

Supplementary Table. Statistical analysis of different spike subpopulations

Comparison of amperometric events (i) the falling phase of which was better fit with single- or double-exponential functions, and (ii) the t_{rise} of which was higher or lower than the cutoff. The falling phase of each spike between 75% of I_{max} and T_{bkg2} was fit with single- and double-exponential functions and the latter was employed if $\chi^2(\text{single}) / \chi^2(\text{double})$ was more than two. Of 1011 spikes, 458 (45%) were better fit with double exponentials. The cutoff for t_{rise} was set to 1.5 ms - more than 3*SD higher than the population's mean. Of 1011 spikes, 156 (15 %) had t_{rise} longer than the cutoff. Only non-overlapping spikes with $I_{max} > 3$ pA and only PSF with $I_{foot} > 2*SD_I$ were analyzed. The median of each parameter value was calculated from 24 cells; data are presented as mean \pm SD of parameter values between the cells.

	I_{max} [pA]	$t_{1/2}$ [ms]	Q^{\S} [molecules]	$t_{rise}^{\S\S}$ [ms]	Rise slope [pA/ms]	Fall, τ_1 [ms]	Fall, τ_2 [ms]	spikes with PSF	with steady- state PSF [#]
All spikes	25.7 \pm 14.4	4.7 \pm 1.8	560,000 \pm 230,000	0.74 \pm 0.21	19.1 \pm 12.1	4.1 \pm 2.6	10.4 \pm 4.2	82 %	45 %
Single exp	9.2 \pm 2.4	6.7 \pm 2.0	290,000 \pm 80,000	0.99 \pm 0.31	4.9 \pm 1.7	7.4 \pm 2.5	-	69 %	30 %
Double exp	67.7 \pm 27.5*	3.2 \pm 1.0*	1,190,000 \pm 520,000*	0.58 \pm 0.14*	62.0 \pm 33.2*	1.9 \pm 0.6*	10.4 \pm 4.2**	96 %	57 %
$t_{rise} > 1.5$ ms	7.3 \pm 2.9	11.2 \pm 2.8	400,000 \pm 240,000	2.32 \pm 0.41	1.8 \pm 0.9	11.1 \pm 3.9 ^{&}	24.8 \pm 14.4	58 %	32 %
$t_{rise} < 1.5$ ms	31.3 \pm 15.8*	4.1 \pm 1.4*	650,000 \pm 330,000*	0.65 \pm 0.12*	25.8 \pm 14.9*	3.5 \pm 2.1*	10.1 \pm 4.0*	87 %	45 %

[§] - The number of released catecholamine molecules was calculated from amperometric charge as described in Fig. 3 legend

^{§§} - Duration between 25% and 75% of I_{max} excluding the foot

[#] - Fraction of spikes that displayed PSF with steady-states longer than 2 ms

[&] - Includes both single- and double-exp τ_1

* - Significantly different from single-exp or $t_{rise} > 1.5$ ms with $p < 0.05$ by Mann-Whitney rank sum test

** - Significantly different from τ_1 of both single- and double-exp with $p < 0.05$ by Mann-Whitney rank sum test