

A5

Question Type-05

• Changing Sentences

1. **Change the following sentences as directed in the brackets.**
 (a) Rana is one of the meritorious boys in our class. (Make it a positive sentence.) (b) He is always attentive in the class. (Make it a negative sentence without changing meaning.) (c) He is never disobedient to his teachers. (Make it an affirmative sentence.) (d) No other boys in our class is as popular as Rana. (Make it a superlative sentence.) (e) A boy like him is always loved by all. (Make it an interrogative sentence.)
2. **Change the following sentences as directed in the brackets :**
 Bangladesh is a land of rivers. (a) The Padma is one of the biggest rivers in Bangladesh. (Comparative) (b) It is called the river of destruction (Active) (c) The river is very turbulent. (Negative) (d) Everybody knows this. (Interrogative) (e) Tourists from home and abroad visit its shore. (Passive)
3. **Change the following sentences as directed in the brackets :**
 (a) No other thing is as useful as computer. (Superlative)
 (b) Every student needs computer. (Negative)
 (c) A poor student cannot buy it. (Interrogative)
 (d) It is one of the greatest inventions of science. (Positive)
 (e) It was not invented overnight. (Active)
4. **Change the following sentences as directed in the brackets :**
 (a) Everybody works hard to gain his object. (Negative) (b) Life is nothing but a struggle. (Interrogative) (c) Who does not want to succeed in life? (Assertive) (d) Industry brings success. (Passive) (e) Industry is the most important secret for shining in life. (Positive)
5. **Change the following sentences as directed in the brackets :**
 (a) The bee is a very industrious insect (Negative).
 (b) Very few insects are as industrious as the bee (Comparative).
 (c) It flies from flower to flower to collect honey (Interrogative).
 (d) In winter, it does not remain active (Affirmative).
 (e) We should follow the life of a bee (Passive).
6. **Change the following sentences as directed in the brackets :**
 (a) Mr. Jamal is the wisest man in the village. (Comparative)
 (b) He is sincere. (Negative)
 (c) He leads a simple life. (Interrogative)
 (d) Nobody dislikes him (Affirmative)
 (e) We should follow him. (Passive)
7. **Change the following sentences as directed in the brackets :**
 (a) Akash is one of the most brilliant students in his class. (Make it comparative)
 (b) He is very attentive to his studies. (Make it Negative)
 (c) He is never late to go to school. (Make it affirmative)
 (d) He goes to school regularly. (Make it Interrogative)
 (e) Who does not love him very much? (Make it Assertive)
8. **Change the following sentences as directed in the brackets :**
 (a) Very few metals are as useful as iron. (Superlative)
 (b) It is used for construction purpose. (Active)
 (c) Bangladesh imports iron from other countries. (Interrogative)
 (d) It is a heavy metal. (Negative)
 (e) There is no building without iron. (Affirmative)
9. **Change the following sentences as directed in the brackets :**
 (a) Mr. Rahman is the oldest man in out village. (Make it positive) (b) But he is not inactive at all. (Make it affirmative without changing meaning) (c) He always gets up early. (Make it interrogative) (d) He is wiser than any other man in our area. (Make it superlative) (e) He is always respected by all. (Make it active)
10. **Rewrite the following in the reported speech. (Rajuk Uttara Model College, Dhaka)**
 "Oh my Lord, please don't kill the child," said the woman. "Let her have him," the king said. "Now everything is clear to me." Pointing to the woman, he said to the servant, "Give her the child. She is the mother of the baby."
11. **Change the following sentences as directed in the brackets. (P. N. Govt. Girls' High School, Rajshahi)**
 (a) The Jamuna is one of the biggest rivers (Comparative).
 (b) During summer it becomes shrunken (Interrogative).

- (c) It is very graceful during the rainy season (Exclamatory).
 (d) However, doesn't the Jamuna cause floods and erosion at times? (Assertive)
 (e) Then it does not look calm at all (Affirmative).
- 12. Change the sentences as directed in the brackets. (Dinajpur Zilla School, Dinajpur)**
 (a) Pahela Boishakh is celebrated with traditional festivities across the country. (Active) (b) No other day is celebrated so gorgeously as the day. (Comparative) (c) In keeping with the age old tradition, traders and shopkeepers open halkhata. (Interrogative) (d) National dailies cannot but bring out special supplements on the day. (Affirmative) (e) The procession brought out by the teachers and students of the Institute of Fine Arts of Dhaka University is very colourful. (Exclamatory)
- 13. Change the following sentences as directed in the brackets. (Jessore Zilla School, Jessore)**
 (a) There are many problems in Dhaka (Interrogative).
 (b) It is more populous than any other city in the world (Positive).
 (c) Day-to-day life in Dhaka is expensive (Negative).
 (d) Price hike is one of the biggest problems to the people (Comparative).
 (e) The government should take necessary measures to control price hike (Passive).
- 14. Change the following sentences as directed in the brackets. (Comilla Zilla School, Comilla)**
 (a) Health is wealth (Interrogative). (b) A healthy poor man is happier than a sick moneyed man (Positive). (c) A healthy man is an asset to his family (Negative). (d) None should be indifferent to his health (Affirmative).
 (e) No other thing in the world is as valuable as health (Comparative).
- 15. Change the following sentences as directed in the brackets. (Chittagong Collegiate School, Chittagong)**
 (a) Very few problems in Bangladesh are as great as illiteracy (make it Comparative). Most of our people cannot read or write. (b) So the literacy rate in Bangladesh is very poor (make it Negative). (c) It is so poor that we cannot imagine it (make it Affirmative). (d) It is the duty of the educated people to educate the illiterate (Interrogative). (e) Necessary steps have been taken to eradicate illiteracy (Active).
- 16. Do as directed. (Jalalabad Cantt. Public School & College, Sylhet)**
 (a) Cox's Bazar is the longest sea beach in the world (Positive).
 (b) Very few places in our country are as charming as it (Comparative).
 (c) People enjoy its beauty very much (Passive).
 (d) Our government is going to take some steps to make it more attractive (Interrogative).
 (e) Who doesn't want to visit the place? (Assertive)
- 17. Change the following sentences as directed in the brackets. (Barisal Govt. Girls' High School, Barisal)**
 (a) Anger is nothing but a vice (Affirmative).
 (b) It always begets the worst (Negative).
 (c) Anger is one of the most inhuman vices (Positive).
 (d) We should control it for our own sake (Imperative).
 (e) An angry man is disliked by everybody (Active).
- 18. Change the following sentences as directed in the brackets. (Viqarunnisa Noon School & College, Dhaka)**
 (a) We must read books to gain knowledge (Negative). (b) Books introduce us to the realm of knowledge (Passive voice). (c) The books of great writers contain noble thoughts (Interrogative). (d) Nothing but books can give us immense pleasure (Affirmative). (e) We should read books to enrich our minds (Imperative).
- 19. Change the following sentences as directed in the brackets. (Ideal School & College, Motijheel, Dhaka)**
 (a) We must read books to gain knowledge (Make it negative using help). (b) Books introduce us to the realm of knowledge (Make it passive). (c) The books of great writers contain noble thoughts and great ideas (Make it interrogative). (d) Without reading books, we cannot enrich our minds (make it affirmative). The reading of books brings perfection in our life, and there is no alternative to reading books. (e) Books are the greatest friends (Make it comparative).
- 20. Change the sentences as directed in the brackets. (Dhaka Residential Model College, Dhaka)**
 (a) Cricket is a very exciting game (Exclamatory).
 (b) People of all ages love this game (Passive).
 (c) At present, cricket is one of the most popular games in our country (Comparative).
 (d) Cricket is a costly game (Interrogative).
 (e) In Bangladesh its standard is not high (Affirmative).
- 21. Change the sentences as directed in brackets. (Bogra Zilla School, Bogra)**
 (a) Today corruption is a very familiar term in Bangladesh (Negative). (b) Corruption is the most dreadful weapon to destroy a society (Positive). (c) It lies in every phase of our society (Interrogative). (d) Some drastic steps have been taken against corruption (Active). (e) Social awareness is very essential to resist corruption (Exclamatory).
- 22. Change the following sentences as directed in the brackets. (Rangpur Zilla School, Rangpur)**

- (a) A cunning fox was passing through a forest (Interrogative). (b) The fox was thirsty and was looking for water (Imperative). (c) It could not find any source of water (Affirmative). (d) No other alternative was found by it (Active). (e) It seemed to the fox that it was the most unhappy animal in the world (Comparative).
- 23. Change the following sentences as directed in the brackets. (Udayan Higher Secondary School, Dhaka)**
- (a) My first day at school is one of the most memorable days in my life (Positive).
 (b) I will never forget this day (Affirmative).
 (c) Every student passed the day amidst excitement (Interrogative).
 (d) It was a very excellent experience in my life (Exclamatory).
 (e) The day still haunts me like a passion (Passive).
- 24. Change the following sentences as directed in the brackets. Monipur Uchcha Vidyalaya & College, Mirpur, Dhaka)**
- (a) Sajid is a good student. (Interrogative) He always reads attentively. (b) He never neglects his lesson (Affirmative). He is always sincere to make a good result in the examination. (c) He is one of the most brilliant students in his class (Positive). (d) He behaves amiably with others. (Exclamatory). (e) He is liked by all. (Active)
- 25. Change the following sentences as directed in the brackets. (Adamjee Cantonment Public School, Dhaka)**
- (a) We must read books to gain knowledge (Negative). (b) Books introduce us to the realm of the knowledge (Passive). (c) The books of great writers contain noble thoughts and great ideas (Interrogative). (d) Without reading books, we cannot enrich our minds. (Affirmative). (e) Books are the greatest friends (Positive).
- 26. Change the following sentences according to directions. The Millennium Stars School & College, Rangpur Cantonment, Rangpur)**
- (a) Traffic jam is a common affair in big cities and towns. (Interrogative)
 (b) It is one of the greatest problems. (Positive)
 (c) The causes of traffic jam are many. (Negative)
 (d) The drivers often do not obey the traffic rules. (Affirmative)
 (e) Necessary steps should be taken to remove traffic jam. (Active)
- 27. Change the following sentences as directed in the brackets. (Rangpur Govt. Girls' High School, Rangpur)**
- (a) What a useful thing a computer is! (Affirmative)
 (b) Every student needs computer. (Negative)
 (c) A poor student cannot buy it. (Interrogative)
 (d) It is one of the greatest inventions of science. (Positive)
 (e) It was not invented overnight. (Active)
- 28. Change the following sentences according to directions. Cantonment Public School & College, Saidpur, Nilphamari)**
- (a) Sher Shah was on fo the greatest warriors in history (Comparative)
 (b) Humayun had been defeated by him (Active).
 (c) Humayun fled towards Arga (Interrogative)
 (d) He stopped for a short time at Agra and Delhi (Negative).
 (e) Very few emperors were as knowledgeable as he (Superlative).
- 29. Change the following sentences according to directions. (Lions School & College, Saidpur, Nilphamari)**
- (a) Cricket is a very exciting game (Exclamatory).
 (b) People of all ages love this game (Passive).
 (c) At present, cricket is one of the most popular games in our country (Comparative).
 (d) Cricket is a very costly game (Interrogative).
 (e) In Bangladesh its standard is not high (Affirmative).
- 30. Change the following sentences according to directions. (Thakurgaon Govt. Boys' High School, Thakurgaon)**
- (a) A flower is very beautiful (Make it negative without changing the meaning).
 (b) It is the loveliest thing of nature (Make it positive).
 (c) Everybody likes flowers (Make it an interrogative sentences).
 (d) We use it to decorate our houses (Make it passive).
 (e) So e cannot but cultivate flowers (Make affirmative).
- 31. Change the following sentences as directed in the brackets. (Thakurgaon Govt. Girls' High School, Thakurgoan.)**
- (a) Corruption is the most dangerous weapon to destroy a society (Positive).
 (b) It lies in every phase of our society (Interrogative).

- (c) It paralyses the whole nation (Passive).
 (d) The persons in the high rank of the society are not involved in corruption (Affirmative).
 (e) Social awareness is very essential to resist corruption (Exclamatory).
- 32. Change the following sentences according to directions. (Gaibandha Govt. Girls' High School, Gaibandha)**
 (a) Have you ever heard the name of the philosopher Socrates? (Assertive).
 (b) He was born in Greece.
 (c) Very few philosophers are as famous as Socrates in Greece (Superlative).
 (d) His method of teaching inspired the young people (Interrogative).
 (e) Would that I were a great philosopher like Socrates! (Assertive)
- 33. Change the following sentences according to directions. (Gaibandha Govt. Boys' High School, Gaibandha)**
 (a) Cox's Bazar is the longest sea-beach in the world (Positive degree).
 (b) Everybody knows this (Interrogative).
 (c) Tourists from home and abroad visit this beach (Passive voice).
 (d) They are highly delighted at the natural beauty of this place (Active voice).
 (e) Our government is active to make it more attractive (Negative).
- 34. Change the following sentences according to directions. (Govt. Girls' High School, Jessore)**
 (a) Gold is one of the most precious metal (Make it a positive statement).
 (b) It is possessed by wealthy persons (Make it active).
 (c) Most women like it (Make it a negative statement).
 (d) It looks very appealing (Make it exclamatory).
 (e) Who doesn't like it? (Make it an affirmative statement).
- 35. Change the following sentences according to directions. (Dawood Public School, Jessore Cantt., Jessore)**
 (a) No other king was as great as Akbar (Superlative).
 (b) He was wiser than most other kings (Positive).
 (c) He welcomed wise men to his court (passive).
 (d) People from all over the world gathered at his court (Interrogative).
 (e) There were nine famous wise men in his court (Negative).
- 36. Change the following sentences as directed in the brackets. (Vidyamoyee Govt. Girls' High School, Mymensingh)**
 We achieved our freedom in 1971. (a) We are proud of our freedom fighters (Interrogative). (b) Their contribution will never be forgotten (Affirmative). They were inspired by the common people. (c) Their sacrifice is greater than any other thing (Positive). (d) But today many of them lead a very miserable life (Negative). (e) Proper initiatives may improve their condition (Passive).
- 37. Change the following sentences as directed in the brackets. (Mymensingh Zilla School, Mymensingh)**
 (a) Very few discoverers were as famous as Columbus (Superlative).
 (b) He passed his early life in sorrow (Negative).
 (c) They come here to enjoy themselves (Interrogative).
 (d) Cox's Bazar is the longest sea beach in the world (Positive).
 (e) Beware of pick-pockets (Assertive).
- 38. Change the following sentences as directed in the brackets. (Rajshahi Govt. Girls' High School, Rajshahi)**
 Industry is the key to success. (a) No one can prosper in life without industry (Affirmative). (b) We have to work for our prosperity (Interrogative). (c) Only the industrious people can change the lot of a nation (Negative). (d) Women can contribute to our development as much as men (Comparative). (e) So, female education is one of the most important matters now (Positive).
- 39. Change the following sentences as directed in the brackets. (Rajshahi Collegiate School, Rajshahi)**
 (a) Polythene is a popular carrying bag (Negative). (b) It is not useful for soil (Affirmative). (c) It is one of the most dangerous pollutants (Comparative). (d) It is more destructive than arsenic (Positive). (e) We must avoid using it (Interrogative).
- 40. Change the following sentences as directed in the brackets. (Govt. Laboratory High School, Rajshahi)**
 Morning walk is very pleasant. (a) It makes us strong and healthy (Passive). (b) Walking in the morning is a good habit (Negative). (c) It is the best kind of exercise for all classes of people (Positive). Morning air is fresh and cool. (d) It bears a good effect on both body and mind (Interrogative). In the morning nature is calm and quiet. (e) It gives a good start of our day's work (Interrogative).

41. **Change the following sentences as directed in the brackets. (Bogra Cantonment Public School & College, Bogra)**
 (a) Health is wealth (Interrogative). (b) A healthy poor man is happier than a sick moneyed man (Positive). (c) A healthy man is not a liability to his family (Affirmative). (d) Everybody must be conscious of health (Negative). (e) No other thing in the world is as valuable as health (Comparative).
42. **Change the following passage as directed in the brackets. (Bogra Govt. Girls' High School, Bogra)**
 We are human beings. (a) All men must die (Negative). (b) It matters a little if a man lives many years or not (Interrogative). (c) Our life is not measured by months or years (Active). (d) The people living only for their own interest are not real human beings (Affirmative). (e) Their life is not better than that of a beast (Positive).
43. **Change the following sentences as directed in the brackets. (BIAM Model School & College, Bogra)**
 (a) The Royal Bengal Tigers are more famous than few other animals in the world (Positive). (b) It is seen in the Sundarbans (Active). (c) All know it for its ferocity (Passive). (d) Their number is decreasing (Negative). (e) We all should be aware of our precious wild animals (Interrogative).
44. **Change the following sentences as directed in the brackets. (Govt. K. D. High School, Naogaon)**
 (a) Truthfulness is the greatest of all virtues (Positive).
 (b) It makes us honorable in the society (Negative).
 (c) It brings peace in mind (Interrogative).
 (d) Truthfulness makes us faithful and reliable (Passive).
 (e) A liar rich man is not as respected as a truthful poor man (Comparative).
45. **Change the following sentences as directed in the brackets. (Pabna Govt. Girls' High School, Pabna)**
 (a) Health is wealth (Interrogative). (b) A healthy poor man is happier than a sick moneyed man (c) A healthy man is not a liability to his family (Affirmative). (d) Everybody must be conscious of health (Negative). (e) No other thing in the world is as valuable as health (Comparative).
46. **Change the following sentences as directed in the brackets. (Pabna Zilla School, Pabna)**
 (a) Anger begets nothing but the worst (Make it affirmative).
 (b) It is one of the most inhuman traits (Make it positive).
 (c) So we should control it for our own sake (Make it passive).
 (d) Everybody dislikes an angry man (Make it interrogative).
47. **Change the following sentences as directed in the brackets. (Momena Ali Biggan School, Sirajganj)**
 (a) A mobile set is light to carry (Interrogative). (b) It is not expensive (Affirmative). (c) Only a wicked person person uses it for evil purpose (Passive). (d) It is used for different purposes (Active). (e) No other thing is as useful as a mobile set (Superlative).
48. **Change the following sentences as directed in the brackets. (Dinajpur Govt. Girls' High School, Dinajpur)**
 (a) Cox's Bazar sea beach is a beautiful place (Negative).
 (b) It attracts many tourists every year (Passive).
 (c) St. Martin is not far from Cox's Bazar (Affirmative).
 (d) Cox's Bazar is the longest sea beach in the world (Positive).
 (e) I have never been there alone (Interrogative).
49. **Change the following sentences as directed in the brackets. (Cantonment Board High School, Dinajpur)**
 (a) A train journey is very enjoyable (Negative). (b) It is cheaper than any other journey (Positive). (c) All types of people enjoy this journey (Positive). (d) No other journey is as pleasant as a train journey (Comparative). (e) A train runs faster than a bus (Interrogative).
50. **Transform the following as directed. (Cantonment Public School & College, Rangpur)**
 (a) Cheek the beast in you. (Assertive)
 (b) The roads of Jessore are not wider than those of Dhaka. (Positive)
 (c) Polythene is detrimental to soil, (Negative)
 (d) We must avoid using it. (Passive)
 (e) He did nothing for me. (Interrogative)
51. **Transform the following sentences as directed. (Mirzapur Cadet College, Tangail)**
 (a) Never tell a lie. (passive)
 (b) How fortunate the porter was! (assertive)
 (c) I wish I had the wings of a dove. (exclamatory)
 (d) Television is one of the most wonderful inventions of modern science. (positive)
 (e) Come here. (passive)
52. **Change the following sentences as directed in the brackets. (Mymensingh Girls' Cadet College, Mymensingh)**
 (a) Mrs. Tahmina is a famous university teacher. (Interrogative)

- (b) Her style of teaching is different. (Negative)
 (c) No other teacher in the university is so efficient as she. (Superlative)
 (d) Everybody of the department honours her. (Negative)
 (e) We should follow her ideals. (Imperative)
- 53. Change the following sentences as directed in the brackets. (Rajshahi Cadet College, Rajshahi)**
 (a) Very few insects are as busy as a bee. (Comparative)
 (b) It lives together. (Negative)
 (c) It flies from flower to flower and collects honey. (Interrogative)
 (d) It stores honey in the hive. (Imperative)
 (e) It leads a disciplined life. (Interrogative)
- 54. Change the sentences as in the brackets. (Pabna Cadet College, Pabna)**
 (a) Very few metals are as useful as iron. (Superlative)
 (b) It is used for construction purpose. (Active)
 (c) Bangladesh imports iron. (Interrogative)
 (d) It is a heavy metal. (Negative)
 (e) There is no building without iron. (Affirmative)
- 55. Change the following as directed in the brackets. (Joypurhat Girls' Cadet College, Joypurhat)**
 (a) Arif is a regular student. (Exclamatory)
 (b) He is very attentive to his studies. (Interrogative)
 (c) No other student in the class is as good as he. (Superlative)
 (d) He never disobeys his parents. (Affirmative)
 (e) Everybody likes him. (Negative)
- 56. Transform the underlined sentences as directed in the brackets. (Comilla Cadet College, Comilla)**
 (a) Cricket is a very exciting game (Exclamatory).
 (b) They are found of watching "Twenty-twenty cricket" (Interrogative).
 (c) The old sailor shot the albatross (Passive).
 (d) He is as good as an honest man (Comparative).
 (e) Everybody lives in society (Negative).
- 57. Change the following sentences as directed in the brackets. (Faujdarhat Cadet College, Chittagong)**
 (a) Everybody works hard to gain his object (Negative). (b) Life is nothing but a struggle (Interrogative). (c) Who does not want to succeed in life? (Assertive). (d) Industry paves the way to success (Passive). (e) Industry is one of the most important secrets for shining in life (Comparative).
- 58. Change the following sentences as directed in brackets. (Sylhet Cadet College, Sylhet)**
 (a) Plato is the most revered of all philosophers of the western world (Positive).
 (b) He lived in Athens (Interrogative).
 (c) He established Lyceum to teach his disciples (Passive).
 (d) He wanted all men to live in peace (Negative).
 (e) He was a very kind hearted man (Exclamatory).
- 59. Change the following sentences as directed in the brackets. (Barisal Cadet College, Barisal)**
 (a) My first day at college is the most memorable day in my life (Positive).
 (b) I will never forget this day (Passive).
 (c) I passed the day amidst joy (Interrogative).
 (d) What a thrilling experience it was! (Assertive).
 (e) Life was enjoyed with a new zeal (Negative).
- 60. Change the following sentences as directed in the brackets. (Milestone College, Dhaka)**
 (a) No other thing is as useful as computer (Superlative).
 (b) Every student needs computer (Negative).
 (c) A poor student cannot buy it (Interrogative)
 (d) It is one of the greatest inventions of science (Positive).
 (e) It was not invented overnight (Active).
- 61. Change the following sentences as directed in the brackets. (Shamsul Haque Khan School & College, Dhaka)**
 (a) Man must die (Negative).

- (b) He is never late (Affirmative).
 (c) There are many books here (Negative).
 (d) He learns his lesson regularly (Interrogative).
 (e) Who does not wish to be happy? (Assertive).
- 62. Change the following sentences as directed in the brackets. (Motijheel Govt. Boys' High School, Dhaka)**
 (a) Everybody lives in society (Negative).
 (b) So we should not disturb social order (Affirmative).
 (c) We should fail to lead a peaceful life (Interrogative).
 (d) It is more expected than many other things (Superlative).
 (e) It is so much required (Exclamatory).
- 63. Change the sentences as directed in the brackets. (Bir Shreshtha Noor Mohammad Public College, Dhaka)**
 (a) Anger is a vice (Negative).
 (b) It begets nothing but the worst (Affirmative).
 (c) Anger is one of the most inhuman vices (Positive).
 (d) So, we should control anger for our own sake (Passive).
 (e) Nobody likes an angry man (Interrogative).
- 64. Change the following sentences as directed in the brackets. (Motijheel Govt. Girls' High School, Dhaka)**
 (a) Mr. Ahmed alone lives in this house (Negative).
 (b) I shall never forget your advice (Affirmative).
 (c) Every man must die (Interrogative).
 (d) There is no use of this law (Interrogative).
 (e) He is better than any other boy in the class (Negative).
- 65. Change the following sentences as directed in the brackets. (Motijheel Model High School & College, Dhaka)**
 (a) Man is mortal (Negative).
 (b) He is the best creation of Allah (Positive).
 (c) He cannot lead a long life (Affirmative).
 (d) He is a very wonderful creation of the Almighty (Interrogative).
 (e) Only Allah can help him (Passive).
- 66. Read the following passage and transform the underlined as directed in the brackets. (Govt. Laboratory High School, Dhaka)**
 (a) Computer is one of the greatest inventions of modern science (Positive). (b) It renders great service to mankind (Passive). (c) A computer is a blessing on earth (Negative). (d) Though it is a blessing, it has dark sides. (d) Computers are now-a-days being used in almost every sphere by the people (Active). (e) You cannot but depend on it (Affirmative).
- 67. Change the following sentences as directed in the brackets. (Mirpur Bangla School & College, Dhaka)**
 (a) Very few insects are as busy as a bee (Comparative).
 (b) It lives together (Negative).
 (c) It flies from flower to flower and collects honey (Interrogative).
 (d) It stores honey in the hive (Passive).
 (e) It leads a disciplined life (Exclamatory).
- 68. Transform the following sentences. (Shaheed Police Smrity College, Mirpur, Dhaka)**
 (a) Mohammad Muhsin was a kind man (Negative).
 (b) He was a great man (Exclamatory).
 (c) He inherited vast property from his father and sister (Interrogative).
 (d) He did not marry (Affirmative).
 (e) He spent money lavishly to help the poor (Passive).
- 69. Change the following sentences as directed in the brackets. (Uttara High School & College, Dhaka)**
 (a) Hasan is not a dishonest farmer (Affirmative).
 (b) He is one of the most miserable farmers in the village (Positive). He has a few pieces of land.
 (c) They cannot be cultivated properly (Active).
 (d) He and his family members always live in wants (Negative).
 (e) He leads a happy life (Negative).
- 70. Change the following sentences as directed in the brackets. (Savar Cantonment Public School & College, Dhaka)**
 (a) Cricket is a very exciting game (Exclamatory).

- (b) People of all ages enjoy this game (Interrogative).
 (c) At present, cricket is the most popular game in our country (Positive).
 (d) Cricket is a very costly game (Negative).
 (e) But its standard is not high (Affirmative).
- 71. Change the following sentences as directed in brackets. (Safiuddin Sarker Academy & College, Gazipur)**
 (a) A book fair creates a sense of interest for books (Passive).
 (b) It was a very interesting book (Exclamatory).
 (c) A healthy man is the happiest man in the world (Positive).
 (d) Very few insects are as busy as a bee (Comparative).
 (e) Health is both the soundness of body and the soundness of mind (Negative).
- 72. Change the following sentences as directed in the brackets. (Gazipur Cantonment Board Inter High School, Gazipur)**
 (a) Our Independence Day occupies the most important day in life (Comparative).
 (b) The valiant fighters fought bravely (Interrogative).
 (c) Our freedom fighters are braver than most other persons (Positive).
 (d) There was nobody but supported the freedom fighters (Affirmative).
 (e) Our freedom fighters cannot be forgotten (Active).
- 73. Change the following sentences as directed in the brackets. (Rani Bilashmoni Govt. Boys' High School, Gazipur)**
 (a) Stephen Hawking was born in an educated family (Negative).
 (b) He is the greatest scientist after Einstein (Comparative).
 (c) People said that he received many awards (Passive).
 (d) He is not physically fit (Affirmative).
 (e) Very few scientists are as famous as the (Superlative).
- 74. Change the following sentences as directed in the brackets. (Faridpur Zilla School, Faridpur)**
 (a) We don't usually see cuckoo near to the human habitats (Affirmative).
 (b) In spring it sings day and night (Interrogative).
 (c) They are very shy (Exclamatory).
 (d) The cuckoo is less clever than the crow (Positive).
 (e) How interesting the fact of cuckoo's laying egg in the nest of the crow is! (Assertive)
- 75. Change the following sentences as directed in the brackets. (Rajbari Govt. High School, Rajbari)**
 (a) I have a red cow (Passive).
 (b) The cow is more beautiful than the goat that I also have (Positive).
 (c) It gives only one calf at a time (Negative).
 (d) The calf looks very beautiful (Negative).
 (e) Cow's milk is an ideal food (Interrogative).
- 76. Change the following sentences as directed in the brackets. (Bindubasini Govt. Boys' High School, Gangail)**
 (a) The crow is the most common of all birds in Bangladesh (Make it comparative).
 (b) It is ugly to look at (Make it a negative sentence without changing its meaning).
 (c) The raven is bigger than the carrion (Make it positive). But the carrion is more common than the raven. The crow is of some use to us.
 (d) It keeps the environment clean (Make it passive).
 (e) Nobody likes it (Make it an interrogative sentence).
- 77. Change the following sentences as directed in the brackets. (Bindubasini Govt. Girls' High School, Tangail)**
 (a) Cricket is a very exciting game (Exclamatory).
 (b) People of all ages enjoy the game (Passive).
 (c) At present, cricket is the most popular game in our country (Comparative).
 (d) Cricket is enjoyed not only by the young but also by the old (Affirmative).
 (e) Bangladesh is a test playing country but its standard is very low (Negative).
- 78. Change the following sentences as directed in the brackets. (Jamalpur Zilla School, Jamalpur)**
 (a) We are human beings (Interrogative).

- (b) All men must die (Negative).
 (c) It matters a little if a man lives many years or not (Interrogative).
 (d) Our life cannot be measured by months or years (Active).
 (e) The life of the people is not better than that of a beast (Positive).
- 79. Change the following sentences as directed in the brackets. (Khulna Public College, Khulna)**
 (a) Power crisis is one of the most common problems in Bangladesh (Comparative).
 (b) It hampers every sphere of our daily works (Interrogative).
 (c) Some steps have been taken to solve this problem (Active).
 (d) If we are honest in using it, the problem can be solved (Negative).
 (e) Social awareness is very essential in this regard (Exclamatory).
- 80. Change the following sentences as directed in the brackets. (Khulna Govt. Girls' High School, Khulna)**
 (a) Cricket is a very exciting game (Interrogative).
 (b) People of all ages enjoy this game (Passive).
 (c) Cricket is the most popular game in Bangladesh (Positive).
 (d) Cricket is not a cheap game (Affirmative).
 (e) The performance of Bangladesh is satisfactory (Negative).
- 81. Change the following sentences as directed in the brackets. (Khulna Collegiate Girls' School, Khulna)**
 (a) The Taj Mahal is one of the greatest wonders of the world (Comparative).
 (b) Shah Jahan, the Mughal Emperor built it (Passive). After so many years its beauty remains unchanged.
 (c) It is certainly a masterpiece of architecture (Interrogative).
 (d) It is an incomparable creation (Negative).
 (e) It looks very shining on the Jamuna (Exclamatory).
- 82. Change the following sentences as directed in the brackets. (Govt. Laboratory High School, Khulna)**
 (a) A flower is a wonderful gift of nature (Exclamatory).
 (b) Who does not like flowers? (Statement).
 (c) Flowers are used on different occasions (Active).
 (d) The rose is the best of all flowers (Positive).
 (e) It has both charm and commercial value (Negative).
- 83. Change the following sentences as directed in the brackets. (Kushtia Zilla School, Khshtia)**
 Dhaka is the capital of Bangladesh. (a) It is the most densely populated city in the world (Negative). (b) It is not so far from Kushtia as from Khulna (Comparative). (c) It is regarded as the city of mosques (Active). Everyday a lot of people are migrating from their villages to Dhaka. (d) As a result, the number of floating people is increasing very quickly in the city (Exclamatory). (e) At present, Dhaka is nothing but a city of dirt and filth (Interrogative).
- 84. Change the following sentences as directed in the brackets. (Kushtia Govt. Girls' High School, Kushtia)**
 (a) Gold is the most precious metal (Positive).
 (b) It is bought by the wealthy persons (Active).
 (c) Every woman likes it (Negative).
 (d) The price of gold is increasing day by day (Interrogative).
 (e) Who does not like gold? (Affirmative).
- 85. Change the following sentences as directed in the brackets. (Shandhani School & College, Gangni, Meherpur)**
 (a) The Sundarban is the biggest in Bangladesh (Positive).
 (b) Many people visit the Sundarban (Passive).
 (c) Only the tiger is ferocious animal in the Sundarban (Negative).
 (d) The scenery of Sundarban is very charming (Exclamatory).
 (e) We should protect this forest (Imperative).
- 86. Change the following sentences as directed in the brackets. (Sathkira Govt. High School, Sathkira)**
 (a) The Royal Bengal Tigers are the most famous animals in the world (Positive).
 (b) It is seen in the Sundarbans (Negative).
 (c) All know it for ferocity (Passive).
 (d) The number is decreasing (negative).
 (e) We all should be aware of our precious wild animals (Interrogative).
- 87. Change the following sentences as directed in the brackets. (Sathkira Govt. Girls' High School, Sathkira)**

- Sher Shah was one of the greatest warriors in history (Comparative).
- Humayun had been defeated by him (Active).
- Humayun fled towards Agra (Interrogative).
- He stopped for a short time at Agra and Delhi (Negative).
- Very few emperors were as knowledgeable as he (Superlative).

A6

Question Type–06

• Capitalization and Punctuation

Punctuation Mark (বিরাম চিহ্ন)

Rina, come to me.

এখানে Rina বলার পরে একটি চিহ্ন (,) এবং শেষে আরেকটি চিহ্ন (.) রয়েছে। এ ধরনের চিহ্নকে বলা হয় Punctuation Mark।

নিচে বিভিন্ন প্রকার Punctuation Mark-এর নাম, আকৃতি নির্দেশ করা হল :

নাম	চিহ্ন
1. Full Stop (ফুল স্টপ)	.
2. Comma (কমা)	,
3. Semi-colon (সেমি-কোলন)	;
4. Colon (কোলন)	:
5. Question Mark (প্রশ্নবোধক চিহ্ন)	?
6. Exclamation Mark (বিস্ময়সূচক চিহ্ন)	!
7. Quotation Mark (উদ্ধৃতি চিহ্ন)	“ ”
8. Dash (ড্যাশ)	—
9. Hyphen (হাইফেন)	-
10. Bracket (ব্র্যাকেট)	()
11. Ellipsis (ইলিপসিস)

নিচে কয়েকটি Sentence-এ Punctuation Mark এর ব্যবহার দেখানো হল :

Full Stop : I go to school.

Sentence-এর সমাপ্তি ঘটাতে Full Stop (.) বসে।

Comma : Bashir, Belal and Badal play football.

দুইয়ের অধিক সমজাতীয় ব্যক্তি বা বস্তুকে আলাদা করে বুঝাতে Comma (,) বসে।

Question Mark : What is your name?

প্রশ্ন জিজ্ঞাসা করলে Questions Mark (?) বসে।

Exclamation Mark : What a beautiful bird!

বিস্ময়/উচ্ছ্বাস বা মনের আকস্মিক ভাব প্রকাশে Exclamation Mark (!) বসে।

Quotation Mark : Mother Says, “You are a good boy.”

উক্তি/উদ্ধৃতি বোঝাতে Quotation Mark (“ ”) বসে।

Capital Letter (ক্যাপিটাল লেটার)

This is a pen. [Sentence শুরব হয়েছে Capital Letter দিয়ে]

My name is Munna. [নামের প্রথম অবর Capital Letter হয়েছে]

You, he and I are going to school. [I বাক্যের মধ্যে বসার পরেও Capital Letter হয়েছে]

I live in Dhaka. [স্থানের নামের প্রথম অবর Capital Letter হয়েছে]

❑ Capital Letter ব্যবহারের নিয়ম :

- Proper Noun এর প্রথম Letter Capital হয়। যেমন— Hasan, Jamil, the Padma, Dhaka, Bangladesh, India, America, the Altantic Ocean, English, Bangla, etc.
- Proper Noun থেকে উদ্ভূত Proper Adjective এরও প্রথম Letter Capital হয়। যেমন— an American boy, an Aisian girl.
- সৃষ্টিকর্তার নামের বেত্রে, Noun ও Pronoun উভয়েরই first letter capital হয়।
Only Allah can help us. He has His mercy on us. We should respect God and His creation because He creates us.
- Sentence এর first letter capital হয়। Rice is a staple food.
- চিঠিতে Addressing এর বেত্রে capital letter দিয়ে শুরব হয়। যেমন— Dear Sir, My Dear Mother ইত্যাদি।
- সাধারণত কবিতার প্রতি লাইন capital letter দিয়ে শুরব হয়।

7. দিন ও মাসের নামের first letter capital হয়। Sunday, Monday, February, etc.
8. দেশ ও জাতির প্রথম বর্ণ capital হয়।
India, Bangladeshi, American.
9. সংবিল্পিত আকারে প্রকাশিত শব্দের বেত্রে capital letter ব্যবহার করা হয়।
B.A., M.A., S.M. Faisal Arafat ইত্যাদি।
10. ধর্মীয় পুস্তক সহ যেকোন বইয়ের নামের বেত্রে উক্ত নামের word বা word গুলোর first letter capital হয়।
The Holy Quran, Gulliver's Travels, A Passage to India.

Exercise (Ques. No. 6) :

1. **Rewrite the following passage using capitalization and punctuation.**
yesterday we all went to visit one of our uncles' house at shafipur we spent the day eating delicious food and roaming around it took us about five hours to come back due to heavy traffic.
2. **Rewrite the following passage using capitalization and punctuation:**
hello old lady said the princess what are you doing I am spinning a yarn around the spindle replied the old woman the princess curiously said how interesting it would be if you let me have a go.
3. **Rewrite the following passage using capitalization and punctuation :**
do you think it is easy to pass English said talha no said tabassum but why are you so careless of English i dont feel interest in the subject oh i see.
4. **Re-write the following passage using capitalization and punctuation :**
the park is beautiful but dirty everybody likes to go there so we should keep it neat and clean.
5. **Re-write the following passage using capitalization and punctuation:**
the teacher said to kamal why are you talking in the class you should behave yourself kamal replied sir i am sorry i am asking rahim to lend me his pen.
6. **Rewrite the following passage using capitalization and punctuation :**
shamim said to karim. I went to your house yesterday but did not find you where did you go.
7. **Rewrite the following passage using capitalization and punctuation :**
have you finished reading the book said runa yes said rana the book is very interesting
8. **Re-write the following passage using capitalization and punctuation :**
alexander the great was the king of macedonia he was the son of philip a mighty king of sparta he invaded india about 327 years before the birth of christ on the way he defeated porus and marched towards the panjab.
9. **Re-write the following passage using capitalization and punctuation :**
one day a farmer took some sacks of wheat to a mill the mill was far away on the way the horse stumbled and one of the sacks fell on the ground.
10. **Fill in the gaps in the following text adding suffix, prefix or both with the root words in the brackets. (Rajuk Uttara Model College, Dhaka)**
Many people believe in the (a) —— (exist) of ghosts. They believe that a ghost may be (b) —— (danger). It is an (c) —— (visible) being. It can (d) —— (danger) your life. But in reality there is nothing to be so. It is simply an (e) —— (imagine). They are only (f) —— (imagine) creations. Those who do not believe that there are ghosts in (g) —— (real) call the believers (h) —— (superstition).
11. **Rewrite the following passage by using capitalization and punctuation. (Rajuk Uttara Model College, Dhaka)**
one day aladin was playing in the street all on a sudden a stranger came he said to aladin my boy are you the son of mustafa the tailor
12. **Rewrite the following passage using capitalization and punctuation. (Dinajpur Zilla School, Dinajpur)**
a hawker said to me do you want any newspaper i have all types of newspaper i said i want an english newspaper
13. **Rewrite the following passage using capitalization and punctuation. (Jessore Zilla School, Jessore)**
today is friday the students of class eight will go to the book fair their class teacher ms fatema begum will go with them the bus is waiting at the school gate the students are getting on the bus parents are waiting to see them off it is a fine day
14. **Rewrite the following passage using capitalization and punctuation. (Comilla Zilla School, Comilla)**
what is the time by your watch he said its half past nine i replied i want to go to college he said
15. **Rewrite the following passage using capitalization and punctuation. (Chittagong Collegiate School, Chittagong)**
why are you putting up the food in your pocket sir why don't you eat asked the nobleman i am doing the right thing my dress deserves these rich dishes replied sheikh saadi
16. **Rewrite the following passage using capitalization and punctuation. (Jalalabad Cantt. Public School & College, Sylhet)**
why do we need physical exercise teacher asks ranjan well says mr larma the benefits of physical exercise are many

17. Rewrite the following passage using capitalization and punctuation. (Barisal Govt. Girls' High School, Barisal)
what is the time by your watch he said its half past nine i replied i want to go to college he said would you accompany me please no i m sorry
18. Rewrite the following passage using capitalization and punctuation. (Viqarunnisa Noon School & College, Dhaka)
once i asked a sweet little girl what is your mothers name she replied cleverly i know my mothers name but wont tell you
19. Rewrite the following passage by using capitalization and punctuation. (Ideal School & College, Motijheel, Dhaka)
death is inevitable yet everybody forgets it for the necessity of life again someone becomes immortal by welcoming death with smiling face someone dies many times before death
20. Rewrite the following passage using capitalization and punctuation. (Dhaka Residential Model College, Dhaka)
india pakistan and sri lanka have made much progress in the field of science and technology but we are lagging behind in this race still we depend on foreign aid
21. Rewrite the following passage using capitalization and punctuation. (Bogra Zilla School, Bogra)
in general i enjoy my English class however the amount of homework our teacher assigns is definitely not enjoyable after a long day at school and coaching i look forward to enjoying a quiet dinner at home planning with my younger brother and watching a little tv
22. Rewrite the following passage using capitalization and punctuation. (Rangpur Zilla School, Rangpur)
is there any chemist near here she asked the waiter yes madam the waiter said its only about three minutes walk away
23. Rewrite the following passage using capitalization and punctuation. (Udayan Higher Secondary School, Dhaka)
why dont you attend classes regularly the teacher said to the student you cant expect good results unless you attend classes as i tell you i am sorry sir i have offended you said the student
24. Rewrite the following passage using capitalization and punctuation. (Monipur Uchcha Vidyalaya & College, Mirpur, Dhaka)
how much do you want said the mayor a thousand guilders said the pied piper all right said the mayor well pay you a thousand guilders when will you set to work now replied the pied piper
25. Rewrite the following passage using capitalization and punctuation. (Adamjee Cantonment Public School, Dhaka)
who are you my dear said she henry sanford madam replied the young boy where are you going now won't you go with me yes madam i have to know the time
26. Use capitals and punctuation marks where necessary in the following text. (The Millennium Stars School & College, Rangpur Cantonment, Rangpur)
We speak in bangla and bangla is our mother tongue after the birth of Pakistan the rulers of west Pakistan tried to establish urdu as the state language but the people in east Pakistan showed strong protest against the decision of the Pakistani rulers.
27. Use capitals and punctuation marks where necessary in the following text. (Rangpur Govt. Girls' High School, Rangpur)
what can is teach you asked nasruddin we don't know replied the students you are students but you do not know anything so i can not teach you anything said nasruddin.
28. Use capitals and punctuation marks where necessary in the following text. (Lions School & College, Saidpur, Nilphamari)
mother said to me where are you going i am going to school said i did you go to school yesterday no i replied
29. Use capitals and punctuation marks where necessary in the following text. (Thakurgaon Govt. Boys' High School, Thakurgaon)
will you go to school today i said to my friend.
30. Use capitals and punctuation marks where necessary in the following text. (Thakurgaon Govt. Girls' High School, Thakurgaon.)
what can i teach you asked Nasruddin we dont know replied the students.
31. Rewrite the following passage using capitalization and punctuation. (Gaibandha Govt. Boys' High School, Gaibandha)
do you duty by yourself when you will be attentive to your lessons you will be able to finish your course unless you work hard you will not succeed so do your duty in the right moment
32. Rewrite the following passage using capitalization and punctuation. (Dawood Public School, Jessore Cantt., Jessore)

the boy said to the teacher sir i shall be much obliged if you will kindly lend me the book you praised highly in the classroom yesterday the teacher said i am very glad to know that you are eager to read this book you are welcome to any of my books that you like

- 33. Rewrite the lines given below with proper capitalization and punctuation marks necessary. (Govt. Girls' High School, Jessore)**

i think fortune has often been blamed for blindness it is needless to say fortune is not so blind as men are of course it depends on the way you are looking at the matter

- 34. Rewrite the following passage using capitalization and punctuation. (Vidyamoyee Govt. Girls' High School, Mymensingh)**

Mr. mahmud is a sincere, honest, simple and hard working person he is a businessman by profession he had his mba from ida. Though he is a learned man he has no greed.

- 35. Rewrite the following passage using capitalization and punctuation. (Mymensingh Zilla School, Mymensingh)**

a man said to me have you finished reading the book yes i have finished reading the book i replied what an interesting book it is i wish i would borrow the book earlier i said will you return the book to me today he asked.

- 36. Rewrite the following passage using capitalization and punctuation. (Rajshahi Govt. Girls' High School, Rajshahi)**

you are all welcome said she in a very sweet voice come lets eat drink and make merry.

- 37. Rewrite the following passage using capitalization and punctuation. (Rajshahi Collegiate School, Rajshahi)**

suruj ali is a poor man he is an honest hard working man he looks after a large mango orchard hamidur rahman is the owner of the orchard he is a very rich man

- 38. Rewrite the following passage using capitalization and punctuation. (Govt. Laboratory High School, Rajshahi)**

What are you doing now jack i said i am watching an interesting programme on television arent you wasting your time i said.

- 39. Rewrite the following passage using capitalization and punctuation. (Bogra Cantonment Public School & College, Bogra)**

the old man said can you give me some food ive been starving for two days the maid said why do you beg cant you work.

- 40. Use capital letters and punctuation marks where necessary. (Bogra Govt. Girls' High School, Bogra)**

a man don't be so silly he will come soon said remon we need not wait for him he failed his words replied kamal.

- 41. Rewrite the following passage using capitalization and punctuation. (BIAM Model School & College, Bogra)**

this is katherine she comes from the uk her mother tongue is english at the moment shes learning bangla at a language centre in dhaka.

- 42. Rewrite the following passage using capitalization and punctuation. (Govt. K. D. High School, Naogaon)**

i have removed all the mice from hamelin now give me the promised money said the pied piper.

- 43. Rewrite the following passage using capitalization and punctuation. (Pabna Govt. Girls' High School, Pabna)**

shihad stood on the sidewalk and looked down he saw cars and buses running under the flyover he did not know there could be roads one above the other he wanted to know many things about the flyover

- 44. Rewrite the following text capitalization and punctuation. (Pabna Zilla School, Pabna)**

hujaifa a student of pabna zilla school wants to be an engineer but his father mr jamil who lives in tangail says you must be a doctor.

- 45. Rewrite the following passage using capitalization and punctuation. (Momena Ali Biggan School, Sirajganj)**

the dog has been mans best friend for thousands of years dogs are friendly obedient and faithful animals king edward of england had a pet dog named caesar when the king died in 1910 caesar led the funeral procession walking before the kings and princes.

- 46. Rewrite the following passage by using capitalization and punctuation. (Dinajpur Govt. Girls' High School, Dinajpur)**

mr mahmud is a sincere honest simple and hard-working person he is a businessman by profession he had his mba from iba though he is a learned man he has no greed.

- 47. Rewrite the following passage using capitalization and punctuation. (Cantonment Board High School, Dinajpur)**

how much do you want said the mayor a thousand guilders said the pied piper all right said the mayor well pay you a thousand guilders when will you set to work now replied the pied piper.

- 48. Use capitalization and punctuation marks where necessary. (Cantonment Public School & College, Rangpur)**

rafiq dont be so silly he will come soon said emon we need not wait for him he failed his words replied rahim.

- 49. Rewrite the following passage using capitalization and punctuation. (Mirzapur Cadet College, Tangail)**

the park is beautiful but dirty everybody likes to go there it is a new park we should keep it clean

50. **Rewrite the following passage using capitalization and punctuation. (Mymensingh Girls' Cadet College, Mymensingh)**
man is mortal everybody must die someone welcomes death with smiling face on the other hand someone dies many times before death they are cowards we should not behave like cowards
51. **Rewrite the following passage using capitalization and punctuation. (Rajshahi Cadet College, Rajshahi)**
addressing nasiruddin as sir the students said that they wanted to ask him some questions nasiruddin welcomed the idea and asked them what they wanted to ask they asked him where he came from and what he did
52. **Rewrite the following passage using capitalization and punctuation. (Pabna Cadet College, Pabna)**
once some merchants were going to baghdad from jilan baghdad was far away from jilan a woman came to the merchants with her son she said to them my son will go to baghdad to study will you take him with you
53. **Rewrite the following passage using capitalization and punctuation. (Joypurhat Girls' Cadet College, Joypurhat)**
this news is not true we should not believe a false news good news makes us happy but we feel sad when we get a bad news a news is not a news if it is not true we should read newspaper everyday it also broadens our knowledge.
54. **Rewrite the following passage using capitalization and punctuation. (Comilla Cadet College, Comilla)**
the park is beautiful but dirty everybody likes to go there it is a new park we should keep it clean
55. **Rewrite the following passage using capitalization and punctuation. (Feni Girls' Cadet College, Feni)**
i will willingly go away with you but do not know how to get down bring a ladder with you i will descend and you will take me on your horse she said
56. **Rewrite the following passage using capitalization and punctuation. (Faujdarhat Cadet College, Chittagong)**
every child has rights to education rights to safety rights to food and nutrition etc. do you think the NGO tries to ensure those rights for the children
57. **Rewrite the following passage using capitalization and punctuation. (Sylhet Cadet College, Sylhet)**
sylhet is a land of scenic beauty it is also endowed with natural resources thousands of tourists from all over bangladesh rush here everyday
58. **Rewrite the following passage using capitalization and punctuation. (Barisal Cadet College, Barisal)**
george bernard shaw was born in dublin in 1856 his fathers family had been small landowners in Ireland since the late seventeenth century he was awarded nobel prize for literature in november 1950.
59. **Rewrite the following passage using capitalization and punctuation. (Milestone College, Dhaka)**
bangladesh our homeland is mainly an agricultural country she has a large population most of whom live in villages thought they are poor they are hospitable we feel proud of our hospitality
60. **Rewrite the following passage using capitalization and punctuation. (Shamsul Haque Khan School & College, Dhaka)**
the taj mahal is one of the most beautiful buildings in the world emperor shahjahan built it as a tomb for his wife it stands at agra in india.
61. **Rewrite the following passage using capitalization and punctuation. (Motijheel Govt. Boys' High School, Dhaka)**
give me a few grains of corns i am dying of hunger said the grasshopper didn't you store up any grain the ant remarked no i was busy in singing
62. **Rewrite the following passage using capitalization and punctuation. (Bir Shreshtha Noor Mohammad Public College, Dhaka)**
the great ship titanic was not only the largest ship but also regarded unsinkable it sailed for new york to southampton in april 1912 ironically it went down on its first voyage
63. **Rewrite the following passage using capitalization and punctuation. (Shaheed Bir Uttam Lt. Anwar Girls' College, Dhaka)**
we live in bangladesh almost all of us speak in bangla most of the people of the country are muslims besides hindus buddhists and christians also live here about 80 percent people live in the villages
64. **Rewrite the following passage using capitalization and punctuation. (Motijheel Model High School & College, Dhaka)**
yesterday we all went to visit one of our uncles house at shafipur we spent the day eating delicious food and roaming around it took us about five hours to come back due to heavy traffic
65. **Use appropriate punctuation marks and capital letters where necessary. (Govt. Laboratory High School, Dhaka)**
on the last house in a little village the storks had built a nest the mother stork sat in it with her four young ones they stretched out their necks and pointed their black beaks a little way off on the edge of the roof stood the father stork upright and stiff not liking to be quiet idle he drew up one leg and stood on the other
66. **Rewrite the following passage using capitalization and appropriate punctuation marks. (Mirpur Bangla School & College, Dhaka)**
the stranger said you must do something to earn a living i will buy a shop for you

67. **Rewrite the passage using punctuation marks and capital letters. (Shaheed Police Smrity College, Mirpur, Dhaka)**
titanic sailed for new york from southampton on 10 april 1912 at that time however she was not only the largest ship but also unsinkable
68. **Rewrite the following passage using capitalization and punctuation. (Uttara High School & College, Dhaka)**
my friend said to me why are you sitting alone in your room at this hour dont you see that the sky has cleared let us go for a walk in the open field
69. **Rewrite the following passage using capitalization and punctuation. (Savar Cantonment Public School & College, Dhaka)**
have you killed the rats said the mayor yes i have said the piper give me the promised money how funny said the mayor we cant give you so much money take only fifty
70. **Rewrite the following passage using capitalization and punctuation. (Safiuddin Sarker Academy & College, Gazipur)**
emon have you done your english lesson today asked the teacher yes sir he replied but ive not understood one grammatical point ill help you understand the point
71. **Rewrite the following passage using capitalization and punctuation. (Gazipur Cantonment Board Inter High School, Gazipur)**
i have got gpa-5 in the ssc examination said rafiq congratulations said i what do you intend to do now i want to study in a reputed college ill try to get admission in notre dame college rafiq replied
72. **Rewrite the following passage using capitalization and punctuation. (Rani Bilashmoni Govt. Boys' High School, Gazipur)**
sayem and his mother went to new market early in the morning what shall we buy for grandmother mum asked sayem well replied his mother lets have a look how about this lovely flowers
73. **Rewrite the following passage using capitalization and punctuation. (Faridpur Zilla School, Faridpur)**
whats the time by your watch he said its half past nine i said he said i want to go to school would you accompany me please no i am sorry replied i
74. **Rewrite the following passage using capitalization and punctuation. (Rajbari Govt. High School, Rajbari)**
kamal said to rana where did you go yesterday i went to your house but did not find you anyway home how are you i am keeping fine said rana what about you why did you come was there any urgent piece of business
75. **Rewrite the following passage using capitalization and punctuation. (Bindubasini Govt. Boys' High School, Gangail)**
have you ever been to coxs bazar asked shabab no i have never replied labib but i desire to visit the place
76. **Rewrite the following passage using capitalization and punctuation. (Jamalpur Zilla School, Jamalpur)**
the buckingham palace is in england it was originally built for the duke of buckingham in 1703 it was remodelled and enlarged by famous architect john nash
77. **Rewrite the following passage using capitalization and punctuation. (Khulna Public College, Khulna)**
television is one of the greatest discoveries of modern science john bayard invented the television in 1925 the word television comes from the latin word tele and vision.
78. **Rewrite the following passage using capitalization and punctuation. (Khulna Govt. Girls' High School, Khulna)**
dhaka is an old city it has a historical importance it was founded by islam khan the subedar of bengal in 1610
79. **Rewrite the following passage using capitalization and punctuation. (Khulna Collegiate Girls' School, Khulna)**
however some of these young villagers are going to the city for other jobs the remaining ama divers are now saged between 50 and 60 but there are still some who continue to dive even at their 70s if the young people do not take up ama diving, soon this profession will die out
80. **Rewrite the following passage using capitalization and punctuation. (Govt. Laboratory High School, Khulna)**
all the students liked mrs amins stories what kind of stories did aesop tell asked anwar fables replied mrs amin
81. **Rewrite the following passage using capitalization and punctuation. (Kushtia Zilla School, Khshtia)**
my friend said to me why are you sitting alone in your room at this hour don't you see that the sky is clear
82. **Rewrite the following passage using capitalization and punctuation. (Kushtia Govt. Girls' High School, Kushtia)**
i have got gpa-5 in the ssc examination said rafiq congratulation said i what do you intend to do now i want to study in a reputed college ill try to get admission in notre dame college rafiq replied
83. **Rewrite the following passage using capitalization and punctuation. (Shandhani School & College, Gangni, Meherpur)**

my father said to me have you done your homework you have to go to school

84. Rewrite the following passage using capitalization and punctuation. (Sathkira Govt. High School, Sathkira)
human beings have invented many important things so far they have brother great civilization to the world through these inventions do you know which invention is the greatest.
85. Rewrite the following passage using capitalization and punctuation. (Sathkira Govt. Girls' High School, Sathkira)
the teacher said to arif why are you talking in the class arif replied sir i am asking rahim to lend me his pen the teacher said be attentive in the class

A7

Question Type-07

• Suffix and Prefix

1. Fill in the gaps used in the following text by adding suffix, prefix or both with the root words underlined in the text.

Ernest Hemingway, one of the famous American writers had a great (a) attract to war. He had wanted to become a soldier, but (b) fortune he couldn't because of his poor eyesight. Later, he became a war (c) correspond in the Spanish Civil War and World War II. Many of his books were about war. His most (d) success book is For Whom the Bell Tolls is about the Spanish War. Another novel, A Farewell to Arms, is also about the (e) use of war. This book also gained much (f) popular. However (g) like his writing, his personal life was full of misery. One of the reasons was his physical (h) sick for which he couldn't even receive the Nobel Prize he was awarded in person.

[Adapted from 'New Headway Intermediate Students book by Ziz and John Soars. Pg. 27]

2. Fill in the gaps in the following text by adding suffix, prefix or both with the root words underlined in the text :

Bangladesh is small country but it has a large (a) populate. Most people here live below the poverty line and cannot therefore afford to educate their (b) child. Many poor children either drop out of school just after a few years or (c) simple do not go to school at all. Despite this situation we have far too many students to educate (d) compare to the number of institutions (e) avail. Bangladesh needs more schools, colleges and universities to provide for the increasing number of students. But owing to (f) finance and resource constraints, the (g) govern cannot find the requisite number of (h) education institution.

3. Fill in the gaps used in the following text by adding suffix, prefix or both with the root words underlined in the text :

A good student is (a) mind to his studies. He is (b) respect to his (c) teach. He does not (d) honour anybody. He is free from (e) conduct. He is (f) study. He is not (g) sincere to his study. He maintains (h) punctual.

4. Fill in the gaps used in the following text by adding suffix, prefix or both with the root words underlined in the text :

A railway porter is a hard working person. He is a day (a) labour. He loads and (b) load the goods of a goods train. Besides, he is very busy during the (c) arrive and (d) depart of trains. He is an (e) literate man. He does not want to receive the (f) fix amount of fee for carrying the luggage of the passengers. During the (g) festive he demands a very high charge for his (h) serve.

5. Fill in the gaps used in the following text by adding suffix, prefix or both with the root words underlined in the box :

Trees are (a) use to man in many ways. They are (b) company in our day to day life. It is (c) possible to build our homes, furniture etc. without trees. Trees save us from flood and (d) nature calamities. It (e) strength the soil. If we cut down trees at random, there will be ecological (f) balance. So tree (g) plant programme should be extended for a better. (h) happy and healthier life.

6. Fill in the gaps used in the following text by adding suffix, prefix of both with the root words underlined in the text. :

An (a) healthy man leads a (b) pain life. He cannot enjoy (c) happy. He suffers both (d) physical and (e) mental. He passes his days with (f) tense. His life is very (g) sorrow. He is (h) active too.

7. Fill in the gaps used in the following text by adding suffix, prefix or both with the root words underlined in the text :

An Ideal student is (a) care about his (b) responsible. He is a (c) follow of great men who became (d) success in (e) world life. He has (f) able to be (g) prosper because he is (h) merit.

8. Fill in the gaps used in the following text by adding prefix, suffix or both with the root words underlined in the text :

Our education remains (a) complete if we do not learn good manners. In our behaviour with others we must be (b) respect with others. We should never (c) behave with anybody because our (d) conduct may hurt others. We should not create any (e) necessary quarrel with others. The (f) important of good manners is (g) measurable. (h) Real a man of good manners is a gentleman.

9. Fill in the gaps used in the following text by adding suffix, prefix or both with the root words underlined in the text :

A good student is (a) mind to his studies. He is (b) respect to his (c) teach. He does not (d) honour anybody. He is free from (e) conduct. He is (f) study. He is not (g) sincere to his study. He maintains (h) punctual.

10. Rewrite the following passage using capitalization and punctuation. (Rajuk Uttara Model College, Dhaka)

clean it very carefully hans said frankel im going to use this instrument to cast a very powerful spell exclaimed hans excitedly oh how interesting

11. Fill in the gaps used in the following text by adding suffix, prefix or both with the root words underlined in the text. (Rajuk Uttara Model College, Dhaka)

(a) Electron mail is one of the many modern devices of (b) communicate. This is not only a quick, easy and (c) relative cheap way to keep in touch with family and friends. We need internet (d) connect for browsing email. We can also attach big files and send them to our desired persons. Thus it becomes very easy to transfer important files, documents, photos etc. instantly without (e) physical going to anywhere. It maintains our private, social and (f) office network in a (g) power and (h) effect way.

12. Fill in the gaps used in the following text by adding suffix, prefix or both with the root words underlined in the text. (Dinajpur Zilla School, Dinajpur)

Good manners form an (a) import part of our education. Our education remains (b) complete unless we learn good manners. We must have a sense of respect for others and it is necessary for a (c) culture and (d) discipline society. The (e) import of good manners in life is great (f) deed. (g) Real a man of good manners is a gentleman. Every student must know the code of conduct for his/her (h) practice life.

13. Fill in the gaps used in the following text by adding suffix, prefix or both with the root words underlined in the text. (Jessore Zilla School, Jessore)

(a) Honest is the best of all virtues. An honest man is always (b) truth. He is never (c) harm to anybody. Nobody is (d) satisfied with him. On the other hand, everybody (e) likes a (f) honest man. People remember an honest man (g) respectful even after his death. Without honesty peace and happiness is (h) possible.

14. Fill in the gaps used in the following text by adding suffix, prefix or both with the root words underlined in the text. (Comilla Zilla School, Comilla)

Education develops our mind through (a) form learning. The mental and (b) intellect training is also provided by education. Again the purpose of education is to (c) light the individual. The (d) promote of the individual's capacity is also its purpose. Education (e) broad our mind and refines our (f) sense. So there are (g) vary advantages of education. You cannot find any (h) advantage of education.

15. Fill in the gaps used in the following text by adding suffix, prefix or both with the root words underlined in the text. (Chittagong Collegiate School, Chittagong)

There goes a wise saying, "A good company makes a man good while a bad one makes him bad." If anyone becomes (a) custome to good manners or behaves well, he can under no circumstances (b) behave towards anyone. So, moral (c) educate is all important. From their earliest years (d) child must be taught the (e) differ between right and wrong and trained to love and follow what is right and hate and avoid what is wrong. So training means the (f) form of character on right lines. Its object is to bring children up in such a way that they will grow up to be truth loving, honest, brave, pure minded and (g) selfish men and women. The home, (h) doubt, is the best school for moral education.

16. Fill in the gaps used in the following text by adding suffix, prefix or both with the root words underlined in the text. (Jalalabad Cantt. Public School & College, Sylhet)

Physical exercise means the regular (a) — (move) — of limbs of our body (b) — (accord) — to rules. (c) — (sound) — of body is essential. There lies a close (d) — (connect) — between body and mind. We cannot think a sound mind without a sound health. It is physical exercise which (e) — (ables) — us to build a good health. Physical exercise makes our body active and the muscles strong. It also improves our power of (f) — (digest) — and blood (g) — (circulate) —. It gives (h) — (strong) — to our brain.

17. Fill in the gaps used in the following text by adding suffix, prefix or both with the root words underlined in the text. (Barisal Govt. Girls' High School, Barisal)

None but the (a) —— (industry) can expect success in life. Industry is the key to success. An idle man can never be (b) —— (success) in life. In fact, success in life does not come (c) —— (automatic). Only by working (d) —— (relentless), one can be successful in life. We must shake off our (e) —— (idle) in order to succeed in life. An idle person has to depend on other's income for his (f) —— (survive). It is (g) —— (doubt) very (h) —— (grace).

18. Fill in the gaps used in the following text by adding suffix, prefix or both with the root words underlined in the text. (Viqarunnisa Noon School & College, Dhaka)

(a) Kind is a divine virtue. So, we should not be (b) kind to the people in distress and even to (c) low animals. Some naughty boys (d) joy beating the lower animals like dogs and cats. This is an (e) rational behaviour. Animals can understand your feelings of love. If you are (f) friend with them, they can (g) real your kind behaviour. As a result, friendship grows instead of (h) enemy.

19. Fill in the gaps used in the following text by adding suffix, prefix or both with the root words underlined in the text. (Ideal School & College, Motijheel, Dhaka)

Our education remains (a) complete if we do not learn good manners. In our behaviour with others we must be (b) respect to others. We should never (c) behave with anybody because our (d) conduct may hurt others. We should not pick (e) necessary quarrel with others. The (f) important of good manners is (g) measurable. (h) Real a man of good manners is a gentleman.

20. Fill in the gaps used in the following text by adding suffix, prefix or both with the root words underlined in the text. (Dhaka Residential Model College, Dhaka; Mymensingh Zilla School, Mymensingh)

Dhaka is a (a) beauty city. But its beauty is spoilt by our (b) wise activities. The city dwellers are polluting its environment. (c) Cleanliness is the (d) ugly sight in the city. In order to make the city look more beautiful, there should be a (e) plan system. A lot of work has been done under (f) beautify scheme to beautify the city. But it will not prove (g) fruit unless we are successful in our drive for (h) cleanly.

21. Fill in the gaps used in the following text by adding suffix, prefix or both with the root words underlined in the text. (Bogra Zilla School, Bogra)

Ours is a (a) democracy country. Here it is not possible for any (b) elected person to rule over the country. (c) Participate of all parties in (d) nation elections (e) strength democracy. In democracy there is no (f) exist of (g) harmony among the people of (h) differ creeds.

22. Fill in the gaps used in the following text by adding suffix, prefix or both with the root words underlined in the text. (Rangpur Zilla School, Rangpur)

After being (a) success on moon landing, scientists took another leap. The scientists (b) look beyond Moon to Mars, Jupiter and Saturn. Soon Mariner, Skylab, Soyuz were on the way to these planets for further (c) explore. Pictures from Mars were (d) transmit to the earth from these spacecrafts (e) give some vital clues about the (f) exist of any life in the planet. Pioneer 11 and Viking 11 were also soon launched to send back (g) numerable data of space (h) search.

23. Fill in the gaps used in the following text by adding suffix, prefix or both with the root words underlined in the text. (Udayan Higher Secondary School, Dhaka)

Road accidents have (a) recent become a regular phenomenon in our country. As a result of the accident many persons fall a victim to (b) timely death. Most of the accidents occur because of the (c) violate of traffic rules by (d) skill drivers and (e) conscious passers-by. Many unlicensed and (f) fault vehicles run on the streets. These vehicles (g) danger the (h) safe of passengers and the passers-by.

24. Fill in the gaps used in the following text by adding suffix, prefix or both with the root words underlined in the text. (Monipur Uchha Vidyalaya & College, Mirpur, Dhaka)

(a) Honest is the best of all virtues. An honest man is always (b) truth. He is never (c) harm to anybody. Nobody is (d) satisfied with him. On the other hand, everybody (e) likes a (f) honest man. People remember an honest man (g) respectful even after his death. Without honesty peace and (h) happy is impossible.

25. Fill in the gaps used in the following text by adding suffix, prefix or both with the root words underlined in the text. (Adamjee Cantonment Public School, Dhaka)

Working opportunities for women are very (a) neglect in rural areas of Bangladesh. They (b) usual spend time doing their household chores. The ILO (c) recent started a project titled “Technologies for Rural (d) Employ with Special (e) Refer to Women and (f) Sustain Development.” The aim of this project is to impart training to rural women in (g) vary activities and make them (h) reliant.

26. Complete the text adding suffixes, prefixes or the both with the root words given in the brackets. (The Millennium Stars School & College, Rangpur Cantonment, Rangpur)

In order to be sure of doing well in the examination you have to pay (a) — (attend) to studies from the very beginning of the year. Regular practice can (n) — (sure) your good result. But if you are (c) — (attentive) and irregular, you cannot expect to do so. Bear in mind that (d) — (regularity) is the cause of your (e) — (satisfactory) result. Nobody can expect a good result in the examination without good (f) — (prepare). You should be prepared for it well-ahead of the schedule. Some students remain (g) — (prepare) for the (h) — (exam) even when it is imminent.

27. Complete the text adding suffixes, prefixes or the both with the root words given in the brackets.

(Rangpur Govt. Girls' High School, Rangpur)

Good health means (a) sound of body and mind. One should take exercise (b) regular because it is (c) physic exercise which (d) ablest us to build a good health. He is also to observe the rules of (e) clean. An (f) health man cannot enjoy life. He suffers from frustration, (g) hopeless etc. On the other hand, a (h) health man can enjoy his life fully.

28. Fill in the gaps used in the following text by adding suffix, prefix or both with the root words underlined in the text. (Lions School & College, Saidpur, Nilphamari)

Ours is not a developed country. We are (a) gradual developing. We are considered to be an (b) developed country because of many reasons. (c) Literacy is one of the. The govt. of the country is aware of these. So, measures have been taken for the (d) eradicate of illiteracy. It is true that literacy rate is (e) rapid progressing. The main reasons of it are (f) dishonest and (g) corrupt in every walk of life. Another reason is (h) obedience to laws of the land.

29. Complete the text adding suffixes, prefixes or the both with the root words given in the brackets.

(Thakurgaon Govt. Boys' High School, Thakurgaon)

Everybody wants to be (a) success in life. Success brings (b) happy. When a person success in life, he becomes (c) cheer. On the other hand, when he finds (d) fail, his (e) happy knows no bounds. If a person becomes (f) industry, he is sure to (g) come any obstacle, So everybody should be hard working so that we can (h) joy success in our life.

30. Complete the text adding suffixes, prefixes or the both with the root words given in the brackets.

(Thakurgaon Govt. Girls' High School, Thakurgaon.)

Our (a) Nation Memorial (b) symbol the nation's respect for the martyrs of the Liberation War. It is an (c) achieve which is (d) measurable. Our freedom fighters showed their unique (e) hero in the war against the well-armed soldiers of Pakistan. The Pakistani soldiers killed our people (f) merciless. They continued atrocities in (g) associate with the local (h) collaborate. However, they were defeated in the end.

31. Fill in the gaps used in the following text by adding suffix, prefix or both with the root words underlined in the text. (Gaibandha Govt. Boys' High School, Gaibandha; Govt. KD High School, Naogaon; Cantonment Public School & College, Rangpur)

None but the (a) — industry can expect success in life. Industry is the key to success. An idle man can never be (b) success in life. In fact, success in life does not come (c) automatic. Only by working (d) relentless, one can succeed in life. We must shake off (e) idle in order to succeed in life. An idle person has to depend on other's income for his (f) survive. It is (g) doubted very (h) disgrace.

32. Fill in the gaps used/given in the text by adding suffix, prefix or both with the root words underlined in the text. (Govt. Girls' High School, Jessore)

A good student is (a) mind to his studies. he is (b) respect to his (c) teach. He does not (d) honour anybody. He is free from (e) conduct. He is (f) study. He is not (g) sincere in his study. He maintains (h) punctual.

33. Fill in the gaps used in the following text by adding suffix, prefix or both with the root words underlined in the text. (Dawood Public School, Jessore Cantt., Jessore)

Our (a) free (b) fight fought (c) brave. Their (d) dedicate is an act of (e) inspire for us. They have become (f) mortal. They have brought (g) dependence for the country through their sacrifice. They were also (h) courage.

34. Fill in the gaps used in the following text by adding suffix, prefix or both with the root words underlined in the text. (Vidyamoyee Govt. Girls; High School, Mymensingh)

Truth is not (a) normal. It is (b) nature and (c) suers the spiritual peace of human mind. It (d) powers our soul and enhances our willing power. Illegal and (e) lawful things are against the truth. We must speak (f) bold and clearly having. (g) kind which is a condition of (h) truthful.

- 35. Fill in the gaps used in the following text by adding suffix, prefix or both with the root words underlined in the text. (Rajshahi Govt. Girls' High School, Rajshahi)**

Education is the process by which our mind develops through (a) from learning at an institution like a school, college or university. It is mental and (b) intellect training which provides opportunities for growth and helps to (c) come obstacles to progress. Again, the purpose of education is to (d) light the individual and to develop his/her capacity to the limit. It also ennobles our mind and refines our (e) sensible. But (f) proper education is not good for us. It is rather (g) defect and does not bring about any social (h) form. Proper education is a must for mental development.

- 36. Fill in the gaps used in the following text by adding suffix, prefix or both with the root words. (Rajshahi Collegiate School, Rajshahi)**

Flowers (a) symbol love and (b) pure. The (c) charm fragrance of flowers makes us feel (d) some. Nowadays flower (e) cultivate is a money-making (f) busy. Many people improved their condition doing flower business. The (g) employed youths of the society can think about it (h) youths of the society can think about it (h) sure.

- 37. Fill in the gaps used in the following text by adding suffix, prefix or both with the root words underlined in the text. (Govt. Laboratory High School, Rajshahi)**

Television has become the most common and widespread of (a) entertain of the present world. A wide range of programmes of varied interest is telecast on numerous channels. Almost every middle class and even (b) work class families have a television set today. Television programmes are not only (c) enjoy but also highly (d) educate. For example, television is used for distant (e) learn. Courses run by the Open University are shown on BTV. Several channels like the Discovery and the (f) Nation Geographic Channels telecast (g) high (h) inform programmes.

- 38. Fill in the gaps used in the following text by adding suffix, prefix or both with the root words underlined in the text. (Bogra Cantonment Public School & College, Bogra)**

The name of Kazi Nazrul Islam is not (a) known to anybody. He is a great (b) write. He is also a (c) sing. His writings are full of (d) inspire. His (e) contribute to Bengali literature has made him (f) mortal. His writings are (g) revolution. He is our (h) nation poet.

- 39. Fill in the gaps used in the following text by adding suffix, prefix or both with the root words given in each bracket in the text. (Bogra Govt. Girls' High School, Bogra)**

None but the (a) ——— (industry) can expect success in life. Industry is the key to success. An idle man can never be (b) ——— (success) in life. In fact, success in life does not come (c) ——— (automatic), only by working (d) ——— (relentless), one can be successful in life. We must shake off our (e) ——— (idle) in order to succeed in life. An idle person has to depend on others income for his (f) ——— (survive). It is (g) ——— (doubted) very (h) ——— (grace).

- 40. Fill in the gaps used in the following text by adding suffix, prefix or both with the root words underlined in the text. (BIAM Model School & College, Bogra)**

Of all the (a) create in the world, humans are (b) physical the most (c) equip. A human cannot fly like a bird, outrun a leopard, swim like an alligator, nor climb trees like a monkey. A human does not have the claw of an eagle, nor the eye and teeth of a wild cat. (d) Carnal, humans are (e) defense. A tiny insect can kill them. But nature is (f) reason and kind. Nature's (g) believe gift to human kind is the (h) able to think about anything.

- 41. Fill in the gaps used in the following text by adding suffix, prefix or both with the root words underlined in the text. (Pabna Govt. Girls' High School, Pabna)**

Allah has created both man and woman (a) equal. He has not drawn any (b) distinct between them. An (c) literate mother can never produce a good citizen. In order to have good citizens female education is a must. Without the (d) lift of women the progress of the nation is (e) possible. Again without education women cannot be elevated. It is (f) deniable that a mother exercises a great influence in the formation of children's character. Lives of the great men show that their (g) great was due to their mother's influence. An educated husband can never have free exchange of ideas with ignorant wife. Life would be dull and (h) happy for them.

- 42. Fill in the gaps used in the following text by adding suffix, prefix or both with the root words underlined in the text. (Pabna Zilla School, Pabna)**

Man wants to gain (a) popular in (b) differ ways. But (c) lawful ways can't (d) popular a man. When common people are hurt by the (e) behave of a powerful man, they don't protest in front of him. But they form a (f) hate conception about him.

- 43. Fill in the gaps used in the following text by adding suffix, prefix or both with the root words underlined in the text. (Momena Ali Biggan School, Sirajganj)**

Money is the means of leading (a) world life. (b) short of money makes our life (c) deplorable. We cannot lead our life (d) proper in want of money. But there is (e) difficult in earning money. Our peace and prosperity are (f) depend on proper utilization of money. Spending money in an (g) proper way can lead us to the path of destruction. So, we should be (h) care in spending money.

44. Rewrite the following sentences using prefixes for the given words in brackets.**(Amena-Baki Residential Model School & College, Dinajpur)**

- (a) You will get three (merits) if you're caught smoking on school ground.
- (b) I see the dog has been (behaving) itself again.
- (c) We take every (caution) to ensure your safety.
- (d) Unfortunately, their plan (fired) badly.
- (e) The United States was left as the only global (power).

45. Fill in the gaps used in the following text by adding suffix, prefix or both with the root words underlined in the text. (Dinajpur Govt. Girls' High School, Dinajpur)

(a) truth people are honest. (b) truthful is a great virtue. One cannot have the virtue of (c) honest without speaking the truth. (d) honest people tell a lie for personal interest. (e) dishonest spoils other human qualities in life. People who are (f) virtue are honest and truthful. They are also (g) believe in God and they fear only God. They are (h) loved to all.

46. Fill in the gaps used in the following text by adding suffix, prefix or both with the root words underlined in the text. (Mirzapur Cadet College, Tangail)

A mobile set is not very (a) expense. The (b) late mobile phone has camera, (c) calculate, the Internet and the radio or transistor. It is a very (d) use thing but its (e) excess use is bad for health. Every scientific object is (f) modern with the (g) pass of time. Nobody knows now whether the (h) develop of mobile will have a television on it in the near future.

47. Fill in the gaps used in the following text by adding suffix, prefix or both with the root words underlined in the text. (Mymensingh Girls' Cadet College, Mymensingh)

(a) Eating is not a good habit. It means eating (b) excess food. Some people (c) occasional eat too much. It results in (d) digestion which is (e) injure to health. People suffer from (f) digest trouble because they cannot resist their (g) tempt for overeating. They are (h) tolerant.

48. Fill in the gaps used in the following text by adding suffix, prefix or both with the root words underlined in the text. (Rajshahi Cadet College, Rajshahi)

A railway porter is a hard-working person. He is a day (a) labour. He loads and (b) loads the goods of a goods train. Besides, he is very busy during the (c) arrive and (d) depart of trains. He is an (e) literate man. He does not want to receive the (f) fix amount of fee for carrying the luggage of the passengers. During the (g) festive he demands a very high charge for his (h) serve.

49. Fill in the gaps used in the following text by adding suffix, prefix or both with the root words underlined in the text. (Pabna Cadet College, Pabna)

Farida is an eight-year old girl. She is an (a) educated girl. Her father was a day (b) labour and her mother was a garment (c) work. She is very (d) fortunate because she lost both of them at such a tender age. So, she is very (e) help. She works as a domestic servant in the house of a rich man. The (f) own of the house is very (g) kind and always (h) behaves with her.

50. Fill in the gaps used in the following text by adding suffix, prefix or both with the root words underlined in the text. (Joypurhat Girls' Cadet College, Joypurhat)

Guests are (a) traditional (b) welcome in our country. Sometimes special (c) arrange is made for their (d) entertain. Sometimes we feel embarrassed to entertain an (e) welcome guests. Our people are very (f) friend and open-minded. They are very (g) cooperation as well as (h) hospitality.

51. Complete the text adding suffixes, prefixes or both with the root words underlined in the text. (Jhenidah Cadet College, Jhenidah)

Computer is one of the most (a) wonder scientific objects. It is the (b) out of hard labour of many scientists. It took a long time to invent computer and bring it to the present position. It is an electric device that stores information on (c) magnet tape. Computer is not without (d) merits. It affects the eyesight of the (e) operate. (f) Children are very fond of computer. (g) Though it is (h) harm to their eyes, they like to play games on computer for hours together.

52. Fill in the gaps used in the following text by adding suffix, prefix or both with the root words underlined in the text. (Comilla Cadet College, Comilla)

Success in life depends on the proper (a) utilize of time. Those who waste their (b) value time in (c) idle reduce the time of their important work. And (d) punctual is another great virtue of human beings that (e) rich the human life. Everyone should imitate it. If you take lessons from the (f) biography of (g) success persons, you will learn that they did not make any (h) waste of time.

53. Fill in the gaps used in the following text by adding suffix, prefix or both with the root words underlined in the text. (Faujdarhat Cadet College, Chittagong)

Black holes are (a) produce by huge stars. They are (b) call black holes not because there are holes in reality but because they cannot be seen as there is no light (c) come out of them. After (d) burn for billions of years stars reach the end of their lives, their energy does not become (e) appear. The (f) burn core becomes very small like a pinpoint but its weight is as much as a star. It also has tremendous gravity and this gravity pulls towards it everything that comes near it. Although black holes cannot be seen through telescope, their (g) present can be (h) dentify. They are like gigantic magnets in space.

54. Use necessary prefix/suffix/both to make the following passage meaningful. (Sylhet Cadet College, Sylhet)

A book fair is a large scale (a) exhibit of different kinds of books. It is (b) occasion held in our country. Bookstalls are (c) temporary built and decorated in a place. The (d) publish organize these fairs to (e) popular books. A huge amount is expended to make the fair (f) attract. The fairs contribute in stopping books from becoming (g) popular in a (h) technology age.

55. Fill in the gaps used in the following text by adding suffix, prefix or both with the root words underlined in the text. (Barisal Cadet College, Barisal)

The (d) dwel in Dhaka city throw away the wastes here and there. These (b) vary kinds of wastes emit nauseating stench. The pedestrians have to walk by the dumps having their nostrils pressed with their fingers. The city (c) clean cannot alone keep the city clean. Our (d) responsibl is to keep the city clean, otherwise it will be a city (e) suitabl for living. Only the dwellers should not be held responsible for the (f) cleanliness. It is seen that wastes and filth pulled out of the (g) sewer pipes are kept on the roads for days together. If it rains (h) heavy, these are again washed away into the drains.

56. Fill in the gaps used in the following text by adding suffix, prefix or both with the root words underlined in the text. (Milestone College, Dhaka.)

(a) Honest is the best of all virtues. An honest man is always (b) truth. He is never (c) harm to anybody. Nobody is (d) satisfied with him. On the other hand, everybody (e) like a (f) honest man. People remember an honest man (g) respectful even after his death. Without honesty peace and happiness is (h) possible.

57. Add prefix to the following underlined words. (Shamsul Haque Khan School & College, Dhaka)

- Everyone hates a honest person.
- Many literate people do not have any knowledge of health.
- An educational institution is complete without a library.
- Many of our children suffer from nutrition.

58. Fill in the gaps used in the following text by adding suffix, prefix or both with the root words underlined in the text. (Motijheel Govt. Boys' High School, Dhaka)

My next door neighbour is a man of some (a) common traits. He is also (b) live and energetic. He is very (c) affection and (d) optimist. He is very industrious but never (e) patient. He is very intelligent. He is not a very (f) wealth man, but (g) intellectual he is very rich. He loves (h) frugal.

59. Fill in the gaps by adding suffix, prefix or both with the root words given in the brackets.

(Bir Shreshtha Noor Mohammad Public College, Dhaka)

My mother is very (a) ——— (affection) to me. She advises me to (b) ——— (rich) my knowledge. She always (c) ——— (courage) me to become (d) ——— (industry) and (e) ——— (come) the problems. In case of my (f) ——— (ill) she takes good care of me. She nurses me (g) ——— (care) and helps me recover soon.

60. Fill in the gaps using suffix or prefix with the root words underlined in the text.

(Shaheed Bir Uttam Lt. Anwar Girls' College, Dhaka)

Our (a) nation flag is the symbol of our (b) independent and (c) sovereign. It is also symbol of our integrity and solidarity. Only (d) territory independence without sovereignty is not the real independence. Our national flag (e) mind us of our (f) glory existence. It is also the emblem of our spirit, hopes and (g) aspire. We must (h) hold its dignity.

61. Fill in the gaps used in the following text by adding suffix, prefix or both with the root words underlined in the text. (Motijheel Model High School & College, Dhaka; Govt. Laboratory High School, Khulna)

Blood (a) donate is a noble act. But many people are (b) willing to donate blood because of their cheap (c) mental. Donating blood can save the life of a (d) die patient. The government should (e) courage people to donate blood (f) free. Otherwise, we will be (g) able to save the lives of serious patients which is very (h) graceful.

62. Fill in the gaps used in the following text by adding suffix, prefix or both with the root words underlined in the text. (Govt. Laboratory High School, Dhaka)

Haji Mohammad Muhsin is famous for his (a) kind. He was born in a (b) wealth family. He was an (c) married man. He was a social (d) work. He had a great (e) contribute to (f) educate. Everybody knows about his (g) donate. We are not 9h) grate to him.

63. Fill in the gaps used in the following text by adding suffix, prefix or both with the root words underlined in the text. (Mirpur Bangla School & College, Dhaka)

The aim of (a) educate is to make a man fully (b) equip to be (c) co-operate to himself and to the society. Education aims at (d) provide a child with (e) require to bring out all the talents that he possesses. A (f) true educated person should be self-reliant with regard to his personal needs. He should be well-mannered, thoughtful, creative, kind and helpful. It is by (g) cultivate these virtues that a human being transcends all limitations of life impose upon him and becomes the most dignified (h) create of God.

64. Fill in the gaps with suffix or prefix. (Shaheed Police Smrity College, Mirpur, Dhaka)

Our independence is our (a) glory achievement. We feel proud of our independence. Today we have our own national flag. When it is (b) hoist, it flutters (c) glorify the sacrifice of our freedom fighters. We should not (d) honour them. We should not be (e) grateful to them. We pay tribute to them (f) occasion. We make (g) arrange of a function and begin it (h) ceremony in memory of them. Is it enough?

65. Fill in the gaps used in the following text by adding suffix, prefix or both with the root words underlined in the text. (Uttara High School & College, Dhaka)

A (a) sin cannot go (b) punish. (c) Final he pays for his (d) deeds. When he realizes his sin, he becomes (e) repent. He prays (f) heartly. (g) Mercy Allah bestows His (h) limited kindness upon him.

66. Fill in the gaps used in the following text by adding suffix, prefix or both with the root words underlined in the text. (Savar Cantonment Public School & College, Dhaka)

Our (a) nation flag is the symbol of our (b) depend and sovereignty. It is also (c) symbol of our integrity and solidarity. Only (d) territory independence without sovereignty is not the real independence. Our national flag (e) mind us of our (f) glory existence. It is also emblem of our spirit, hopes and (g) aspire. We must (h) hold its dignity.

67. Fill in the gaps used in the following text by adding suffix, prefix or both with the root words underlined in the text. (Safiuddin Sarker Academy & College, Gazipur)

Money is the means of (a) world life. (b) Short of money makes our life (c) deplore. We cannot lead our life (d) proper for want of money. Our peace and (e) prosper are (f) depend on the proper (g) utilize of money. Spending money in an (h) proper way can lead us to the path of destruction.

68. Fill in the gaps used in the following text by adding suffix, prefix or both with the root words underlined in the text. (Gazipur Cantonment Board Inter High School, Gazipur)

Honey is (a) nature produced by honey bees through (b) collect of nectar from (c) differ flowers and then they store it in the hive. But nowadays there are (d) keep who rear bees in (e) wood hives and produce honey (f) commercial. This is (g) full chemical and hazard free activity. With the support of govt. and (h) government organizations approximately 300 bee-keepers have trained for honey production.

69. Fill in the gaps used in the following text by adding suffix, prefix or both with the root words underlined in the text. (Rani Bilashmoni Govt. Boys' High School, Gazipur)

Most of the people of our country are (a) literate. They lead an (b) planned life. They don't have much (c) know about health, sanitation and (d) populate control. So the government should take constructive steps (e) immediate to remove (f) literacy. Otherwise our country will be (g) able to stand upright in front of other (h) develop countries.

70. Fill in the gaps adding suffix, prefix or both with the root words underlined in the text. (Faridpur Zilla School, Faridpur)

A school magazine is a literary creation of the students reading in a school. It is (a) patron by the Headmaster of the school. Two senior students work at the (b) editor desk under the (c) guide of an expert teacher. A school can't bring out an (d) inform magazine if the management is (e) efficient. Many a good (f) education institution brings out magazines (g) annually focusing the (h) creative of the young learners.

71. Fill in the gaps used in the following text by adding suffix, prefix or both with the root words underlined in the text. (Rajbari Govt. High School, Rajbari)

(a) Educate is the process by which our mind develops through (b) form learning at an (c) educate institution. It is a mental and (d) intellect training. Again, the purpose of education is to (e) light the individual and develop his capacity to the limit. It (f) noble our mind, refines our (g) sense. It also (h) broad our outlook.

72. Fill in the gaps used in the following text by adding suffix, prefix or both with the root words underlined in the text. (Bindubasini Govt. Boys' High School, Gangail)

Money is the means of leading a (a) world life. (b) Short of money makes our life (c) deplore. We cannot lead our life (d) proper for want of money. But there is (e) difficult in earning money. Our peace and prosperity are (f) depend on proper utilization of money. Spending money in an (g) proper way can lead us to the path of destruction. So, we should be (h) care in spending money.

73. Fill in the gaps used in the following text by adding suffix, prefix or both with the root words underlined in the text. (Jamalpur Zilla School, Jamalpur)

In order to (a) material your dream, you need (b) determine and efforts. Nothing is (c) achieve in this world without hard work. Nothing is (d) achievable for those who are blessed with (e) common abilities. They are very fortunate. All people do not have equal (f) determine and strength of mind. It is seen that less (g) merit can show better performance if they endeavour (h) vigour.

74. Fill in the gaps used in the following text by adding suffix, prefix or both with the root words underlined in the text. (Khulna Public College, Khulna)

According to Newman (a) educate gives a man a clear conscious view of his own opinions and (b) judge, a truth in developing them, an (c) eloquent in expressing them and a force in using them. So, it is often compared to light which removes the (d) dark of (e) ignore and helps us distinguish between right and wrong. Julius Nyerere, the ex-President of Tanzania, said at an (f) national conference that the primary purpose of education was the (g) liberate of man from the restrictions of habits and attitudes which limit his (h) human.

75. Fill in the gaps used in the following text by adding suffix, prefix or both with the root words underlined in the text. (Khulna Govt. Girls' High School, Khulna)

Bangladesh is an (a) — agriculture country. Here most of the people live below the (b) — poor line. They took the profession of farming. (c) — illiterate is a big problem in our country. The (d) — literate people have little (e) — know of the modern methods of farming. They should be (f) — proper trained for modern (g) — cultivate with a view to the (h) — produce of more crops.

76. Fill in the gaps used in the following text by adding suffix, prefix or both with the root words underlined in the text. (Khulna Collegiate Girls' School, Khulna)

The great ship Titanic is the (a) large ship that had been ever built. It was also (b) sinkable for having sixteen watertight compartments. But the tragic (c) sink of this great liner will always be (d) remember, for she went down on her maiden voyage with heavy loss of life. It was sailing (e) cross the icy waters of the North Atlantic. A huge ice-berg was suddenly spotted by a look ut. (f) Sudden there was a slight trembling sound from below and the captain went down to see what had happened. The captain realized to his horror that the Titanic was sinking (g) rapid for five of the sixteen watertight compartments had (h) ready been flooded.

77. Complete the text adding suffixes, prefixes or both. (Kushtia Zilla School, Khshtia)

Our national flag is the symbol of our (a) dependent and (b) sovereign. It has a (c) symbol meaning too. It (d) mind us (e) perpetual of our (f) glory existence. It is also the emblem of our spirit, hopes and (g) aspire. We must (h) hold its dignity.

78. Fill in the gaps used in the following text by adding suffix, prefix or both with the root words underlined in the text. (Kushtia Govt. Girls' High School, Kushtia)

Trees are (a) use to man in many ways. They are companions in our day-to-day life. It is (b) possible to build our homes, furniture etc. without trees. Trees save us from flood and (c) nature calamities. It (d) strength the soil. If we cut trees at random, there will be ecological (e) balance. So, tree (f) plant program should be extended for a better (g) happy and (h) healthy life.

79. Fill in the gaps used in the following text by adding suffix, prefix or both with the root words underlined in the text. (Shandhani School & College, Gangni, Meherpur)

A century ago the world's population was only 1.7 billion. Today it is approximate 527 billion. The population is near 16 crore. We are industrial backward. Bangladesh is poor than any other country.

80. Fill in the gaps used in the following text by adding suffix, prefix or both with the root words underlined in the text. (Sathkira Govt. High School, Satkhira)

A (a) teach leads a group of people, large or small. (b) Leader is necessary in every sphere of life. No (c) institute or organization, (d) politic party or government can function without a leader. The activities of the (e) follow are organized by the leader to reach goal. It goes without saying that a good leader plays a (f) value role in his organization. Among the qualities of leadership top (g) important may be given to devotion to a cause. A leader believes in a cause which is primary for the good of his institution or party. He inspires his (h) follow to devote themselves to that cause and fight for it under his leadership.

81. Fill in the gaps used in the following text by adding suffix, prefix or both with the root words underlined in the text. (Satkhira Govt. Girls' High School, Satkhira)

A hard (a) work is (b) hope of his (c) success life. He works (d) hearty to attain (e) prosper. His (f) attain is slow. He passes his days through (g) hard. He is (h) physical strong.

A8

Question Type-08

• Right Form of Verb

1. Complete the following text with suitable verbs in the box with their right form.

take	be	surprise	wish	know	see	go	become
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Paul (a) — when he met sue at the party. He thought that she (b) — away from their locality. The last time he saw her while she (c) — her driving test. Paul came to (d) — that she (e) — sick for the last two months. She (f) — very thin. Anyway, (g) — her back again, Paul was happy and (h) — her good health. (Adapted from Heaton JB (1988) Writing English Language Test Longman Group UK Ltd. London and New York)

2. Complete the following text with suitable verbs in the box with their right form :

obtain	lead	take	redefine	get	enlighten	go	regard
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Education is (a) — as the yardstick of development. Development and education (b) — hand in hand. (c) — degrees is not the prime objective of education. But our young generation (d) — educated to have a job with certain degrees. Now education has to be (e) —. In fact, education is meant for (f) — an individual and creating a sense of morality. Education without morality cannot (g) — a nation to success. It is high time, we (h) — measures to spread true education.

3. Complete the following text with suitable verbs in the box with their right form :

follow	be	succeed	stop	make	wait	have	neglect
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Time (a) — very valuable. This valuable time (b) — for nobody. No power can (c) — it. It knows no pause in its course. It is not wise to (d) — time. The man who (e) — the best use of time is sure to (f) —. All the famous persons of the world (g) — made the best use of time. They should be (h) — by us.

4. Complete the following text with suitable verbs in the box with their right form :

lead	work	make	build	be	prosper	remember	depend
------	------	------	-------	----	---------	----------	--------

Bangladesh (a) — full of natural resources. The prosperity of the country (b) — on the proper utilization of the resources. So, we should all try to (c) — up our country by (d) — hard. We should not (e) — a lazy life. No nation (f) — without industry. It (g) — that industry is the key to success. If we (h) — the best use of our resources, Bangladesh will (h) — become prosperous.

5. Complete the following text with suitable verbs in the box with their right form :

come	climb	think	walk	know	lie	be	go
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Once there were two friends. One day they were (a) — through a forest. Suddenly a bear (b) — out of the forest. One of the friends (c) — up a tree. The other friend did not (d) — how to climb up a tree. He (e) — down on the ground as if he (f) — dead. The bear came and put his nose on the face of the man. He (g) — him to be dead and (h) — away.

6. Complete the following text with suitable verbs in the box with their right form :

depend	take	be	regain	wait	recover	make	go
--------	------	----	--------	------	---------	------	----

A proverb (a) — that time and tide (b) — for none. Since the dawn of civilization time is moving. It goes on and on. It (c) — any rest. Lost health may be (d) — by medicine and proper caring and nursing. Lost wealth by dint of hard labour but lost time cannot be (e) — by any means. Success in life (f) — an a proper division of our time and do our duties accordingly, we (h) — sure to reach the cherished goal of our life.

7. Complete the following text with suitable verbs in the box with their right form :

sleep	see	ask	reply	write	love	do	wake
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Once Abu was (a) — in his room. Suddenly he (b) — up hearing a sound. He (c) — that an angel (d) — something. He (e) — the angel what he (f) —. The angel (g) — that he was writing the names of those who (h) — humanity. Abu requested him to write down his name.

8. Complete the following text with suitable verbs in the box with their right form :

repent	prepare	wait	make	follow	waste	bear	call
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Student life is the best time for (a) — oneself for future. It is (b) — the seedtime of life. So during this period of life students mustn't (c) — time. They should (d) — in mind that time (e) — for none. If a student neglects his time, he will have to (f) — in future. All the famous persons of the world have to (g) — the best use of time. We should (h) — their footprints to succeed in life.

9. Complete the following text with suitable verbs in the box with their right form :

move	succeed	perform	follow	wait	neglect	make	be
------	---------	---------	--------	------	---------	------	----

Time (a) ____ very precious. Time (b) ____ for none. No power can stop it. It (c) ____ forward and forward. It is not wise to (d) ____ time. Those who make the best use of time are sure to (e) _____. All the great persons of the world have (f) ____ the best use of time. We must (g) ____ them. If we can realize it and (h) ____ our deeds in time, we can go far.

10. Complete the following text with suitable verbs in the box with their right form. (Rajuk Uttara Model College, Dhaka)

be	get	give	stand	produce	endure
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Trees (a) ____ shade for the benefit of other people and while they (b) ____ in the sun and (c) ____ scorching heat. They (d) ____ fruits by which others (e) ____ profit. The character of good men (f) ____ like that of trees. What is the use of that perishable body if it (g) ____ of no use? It (h) ____ made for the benefit of mankind.

11. Complete the following text with suitable verbs in the box with their right form. (P. N. Govt. Girls' High School, Rajshahi)

invent	add	prosper	depend	toil	be	live	have	think	help
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Man (a) ____ the maker of his own fortune. If we (b) ____ fear of work, we cannot (c) ____ in life. Some people (d) ____ that success in life (e) ____ on luck or chance. Scientists have (f) ____ day and night in their laboratories with a view to (g) ____ radio, television and computer. These instruments (h) ____ to the joy of our life.

12. Complete the following text with suitable verbs in the box with their right form. (Dinajpur Zilla School, Dinajpur)

suffer	replete	have	call	perform	crown	become	be
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Awareness about doing duty is (a) ____ dutifulness. Human life is (b) ____ with duties and responsibilities. There (c) ____ no adult person who does not (d) ____ any duty. Human beings' birth on this earth is for (e) ____ certain duties. He who does not do his duty and responsibility (f) ____ in the long run. By performing the duties properly, a man can be (g) ____ with success. He (h) ____ prosperous and happy in life.

13. Complete the following text with suitable verbs in the box with their right form. (Jessore Zilla School, Jessore)

be	see	give	go	get	beat	reach	enter
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My JSC Exam (a) ____ on. On the exam date of English 2nd Paper I (b) ____ stuck up in traffic jam. So I (c) ____ the exam hall half an hour late. After (d) ____ the exam hall, I (e) ____ that all the examinees (f) ____ busy in writing. The invigilator (g) ____ me the answer script and the question paper. I got nervous. My heart (h) ____ fast.

14. Complete the following text with suitable verbs in the box with their right form. (Comilla Zilla School, Comilla)

be	send	find	suffer	take	rush	hear	misbehave
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One of my friends (a) ____ from typhoid for a long time. Suddenly his condition deteriorated. So he (b) ____ to a nearby clinic. (c) ____ this news, I (d) ____ to the clinic to see him. I (e) ____ him seriously ill. To my utter surprise, I saw that the doctors (f) ____ not cordial at all. They (g) ____ any care of him. Even they (h) ____ towards his parents.

15. Complete the following text with suitable verbs in the box with their right form. (Chittagong Collegiate School, Chittagong)

continue	preach	reign	trouble	understand	triumph	stop	respect
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Truth always (a) ____ in the world. Falsehood may (b) ____ for the time being. Those who are engaged in (c) ____ the truth are (d) ____ by the people. Those who feel interested in telling lies cannot prosper in life. They may prosper seemingly, but they can (e) ____ all the time. Socrates throughout his life would preach the truth. He tried to make people (f) ____ what was good for them. He was (g) ____ by the powerful people. In spite of it, he never (h) ____ teaching good things.

16. Complete the following text with suitable verbs in the box with their right form. (Jalalabad Cantt. Public School & College, Sylhet)

learn	take	be	speak	learn	like	enrich	be
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English (a) ____ an international language. There (b) ____ no country in the world where English is not (c) _____. Once one has (d) ____ delight in this language, one cannot but (e) ____ it. It is with the purpose to (f) ____ the Bangla language that English should be (g) _____. Do you not (h) ____ speaking English?

17. Complete the following text with suitable verbs in the box with their right form. (Barisal Govt. Girls' High School, Barisal)

be	keep	need	learn	go	revise	design	develop
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Communicative competence in English is urgently (a) ____ in our country. The present world (b) ____ fast, and (c) ____ by leaps and bounds. In order to (d) ____ pace with the present world, we cannot help (e) ____ English but the present system of teaching and learning English (f) ____ not up to the mark. The textbooks (g) ____ for the secondary level have to (h) ____ and made updated.

18. Complete the following text with suitable verbs in the box with their right form. (Viqarunnisa Noon School & College, Dhaka)

begin	attain	cost	form	learn	remain	respect	show
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Good manners (a) — an important part of our education. Our education (b) — incomplete if we do not (c) — good manners. In our behaviour with others if we do not (d) — respect to them, they will not (e) — us. Good manners (f) — us nothing. Our children should (g) — good manners from the very (h) — of their life.

19. Complete the following text with suitable verbs in the box with their right form. (Ideal School & College, Motijheel, Dhaka)

see	destroy	lose	causes	cutting	has	pose	plant	increase	be
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Global warming is (a) — day by day. It is mainly (b) — by the destruction of forests. Everyday we (c) — down trees recklessly but do not (d) — a single tree. As a result, wild animals are (e) — their living places. Many birds and animals are (f) — no more. This loss (g) — a threat to our environment by (h) — the ecological balance.

20. Complete the following text with suitable verbs in the box with their right form. (Dhaka Residential Model College, Dhaka)

determine	adopt	lead	rise	speak	achieve	try	be
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Honesty is a great virtue. An honest man is liked and trusted by all. The ignorant men adopt unfairness with a view to (a) — their objectives. In every walk of life, honesty (b) — a must. An honest man may be poor, but he (c) — to become rich by (d) — dishonest means. His progress in life may be slow, but he (e) — very high in the long run. The habit of (f) — the truth is honesty. To talk about a thing exactly is truth. Everyone (g) — to speak the truth and (h) — the life in an honest way.

21. Complete the following text with suitable verbs in the box with their right form. (Bogra Zilla School, Bogra)

has	be	earn	regard	lag	follow	fail	avoid
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Language (a) — as the best medium to express our feeling. A language (b) — in two ways through learning and acquisition. When a man learns his mother tongue he (c) — nothing but spontaneity. On the contrary, to learn a foreign or second language one (d) — conscious. Without (e) — a conscious learner none can (f) — the art of speaking like a foreigner. If anyone (g) — in this regard he (h) — behind.

22. Complete the following text with suitable verbs in the box with their right form. (Rangpur Zilla School, Rangpur)

refresh	appeal	charm	can	fill	go	spend	be
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I have a temporary residence in the town. But I have to (a) — to the village from time to time. Village life (b) — to me very much. I (c) — my childhood there. The memories of past days (d) — very sweet. Oh! Would that I (e) — live in the countryside forever. The present life is not so astonishing, thrilling, pleasing and charming as childhood days (f) —. Now I (g) — a young man but still the sweet memories of those days (h) — my heart and mind with an immense joy.

23. Complete the following text with suitable verbs in the box with their right form. (Udayan Higher Secondary School, Dhaka)

run	be	spend	get	earn	bring	make	satisfy
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Money (a) — one happy unless it (b) — through fair means. There are people who have a lot of money but it (c) — peace of mind to them. Their hours and days (d) — only for earning money. Thus, they get used to (e) — after it till death. But we should bear in mind that happiness (f) — a psychological thing. Everybody cannot (g) — it. He who (h) — with what he gets is really a happy man.

24. Complete the following text with suitable verbs in the box with their right form. (Monipur Uchcha Vidyalaya & College, Mirpur, Dhaka)

see	look	cry	reach	run	take	accompany	wound
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That day I was on my way to school, (a) — by a number of class fellows. Suddenly a terrible sound (b) — our ears and we (c) — back. We (d) — that a boy (e) — over by a car and people were (f) — all around. The boy had a torn shirt and was seriously (g) —. We (h) — the wounded boy to the hospital.

25. Complete the following text with suitable verbs in the box with their right form. (Adamjee Cantonment Public School, Dhaka)

build	turn	face	export	try	solve	send	contribute
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Nowadays Bangladesh (a) — unemployment problem. This problem already (b) — an alarming dimension. The government (c) — to cope with this problem but this problem can (d) — if our vast population (e) — into human resource. Bangladesh (f) — skilled human resource to the developed countries. They (g) — to the GDP of the country by (h) — their earnings to the country as remittance.

26. Complete the passage with suitable verbs from the box. Use them in their right form. (The Millennium Stars School & College, Rangpur Cantonment, Rangpur)

cost	show	have	form	remain	acquire	win	practise
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Good manners (a) — an important part of our education. Our education (b) — incomplete if we do not learn good manners. In our behaviors with others we should (c) — proper respect to them. We should (d) — a sense of propriety in our conduct with others. Good manners (e) — us nothing but earn everything. Childhood is the best time to (f) — good manners. They (g) — love and respect of others. So, we should (h) — good manners in our daily life.

27. Complete the passage with suitable verbs from the box. Use them in their right form. (Rangpur Govt. Girls' High School, Rangpur)

hold	be	make	speak	sit	play	dispel	build
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A teacher (a) — an architect of a nation. He (b) — an important role in nation. While (c) — up an educated nation. He (d) — the darkness of ignorance from the lot of a nation. While (e) — in the class he has to suit his act according to the need of the students. He is able to (f) — the attention of the students. He (g) — motionless before his class. He usually (h) — his lessons interesting.

28. Complete the passage with suitable verbs from the box. Use them in their right form. (Cantonment Public School & College, Saidpur, Nilphamari)

sink	enter	fly	stand	go	be	change	work
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Time (a) — away very soon. It (b) — on and on. It does not (c) — still. In the same way the 20th century (d) — into oblivion of time. We (e) — into the 21st century. But to make this centre memorable, we (f) — to work a lot. Because only hard work (g) — the condition of a nation. Let us start (h) — right now.

29. Complete the passage with suitable verbs from the box. Use them in their right form. (Lions School & College, Saidpur, Nilphamari)

make	follow	waste	neglect	succeed	wait	look
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Time is very valuable. Time doesn't (a) — for anybody. No power can stop it. It moves forward and forward. It is not wise to (b) — time. Those who make the best use of time are sure to (c) —. All the great men of the world have (d) — the best use of time. We should (e) — them. Similarly, if a student (f) — his studies from day-to-day, no amount of hand labour before the examination will get him through. If we (g) — around, we shall see that the successful men in all spheres of life are men who (h) — proper use of every moment of their time.

30. Complete the passage with suitable verbs from the box. Use them in their right form. (Thakurgaon Govt. Boys' High School, Thakurgaon.)

rely	be	build	be	contribute	work	lead	bring
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Bangladesh (a) — full of natural wealth. The well-being of the country (b) — on the right utilization of the wealth. We should not (c) — a lazy life. We should all (d) — up our country. In this respect, every citizen has to (e) — hard. No nation of the world can prosper without industry. It should be remembered that industry (f) — prosperity. For the development of Bangladesh each and every citizen should (g) — in their respective job. If all citizens (h) — aware of it, it will be possible to have a good country to live.

31. Complete the passage with suitable verbs from the box. Use them in their right form. (Thakurgaon Govt. Girls' High School, Thakurgaon.)

provide	turn	try	face	need	take	solve	give
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Nowadays Bangladesh (a) — unemployment problem. This problem already (b) — an alarming dimension. The government (c) — to cope with this problem. But this problem can (d) — if our vast population (e) — into human resource. Steps for (f) — the unemployed and the jobless with jobs should be taken at an early date. Emphasis (g) — on agriculture, agro-based industries and cottage industries. Vocational education (h) — to be introduced to make them skilled with practical working experience.

32. Complete the passage with suitable verbs from the box. Use them in their right form. (Gaibandha Govt. Girls' High School, Gaibandha; Bogra Govt. Girls High School, Bogra; Govt. KD High School, Naogan)

obtain	go	help	deny	regard	take	redefine	depend
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Education is (a) — as the yardstick of development. Development and education (b) — hand in hand. (c) — degree is not the prime objective of education. Education has to be (d) —. It is high time we (e) — measures to spread education. Only the educated persons (f) — their children in education. Therefore, none (g) — the fact that the foundation of any country is largely (h) — upon the education of its youth.

33. Complete the following text with suitable verbs in the box with their right form. (Gaibandha Govt. Boys' High School, Gaibandha)

inspire	take	control	paralyse	earn	try	groan	replace
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Price of essentials is such a crucial factor that it directly (a) — the life and living of the majority of people. The measures so far (b) — by the government (c) — appreciation from the people. But it is being (d) — by despair as majority of people have been (e) — under the crushing burden of galloping prices.

34. Complete the passage with suitable verbs from the box. Use them in their right form. (Govt. Girls' High School, Jessore)

shine	undergo	be	say	shoulder	establish	be	want
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It goes without (a) — that most of the parents (b) — to see their children (c) — in life. For this, they are always ready (d) — any risk. But the tragedy (e) — that our boys and girls want (f) — in a short cut way. They think that it (g) — better if they could have established themselves without (h) — hard work.

35. Complete the passage with suitable verbs from the box. Use them in their right form. (Dawood Public School, Jessore Cantt., Jessore)

establish	begin	be	break	awakened	make	help
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Nazrul's writings (a) — full of hope, energy, aspiration and result. his writings (b) — the sleeping people of this subcontinent. It (c) — Nazrul through whom the people (d) — do hope for better future. He (e) — them conscious of their rights. He (f) — them to fight for independence and (g) — the bondage of slavery and fetters of subjugation. He (h) — himself in our heart.

36. Complete the following text with suitable verbs in the box with their right form. (Vidyamoyee Govt. Girls; High School, Mymensingh)

go	learn	live	take	get	exercise	mould	shape
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A mother (a) — an undeniable influence in (b) — of children's character and in (c) — their future destiny. The things that they (d) — at home (e) — at home (e) — a firm root in them. And it (f) — without saying that this learning they (g) — mostly from their mother as they (h) — under her direct supervision and constant care.

37. Complete the following text with suitable verbs in the box with their right form. (Mymensingh Zilla School, Mymensingh; Momena Ali Biggan School, Sirajganj; Milestone College, Dhaka.)

send	bring	conquer	be	think	link	made	live
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We (a) — in an age of science. We can see the wonders of science around us. Science (b) — our life easy and comfortable. We (c) — our modern life without science. Science (d) — up the distant parts of the world. Telephone, telex, fax, wireless (e) — great wonders. They (f) — the world closer to us. We can (g) — news from one corner of the world to other within a moment. They (h) — space.

38. Complete the following text with suitable verbs in the box with their right form. (Rajshahi Govt. Girls' High School, Rajshahi)

destroy	be	achieve	go	compare	destroy	disturb	forbid
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Often anger (a) — to fire because it spoils one's all good qualities as fire burns and (b) — our valuable things. Of course, a man may get angry but if his anger (c) — beyond control, it becomes destructive. At the time of anger man's peace of mind (d) — as conscience cannot work. In all religions anger (e) —. Our many good deeds which (f) — by hard work and determination may (g) — within a moment for anger. (h) — angry we commit ruinous and dangerous deeds.

39. Complete the following text with suitable verbs in the box with their right form. (Rajshahi Collegiate School, Rajshahi)

use	introduce	invent	work	come	take	be	bring
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Computer has (a) — about a revolutionary change in the world. But it (b) — overnight. It (c) — a long time to invent computer. Many votaries of science (d) — hard for years and finally (e) — out successful. Many government and non-government offices, educational institutions (f) — computers. A course on computer (g) — in secondary and higher levels. The day is not far to come when it (h) — used in every sphere of life.

40. Complete the following text with suitable verbs in the box with their right form. (Govt. Laboratory High School, Rajshahi)

collect	be	erase	digitalize	save	gain	deny	submit
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Recently the word 'Digital Bangladesh' has (a) — a great popularity in Bangladesh. Now the government (b) — every ministry. Through internet people (c) — every piece of information. Moreover, admission form is collected and (d) — through internet in every university. So, it (e) — the wastage of time. It rather (f) — our time and money. So, it cannot be (g) — that Digital Bangladesh (h) — urgently necessary for the better generation.

41. Complete the following text with suitable verbs in the box with their right form. (Bogra Cantonment Public School & College, Bogra; Gazipur Cantonment Board Inter High School, Gazipur)

be	beat	reach	go	give	get	enter	see
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My JSC exam (a) — on. On the exam date of English 1st paper I (b) — stuck up in traffic jam. So I (c) — the exam hall half an hour late. After (d) — the exam hall, I (e) — that all the examinees (f) — busy in writing. The invigilator (g) — me the answer script and the question paper. I got nervous. My heart (h) — fast.

42. Complete the following text with suitable verbs in the box with their right form. You can use negative if necessary. (BIAM Model School & College, Bogra)

describe	imagine	bring	use	go	turn	depend	think
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A proverb (a) — that water is life. Actually the importance of water cannot be (b) — in words. The existence of any living thing (c) — without water. We cannot do a single day without it. It (d) — for various purposes. Our agriculture which (e) — to be blood of our economy fully (f) — on water. Sometimes water (g) — untold sufferings for our farmers. If the rainfall is timely and moderate, they (h) — out bumper crops.

43. Complete the following text with suitable verbs in the box with their right form. (Pabna Govt. Girls' High School, Pabna)

situated	come	fall	recognize	take	live	be	jump	see
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One day a farmer (a) — some sacks of wheat to a mill (b) — a few kilometers away. On the way the horse stumbled and one of the sacks (c) — to the ground. It was too heavy for the farmer to lift and there was nobody around to help him. He was at a loss. Meanwhile, he (d) — a horseman coming towards him. His heart (e) — as the rider (f) — nearer. The farmer (g) — him. It was no other than the nobleman who (h) — in a great house at the top of the hill.

44. Complete the following text with suitable verbs in the box with their right form. (Pabna Zilla School, Pabna)

breed	trust	achieve	cultivate	make	tell
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Truthfulness (a) — all other virtues which (b) — a man really great. The man who (c) — the habit of speaking the truth is (d) — by others. A man (e) — his ends once or twice by (f) — lies.

45. Complete the following text with suitable verbs in the box with their right form.

(Dinajpur Govt. Girls' High School, Dinajpur)

divide	take	pick	give	fell	get	climb	take
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One day Meena and her parrot, Mithu, (a) — a tall tree to pick a mango. She picked the mango and (b) — it to her mother. Although Meena had (c) — the mango, her mother (d) — the whole mango to Raju. Meena (e) — very disappointed. Mithu also (f) — frustrated. It (g) — the mango and (h) — it into two equal halves.

47. Complete the following text with suitable verbs in the box with their right form. (Cantonment Board High School, Dinajpur)

depend	take	go	be	regain	wait	recover	make
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A proverb (a) — that time and tide (b) — for none. Since the dawn of civilization time is moving. It goes on and on. It (c) — not any rest. Lost health may be (d) — by medicine and proper caring and nursing, lost wealth by dint of hard labour but lost time cannot be (e) — by any means. Success in life (f) — on the best use of time. If we (g) — a proper division of our time and do our duties accordingly, we (h) — sure that we would be able to march in life and reach the cherished goal of our life.

48. Use right form of verbs in the following gaps. (Cantonment Public School & College, Rangpur)

save	require	become	educate	consider	achieve	keep	rise
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Education is often compared to light and (a) — as the pillar of human civilization. So, it is only education which can make a nation (b) — to the level of standard development. From this point of view, it (c) — quite clear to us that if a country can provide its people with education (d) — for the modern aspect of life, it will be able to (e) — an all-out prosperity to the betterment of the nation. So, it can easily (f) — us from miseries. (g) — this in mind, we should try to (h) — next generation at any cost.

49. Complete the passage with suitable verbs from the list. Put them in correct tenses. Use negatives where necessary. (Mirzapur Cadet College, Tangail)

help	spend	have	take	provide	pass	be
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Adult allowance is a noble program taken in our country. In most of the developed countries of the world, this kind of program (a) — by the government. The adults (b) — by the government. But in our country the adults are mostly dependent on their sons and daughters. They (c) — the ability to work and earn. They (d) — sometimes treated roughly by their issues.

50. Complete the following text with suitable verbs in the box with their right form. (Mymensingh Girls' Cadet College, Mymensingh)

aim	unemploy	think	do	enlighten	base	develop	broaden
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The purpose of education is to (a) — the spirit. But many (b) — that the purpose of education is to teach people how to earn their livelihood. (c) — on such wrong idea about the purpose of education, some think that if they cannot educate their children, their children will be (d) —. In fact, what education (e) — is broadening outlook of the learner. University is a topmost level of institution in the realm of education. This education (f) — at the all-round development of the students by imparting knowledge, information and (g) — character and personality of the learners. The education of this level is comprehensive that (h) — the outlook.

51. Complete the following text with suitable verbs in the box with their right form. (Rajshahi Cadet College, Rajshahi)

can	enable	sleep	be	work	become	get	have
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Wealth (a) — no doubt necessary for happiness in life. But it (b) — a tendency to concentrate in the hands of a few. The result is the rich (c) — richer and the poor, poorer. This is certainly a misuse of wealth. It (d) — fairly distributed among all so that it (e) — bring happiness to the greatest number of people in society. And again we should remember that health is the greatest wealth of man on earth. It (f) — us to enjoy worthy happiness. This is why, it is more valuable than the king's crown and soft bed. A healthy man (g) — soundly at night and (h) — hard to achieve his end.

52. Complete the following text with suitable verbs in the box with their right form. (Pabna Cadet College, Pabna; Kushtia Govt. Girls' High School, Kustia.)

give	make	enable	lie	get	think	improve	mean
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Physical exercise (a) — the regular movement of the limbs of our body according to rules. There (b) — a close connection between body and mind. We (c) — of a sound mind without a sound health. It is physical exercise which (d) — us to build a good health. Physical exercise (e) — our body active and the muscles strong. It also (f) — our power of digestion and blood circulation. It (g) — strength to our brain. A machine (h) — rusty for want of proper use. Human body is also a machine.

53. Complete the following text with suitable verbs in the box with their right form. There are more words than necessary. (Joypurhat Girls' Cadet College, Joypurhat)

irrigate	can	need	prevent	be	form	invent	cause
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Crops (a) — water. So farmers must (b) — their fields if there is very little rain at any time. Irrigation is not easy if there (c) — no river close to the crops. Canals (d) — carry water to the field. Sometimes much water (e) — flood. A dam may (f) — difficulties of irrigation. A great lake can be (g) — behind the dam. Dams have not been recently (h) —.

54. Complete the following text with suitable verbs in the box with their right form. (Rangpur Cadet College, Rangpur)

burn	live	rush	go	cry	wake	sleep	run
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Last Sunday I (a) — to bed at 9 pm and (b) — a sound sleep. Suddenly I (c) — up when I heard a hue and cry at a distance. I got up from bed and (d) — to the spot. I saw that a cottage (e) —. People (f) — towards it. The old woman and the poor little girl who (g) — in it could not come out. They (h) — for help inside the cottage.

55. Complete the following text with suitable verbs in the box with their right form. (Jhenidah Cadet College, Jhenidah)

remember	construct	cover	include	lay	symbolize	prove	inaugurate
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The National Memorial (a) — the nation's respect for the martyrs. It was (b) — on the first anniversary of the Victory Day to (c) — the sacrifice of the martyrs. Our love for the country is (d) — after (e) — the National Memorial. The foundation (f) — on the first anniversary of the Victory Day. The entire complex (g) — an area of 126 acres. The plan of this complex (h) — a mosque, a library and a museum.

56. Complete the following text with suitable verbs in the box with their right form. (Comilla Cadet College, Comilla)

help	need	invent	escape	try	to be	die	to have
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Man (a) — no escape from death. Sooner or later he is to (b) —. He dies in many ways. Medicines have been (c) — to preserve dead bodies. But it will (d) — an unsuccessful attempt if man tries to (e) — death. In our short life, we must (f) — to do something for our country. Our country (g) — mass education. About 68% people in our country are illiterate. Education only (h) — them in this respect.

57. Complete the following text with suitable verbs in the box with their right form. (Faujdarhat Cadet College, Chittagong)

make	divide	last	hold	is	start	adopt	consist
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In recent years all British universities have (a) — the semester system. A semester (b) — a period of time which (c) — for half of the academic year. Semester 1, for example (d) — in September and finishes in January. Previously, the academic year (e) —, into three terms; autumn, winter and spring. Most courses (f)

— of modules which last for one semester, and exams (g) — at the end of each. Britain began holding semesters to (h) — it easier for international students to move from one country to another.

58. Use the right form of the following verbs to complete the passage below. (Sylhet Cadet College, Sylhet)

spend	be	go	fill	appeal	refresh	can	charm
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I live in a city. However, I have to (a) — to the village from time to time. Village life (b) — to me very much. I (c) — my childhood there. The memories of past days (d) — sweet. I wish I (e) — live in the countryside forever! My present life in city is not as charming as childhood days in village (f) —. Those sweet days (g) — me still and (h) — my mind.

59. Complete the following text with suitable verbs in the box with their right form. (Barisal Cadet College, Barisal)

shall	maintain	be	prepare	shall	form	follow	influence
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Student life is the golden season of life. This is the time when we should (a) — ourselves for future. The very habits (b) — in the student life (c) — the later phases of life. Right from the student life, they (d) — be careful in (e) — discipline. He (i) — in the hand of the country's political leaders. He (g) — used by any of them in any case or at any time. He (h) — respect his teachers or superiors.

60. Complete the following text with suitable verbs in the box with their right form. (Shamsul Haque Khan School & College, Dhaka)

wake	have	love	obey	feel	live	tell	sleep
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Long ago, there (a) — a widow in a certain village of Bustam. She (b) — a son of nine years old. She (c) — him dearly. The boy also loved and (d) — her very much. One night when the entire village was in deep sleep, the boy was awake and busy in studies. His beloved mother (e) — too. All on a sudden, she (f) — up and (g) — very thirsty. She (h) — her son with dozing eyes to give her a glass of water and fell asleep again.

61. Complete the following text with suitable verbs in the box with their right forms. (Motijheel Govt. Boys' High School, Dhaka)

lose	have	overcome	die	succeed	be	establish	ascend
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After Humayun (a) —, he (b) — by his eldest son, Akbar. He (c) — then only 14 years old and he (d) — a very difficult situation to face. But he (e) — the problems one after another with the help and advice of Bairam Khan, his guardian. Soon after (f) — to the throne, Akbar had to firmly (g) — Mughal authority and regain the territories it (h) —.

62. Complete the passage with suitable verbs from the list. Put them in correct tenses. Use negatives where necessary. (Bir Shreshtha Noor Mohammad Public College, Dhaka)

keep	develop	need	learn	go	do	modify	revise	design
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Communicative competence in English is urgently (a) —. The present world is (b) — fast and (c) — by leaps and bounds. In order to (d) — pace with the present world, we cannot help (e) — English. But the present system of teaching and (f) — English is not satisfactory. The textbooks (g) — for classes IX-X have to (h) — and make updated.

63. Complete the following text with suitable verbs in the box with their right form. (Motijheel Model High School & College, Dhaka)

go	quarrel	respect	love	learn	be	keep	listen
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There (a) — a boy named Karim. He was twelve years old. Everyday he (b) — to school in time. He always (c) — his lessons attentively. He (d) — with anyone. He did not (e) — company with bad boys. He (f) — his teacher very much. He (g) — attentively to what the teachers said. So everybody (h) — him.

64. Complete the following text with suitable words form the box. (Govt. Laboratory High School, Dhaka)

manage	commit	means	lose	damage	curse	take	lead	serious	attraction	feel	ultimate
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Strong (a) — for any harmful thing (b) — addiction. Drug is (c) — either by smoking or through injection. It (d) — a man to death slowly. It has dangerous effect on human body. An addict (e) — drowsy and (f) — appetite. It also (g) — brain and an internal functions of the body. This drug addiction is a (h) — problem in our country.

65. Complete the following text with the right form of verbs. (Mirpur Bangla School & College, Dhaka)

He (a) — (be) now (b) — (work) in a school as an assistant teacher. He (c) — (start) working on the 1st of June in 2002. His salary (d) — (be) handsome enough. But he (e) — (think) his work is more important than his salary. However, it (f) — (be) a very hard work (g) — (take) care of students, education. It is (h) — (say) that a mother is the best teacher.

66. Fill in the gaps with right form of verbs. (Shaheed Police Smrity College, Mirpur, Dhaka; Jamalpur Zilla School, Jamalpur)

cross	know	tremble	have	drown	be	come	begin
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One day, a scholar (a) — a river on a boat. Suddenly a ghastly wind (b) — to blow. The scholar (c) — with fear. The boatman said to him, "Do you (d) — how to swim?" The answer from the scholar (e) — in the negative. Then the boatman said, "Very soon you are going to (f) —. You (g) — a lot of knowledge but it (h) — to use at this moment."

67. Complete the following text with suitable verbs in the box with their right form. (Uttara High School & College, Dhaka; Govt. Laboretory High School, Khulna)

depend	take	go	be	regain	wait	recover	make
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A proverb (a) — that time and tide (b) — for none. Since the dawn of civilization time is moving. It goes on and on. It (c) — any rest. Lost health (d) — by medicine and proper caring and nursing, lost money by dint of hard labour, but lost time cannot (e) — by any means. Success in life (f) — on the best use of time. If we (g) — a proper division of our time and do our duties accordingly, we (h) — sure that we would be able to march in life and reach the cherished goal of our life.

68. Complete the following text with suitable verbs in the box with their right form. (Savar Cantonment Public School & College, Dhaka)

lead	work	make	build	be	prosper	remember	depend
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Bangladesh (a) — full of natural resources. The prosperity of the country (b) — on the proper utilization of the resources. So we should all try to (c) — up our country by (d) — hard. We should not (e) — a lazy life. No nation (f) — without industry. It (g) — that industry is the key to success. If we (h) — the best use of our resources, Bangladesh will become prosperous.

69. Complete the following text with suitable verbs in the box with their right form. (Safiuddin Sarker Academy & College, Gazipur)

do	protect	grow	take	build	provide	contain	divide
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The foods that we eat can (a) — into six kinds according to what substance they (b) — and what benefits they (c) — to us. Fish, meat, peas and milk (d) — us with protein and (e) — our body and help us grow. If we (f) — all these, we cannot (g) — well. Vitamins and mineral salts (h) — us from diseases which keep us fit for work.

70. Complete the following text with suitable verbs in the box with their right form. (Rani Bilashmoni Govt. Boys' High School, Gazipur)

achieve	kill	rise	oppress	defeat	engage	suppress	become
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Bangladesh is an independent country. In 1971 we (a) — independent. Earlier, we were (b) — by the Pakistani rulers. They (c) — us in every sector of our life. Our valiant soldiers (d) — against their oppression and were (e) — in a nine months long war. Millions of our people were (f) — brutally throughout the long nine months. At last, our soldiers (g) — them and we (h) — our victory on December 16, 1971.

71. Complete the following text with suitable verbs in the box with their right form. (Faridpur Zilla School, Faridpur)

be	depend	expect	motivate	exploit	make	engage	prevail	afflict	find
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Bangladesh is (a) — with lots of problems. Among them child labour is an acute one. Today millions of children are (b) — in various odd jobs. Today's children are the future adult people. If a large number of our future adults are oppressed and (c) —, we can (d) — anything good for the nation. We believe that Bangladesh will be free from child labour. Different humanitarian organizations are (e) — speaking against child labour (f) — in the country. Mass media also (d) — a focus on this issue (h) — people towards banning child labour.

72. Complete the following text with suitable verbs in the box with their right form. (Rajbari Govt. High School, Rajbari)

wish	observe	receive	be	begin	invite	put	phone
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My birthday (a) — every year. Some days ago my last birthday (b) — observed. I (c) — my friends to join my birthday party. My parents (d) — our relatives to attend the party. I (e) — on a new dress. The invited guests and friends (f) — to come at 5 pm. I (g) — them heartily. All (h) — me a happy birthday.

73. Complete the following text with suitable verbs in the box with their right form. (Bindubasini Govt. Boys' High School, Gangail)

do	change	prepare	develop	help	exercise	claim	memorise
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Most of the students of our country are expert in (a) — answers. They don't prepare notes themselves. They get them (b) — by their tutors. Their tutors (c) — their brain for the students. So, the thinking power of the

students does not (d) —. They don't have any command of the language. They, of course (e) — well in the examination. But for this they can (f) — no credit of their own. This result does not (g) — them in their later life. It is high time they (h) — their attitudes.

74. Complete the passage with suitable verbs in the box with their right form. (Bindubasini Govt. Girls' High School, Tangail)

help	publish	take	read	make	play	be	have
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Newspaper (a) — a vital role in modern civilization. It (b) — important news and views of home and abroad. A student must (c) — the habit of reading the newspaper everyday. Mere bookish knowledge (d) — not sufficient in this competitive world. A newspaper (e) — him enrich his general knowledge and (f) — him aware of the newspaper is like a frog in a narrow well. Being ignorant of the current affairs, He (h) — part in the talks and discussion in an enlightened society and thus he feels like a fish out of water.

75. Complete the following text with suitable verbs in the box with their right form. (Khulna Public College, Khulna)

stop	follow	make	be	know	succeed	neglect	wait
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Time (a) — very valuable. This valuable time (b) — for anybody. No power (c) — it. It (d) — no pause in its course. It is not wise to (e) — time. The man who makes the best use of time is sure to (f) —. All the famous persons of the world have (g) — the best use of time. We should (h) — them.

76. Complete the following text with suitable verbs in the box with their right form. (Khulna Govt. Girls' High School, Khulna)

sacrifice	work	take	conspire	involve	know	be	have
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Love for one's country (a) — as patriotism. Every man (b) — great love for his country. Many of our freedom fighters (c) — their lives in 1971 for the sake of our country due to this noble virtue. At present still there (d) — some people who (e) — relentlessly for the sake of our country. On the country, some people still (f) — against the country. Besides, some people (g) — in corruption. They are the enemies of the country. We (h) — determined action against these culprits.

77. Complete the following text with suitable verbs in the box with their right form. (Khulna Collegiate Girls' School, Khulna)

say	be	reach	participate	provide	enrich	travel	change
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Human life (a) — not static but dynamic. A man cannot (b) — the highest peak of success if he (c) — in extra co-curricular activities. Travelling is also an important part of co-curricular activities. It is (d) — which (e) — our knowledge, experience and (f) — our attitudes. Therefore, travelling (g) — us with knowledge and practical experience. It can be clearly (h) — that our knowledge can be mobilized by travelling the different corners of the vast globe.

78. Complete the following text with right form of the verbs given in box. (Kushtia Zilla School, Khshtia)

bring	bury	say	have	see	make	be
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During the last autumn vacation I (a) — such an opportunity to visit Bagerhat, a great historical place. There I (b) — the Mazar of Khan Jahan Ali. It is a fine one-storeyed building. It has a beautiful dome. Hazrat Khan Jahan Ali (c) — there. The tomb (d) — of cut out stones. It cannot be accurately (e) — where from these (f) —. On the tomb there (g) — inscriptions in Arabic. An inscription (h) — that he died on the 25th October, 1459.

79. Complete the following text with suitable verbs in the box with their right form. (Shandhani School & College, Gangni, Meherpur)

waste	repent	prepare	wait	call	bear	be	waste
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Student life (a) — the best time for (b) — oneself for future. It is (c) — the seed time of life. So, during this period of life students mustn't (d) — time. They (e) — in mind that time (f) — for none. If a student (g) — his time, he will have to (h) — in future.

80. Complete the following text with suitable verbs in the box with their right form. (Sathkira Govt. High School, Sathkira)

prepare	want	achieve	have	carry	result	inspire	land
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Man (a) — an unquenchable thirst for knowledge. He is not satisfied with what he has known and seen. He (b) — to know and see more and more. The curiosity to know more (c) — him to undertake and (d) — out hard and dangerous tasks which eventually (e) — in epoch-making discoveries and inventions. In the fields of science and technology, man, in the meantime, (f) — what was once inconceivable. Man has already (g) — on the moon and (h) — for a journey to the Mars.

81. Complete the following text with suitable verbs from the box with their right form. (Satkhira Govt. Girls' High School, Satkhira)

trust	make	tell	achieve	cultivate	gain	believe	speak
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Truthfulness (a) — a man really great. A man is not (b) — by others if he does not (c) — the habit of (d) — the truth. A man who is not (e) — by anybody can't (f) — any position. A man can (g) — 'his ends once or twice by (h) — lies.

