Assignment: Dynamic Programming & Backtracking

Note: These problems are to be discussed as part of the Group Assignment. (Check this week's Group Assignment on Canvas for details).

The questions asked in this assignment – code implementation and time complexity of your code should be done individually based on the problem-solving strategy discussed within your group.

1. Solve Dynamic Programming Problem and find its optimal solution.

Given a list of numbers, return a subsequence of non-consecutive numbers in the form of a list that would have the maximum sum. When the numbers are all negatives your code should return []

Example 1: Input: [7,2,5,8,6]

Output: [7,5,6] (This will have sum of 18)

Example 2: Input: [-1, -1, 0]

Output: [0] (This is the maximum possible sum for this array)

Example 3: Input: [-1, -1, -10, -34]

Output: []

- a. Implement the solution of this problem using dynamic Programming. Name your function max_independent_set(nums). Name your file MaxSet.py
- b. What is the time complexity of your implementation?
 - i O(n)
- Looping to fill the dp table: The loop from index 2 to the last element of nums takes O(n) time. Within each iteration, the code performs constant time operations to calculate the maximum sum at each index.
- 2 Tracing back to construct the maximum independent set: The while loop iterates until i becomes 0 or 1, which takes O(n) time in the worst case. Within each iteration, the code performs constant time operations such as appending, reversing the list, and updating the index.

2. Implement a backtracking algorithm

a. Write the implementation to solve the powerset problem discussed in the exercise of the exploration: Backtracking. Name your function **powerset(inputSet)**. Name your file **PowerSet.py**

```
Given a set of n distinct numbers return its power set.
```

Example1:

```
Input: [1,2,3]
Output: [[1, 2, 3], [1, 2], [1, 3], [1], [2, 3], [2], [3], []] Example2
```

Input: []
Output: [[]]

Note: An empty set is also included in the powerset.

- b. What is the time complexity of your implementation?
 - i The time complexity of this implementation is O(2^n), where n is the number of elements in the input set. This is because the algorithm generates all possible subsets, and the number of subsets is 2^n, including the empty set. The backtracking process explores all possible choices for each element, leading to an exponential number of recursive calls.