed in life?
 (e) Everybody cannot but be conscious of health.
- 33.** (a) Day to day life in Dhaka is not inexpensive.
 (b) People who live below the poverty line lead a miserable life.
 (c) Very few problems are so big as price hike for them.
 (d) Necessary measures have been taken by the government to keep the price hike under control.
 (e) The greedy people are responsible for price spiral.
- 34.** (a) The Jamuna is bigger than most other rivers in Bangladesh.
 (b) It becomes emaciated in summer.
 (c) When it is the rainy season, it assumes a terrible shape.
 (d) Who does not know it?
 (e) Its shore is visited by tourists from home and abroad.

35. (a) No other city in Bangladesh is as big as Dhaka.
 (b) A Mughal emperor founded the city.
 (c) Many buildings were constructed here by Mughal emperors.
 (d) They constructed Lalbagh Fort to/in order to save this city from any attack.
 (e) How peaceful their reign was!
36. (a) A great harm is caused to our environment by cutting down trees.
 (b) We should plant more trees to/in order to save the environment.
 (c) Trees are our best friends but we cut them at random.
 (d) Trees are more important than most other assets.
 (e) We are polluting air all over the world.
37. (a) Najneen does not belong to a big family.
 (b) Her parents are busy and so she cannot talk to them.
 (c) Reaching home, they felt tired.
 (d) She cannot visit her friends because of want of safety.
 (e) Loneliness is the most serious problem to her.
38. (a) No other virtue in a man's life is as great as truthfulness.
 (b) In spite of not making one rich, it brings peace of mind.
 (c) Does not everybody respect a truthful person?/ Who does not respect a truthful person?
 (d) He is not hated by anybody.
 (e) It is truthfulness that may lead the whole world to peace and happiness.
39. (a) Many other things are changing now but people are still quite polite and friendly.
 (b) Speaking to foreigners is liked by them.
 (c) It is quite common that Bangladeshis ask personal questions.
 (d) In spite of their asking personal questions, there is no harm in it.
 (e) Very few parts of our culture are as important as hospitality.
40. (a) We first met many years ago.
 (b) Time flies very fast.
 (c) We are all of us getting older.
 (d) Do you remember when we first met?
 (e) I was asked to luncheon by you.
41. (a) Learning a language is not as/so successful as acquiring it.
 (b) The learners of a second language are encouraged by teachers to practice the language.
 (c) Students wishing to earn proficiency in a language should practice the language.
 (d) We can acquire communicative competence in two ways.
 (e) What an important role language plays in our life!
42. (a) No other animal is/ animals are as cunning as the fox.
 (b) One day a piece of meat was stolen from a stall by a crow.
 (c) Flying away with it in its beak, it sat on a branch of a tree.
 (d) Since the crow was pleased to hear it, it began to sing loudly.
 (e) But no sooner had the crow opened the mouth to sing, the meat fell from its beak.
43. (a) We are helped by trees in many ways.
 (b) No other friends are as good as they.
 (c) We should plant more trees so that we can maintain ecological balance.
 (d) No other time of tree plantation is as good as June and July.
 (e) The government/ We should expand tree plantation programme to the remote corner of the country.
44. (a) People in general are fond of the things which glitter.
 (b) Aren't they the lovers of surface?
 (c) Gold is a very precious metal.
 (d) But there are some other metals and they look like gold.
 (e) Fading soon, they lose their beauty.
45. (a) Jerry was liked very much by the authoress.
 (b) Did she not employ him to cut some firewood for her?
 (c) But he did many odd jobs for her inspite of her not asking him to do so.
 (d) These types of gracious things are done only by the great of heart and she remarked it.
 (e) The authoress felt a great shock when she learnt this.
46. (a) The bus was not empty/deserted.
 (b) The bus conductor made rude remarks to him as he stood in the way.
 (c) There was a seat beside him and he planned to sit on it.
 (d) But pushing him rudely, another passenger grabbed the seat.
 (e) This annoyed him extremely.
47. (a) The Sundarbans, the unique creation of nature, is called the 52nd World Heritage Site.
 (b) People call it the mangrove forest.
 (c) Very few mangrove forests in the world are so big as it.
 (d) It protects southern part of our country when it is time of natural disaster.
 (e) Many people go to the Sundarbans and observe the natural beauties.
48. (a) She beckoned and I answered to it.
 (b) I went over when it was the interval.
 (c) Her name had been mentioned to me.
 (d) She was less young than I expected.
 (e) We are all of us getting older.

49. (a) No other language is as much used as English.
 (b) Organisations frequently need employees having a good command of English.
 (c) Better salary can be earned by an English knowing man.
 (d) People all over the world speak English.
 (e) We should learn English so that we may make a room for us in the competitive world.
50. (a) A small boy Jerry lived in the orphanage.
 (b) No other boy was so strong as he.
 (c) Some unnecessary things were also done for her by him.
 (d) His mother visited him at the orphanage when it was autumn./ It was his mother who visited him at the orphanage in autumn.
 (e) One morning the sound of his tapping on the door awoke the writer.

Changing Speeches (Question No.-7)

01. As we shook hands, she advised me to follow her example and never to eat more than one thing for luncheon. I retorted that I would do better than that and added that I would eat nothing for dinner that night. Jumping into a cab, she cried gaily and called me a humorist.
02. I asked Grandmother whose picture it was. Grandmother replied that undoubtedly it was a picture of a little girl. Then she asked me if I could not tell. She replied that she could but I asked her if she knew the girl. She assured me that she had known her (girl) but added that she (girl) had been a very wicked girl and she (G) should not tell me about her (girl).
03. He told me that he was very sorry to trouble me but assured me that he would be much obliged if I would kindly lend him my dictionary. I told him that I would be very glad to be of service to him and added that he was welcome to any of my books that he thought of use to him.
04. The teacher said to the students, "Have you heard the name of Aesop?" The students said, "No sir, we have not. Who was he?" The teacher told them, "Listen to my lecture attentively and you will be able to know about him. How interesting and instructive his fables are!"
05. The richman asked the cobbler if he (c) had saved something for the future. The cobbler replied that he (c) had not and added that he (c) was happy with the present and thought little about tomorrow. The richman disagreed and said that that would not do. He (r) further said that he (r) liked to see him (c) above want and told him to have the money and keep it.
06. The witness said to the international crimes tribunal, "I suddenly heard a gunshot and went towards the door. I saw many Al-Badr men and members of the Pakistani army on my house premises." The judge said to him, "Did you recognize some of the Al-Badr men?" The witness said, "I can recognize one Hamid in my village who brought the members of the Pakistani army to the village."
07. The passer-by asked the street child why he was crying. He again asked if he had any problem. The street child said that he was crying because he had none to look after him. The passer-by asked him if he was hungry. The boy replied that he was.
08. Fahim requested Arman to give him (F) his (A) English grammar book. Arman said that he (A) could not give it. He (A) added that he (A) had to take it with him (A) in the class. Fahim said that he (F) would return the book before the class started. Arman told Fahim to take it. Fahim thanked Arman.
09. I asked him where he came from. He replied with a smile that he came from San Carlos and added that he had been taking care of animals. Not quite understanding, I expressed my indifference to him. With emphasis he said that he had stayed, I saw, taking care of animals. He added that he had been the last one to leave the town of San Carlos.
10. The teacher asked Maruf if he (M) had cut his (M) nails short. Maruf replied respectfully that he had not and added that he (M) had forgotten. The teacher said that that was very bad. He (t) also said that he (M) had to be more careful about neatness and cleanliness. He (t) added that by doing so, he (M) could prevent diarrhoea and some other diseases too.
11. The rich man asked the cobbler if he (c) had saved something for future. The cobbler replied that he had not and said that he was happy with the present and thought little about tomorrow*. The rich man disagreed and said that that would not do. He (r) further said that he (r) liked to see him (c) above want. He (r) told him to have that money and keep it.
- [N.B : এখানে tomorrow noun হওয়ায় তা পরিবর্তন হবে না।]
12. I said to the rickshaw puller, "You have carried me a long way. How much shall I pay you? Will fifty taka do?" He said, "Anything is all right."

13. One day Hazrat Omar (R) became shocked to see the sufferings of a woman and asked where she lived. The woman replied that she lived in a poor hut south end to that town. She again said that she was hungry but there was no food in her house. She then asked Hazrat Omar (R) if he would give her something to eat. Hazrat Omar (R) told her to go back home. He added that he was going with food and money for her.
14. Addressing the woman as his daughter, the Caliph asked her why her children were crying. The woman replied that they had been starving. The Caliph again asked her if she had none else in the world. The woman replied that her husband had died some months before and he (h) had left them neither money nor any property. She again said that they were in great distress. She further said that they had to starve sometimes. Expressing sadness, the Caliph said that he might be allowed to see how he could help them/ her.
15. Once I asked a little girl, "What is your mother's name?" She replied, "I can remember my mother's name but I will not tell you that." She again said, "I do not tell my mother's name to anyone whom I do not know." I said, "What a clever girl you are!"
16. Sejan asked Shawan if he (Se) knew Bangladesh Open University offered an English self-learning course. Shawan replied that he (Sh) did and said that he (Sh) had heard it from his father who worked as a tutor of the course. He (Sh) added that it was a six-month course known as 'CELT'.
17. The teacher asked the boy if he (b) thought that honesty is the best policy. The boy respectfully replied that he thought so. The teacher then advised him (b) to learn to be honest from his boyhood. The boy respectfully/ politely thanked him (t). Finally, the teacher prayed that Allah might grant him (b) a long life.
18. The writer told Jerry that his (Jerry) roller-skates looked very nice. She (the writer) again asked him (Jerry) who had bought them for him (Jerry). He (J) replied that his (J) mother had bought them for him (J). She (w) further/ again asked him (J) if/ whether she was alive. He (J) replied that she was and added/ said that she lived in Mannville.
19. He said that he could chop some wood that day. But I said that I had a boy coming from the orphanage. He said that he was the boy. But being surprised, I asked him if he was the boy and added that he was small. He replied that size didn't matter chopping wood.
20. The old man affectionately told his sons that a great treasure lay hidden in the estate and added that he was about to leave them. The sons asked him where it was hidden. The old man replied that he was about to tell them but added that they had to dig for it.
21. Rahim asked Hamid how he (H) was. He (R) said that he (R) had gone to his (H) hostel the previous day but had not found him (H). He (R) further asked him (H) where he (H) had gone. Hamid replied that he (H) had gone to the station because he had to receive his (H) maternal uncle there.
22. Offering a fan Edna told him to take the fan. He expressed his wonder in the negative and thanked her/ him. He added/ also said that it did no good. He further said that she/ he had to stop fanning some time and felt all the more uncomfortable afterward.
23. Expressing her grief and addressing him as her Lord, the woman requested the king not to kill the child. The woman also asked the king to let her have him. The king said that everything was clear to him then. Pointing to the woman, the king told the servant to give her the child because she was the mother of the baby.
24. The teacher asked the student if he (s) had heard the name of Aesop. The student respectfully replied in the negative that he (s) did not and asked the teacher who he (A) was. Then the teacher advised the student to read the lesson attentively so that he could be able to know about him. The teacher also exclaimed that his fables were very interesting and instructive.
25. Della asked Madame if she (M) would buy her hair. Madame replied that she (M) bought hair. Madame also told Della to take her (D) hat off and suggested having a sight at the looks of it. Then Madame offered Della twenty dollars. Della told Madame to give it to her (D) quickly.
26. The traveller asked the peasant if he (p) could tell him (t) the way to the nearest inn. The peasant replied that he (p) could and asked the traveller if he (t) wanted one in which he (t) could spend the night. The traveller replied that he (t) did not wish to stay there, but he (t) only wanted a meal.
27. The nobleman politely asked Sheikh Saadi why he (S) was putting his foods in his pocket and why he did not eat. Sheikh Saadi replied that he (S) was doing the right thing and added that his dress deserved the rich dishes. The nobleman apologized and added that he (m) did not understand what he (S) meant to say.
28. Being surprised, Jim asked Della if she had cut off her hair. Della replied that she had cut it off and sold it and asked Jim if he did not like her just as well, any how. Then Della asked Jim if she was not she without her hair and assured that she was.

29. Jerry said that she looked a little bit like his mother especially in the dark by the fire. But the writer said that he had been only four when he had gone there. Jerry said that his mother lived in Mannville.
30. He told me that he had come here the previous day from his village. I asked him why he had come. He replied that his mother had sent him to me with the letter. I asked him how his mother was and added that I had not seen her for a long time. I further added that I hoped she was quite well.
31. The stranger asked the boy if he (b) would tell him the way to the nearest hotel. The boy replied in the affirmative that he (b) would and asked the stranger if he (s) wanted a residential one in which he (s) could spend the night. The stranger replied that he (s) did not want to stay there, but he (s) wanted a meal only. The boy told the stranger to follow him (b).
32. The mistress of the house told the porter laughing that he might go and added that he had gained his freedom. Swearing by Allah, he (p) said that he would not leave the house until he (p) had heard the stories of his companions.
33. I asked the boy if he would come to my house the following day. I told him that we could discuss terms and conditions then. The boy replied that he would be very happy to meet me at my house and thanked me so much.
34. The receptionist respectfully asked the man whether he (r) could help him (m). The man replied that he (r) could and added that he (m) wanted to meet the Managing Director of the company. The receptionist asked the man if he (m) had an appointment. The man replied in the affirmative that he (m) had.
35. The teacher asked the student why he (s) did not attend classes regularly and said that he (s) could not expect good results unless he (s) attended classes as he (t) told him. The student respectfully said that he (s) was sorry, because he (s) had offended him (t).
36. Jerry said that he would pay for it and added that he had broken it because he had brought the axe down careless. I told him that no one hits accurately every time and added that the fault had been in the wood of the handle. Then I assured him (Jerry) that I would see the man who I had bought it from.
37. The speaker asked Jerry if he had seen his mother. Jerry replied that he saw her every summer and added that she sent for him. The speaker wanted to cry out and asked him why he was not with her. The speaker also asked him how she could let him go away again. He said that she came up there from Mannville whenever she could and added that she did not have a job then.
38. The teacher asked the student where he was from. The student replied that he was from Nepal. Then the teacher asked him (s) how he (s) had found Dhaka when he (s) had first arrived. The student replied satisfactorily that he liked it. He (s) added that he thought the city was very beautiful.
39. "Where is my son?" the grocer said to the fruitseller the. "A crow carried your son away," said the fruitseller. "You liar. How can a crow carry away such a big boy?" "Just the same way as mice can eat away the balance and weights."
40. Once I said to a sweet girl, "What is your mother's name?" She replied cleverly, "I know my mother's name but I won't tell you that." I said, "What a clever girl you are!" "I don't tell my mother's name to anybody whom I don't know," she spoke with an air of confidence.
41. "Where did you go yesterday?" said Lipi. "I went to Chittagong to see my mother," said Mina. "She has been suffering from high blood pressure." "Is she sound now?" said Lipi. "No," said Mina.
42. "Where do you like to go, sir?" said the ticket officer to the passenger. "I want to go to Chittagong," said the passenger. "How many tickets do you need?" "I need five tickets." "Here are the tickets. They will cost one thousand taka."
43. "What do you want, Tamanna?" said the principal. "I need three days' leave," said Tamanna. The principal said, "Why?" She said, "The marriage ceremony of my elder sister will be held on next Friday." The principal said, "Where is your application?" She said, "Here it is."
44. The teacher said to the boy, "Do you think that honesty is the best policy?" The boy said, "Yes sir, I think so." "Then learn to be honest from your boyhood," said the teacher. "Thank you sir," said the boy. "May Allah grant you a long life," said the teacher.
45. "How much do you want?" said the Mayor. "A thousand guilders," said the Pied Piper. "All right", said the Mayor, "We'll pay you a thousand guilders. When will you set to work?" "Now," replied the Pied Pieper.
46. "Can I have a look at your paper for a moment?" asked the man next to me. "I just want to see the cricket result." "I've not quite finished reading. Could you wait a moment?" "No, I'm getting off at the next stop."
47. "Jim, darling", cried Della, "don't look at me this way. I had my hair cut off and sold it because I couldn't have lived through Christmas without giving you a present. I just have to do it. Say Marry Christmas, Jim, and let's be happy".

48. "Will you come to my house tomorrow, friend?" I asked, "We can discuss the term and condition then." "Sure," he told, "I'll be very happy to meet you at your house." "Thank you very much." "Ok."
49. "Do you have any dream? What is your dream?", Zayed said to Robi. "Yes, I have a dream", said Robi. "I like to have a plate full of rice." Zayed got surprised. "I will make your dream come true," Zayed said to Robi with an affectionate note in his voice.
50. "How can I help you?" the librarian said to Rubel. "I want to have a library card." said Rubel. "Have you got your identity card?" said the librarian. "Yes, here it is. How many books can I borrow at a time?" said Rubel. The librarian said to him, "You can borrow three books at a time." Rubel said, "Thank you."

Pronoun Referencing (Question No-8)

01. Travelling is a part of education. It/This means going from place to place. One can enhance knowledge by going from place to place. It gives one the opportunity to see the unseen and to know the unknown. Some people are averse to travelling. This averseness limits their/ his vision. However, by travelling different parts of the world, one's knowledge may be enriched.
02. Education is the birthright of every man. But even then many people in our country are deprived of education for many reasons. They are unconscious and unskilled for want of education. For want of education they are unable not only to develop their own fate or their family but also unable to play any role for the development of society or the state. If the people are not properly educated, any development is not possible. So, the more we can educate our people, the more the country will be developed. With a view to developing human resource, the government has given many incentives in the field of expanding the primary and the secondary education. We must ensure these incentives for every child of the country.
03. Sunlight is the source of all energy. All the living beings are dependent upon sunlight. Green plants are the producer of the ecosystem. All plants and animals of the environment/ ecosystem are interconnected serially. Consequently, there develops a food chain among these plants and animals. The transfer of food energy takes place from producers through a series of food levels. The process is called food chain of food in the ecosystem. There are numerous food chains in an ecosystem. Food chain does not work in isolation. The food chains are linked together to form a food web.
04. Mandela left public life in June 2004 telling his adoring countrymen not to call him. Regarding Mandela's/ speech/him/his speech. Nadine Gordimer said, "Mandela is at the epicenter of our time, ours in South Africa, and yours, wherever you are."
05. A richman went to a farmer with one thousand taka in a bag. The rich man said to the farmer, "Look, my friend, I have brought one thousand taka for you. Keep this money and remove your distress." The farmer was surprised. He took the bag from the rich man and thanked him. The farmer said to himself, "One thousand taka is a lot of money." He could not think where to keep it. He did not find any safe place. He dug a hole in his hut and kept the money there.
06. Books are the medium through which human beings talk with enlightened minds, the great men of the world. Books are our best friends. They introduce the great men to the life and the world. Books are the mirrors of past, present and even future. The books are having an active voice. We know about the thoughts and deeds of our ancestors through them/ the books. Books make the noble men alive in the world forever.
07. Teaching is a profession which is full of challenge. I want to be a teacher because I like working with children. But my father argues that that one cannot make much money from teaching. He wants me to look after our farms instead. But this profession does not inspire me much.
08. A cook once roasted a duck for his master. The roast looked so delicious that the cook could not resist the temptation and ate up one of the drumsticks. When the master sat down to eat the meal, he quickly noticed the missing leg. He asked the cook what had happened to the other leg. The cook told him that the duck had one leg only. The master said that there was no such thing as a one-legged duck but the cook insisted that every duck had only one leg.
09. Salam and Salma are siblings. They read in a local primary school. Salam is in class five whereas his sister Salma reads in class three. They go to school together. Sometimes they take rickshaw because the school is five kilometers away from their home. Today, Salma is going to school with her father because her brother, Salam is sick. Salam is taking medicine and bed rest.
10. On a summer day, becoming very thirsty, a lion and a bear came at the same moment to a small well to drink. They fiercely quarrelled which of them should drink first, and were soon engaged in a mortal fighting. On their stopping on a sudden to take breath for

renewal of the fighting, they saw some vultures waiting in the distance to feast on the one which should fall first. They at once stopped the quarrel, saying : "It is better for us to make friendship than to become the food of crows or vultures, as will certainly happen if we are disabled."

11. Women are nowadays as important as men in society. They constitute nearly half of our total population. No nation can make real progress keeping half of its total population in darkness. Without the uplift of women, the development/ progress of the nation is not at all possible. Again, without education, women cannot be uplifted. So proper education should be given to them so that they can work hand in hand with men in all development programmes.
12. Life is full of struggles. These struggles are quite normal in any one's life as life is not a bed of roses. Certainly it has ups and downs. A man has to face innumerable barriers in his life. Sometimes he can overcome those but sometimes he fails to combat them. He may be born with silver spoon without any trouble. But even then he has to overcome a lot of problems/troubles to be successful in life. In other words, life is full of challenges. If a man cannot fight them successfully, his life becomes full of sorrows. Though the scholars differ in giving the definition of life, they are unanimous that obstacles are the ways of life. In fact, a man has to undergo many problems in his life.
13. A stormy night is fearful and horrible. It causes untold sufferings to the people. In a stormy night, the whole sky is totally overcast with dark cloud. Only the roaring of violent wind can be heard. The wind begins to blow with fearful sound from no directions. People get frightened with sound of storm. In addition to it, there is thundering and lightning. The frequent thundering and lightning causes much terror and fear in the mind of the people who always think that this night may be the end of their lives and the terrible and destructive storm will never come to an end. Storm causes harm to people. The house roofs are blown away. Many trees are uprooted. A large number of houses and shelters are damaged within a very short time. Standing crops are badly damaged. A stormy night is thus a dreadful night to the people.
14. The sun is getting hotter. It is also very old. It is about 4,500 million years old. The earth's climate has been changing for all these. But the climate is heating up much faster now. Humans and their machines are responsible for this heat. Almost all

machines use fuels such as oil, gas, coal. They produce pollution. Much of this pollution contains a gas called carbon dioxide. It is responsible for the pollution of the atmosphere. To prevent such pollution we should plant trees which produce oxygen in the atmosphere.

15. In our country, people have different views about women. The majority cannot still consider men and women on equal terms. Women are treated either with a feeling of compassion or they are deprived of their rights. Ignorance and very frequently illiteracy among them are the main reasons behind this type of attitude. It is true that as general rule girls whether from poor or rich families are much loved and cared for by their father and brother. We also need to remember that they are often denied by another woman. We first have to make them aware of the great harm they are doing. In the matter of attitude, women need to face menfolk with the expectation of being treated rightly as a woman!
16. Once upon a time there was a mother who had three daughters, the eldest of them was rude and wicked, the second one much better, but the youngest was a pious and good child. The mother was very strange because she loved the eldest daughter only and she could not bear the youngest. So she often sent the youngest daughter out into the great forest in order to get rid of her. She thought that the youngest daughter would lose herself and never come back again. Once the child could not find her way out of the forest and she walked on constantly until evening came and then she saw a tiny light burning in the distance and ran up to it at once.
17. Mr. Ahmed always takes his children with him when he goes to any place of historical interest. The children are all teenagers. They behave well in the beginning and become curious in any object they see. But after some time, boredom begins to affect them. Twelve year old, Dripto likes to move alone and wanders away. If anybody tells him, "Are you lost, little boy?" He pretends that he hears none and keeps walking away. Ten year old Diana takes off her shoes and leaves them anywhere. Mr. Ahmed always realizes that he won't have any son and his daughter won't have any shoes. Without worrying what everybody will think, he always calls out loudly, "Babies, get back here right now!"
18. Trees are our best friends. Our existence on earth will be at stake without tree. We inhale oxygen which trees produce. Again we exhale carbon dioxide which tree absorbs. Besides, we get foods from trees and firewood to cook

- them. But some unconscious people cut down trees indiscriminately. Such people should be brought to book. Furthermore, we should take keen interest to plant more trees so that we can live comfortably on earth.
19. The patriotic feeling of the Bangalee people was always strong. They always tried to make different movements and it was possible for them because of patriotism. The British were compelled to postpone the annual meeting about the division of Bengal in the face of such movements. At this stage, many young persons became inclined towards armed revolution. The British rulers took stern action against those persons. But they could not stop the young persons from making continuous movements. The British colonial rule came to an end due to these movements. The Indian subcontinent became independent in 1947 and as such India and Pakistan came into being.
 20. Sense of humour is a very good quality of a successful teacher. It works wonders in teaching. Any boring class can be turned into an interesting one by creating it. Mr. Ahmed can make his students laugh in the class in different ways. It increases respect of students towards him. His presentation skill is different from others. His body language is his main aid and he keeps it positive at all times. Sense of humour is certainly a very fascinating quality. I am sure it will greatly help Mr. Ahmed become a successful teacher.
 21. Once two women came to King Solomon's court with a baby and each of the women claimed that they were the mother of that baby. The king thought for a while and got a brilliant idea. He ordered one of his men to cut the baby into two equal halves and give each half to them. The real mother of the baby became very nervous by that, but the other woman was totally untouched by the event. The king noticed the change in the face of the real mother and handed over the baby to her and punished the other woman.
 22. Bashundhara City is undoubtedly a very pompous shopping mall in Dhaka City. It is called a city within a city. But once it was set on fire by an accident. The reason of that was unknown. Many people became victims of the accident. They were mostly the employees of the shopping mall. As soon as the fire broke out, people were running to and fro to save themselves. But the irony of fate was that, many of them had to die. Fire brigade and some other government and non government organization came to extinguish the fire. Some people came out safe and sound but many could not escape the death from the accident. We should be careful so that it may not occur in any circumstances.
 23. Dr. Shihab, a doctor living in Dhaka, decided one morning to give his cat away. Dr. Shihab thought that it was much better for the cat to live in the country. So, he put 'Mini' in the car and drove 100 kilometres out of the city to his brother's house and left the cat with them. A month later he was shocked to hear that the cat was no longer there! Then one night Dr. Shihab heard a noise at his bedroom window. Unable to sleep he got out of the bed and was surprised to see a thin cat looking in. He chased the cat away and went back to bed. Then, just as he was about to fall asleep, something landed on his bed. "It gave me real fright and then I realized it was the cat and the cat was Mini!" Now Dr. Shihab says he will never give it away again.
 24. Read the newspaper carefully. Every day you will find there many examples of human joy and his tragedy which can give you ideas for articles, essays or short stories. Keep a notebook in it to put down that you notice, or ideas that come to you when you are out walking, when you are reading a book or magazine, or at an other time. Some people get the ideas in the bath, or when are awake during the night. Unless they write them down at once they often forget those.
 25. In a small village a little boy lived with his father and mother. He was the only son for them. The parents of the little boy were very depressed due to his bad temper. The boy used to get angry very soon and taunt others with his bad words. He scolded kids, neighbours and even his friends due to anger. He invited all worries for his parents through it. As a result his friends and neighbours avoided him.
 26. Once upon a time there lived a rich man who bought a necklace and a ring for his wife. Unfortunately, the necklace was lost. In the meantime some servants passed by the house. The house husband suspected that they might steal the necklace. He lodged a complaint with the judge against the servants. The court brought a charge of theft against them and they were summoned to the court with due data. But they did not confess the guilt. On the contrary, they raised a strong protest against it.
 27. Many people think that poverty is a great evil which makes life a hell. On the other hand, money can make them feel happy. But it is not true. If we investigate a poor man, we may find happiness in him, but if we do the same for the rich, we may find unhappiness in them. For this, we often say that the rich are not always happy. Actually happiness consists in contentment.

28. King Lear, a father of three daughters- Goneril, Regan and Cordelia, ruled his kingdom for many years and arrived almost at the end of his days. He was very much tired of ruling and decided to divide the kingdom among the three daughters. The decision would be materialized only after his daughters had expressed their love for him in words. Their expression made him both happy and angry- the sweet but false words of Goneril and Regan made him happy where as the practical but genuine words from Cordelia made him angry. Therefore, the king divided his kingdom between the first two daughters giving Cordelia nothing which he thought a good decision, but by the later activities of the first two daughters proved that the decision was wrong.
29. The Chinese put a lot of emphasis on the unity of the family. In the cities the parks are often crowded with families spending their time together. There are lots of nice, clean parks for people to spend their time in. Sometimes musician and acrobats perform in the open air to entertain people who are present there. In the evening many families spend their free time watching television. The Japanese love to take part in sports in their free time. They also love skate boarding which involves riding on a flat piece of wood that has wheels under it.
30. There lived a man in a village who had a great attraction to English. He went to a teacher in order to learn English well though he was dull headed. The teacher tried his best to teach him but he learnt only three English words- 'yes', 'no' and 'very good'. Though he did not know the meaning of them, he used them frequently in his conversation with others. He did not understand that 'a little learning is a dangerous thing' and very soon he would be a victim of it.
31. Love for one's native land is a natural instinct. Gradually it leads one towards the country, the native land and the native people. The total expression of one's attraction, love and care for the motherland is called patriotism. It is a great virtue in one's life. The people who have patriotism are really noble. Love for the own territory gives rise to it. It also takes us to offer due respect and love for the people of the country, to protect its freedom and sovereignty. An unpatriotic man is the enemy of a country. Nobody loves an unpatriotic man. If we look at the developed countries, we will see that people of those countries are the real patriots.
32. Once a dog was eating a bony piece of meat under a tree. A crow saw the dog and wished to eat the piece of meat. The crow flew away and after some time returned with another crow. Both the crows went near the dog. One of the crows started pecking the dog's tail. The dog not only felt disturbed but also became angry. The dog dropped the bone and looked at the crow. In the meantime the other crow flew away with the bone.
33. A beggar is a person who begs from door to door. There are some beggars who beg on streets. They are called street beggars. Begging is not a profession. It is a social problem. Beggars are the ignoble persons in the society. Though they earn money by begging, they do not contribute to society.
34. The Taj Mahal is surrounded by a beautiful garden and there is a long pool that stretches out in front of the building. One/ people can see the beauty of the Taj Mahal in its refection in the pool water. Visitors come to see this wonderful building at different times of the day since it assumes a different look at different times. Most people like it best on moon-lit nights.
35. Everyone knows that illiteracy is one of the greatest problems of Bangladesh. An illiterate person does not know much about the world and he is very often compared to a frog in a well. As a result of illiteracy, he remains unemployed and becomes a burden to his family. An illiterate person creates problems for his family as well as his country. It is high time the educated came forward to solve the illiteracy problem in order to ensure a Bangladesh free from poverty.
36. Teaching is a profession which is full of challenge. I want to be a teacher because I like working with children. But my father argues that one cannot make much money from teaching. He wants me to look after his farms instead. Actually, he wants to own a farm in future. He thinks it is a good idea to have farm experience before buying.
37. When a child is born, it is totally helpless. It is its parents who come forward to remove its helplessness. So, the parents are the best friends of all the children on earth. Children are greatly cared of by their parents.
38. In Bangladesh it has many kinds of unpleasant customs. Dowry is the most common unpleasant custom of them. Dowry creates many problems. It is against the success of Bangladesh. It is an unexpected situation for the bride's family members. The members of the bride's family collect a huge amount of money for their daughter's or sister's marriage. Sometimes they have to

take loan, sell their land, furniture, ornaments and even their own house to collect the money. They are to lose many things and face many problems for dowry.

39. An old man had four grown up sons. But the four sons had no good relation with one another. They were disobedient and quarrelsome. There was no peace and that made the old man extremely anxious. Having failed to bring them to their sense, he hit upon a plan at last. Accordingly, he called all his sons and asked them to bring a bundle of sticks. According to their father's order, they brought a bundle of sticks. Then the old man ordered them to break the sticks.

40. Mrs. Nazma and Mr. Joynal Alim live in a small village with their daughters. Their names are Mitu aged 7 and Nitu aged 5. Joynal is a carpenter. He is hired by the villagers because they need him to make chairs, tables, pira (low stool) and other furniture. He is also asked to do small repair work. But Joynal does not find work everyday. He has to contact with other people for the work. He lives from hand to mouth. Nazma does all the works at home from morning to night, rain or shine. Sometimes Mitu and Nitu help her do these works at leisure time. She sits with Mitu and teaches her Bangla and English.

41. The Titanic was sailing across the icy waters of the North Atlantic and a huge ice-berg was suddenly spotted by a look out. After the alarm had been given, it turned sharply to avoid a direct collision. Suddenly there was a slight trembling sound from below, and the captain went down to see what had happened. The noise had been so faint that no one thought it had been damaged below. The captain realized to his horror that it was sinking rapidly for five of its sixteen water tight compartments had already been flooded.

42. To be successful in life, one should respect one's parents. The parents bear great sufferings to give birth to a child and to bring it up. In exchange they want to see their child established in life. So, we must try our best to make them happy and satisfied. They hope that we take care of them in their old age in the same way as they took care of us in our childhood.

43. The level of sea water is increasing due to global warming. As sea water is entering the coastal areas, salinity is increasing in those areas. Due to salinity in sea water, trees and fisheries are hampered. If it continues, crops will be ruined massively. This situation is already evident in Bangladesh. Global warming is already damaging the mangrove forest in Bangladesh. It is causing some other devastating destruction. All these

situations have adverse impact on people's life and livelihood.

44. The Liberation War of Bangladesh is a memorable event in our national life. Bangladesh achieved her independence through sacrifice and blood-shed. Independence is the birth right of a man. On the night of March 25, 1971, the Pakistani army fell upon the unarmed sleeping Bangalees. But we were not cowards. We built up strong resistance against the Pakistanis. We fought with courage for long nine months. After nine months' bloody war and the sacrifice of the freedom fighters, the red sun of independence rose in our soil on the 16th December, 1971. Now we remember them with great respect.

45. Smoking is a serious bad habit. The dangers of smoking beggar description. The dangers the smokers have to face are severe health hazards. Smoking is one of the most dreadful habits practiced by human beings. By practicing such a bad habit one harms not only oneself but also others around. A smoker has to face a lot of incurable diseases. Lung cancer, bronchitis are two of them. So, everyone should be conscious of the dreadful consequences of smoking.

46. Shafiq and Kamal are cousins. They are also classmates. One day, Shafiq told Kamal that their physics teacher, Mr. Bose, had called him. So he decided to meet Mr. Bose. In the last exam, Shafiq did very well in Physics. But his cousin cut a very sorry figure. Actually Kamal finds no interest in Physics. He was therefore afraid of going to the teacher.

47. Pele is widely regarded as one of the greatest football players of the Century by the IFFHS. IFFHS stands for International Federation of Football History and Statistics. In 1999 the International Olympic Committee (IOC) named Pele the "Athlete of the Century." In his career Pele is the scorer of more than 1200 goals. Thus he has become the top of all time. In his own country-Brazil, Pele is a national hero. People call Pele with the title, "The king of Football". He is given the title because he is the all-time leading scorer of the Brazilian national team. He is the only footballer to be a part of three World Cup winning squads and the only one in the world to have three World Cup winning medals.

48. One must possess honesty and perseverance if one wants to be successful. Without honesty, he cannot expect trust and respect from others. Without perseverance he cannot maintain his success for a long time, because success needs continuous effort. Honesty and perseverance go hand in hand and they complement one another. Their combination always brings the best result.

49. On Pahela Baishakh, you can join the traditional celebration at any place all over Bangladesh. You can make your time more enjoyable by celebrating Pahela Baishakh alongwith your family members or friends. It will lead you to a greater understanding of your rich cultural heritage. It is an important part of creating a patriotic fervour within you. Joining it will definitely make your patriotic feeling stronger.

50. One night, while walking down the streets Kamal noticed a postbox from where a sound was coming. Being curious about the sound, when Kamal reached there, he found that there was a child behind the postbox. The child was crying helplessly. This touched him greatly. He took the child in his arms and the cry stopped. He was wondering what he should do. He thought that he should return it to its parents. But as he did not know where the parents were, he took it to the nearest police station.

Use of Modifiers (Question No.-9)

01. (a) at random/ indiscriminately/ inconsiderately/ recklessly/ whimsically/ regularly/ randomly/ cruelly/ unnecessarily (b) ecological/ environmental/ natural/ climatic (c) to earn money/to earn their livelihood/ to get profit/ to make profit (d) temperature/ sea/water (e) becoming/ being/getting (f) cutting/ burning/felling (g) Cutting/ Chopping/ Destroying (h) unwisely/at random/ in a merciless way/ in an inconsiderate way (i) rising/ increasing/ growing/ increased (j) to keep balance our environment/to stop deforestation/to keep the environment safe/to maintain the ecological balance/to keep ourselves healthy or safe/ to survive
02. (a) poor/landless (b) to work (c) their (d) working (e) day (f) to earn (g) occasionally (h) own (i) begging (j) poor/helpless/invalid/ feeble
03. (a) an (b) his (c) well (d) the elderly (e) to remove (f) Removing (g) very (h) five (i) a govt. employee (j) also
04. (a) familiar/ common/ popular (b) well/ usually/ also/ mostly/ commonly/ normally/ generally/ casually (c) qualified/ good/ skilled/ registered (d) everyday/ regularly/ always/ often (e) taking small money/ taking some money/ getting some money/ receiving some money/using cheap medicine (f) rich/ wealthy/ solvent/ well off (g)poorly/ ill/ not (h) poor/ needy/ critical/ dying/ serious/ impoverished (i) very/ quite/ completely/ totally (j) poor/ helpless/ needy
05. (a) nutritious (b) to lead (c) balanced (d) many (e) easily (f) our (g) same (h) eating (i) to have/ to eat (j) a
06. (a) deeply/ sharply/ instantly/ immediately/ justifiably (b) notorious (c) Pakistan (d) to blame/ to condemn (e) this/ that (f) The mostly military ruled country (g) very (h) gradually/ day by day/ sharply / quickly (i) very (j) its/ her
07. (a) great/ noble/ famous/ rebel (b) spontaneously/ freely (c) the rebel poet/ our national poet (d) his (e) to inspire people (f) very (g) profoundly/ greatly/deeply (h) bangla (i) a (j) throughout his life/ in a loud voice
08. (a) my younger brother (b) many/some (c) main/prime (d) this (e) his (f) early (g) regularly (h) single (i) very (j) bad
09. (a) great/prominent/famous (b) noble/ rich/ landlord/ wealthy/ sophisticated (c) at the early age (d) first (e) to get admitted to a (f) professional (g) to have/ to get (h) to enjoy/to listen to (i) praising (j) forever/ soon
10. (a) summer (b) thirsty (c) very (d) down (e) to drink the water (f) the (g) for a while (h) Looking around (i) suddenly (j) enough
11. (a) natural/ liquid (b) its (c) other (d) our (e) contaminated (f) certainly (g) unnecessary/ unexpected (h) water (i) set up/ built (j) Public/ Social
12. (a) our (b) international (c) global (d) well (e) the (f) language/ communication (g) your (h) career (i) in the way (j) regularly/ properly
13. (a) last year (b) a local boy (c) the (d) sea (e) along (f) very (g) Seeing (h) very (i) to stay (j) those
14. (a) clever (b) slowly (c) very (d) to attend (e) new (f) entirely (g) attentively/ curiously (h) to cut off (i) wise (j) no
[N.B : a meeting এর পূর্বের to বাদ যাবে।]
15. (a) an African Moor (b) fierce (c) highly (d) who was very beautiful (e) often (f) enough (g) hearing the stories of his adventure (h) intensely (i) gradually (j) to marry
16. (a) very (b) often (c) qualified (d) always/ regularly (e) taking (f) rich (g) hardly (h) serious/ poor (i) very (j) village
17. (a) undeniably (b) very (c) great (d) in a body (e) eagerly (f) sweetest (g) great (h) her (i) then (j) glowing
18. (a) important/significant (b) bookish (c) to increase (d) daily (e) to know (f) Reading newspaper (g) many (h) correctly (i) right (j) certainly
19. (a) a (b) their (c) any (d) his (e) very (f) a (g) One (h) some (i) many (j) to make
20. (a) poor (b) village (c) to know (d) living (e) the (f) very (g) some (h) to cut boils (i) seriously (j) general

21. (a) a black president (b) the (c) Government (d) all (e) human (f) their (g) inhumanly (h) great (i) this (j) his
22. (a) winter (b) all around (c) late (d) warm (e) to bask (f) biting (g) hardly (h) to keep (i) falling on the grass (j) to warm themselves
23. (a) deep (b) to see (c) stealing (d) silently (e) red-handed (f) generous (g) to ask him (h) for two days (i) Hearing this (j) free
24. (a) mostly/mainly (b) various (c) to reach (d) remarkably (e) to meet (f) easily (g) to shift (h) greatly (i) increase (j) Travelling to foreign countries
25. (a) a historical place of interest (b) on last Sunday (c) the (d) Principal (e) in the morning (f) fine (g) Our (h) eight (i) Some (j) really
26. (a) each year (b) increasingly (c) various (d) seriously (e) important (f) to cook (g) many other (h) power (i) by burning coal and oil (j) a lot of
27. (a) very (b) intelligent (c) to increase (d) regularly (e) right (f) to make friendship (g) qualified (h) to distinguish (i) true (j) Being inspired
28. (a) a great scholar (b) human (c) her (d) to irritate (e) One (f) the (g) outside (h) door (i) her (j) quietly
29. (a) poisonous (b) very (c) This (d) many (e) rural/village (f) suffering from arsenicosis (g) Attacked with arsenicosis (h) mainly (i) to identify the materials (j) colouring
30. (a) a king of Scotland (b) his (c) to regain his kingdom (d) climbing to the ceiling (e) the (f) some (g) hard (h) to see (i) well (j) that
31. (a) a (b) fine (c) own (d) chief (e) a kind man (f) his (g) attentively (h) most (i) college (j) that
32. (a) summer (b) fine (c) this (d) Seeing this (e) drowning (f) safely (g) very (h) which had saved it from drowning (i) hurriedly (j) to save his life
33. (a) a major problem in Bangladesh (b) definite (c) the (d) daily/ regular (e) their (f) most/ seriously (g) gradual (h) to produce (i) necessary (j) this
34. (a) a storehouse of knowledge (b) firstly (c) a (d) first (e) Bengali (f) very (g) our (h) Different (i) all (j) daily
35. (a) vast/huge/large (b) poverty/standard (c) always (d) their (e) basically/actually (f) beautiful (g) the largest sea beach in the world (h) a (i) that (j) also
36. (a) nice (b) boarded (c) light (d) shortly (e) welcome (f) oxygen (g) firmly (h) normally (i) his (j) first
37. (a) very (b) to feed/serve (c) internal (d) great (e) gradually/rapidly (f) very/much (g) to talk (h) to ask (i) no (j) genuine
38. (a) to satisfy our hunger (b) our (c) good/balanced (d) living (e) the right (f) many (g) to make (h) adequate (i) healthy (j) happy
39. (a) rapidly (b) its (c) the (d) hard (e) never (f) in our life (g) proper (h) to do (i) Our (j) every
40. (a) These (b) national (c) our (d) all the year round (e) closely (f) vital (g) economic (h) To carry (i) living (j) left
41. (a) dense (b) hunting (c) that (d) to do (e) bitter (f) to and fro (g) to help (h) many (i) instantly (j) long
42. (a) well known (b) to sacrifice her life (c) distressed (d) to fulfill (e) Keeping it in mind (f) to educate (g) successfully (h) to serve (i) Mother (j) the Nobel
43. (a) our (b) properly (c) sometimes (d) written (e) poor (f) properly (g) your (h) to get good marks (i) directly (j) very
44. (a) very (b) a power to turn everything into gold (c) promptly (d) apple (e) ripe (f) the (g) hardly (h) his (i) his (j) instantly
45. (a) a common affair (b) Usually (c) dangerous things like (d) Generally (e) day by day (f) as a fun (g) by friends (h) the mistake (i) No (j) in case
46. (a) an (b) motherly (c) any (d) a (e) such (f) very (g) never (h) very (i) very (j) his
47. (a) a retired person (b) morning (c) lying (d) on the ground (e) quickly (f) to awake (g) very (h) firstly (i) police (j) nearby
48. (a) very (b) Keeping women uneducated (c) behind (d) overall (e) many (f) properly (g) educated (h) to upgrade (i) properly (j) educated
49. (a) massive (b) recently (c) reliable (d) also (e) Seeing this (f) nearby (g) so (h) to put out (i) several (j) totally
50. (a) serious (b) gradually (c) its (d) low (e) this (f) frequently (g) its (h) radical (i) living (j) to draw

Sentence Connectors (Question No-10)

1. (a) As such/Now/ Nowadays/At present/..... (b) In fact/So/Thus/ Therefore (c) But/On the other hand/However (d) Firstly/For example/ For instance (e) Secondly/ Besides/Moreover (f) Then/ Again/ Thirdly (g) Moreover/ Besides/ Finally (h) Actually/ However (i) Unfortunately (j) So/Therefore
2. (a) So (b) For this reason (c) Firstly (d) Secondly (e) Thirdly (f) Besides (g) Moreover (h) Rather (i) Even (j) Actually/ In fact
3. (a) So (b) In fact (c) Rather (d) Firstly/Such as (e) However (f) So (g) After a while (h) Then (i) Fortunately (j) Finally/At last
4. (a) Therefore (b) As a result (c) However (b) But (e) As such (f) Firstly (g) Secondly (h) Thirdly (i) Moreover (j) so
5. (a) Moreover/ In fact/ Actually (b) But (c) On the other hand/ Rather (d) As a result/ Consequently (e) As/ Since (f) In addition/ Moreover/ Besides (g) So/ Therefore (h) Besides/ Moreover/ In addition (i) Again/ Moreover (j) and

6. (a) But (b) At that time (c) As/ Since/ Because (d) So (e) Then/ After that (f) Afterwards/ Then (g) Suddenly/ Then/ But/ And (h) But (i) But (j) Finally/ Lastly/ At the end/ Moreover/ Rather/ At last
7. (a) Indeed/ But (b) Because (c) But eventually/ But in the long run (d) So/ Therefore/ Hence (e) On the contrary/ On the other hand/ But (f) Besides/ In addition to/ Moreover/ And/ On the other hand/ but (g) Hence/ So/ Therefore (h) So/ This is why/ Hence/ For this reason (i) For all these reasons/ Hence/ So (j) so that
8. (a) but (b) Firstly (c) When (d) and (e) Secondly (f) Besides (g) Again (h) So (i) For this (j) If
09. (a) At that time/At the same time (b) So/That is why (c) Then/Suddenly (d) At first (e) For this reason/Hence (f) Besides/Again (g) Then (h) But (i) And/Then (j) So/After all
10. (a) While (b) if (c) rather (d) and (e) Then (f) so that (g) but/though (h) that (i) During (j) though
11. (a) who (b) because (c) But (d) So (e) and (f) On the contrary (g) when (h) so (i) Again/Moreover/ However (j) so that
12. (a) In fact (b) So (c) Rather (d) Obviously (e) Thus (f) Consequently (g) and (h) Eventually (i) But (j) Moreover
13. (a) and (b) But (c) both (d) and (e) On the first hand (f) Moreover (g) Thus (h) However (i) that (j) But
14. (a) Generally/Therefore (b) As a matter of fact (c) For example (d) Thus/Then (e) But/On the other hand (f) Truly/Truly speaking (g) Rather (h) Then (i) Eventually (j) So/Hence
15. (a) Wherever (b) which (c) that (d) Besides (e) So (f) As a result (g) Moreover (h) Though (i) however (j) Any way
16. (a) In fact (b) Actually (c) yet (d) However (e) At first (f) Then (g) Next (h) Last of all (i) As a result (j) Finally
17. (a) as (b) that (c) But (d) which (e) If (f) Both (g) besides (h) But (i) and (j) However
18. (a) Actually (b) So (c) In fact (d) Also (e) Besides (f) thus (g) Yet (h) Not only that (i) If (j) so
19. (a) who (b) However (c) It is true (d) that (e) Firstly (f) Secondly (g) then (h) Besides (i) such as (j) above all
20. (a) Nowadays (b) Mostly (c) Consequently (d) As a result (e) But (f) Then (g) When (h) In this way/ Thus (i) Moreover (j) If
21. (a) that (b) as (c) in reality (d) and (e) including (f) But (g) After all (h) when (i) And (j) Moreover
22. (a) as (b) However (c) that (d) whereas (e) In fact (f) If (g) and (h) who (i) as well as (j) That's why
23. (a) both (b) or/and (c) Besides/ Hence/ Moreover (d) in order to (e) along with (f) Then (g) If (h) only (i) and (j) surely/obviously
24. (a) however (b) which (c) and (d) and (e) Nevertheless (f) that (g) In fact (h) than (i) So (j) that
25. (a) Usually (b) But (c) otherwise (d) For example (e) and (f) Moreover (g) that (h) If (i) Besides (j) Again
26. (a) Sometimes (b) But (c) Then (d) As a result (e) However (f) Truly speaking (g) Moreover (h) So to say (i) That is why (j) In fact
27. (a) Despite this (b) Though (c) However (d) But (e) Moreover (f) As a result (g) Likewise/ Similarly/ Equally (h) If (i) Unless (j) subsequently/ naturally
28. (a) First of all (b) As such (c) and (d) when (e) specific/ definite (f) which (g) Similarly (h) Moreover (i) On the one hand (j) On the other hand
29. (a) Though (b) Most often (c) However (d) As a result (e) Besides (f) including (g) Actually (h) But (i) On the other hand (j) In fact/Indeed
30. (a) Although (b) yet (c) However (d) But (e) Because (f) Moreover (g) But (h) Again (i) More over (j) Furthermore
31. (a) That's why (b) Therefore (c) Firstly (d) Secondly (e) Besides (f) Moreover (g) Next (h) Rather (i) However (j) Because
32. (a) because (b) That is why (c) but (d) So (e) Suddenly (f) At once (g) But (h) However (i) So (j) As a result
33. (a) when (b) not only (c) Therefore (d) when (e) and (f) But (g) that (h) which (i) Moreover (j) Therefore
34. (a) But (b) That is why (c) Therefore (d) But (e) First of all (f) Moreover (g) Furthermore (h) In addition (i) As a result (j) Hence
35. (a) that (b) not only (c) but also (d) so that (e) as well as (f) which (g) if (h) such (i) as (j) And
36. (a) Generally (b) Unfortunately (c) These (d) Of course (e) As (f) so (g) As a result (h) Moreover (i) Besides (j) That's why
37. (a) But (b) Firstly (c) So/ As such (d) Moreover (e) Besides (f) Secondly (g) Thirdly (h) Hence (i) However (j) Otherwise
38. (a) At first (b) Secondly (c) Thirdly (d) Fourthly (e) Thus (f) Unfortunately (g) Moreover (h) Thus (i) Obviously (j) Otherwise
39. (a) much (b) If (c) only (d) By (e) When (f) properly (g) Along with (h) that (i) and (j) that/which
40. (a) So (b) And (c) But (d) Besides (e) First of all (f) Then (g) Next (h) Finally (i) Actually (j) Then
41. (a) Because (b) Usually (c) At present (d) As a result (e) Since (f) Again (g) But (h) As such (i) As (j) It is time.
42. (a) In addition (b) First of all (c) Secondly (d) After (e) Both (f) Though (g) Yet (h) As a result (i) However (j) Finally
43. (a) But (b) Because (c) In this case (d) On the contrary (e) For this (f) Besides (g) so that (h) Then (i) As a result (j) Otherwise
44. (a) In fact (b) Certainly (c) Moreover (d) Again (e) First of all (f) Secondly (g) Then (h) Finally (i) Of course (j) Last of all

45. (a) true that (b) So/Therefore/As such (c) In fact (d) Only (e) Firstly (f) Secondly (g) In fact (h) Finally (i) So (j) Otherwise
46. (a) As (b) so (c) But (d) Nevertheless (e) Because (f) Besides (g) Thus (h) But (i) So (j) In doing so
47. (a) But (b) Thus (c) Besides (d) But (e) So (f) On the other hand (g) But (h) Therefore (i) But (j) Thus/At last
48. (a) However (b) First of all (c) Next (d) As soon as (e) Then (f) Because (g) However (h) Moreover (i) If (j) then
49. (a) So (b) However (c) When (d) In reply (e) So (f) Then (g) At this (h) Now (i) When (j) Therefore
50. (a) Generally (b) For example (c) Similarly (d) On the other hand (e) On the other hand (f) Actually (g) But (h) Whereas (i) Likewise (j) Above all

Antonym & Synonym (Question No-11)

1. (a) unpopular/ strange/ disliked/ unknown/ unfamiliar/ neglected (b) pattern/ kind/ type (c) recreation/ enjoyment/ pastime/ amusement (d) arrange/ constitute/ form/ manage/ (e) donate/ help/ assist/ patronize/boost up/ (f) national/ native/ indigenous/local/domestic (g) receive/ accept/ loan/ borrow/take (h) observe/ notice/view/enjoy/ see/ behold (i) minimum/ little/ lowest/ least (j) negligence/ denial/refusal/
2. (a) surely/ certainly (b) honour/ dignity/ status (c) domestic (d) public/ multiple ordinary/ common/ normal (e) foreign (f) diversity (g) disappear (h) powerlessness (i) significant (j) unintelligibility
3. (a) clean/ easy/ simple (b) amazing (c) colonialism (d) good (e) later (f) left (g) worse (h) Practically (i) privately/ quietly (j) autocrat
4. (a) failure (b) task/ work/ profession (c) ordinary/ common (d) as (e) realise/ perceive/ learn (f) precede/ avoid/ neglect/ desert (g) principle/guideline (h) ever/always (i) triumph (j) undesirable
5. (a) human beings/public (b) liberal (c) lately (d) (e) trust (e) planet/globe (f) none/nothing (g) richness (h) agony/hardship (i) conquer/ overpower (j) different
6. (a) Independence/Freedom (b) humane (c) butchery/killing (d) inhuman (e) unsettled (f) named (g) encircled (h) finished (i) murdered (j) smallest
7. (a) alluvial/ productive/ arable (b) idle/lazy (c) relentlessly (d) idle/indolent (e) hate (f) stout (g) still (h) regard/ revere/ honour (i) ungrateful (j) dedication
8. (a) avoided/ignored/rejected (b) insincerity (c) accountability (d) simplicity (e) love/ affection (f) virtue (g) effect/influence/ impression (h) result/consequence/effect (i) significance (j) consciousness
9. (a) foe/enemy/rival (b) discard (c) compassion/ pity (d) justify/vindicate (e) true (f) benefit (g) cry (h) glee/delight (i) fetch/take (j) concept/ opinion
10. (a) comprise (b) broad/wide (c) exclude (d) amphibious (e) flourishing (f) narrow (g) territory/abode (h) invisible (i) uncertain/ indefinite (j) engaged
11. (a) permit/approve (b) independence (c) view/ notion (d) unfair (e) unequal (f) unification (g) choose/select (h) method/ process (i) cure/ care (j) advantage
12. (a) always (b) stronger (c) encourage (d) despairing (e) attention (f) capability (g) desire/aspiration (h) worst (i) failure (j) attain
13. (a) cheap (b) shine/spark (c) charm/ fascinate (d) inward (e) admit/ accept/appreciate (f) charm/attract (g) charmlessness (h) fade (i) inward/ inherent (j) immorality
14. (a) bad (b) orator (c) articulation (d) possible (e) active (f) honesty/ frankness (g) gravity/ importance (h) impossible (i) purpose/ goal/ objective (j) prosper
15. (a) boon/blessing (b) reason/ source/ agent (c) wisdom (d)discourages/blocks (e) advancement (f) prosper/flourish (g) establish/ create/ fulfilled (h) tiny (i) definitely/undeniably (j) small/tiny
16. (a) neglected (b) hate/ anger/ animosity (c) revenge (d) feature (e) ignore (f) hold back/ prevent/ (g) indifference (h) inferior (i) friend (j) vengeance
17. (a) repellent/ boring (b) curiosity (c) moral (d) patient (e) hold (f) logical (g) regular (h) educative (i) select/ like (j) interesting/ funny/ pleasing/ amusing
18. (a) uncommon (b) amusement (c) innumerable (d) unpleasant (e) near/close (f) arrange/conduct/ supervise (g) broadcast/ telecast/display (h) various (i) broadcast (j) uninformative
19. (a) bright/ clear/ interesting (b) lively/ bright (c) sunny/ wet (d) sunny (e) rarely (f) hunger (g) stay/ prevail (h) best (i) victim (j) pleasant
20. (a) unpopular (b) moderately (c) introduce/ start (d) highly (e) communal (f) basically (g) close (h) destroy (i) alter/ tailor/ personalize (j) ineffective
21. (a) need (b) incompetence (c) surprise (d) evaluated (e) unevenly/ unequally (f) depressing (g) certainly (h) disqualify (i) indefinitely (j) mistake
22. (a) barbarism (b) unimportant (c) event (d) observe (e) call on/ ask/ request (f) kin/relation (g) uncultured (h) economically (e) insolvent (j) adorn

23. (a) live (b) lightly (c) nature/behaviour (d) anxious (e) state (f) discontinuous/ unsteady (g) display (h) clear/ bright/ light (i) mark (j) first
24. (a) earth/ globe (b) strength (c) domination (d) deduct (e) national (f) decrease (g) freedom (h) external (i) rivalry (j) majority
25. (a) fairness/ equity (b) deplete (c) household (d) aim (e) disapproval (f) unconfined/ free/ release (g) past/ non-existing (h) appoint/employ (i) conduct/ behaviour (j) guard/ guide/ accompany
26. (a) delicious (b) intimate (c) descend (d) grab/ gather (e) like (f) enter (g) devote (h) cheerful (i) ask for (j) adequate/enough
27. (a) certainly (b) satisfaction (c) unreally/ doubtfully (d) sell (e) believe (f) calmness/ composure (g) overloaded (h) ethics/ morals (i) torture (j) material
28. (a) secret (b) simple (c) baffle (d) artificial (e) always
29. (a) past (b) foolish (c) sincerely (d) pleasant (e) calm (f) demise (g) die (h) justify (i) accept (j) rogue
30. (a) dehydrated (b) strong (c) promptly/ hurriedly (d) above (e) outside (f) wide/ spacious (g) light (h) concept (i) stone (j) falling
31. (a) amazed (b) non-technological (c) intelligence (d) God (e) excellent (f) absolutely (g) limited (h) harm (i) unhappy (j) developing
32. (a) attentiveness (b) progress/ advance/ prosper/ expand (c) arise/ emerge/ generate/ produce (d) attention (e) willingness (f) slowly (g) fine/ pleasant/ great (h) conscious (i) fixed/ regular/ consistent (j) carelessness
33. (a) active (b) awake (c) lord/emperor (d) concern (e) able (f) bulky (g) unspecialized (h) achieve (i) sincere (j) futile
34. (a) clearly (b) purification (c) best (d) meaningful/ important (e) manageable (f) uncommon (g) narrow/ limited (h) rich (i) minor (j) accept
35. (a) unknown (b) highest (c) fortunately (d) unnatural/ artificial (e) reducing (f) hot (g) lowest (h) a few (i) honour (j) buy
36. (a) large (b) pasture (c) grow (d) ready (e) small (f) obtain (g) take care of (h) scatter (i) foreign (j) merely
37. (a) inessential (b) amplified/enhanced (c) simple (d) indirectly (e) depot/godown (f) ignorance (g) fortunately (h) appropriate (i) forward (j) analysis/investigation
38. (a) tougher (b) strange (c) origination/ age group (d) popular (e) diminishing (f) celebrated (g) distinction (h) convenience/ amenity (i) disreputation (j) unimportance
39. (a) enraged (b) passion (c) gratify (d) praise (e) desertion (f) better half/spouse (g) praise (h) slowly (i) displeased (j) gravity
40. (a) idle (b) shine (c) industrious (d) successful (e) prudence (f) spontaneously (g) prosperity (h) obstacle (i) diligence (j) actual
41. (a) influence/impact (b) simple/easy (c) way (d) cooler (e) work (f) contamination (g) disposing (h) minor (i) security/safety (j) resident
42. (a) noisy (b) grasp (c) gradually (d) old (e) wet (f) attempt (g) ignore (h) wise (i) distressed (j) cavern/den
43. (a) thinker (b) illuminated (c) illiterate (d) darkness (e) ignorant (f) irresponsibility (g) joyous/bliss (h) leading (i) certainty (j) friendship
44. (a) poisonous (b) decrease (c) severe (d) cause (e) contaminate
45. (a) significance (b) financial (c) harm (d) decrease (e) disarrangement/ disorganization (f) rear/ bring up (g) integration (h) reduction (i) bond (j) involvement/ relation
46. (a) uncommon (b) essential (c) fame (d) confusing (e) local
47. (a) least (b) lengthy/lasting (c) discouraged (d) consumption (e) illicit/ unlawful (f) insignificant/ unimportant (g) protected/ strong (h) stabilization (i) ordinary/ usual (j) advanced/ improved
48. (a) chance (b) mention (c) same (d) strong (e) deniable
49. (a) character (b) indifferent (c) significant (d) room/accommodation (e) attractive (f) film (g) inner/interior (h) crazy (i) ethics (j) uncompromising
50. (a) humiliation/inferiority (b) irrational (c) boastful (d) hinder (e) superior (f) alike (g) class (h) let go (i) benefit (j) short

Punctuation (Question No-12)

1. Abid : We are about to finish our H.S.C examination. Are you thinking about your future?
 Hasib : Yes, what about you?
 Abid : I want to pursue higher education. What are your plans?
 Hasib : I rather follow some vocation course to make my career.
 Abid : Really! Have you thought of any particular vocation?

- Hasib : Yes, I would like to join the Fashion Design course. This career has a prospect these days.
 Abid : Is it suitable for boys?
 Hasib : Why not? Boys are as good as girls in many professions now-a-days. What's your future plan?
 Abid : I would like to go for teaching.
 Hasib : It's a good profession for a studious boy like you.

2. "I'm not in the least hungry," my guest sighed,
"but if you insist I don't mind having some asparagus."
I ordered them.
"Aren't you going to have any?"
"No, I never eat asparagus."
"I know there are people who don't like them. The fact is, you ruin your palate by all the meat you eat."
"Coffee?" I said.
"Yes, just an ice-cream and coffee," she answered.
3. Aryan : Do you read newspaper regularly, Farhan?
Farhan : Yes, I do. What's about you?
Aryan : To tell you frankly, I do not read newspaper regularly.
Farhan : Why? You get enough time during the break in the college.
Aryan : Yes, I do get but I do not like. Moreover, I think it is a wastage of time.
Farhan : Remember, newspaper is called the 'storehouse' of knowledge. The more you will read newspaper, the more you will learn.
Aryan : Then, from today, I will start reading newspaper.
Farhan : Yes, that's like a good friend.
4. Tourist : How old is the edifice, guide?
Guide : Madame, it's a 15th century edifice.
Tourist : What a wonderful edifice it is!
Guide : It was built by Akbar, the then emperor of India.
Tourist : Oh, I see!
Guide : Madame, we should move now. The sun is about to set. It would be dark soon.
Tourist : Isn't the place safe?
Guide : It is. But the security does not allow anybody after sunset.
5. "How is your father, Rana?" said Mr Karim. "He is very well, thank you," replied Rana. "I am glad to hear that he is in good health," said Mr Karim.
6. Son : Did you keep a diary during the Liberation War?
Father : Yes, I did.
Son : Can I have a look at it?
Father : I'm afraid. I've lost it.
Son : Can you remember anything about it?
Father : Yes, I remember one event. There were lots of sounds and bangs outside one night. You wanted to look out but we didn't let you.
Son : Why?
Father : Because it was very dangerous. You were only four years old then.
Son : I can't remember anything.
Father : It's natural. No one can remember all from early childhood.
7. Entering the study, my elder brother looked around and burst out in disgust. "How dirty you have made the room! Why do you use it if you can't keep it tidy?" I said, "I am extremely sorry, I have been a nuisance. In future you'll never see the room in such a bad condition, I promise."
8. Myself : Good morning, Rana. How are you?
Rana : I am so so and you?
Myself : I am well. But why aren't you completely well?
Rana : In every examination, I'm cutting a sorry figure.
Myself : What's the reason? Don't you utilize your time properly?
Rana : I spend most of the time in watching TV.
Myself : Recreation is necessary. But spending too much time on this has no good side.
Rana : I don't feel bored in watching TV.
Myself : But as a student, you should study more and more.
Rana : Thank you for your good advice.
Myself : Welcome.
9. A : What's solar energy?
B : It's one of the renewable energy sources.
A : Why is it called green energy?
B : Well, it's green energy because it helps us keep the earth green. I mean it doesn't emit any pollutant in the atmosphere when we produce and use it.
A : I see, then it must be a clean source of energy.
B : Exactly! And that's why, it's also called clean energy.
10. Husband : Can't you cook food properly?
Wife : I cook food properly. The problem is with you.
Husband : Really these foods are crap! They taste pathetic.
Wife : I spend time in the kitchen from morning till afternoon, I work hard, I take care of two children at home. What do you do?
Husband : I work hard and earn money that you spend lavishly.
Wife : How dare you say that?
Husband : Well, that is the truth!
11. Nazmul : Excuse me, Where is the nearest hospital?
Arafat : It's about 2 kilometers from here. You will have to hire a taxi. You can also go by bus.
Nazmul : I see! Is there a bus station near here?
Arafat : Yes, there is a bus stop at the corner.
Nazmul : Thank you.
Arafat : Don't mention it.

12. Arif : Hello! How are you, Zakia?
 Zakia : Fine. What about you?
 Arif : Well, I was a bit sick.
 Zakia : Really! What happened?
 Arif : Stomach upset. I had outside food. It troubled my stomach.
 Zakia : That's why, I always try to avoid outside food. They are unhygienic.
 Arif : I'm not going to have it anymore.
 Zakia : Anyway, you take care, bye.
 Arif : Bye.
13. "Good morning, where are you going?" said the merchant. "I was just coming to see you," said the youth. "What do you want?" "Please help me to earn my bread by the labour of my hands." "Do you really want work?" said the merchant. "Yes, if you have any." "Then follow me and carry the box from the shop to my house." "By Allah, I'm really grateful to you," said the youth.
14. Student : May I come in, Sir?
 Principal : Yes, come in.
 Student : Good morning, Sir.
 Principal : Good morning. How can I help you?
 Student : Sir, we would like to arrange a study tour.
 Principle : It's a great idea! I'll appreciate it. Submit an application to me so that I can take step in favour of you.
 Student : Ok, Sir. We will write an application on behalf of the students.
 Principal : Ok, see you.
 Student : Thank you very much, Sir.
 Principal : You are most welcome!
15. "Mina, have you done your English lesson today?" asked the teacher. "Yes, sir," she replied. "But I haven't understood one grammatical point." "Come to my room. I'll help you," said the teacher. "Thank you, sir," she smilingly said.
16. Dhaka, the capital of our country, has been remarked as a mega city. Side by side it has also been remarked as the most polluted city of the world. The population of Dhaka city is on ever increase. No one knows when it will stop, rather instead of decreasing the population of the city is increasing very rapidly day by day. The question arises who are responsible for this. The answer is not very far to seek but cannot be told because the destroyers should have been the protectors.
17. Karim : Where's your pen?
 Rony : It's gone.
 Karim : Gone!
 Rony : Yes. It was on the desk a few minutes ago.
- Karim : I left it on the desk. Now, there's no sign of it.
 Rony : It's my favourite pen. What can I do?
 Karim : Let's complain to the principal.
 Rony : For what?
 Karim : For your pen.
 Rony : You're mad. I'll complain to the Principal for a pen!
18. Asad : Hello, is this 0173164 Dhaka?
 Father : Yes. Are you Asad?
 Asad : Yes, father. How are you?
 Father : We are Ok. Tell me how you are.
 Asad : I'm absolutely fine. I'm doing well in my studies. But I am to work hard for that I hardly can sleep.
 Father : That's not good. You must take care of your health.
 Asad : Don't worry, father. Everyone does the same here.
 Father : Your mother is beside me. Would you like to talk to her?
 Asad : Yes, of course.
 Father : Ok. Speak with your mother.
19. Kamal : I've lost my watch. Have you seen it anywhere?
 Nirob : No, but if I find it, I'll tell you.
 Kamal : It's a gift from my father. It's been so important for me!
 Nirob : When did you lose it?
 Kamal : Most probably, during the off-period.
 Nirob : Does it have a leather strap?
 Kamal : Oh, yes. Have you seen it?
 Nirob : I haven't seen it, but I heard Karim saying something about a watch with leather strap.
 Kamal : What's his room number?
 Nirob : Most probably 2003. Go to the first floor of the main hostel. It's on the right side of the stairs.
 Kamal : Thank you so much, dear.
 Nirob : You're welcome.
 Kamal : Best of luck.
20. There goes a proverb, "A barking dog seldom bites." When a dog is powerless to bite, it wants to show its ability by barking. It thinks that if it barks, people will be scared. But people are always more intelligent than dogs. Instead of being afraid people laugh at the barking of the powerless. In our society, there are also many powerless persons, but they pretend to be powerful. By this pretension they want to serve their purpose. Such causes are not rare, rather are many in number. We all should be careful of those powerlessly powerful persons.

21. The high and the low; the rich and the poor; the wise and the foolish; the sinner and the virtuous—all must die. Death is a must. There is no way to escape from death. Where there is life, there is death. It is unfortunate that sometimes we forget we are mortal. Different worldly attractions make us forget our transient existence on earth.
22. Kamal : Hello Jamal, have you ever been to Cox's Bazar?
 Jamal : No, I have not. But I wish to go there during my next vacation.
 Kamal : When will your vacation start?
 Jamal : Any time in next December; either during the first week or 2nd week.
 Kamal : You see, I've also not been there. Will you allow me to accompany you?
 Jamal : Why not? I would rather love to.
23. He said, "I can chop some wood today." I said, "But I have a boy coming from the orphanage." "I'm the boy." "You? But you are small." "Size doesn't matter for chopping wood," he said, "Some of the big boys don't chop good. I've been chopping wood at the orphanage a long time."
24. "Let's go home," Milon remarked. "Why?" said Pranto. "We've been waiting here for so long. They've got to show up soon." "But it's getting dark", said Milon. "I promised my mom, I'd be home by eight and it's eight-thirty now." Just then the front door opened slowly. "He's here," whispered Pranto.
25. Father: You're really strong, my son. Could you break this bundle of sticks?
 Son : Well, it's a very simple job. I'll do within a second.
 Father: Have a try.
 Son : Sure. Oh, I'm quite wrong. It's stronger than I expected.
 Father: Okay, now try this single stick. See what you can do.
 Son : Pass it to me and just hear the sound.
 Father: I know it'll be easy for you. Have you learnt anything from these sticks?
 Son : Learning from sticks!
 Father: Yes, the bundle of sticks is stronger than the single stick. It teaches us the wise saying, "United we stand, divided we fall."
26. "Don't mix with the bad boys", my father said to me. "You should read attentively as your examination is knocking at the door," he said. "No, I do not keep any bad company. I have just asked him if he knows the date of examination," I replied.
27. Student : May I come in, Sir?
 Principal : Yes, come in. What can I do for you?
 Student : Sir, I was a student of Chittagong City College. Now I'm seeking admission into your college.
 Principal : Okay! What's your name and why do you want to get admitted here?
 Student : My name's Mamunur Rashid. My father is a government employee. Recently he has been transferred here from Chittagong.
 Principal : What's your father?
 Student : He's a police officer.
 Principal : Have you brought the transfer certificate of your previous college?
 Student : Yes, Sir. Here it is.
 Principal : Well. Meet the head clerk and collect the form, fill it carefully and come tomorrow along with your father. The head clerk will inform you all in detail.
 Student : Thank you, Sir.
 Principal : You're welcome.
28. Father: What are you doing, my child?
 Son : Homework, father. I shall have to submit it tomorrow; otherwise, my teacher will punish me.
 Father: What subject is it of?
 Son : English, an essay on "My first day at college".
 Father: I can help you if you want.
 Son : No, father. I have already completed it. It will take half an hour more.
 Father: Sorry to disturb you. Finish your work attentively.
 Son : Don't worry, father. I will.
29. The superintendent said, "Nobody would drive in the fog." Jerry said, "I came just before bed time last night and you hadn't come. So I brought part some of my breakfast this morning. I wouldn't have let anything happen to him." "I was sure of that. I didn't worry," the authoress replied.
30. Amin : Hello, Habib. How're you?
 Habib : Fine. Thanks and you?
 Amin : I'm fine too. What about your preparation for the coming H.S.C Exam?
 Habib : Well, I'm going on well with my studies. But I'm worried about my exam.
 Amin : It's all the same about me too. But tell me about your model tests of all subjects.
 Habib : Model tests of all the subjects are frequently being taken in our college to ensure proper preparation.

- Amin : Are you working with the test papers?
 Habib : Yes.
 Amin : Very good. You're well on your preparation, I see. I must start working with the test papers. What do you think?
 Habib : Yes. I think it'll be helpful for your preparation. Wish you best of luck.
 Amin : You are most welcome.
- 31.** Myself : Excuse me, I'm a student of this college. I want to take out some books.
 Librarian : Do you have your library card?
 Myself : No. I don't have any library card.
 Librarian : But, you need the library card to borrow any books.
 Myself : How can I get a library card?
 Librarian : Do you have your college student card?
 Myself : Yes, here it is.
 Librarian : Then, fill up this paper.
 Myself : Can I borrow books today?
 Librarian : Yes, you can. But you will get the library card tomorrow.
 Myself : Thank you.
 Librarian : Welcome.
- 32.** The teacher said to the guardian, "Your son has failed in two subjects." "Please let me know in which subjects my son has failed," said the guardian. "In English and Mathematics. You have to take care of his studies," said the teacher. "How can I do it? Do you have any guide line, sir?" said the guardian.
- 33.** Meem : Hey! what's your HSC result?
 Porna : GPA-5.
 Meem : Wow! That's wonderful! You really deserve it, friend.
 Porna : Thanks! What about you?
 Meem : GPA 4.15. I got poor grades in English and Mathematics.
 Porna : Never mind. Do well next time.
 Meem : Anyway, are you trying your luck at Dhaka University?
 Porna : Yes, and you?
 Meem : Will my poor GPA allow me to sit for the Dhaka University admission test? I don't think so.
- 34.** A young deer said to his mother, "I'm larger and swifter than a dog and I have horns to defend myself with. Yet, when a dog appears, I run away with the others. I have decided not to run from dogs in future." Just then they heard the bark of a dog. The young deer was filled with fear and forgetting his resolve, took to his heels along with his mother and the rest of the herd.
- 35.** "Sadia, have you done your English lesson today?" asked the teacher. "Yes, Sir", Sadia replied, "But I haven't understood one grammatical point." The teacher assured her saying, "Come to my room. I'll help you understand the point." "Thank you, Sir," she smilingly said.
- 36.** Father : Son, what are you doing now?
 Son : I'm studying, father.
 Father : Your grandfather is in the hospital. So you have to carry this food to the hospital.
 Son : Okay, father. I'll do that.
 Father : You have to look after him for the time being.
 Son : No problem, father. I'm going there.
 Father : Thank you, my son.
- 37.** Mitu : Let's go to Cox's Bazar. We won't inform our parents. It'll be a fun.
 Tanu : Are you crazy? That's impossible.
 Mitu : Why?
 Tanu : They'll be very angry. Don't you know them?
 Mitu : Yes, but they love us also. They're sure to forgive us.
 Tanu : No, I won't take any risk.
 Mitu : Ok. Then let's seek their permission.
 Tanu : I'm afraid. They won't agree.
 Mitu : At least we should try.
 Tanu : Remember, it's your idea. Not mine.
 Mitu : Certainly.
- 38.** "Comrades," he said, "Listen to me, for though I often talk nonsense, I can talk sound sense when I choose." "Fortune has sent us this treasure that we may lead a life of ease and we will spend it as lightly as we have come by it." "Who could have guessed when we set out today, that we should come by so fair a fortune?"
- 39.** Student : Good morning, sir.
 Teacher : The same to you. How can I help you?
 Student : I want to discuss with you some grammatical problems.
 Teacher : What class are you in?
 Student : I am in class XI, sir.
 Teacher : May I know your name, please?
 Student : Sir, I am a newly admitted student. My name is Sajal.
 Teacher : Ok. Tell me your problems.
 Student : I want to understand the difference between a phrase and a clause.
 Teacher : Don't worry. It is an easy item.
- 40.** Writer : Would you like to have some coffee?
 lady guest : Yes, just an icecream and coffee. You?
 Writer : I'll have coffee.

lady guest : You know there's one thing I thoroughly believe in. I say "One should always get up from a meal feeling one could eat a little more."

Writer : Are you still hungry?

lady guest : Oh, no! I'm not hungry. You see, I don't eat luncheon. I have a cup of coffee in the morning and then dinner, but I never eat more than one thing for luncheon. I was speaking for you.

Writer : Oh, I see!

41. Naomee : Hello! How are you, Jori?

Jori : Fine. What about you?

Naomee : Well, I was bit sick.

Jori : Really! What happened?

Naomee : Stomach upset. I had outside food. It troubled my stomach.

Jori : That's why I always try to avoid outside food. They are unhygienic.

Naomee : I'm not going to have it anymore.

Jori : Anyway, you take care. Bye.

Naomee : Bye.

42. One day while going to college I met an old man who had nothing of his own. Having seen me, he began to cry but could not as he was too weak to cry. Feeling a great pity for him I wanted to know what led him to this miserable condition. So, I started asking him questions.

43. Reporter : May I come in, sir?

Principal : Yes, come in.

Reporter : Sir, I'm Aman from the Daily Star.

Principal : Please, be seated. What can I do for you?

Reporter : I want to know about the brilliant result of your college.

Principal : Yes, the result is satisfactory.

Reporter : All credit must be yours.

Principal : No, credit goes to my students who worked hard.

44. Dulip : Hellow, Swarup! Swotting away as usual.

Swarup : So, what can I do now?

Dulip : Come out man! Shut your old books and let's have a game of tennis.

Swarup : I'm sorry. I can't do that.

Dulip : But, why?

Swarup : The examination is drawing near and I want every hour. I can get for study.

Dulip : Oh! Hang all examinations. I do not worry about mine. What's the use of them anyway?

Swarup : Well, you can't get a degree if you don't pass the examination and I have set my heart on being a B.A.

Dulip : There are hundreds of fellows who have got their degrees and are no nearer getting jobs of any sort.

Swarup : That may be so. But more than getting a job, I want to store my mind with knowledge and develop my intellectual faculties.

Dulip : Oh! I see! Carry on, brother.

45. Rodela: Hello, Rahela. What are you doing?

Rahela: I am reading a newspaper.

Rodela: Do you read newspaper daily?

Rahela: Yes, everyday before breakfast. Don't you read newspaper?

Rodela: No, I don't. What's the importance of reading newspaper?

Rahela: Newspaper is an indispensable part of our life. It helps us in many ways.

Rodela: Would you please tell me how it helps us?

Rahela: It has removed the global distance. It gives us news about politics, economics, cultures, literatures, games and sports of the whole world.

Rodela: You're right. I'm just away from so many things. So, from now on. I'll read newspaper daily. Thanks for your suggestion.

Rahela: You're welcome.

46. Mr. Fox : My friends! Listen to me carefully. I've made a very important discovery.

Other foxes: You're joking!

Mr. Fox : No, I'm not. Do you want to know about my discovery?

Other foxes: Yes, we do.

Mr. Fox : I've cut off my tail. It's useless! It makes us ugly. Why don't you follow me?

Other foxes: What a good idea!. When we cut off our tails, we'll look beautiful.

Mr. Fox : You'll look nice and clean, too.

Other foxes: Let's be clean.

Mr. Fox : Look! here's a knife. I used it myself. Now you can use it, too.

Other foxes: Oh! Thank you. We can't wait anymore.

Mr. Fox : Okay, here you are!

47. A : Fire Brigade; can I help you?

B : Yes, I want to report a fire.

A : I see, where is it, Madam?

B : It's in my house.

A : Yes, but where is it?

B : Oh, sorry, in the kitchen.

A : Madam, how do we get there?

B : You've got a fire engine, haven't you?

A : Will you please tell me where you live?

B : Oh, I couldn't! I don't know you.