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Languages StoneMasonKarel.class Initial commit 7 years ago StoneMasonKarel.java Initial commit 7 years ago Java 64.8% • C 35.2% karel.jar Initial commit 7 years ago README.md

Karel the Robot exercises (CS106A Assignment 1)

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This repo forms part of my solutions to the assignments and challenges given to students on Stanford's CS106A Programming Methodology class. I am not a Stanford student but was able to follow the course online using the

it as a first step. Resources • Course handouts including this assignment:

publicly available resources (see below). For anyone looking to start programming I would thoroughly recommend

http://web.stanford.edu/class/archive/cs/cs106a/cs106a.1152/handouts/index.html • Assignment starter files: http://web.stanford.edu/class/archive/cs/cs106a/cs106a.1152/assignments/index.html

- Lecture recordings: https://www.youtube.com/view_play_list?p=84A56BC7F4A1F852
- Setup
- To run the program you will need to be on either Mac (OSX 10.6+) or Windows (7+).

0. Install the latest JRE: http://web.stanford.edu/class/cs106a/software/jdk-8u45-windows-i586.exe 1. Install Stanford's customised Eclipse IDE: http://web.stanford.edu/class/cs106a/software/eclipse-windows.zip

Mac:

Windows:

- 0. Download and install the Java SDK manager: http://web.stanford.edu/class/cs106a/software/jdk-8u45macosx-x64.dmg
- 0. Clone this repo and import it into Eclipse's workspace

1. Hit the run button (running man) and choose which exercise to run

http://web.stanford.edu/class/cs106a/software/eclipse-mac.zip

1. Download and install Stanford's customised Eclipse IDE:

Assignment:

Running the exercises

- The following problems have been taken from this CS106A handout:
- Karel by default understands the following basic commands:

http://web.stanford.edu/class/cs106a/handouts/08-Assignment1.pdf

turnLeft(): Turn 90 degrees to the left turnRight(): Turn 90 degrees to the right pickBeeper(): Pick up a beeper from the current square

putBeeper(): Put down a beeper on the current square

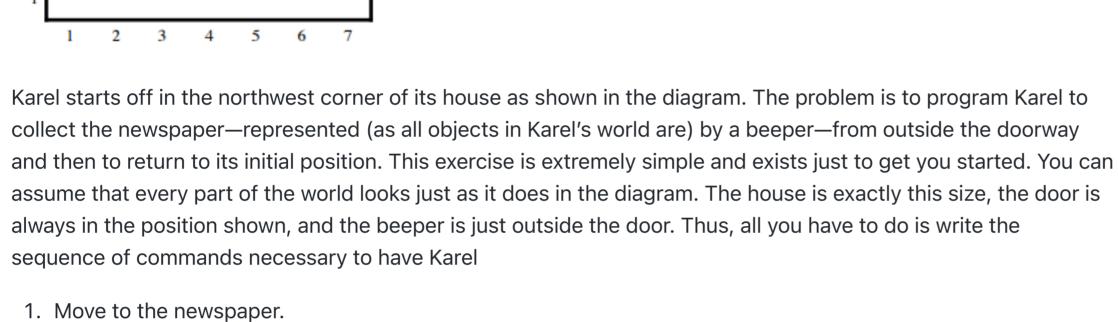
and can test the following basic conditions:

frontlsClear() / frontlsBlocked()

move(): Move forward one square

- leftIsClear() / leftIsBlocked() rightIsClear() / rightIsBlocked()
- beepersPresent() / noBeepersPresent()
- beepersInBag() / noBeepersInBag()
- facingNorth() / notFacingNorth() facingEast() / notFacingEast()
- facingSouth() / notFacingSouth() facingWest() / notFacingWest()
- **Problem 1** Your first task is to solve a simple story-problem in Karel's world. Suppose that Karel has settled into its house,
- which is the square area in the center of the following diagram:

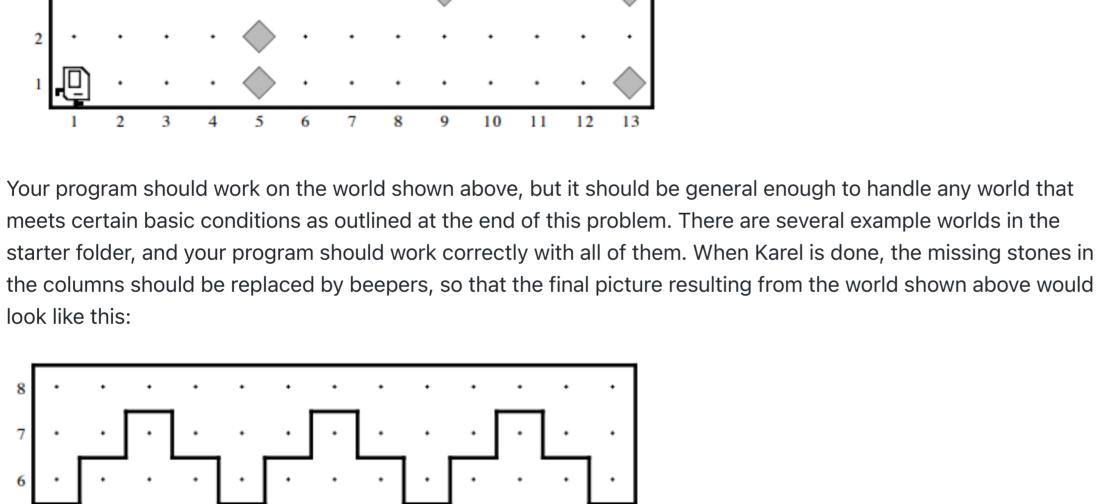
2. Pick it up.



supporting the arches, as follows:

3. Return to its original starting point. Even though the program requires just a few lines, it is still worth getting at least a little practice in decomposition. In your solution, include a private method for each of the steps shown in the outline. Problem 2 Karel has been hired to repair the damage done to the Quad in the 1989 earthquake. In particular, Karel is to repair

a set of arches where some of the stones (represented by beepers, of course) are missing from the columns



• The end of the columns is marked by a wall immediately after the final column. This wall section appears after

• The top of the column is marked by a wall, but Karel cannot assume that columns are always five units high, or

• Some of the corners in the column may already contain beepers representing stones that are still in place.

In this exercise, your job is to get Karel to create a checkerboard pattern of beepers inside an empty rectangular world, as illustrated in the following before-and-after diagram:

even that all columns are the same height.

Problem 3

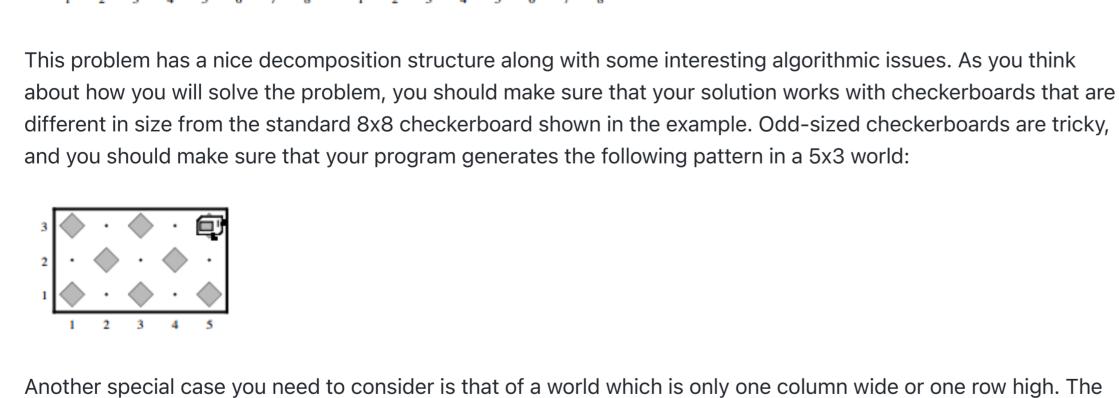
Karel may count on the following facts about the world:

• Karel starts at 1st Avenue and 1st Street, facing east, with an infinite number of beepers.

13th Avenue in the example, but your program should work for any number of columns.

• The columns are exactly four units apart, on 1st, 5th, 9th Avenue, and so forth.

Your program should not put a second beeper on these corners.

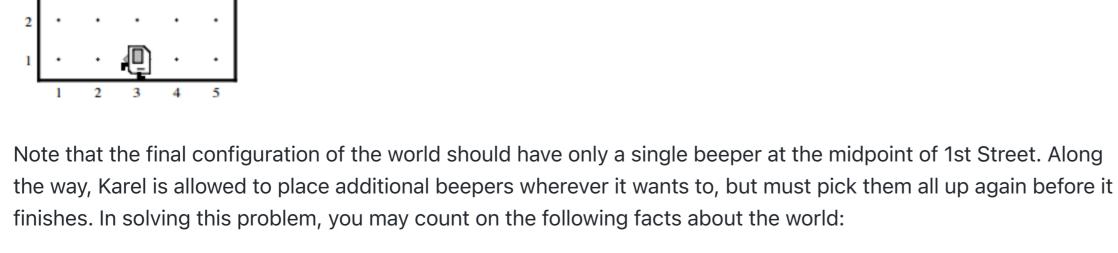


starter folder contains several sample worlds that test these special cases, and you should make sure that your program works for each of them. **Problem 4**

As an exercise in solving algorithmic problems, program Karel to place a single beeper at the center of 1st Street.

For example, if Karel starts in the world

it should end with Karel standing on a beeper in the following position:



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• Karel starts at 1st Avenue and 1st Street, facing east, with an infinite number of beepers in its bag. • The initial state of the world includes no interior walls or beepers. • The world need not be square, but you may assume that it is at least as tall as it is wide.

Your program, moreover, can assume the following simplifications:

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- If the width of the world is odd, Karel must put the beeper in the center square. If the width is even, Karel may drop the beeper on either of the two center squares. • It does not matter which direction Karel is facing at the end of the run. There are many different algorithms
- you can use to solve this problem. The interesting part of this assignment is to come up with a strategy that works.

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