

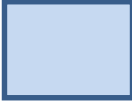
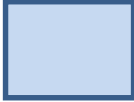







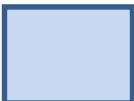
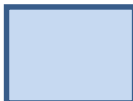





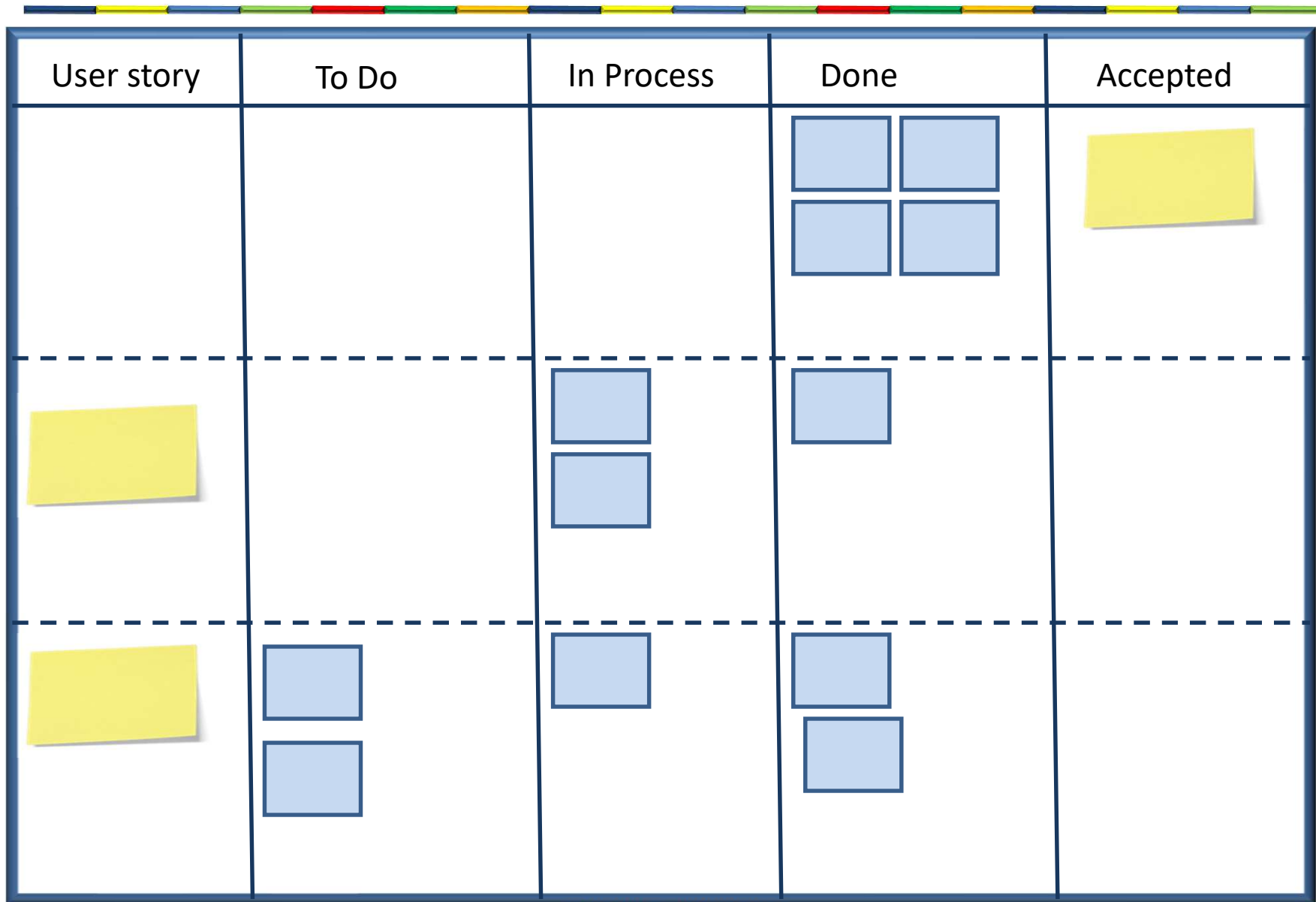
EXECUTING THE SPRINT

Scrum taskboard



User story	To Do	In Process	Done	Accepted
	   			
	  			
	    			

Scrum taskboard



Daily standup meeting



Daily standup meeting

- Who attends?
 - All committed team members attend
 - Involved members (managers, marketing, ...) are allowed to attend
 - But do not speak
- Time-boxed to 15 minutes
- What do we talk about?
 1. What did I accomplish yesterday?
 2. What will I do today?
 3. What obstacles are impeding my progress?

Goals of the daily standup meeting

- Status
 - The whole team knows the status of the project
- Focus
 - At the start of the day we get a clear focus for the day
- Improvement
 - We are exposing problems to allow us to improve.
 - Sharing better techniques and ideas
- Team effectiveness
 - Effective teams are built by regularly communicating, working, and helping each other.
 - We need to be able to raise problems

Daily standup best practices

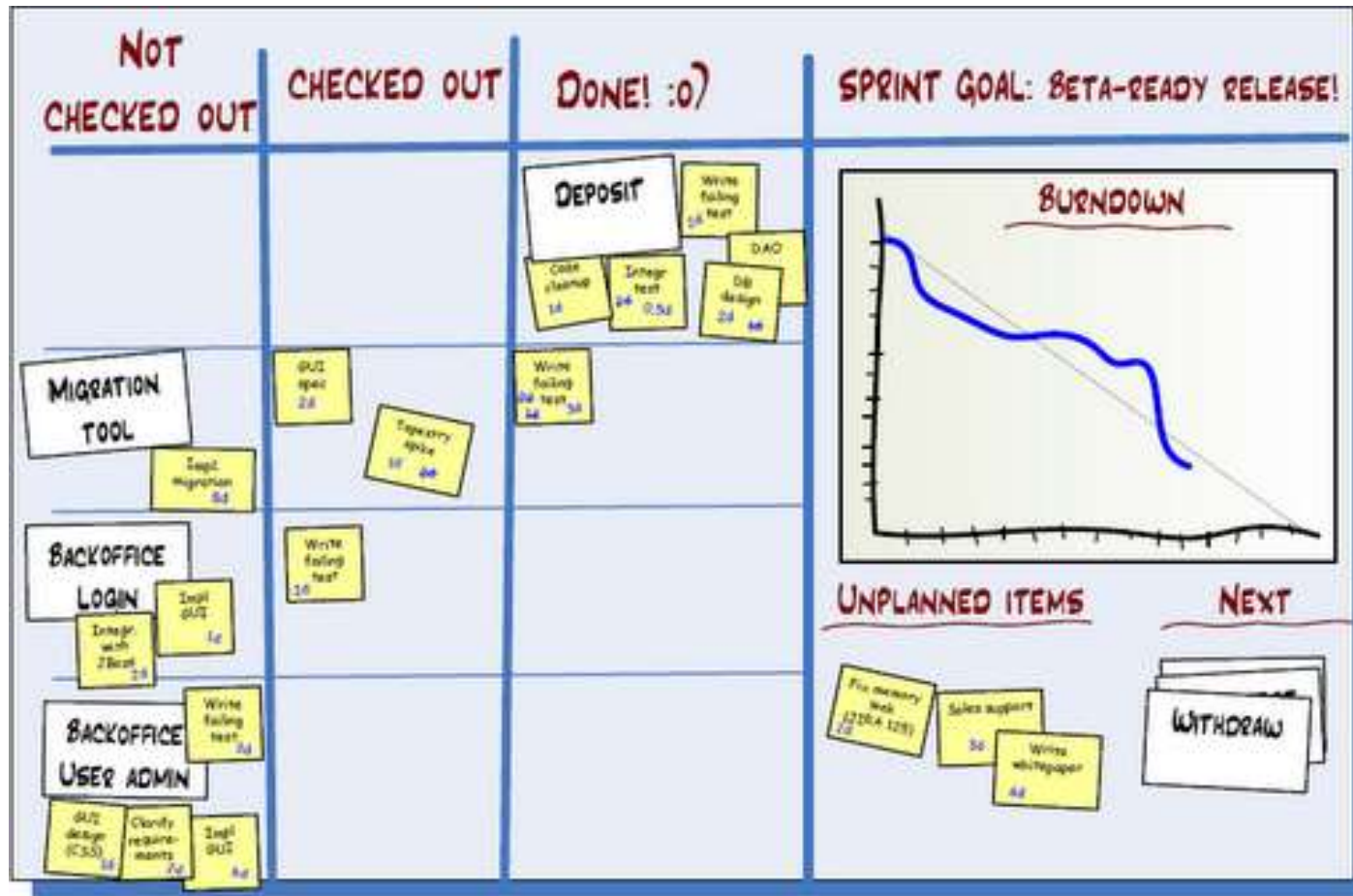
- Same place, same time
 - Use the standup to start the day.
 - Meet where the work happens
- Keep the energy level up
 - Time-boxed at 15 minutes
 - Stand-up
 - Walk the board
 - Helps in keeping focus
 - No problem solving
 - Take it offline
 - No story telling
 - Take it offline

List of impediments

- List of problems and obstacles that slow us down
- Scrummaster makes sure the impediments are taken care of
- Make the impediments list public available
 - On the scrum board



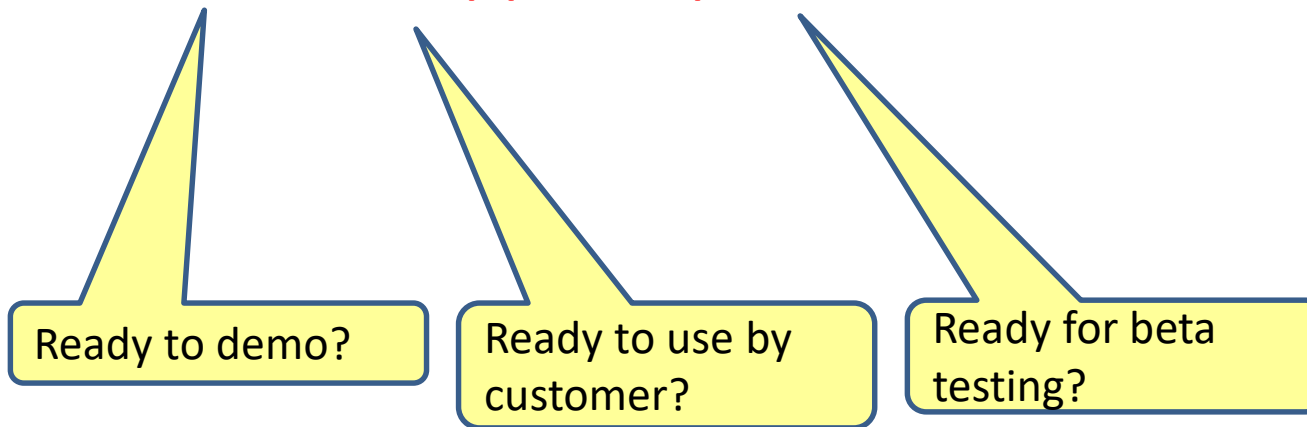
Accurate visual status overview



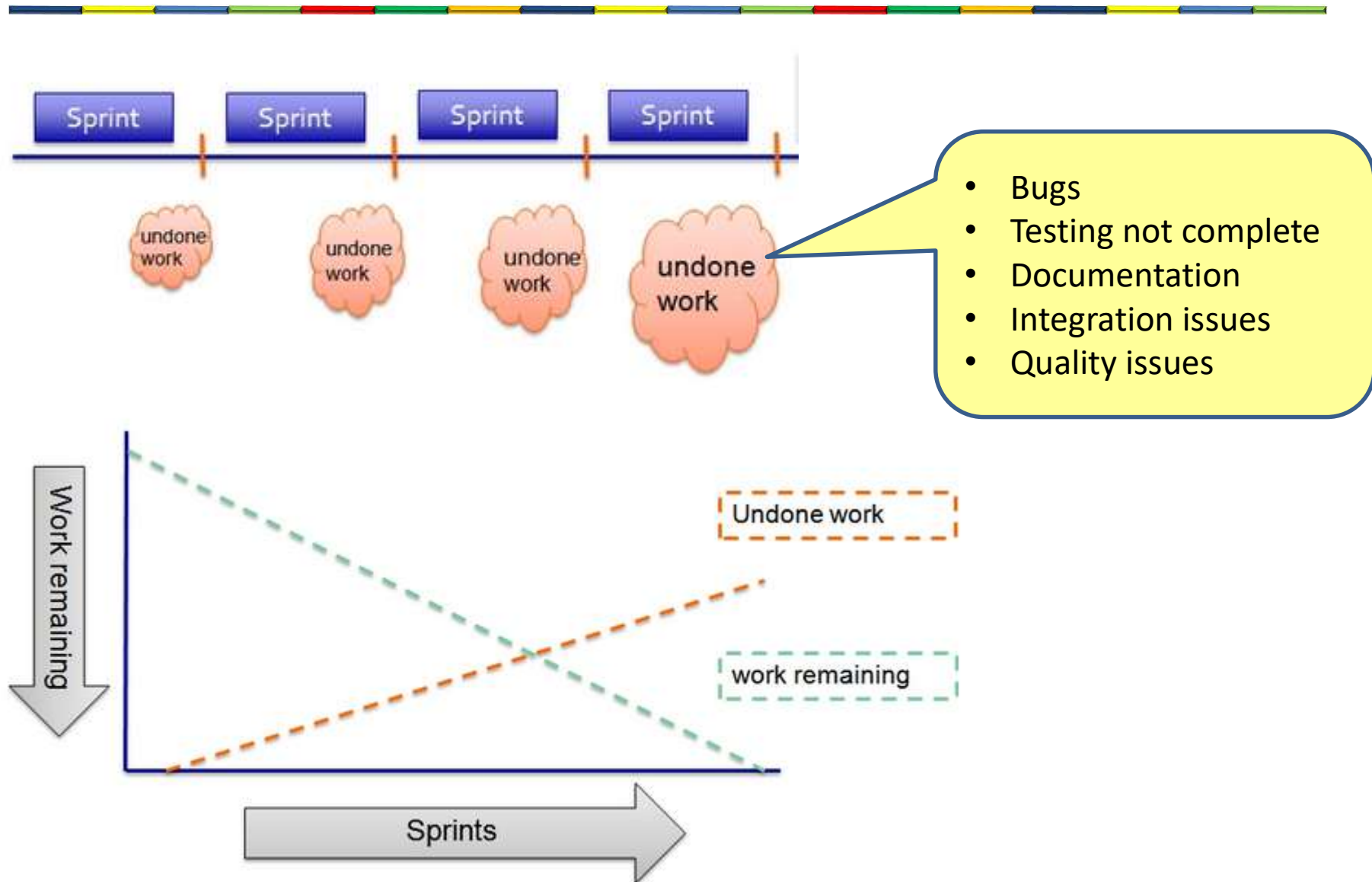
Information radiator instead of information refrigerator

When am I done?

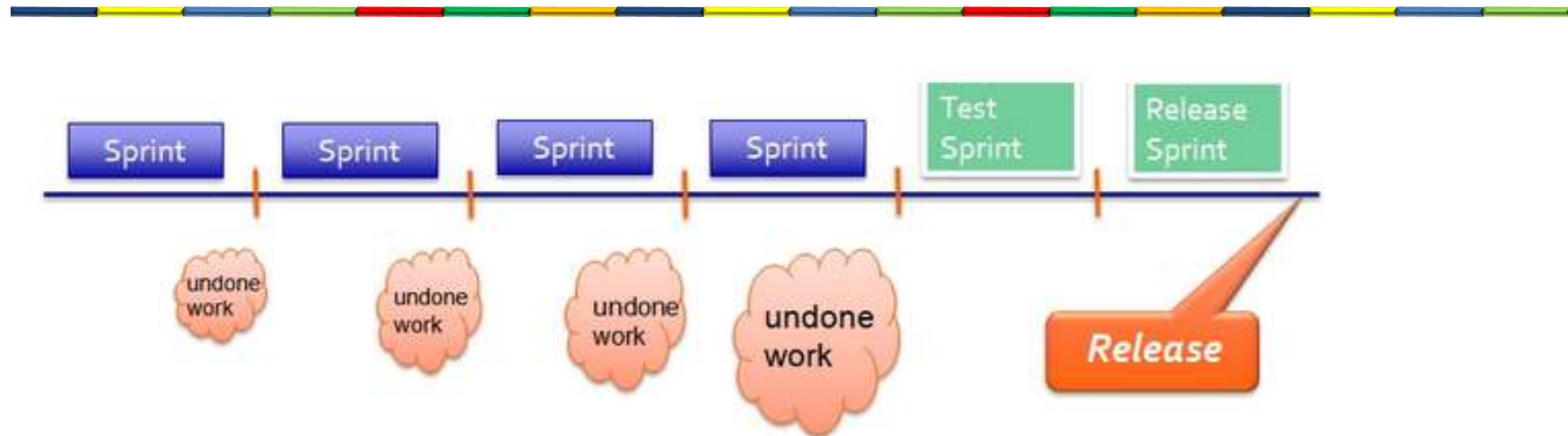
- At the end of the sprint we have a
 - Potential shippable product



The reality



Bad solution

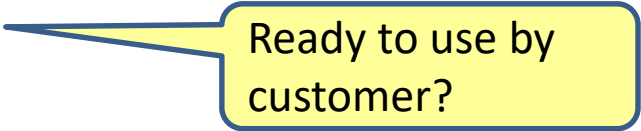


- You are trying to timebox work that is unknown
 - last-minute tests can reveal all kinds of bugs
- Your progress is not based on working software

Good solution



- Potential shippable product



Ready to use by customer?

- Create a clear Definition of Done (DoD)
 - The team defines the DoD
 - The DoD is different for every project
 - The DoD evolves during the project

Example DoD

- Functionality is accepted by Product owner
- Code is checked-in in integration server
- All unit tests run successful
- All integration tests run successful
- All acceptance tests run successful
- Code is refactored
- Code quality is checked
- Functionality is documented in user manual

Refine the product backlog

- Backlog grooming
- Who: The whole team
- When: once or twice during the sprint
- How long: few hours (mostly 1 to 2 hours), depending on the changes
- Tasks
 - Removing user stories that no longer appear relevant
 - Creating new user stories in response to newly discovered needs
 - Re-assessing the relative priority of stories
 - Assigning estimates to stories which have yet to receive one
 - Correcting estimates in light of newly discovered information
 - Splitting user stories which are high priority

Exercise

- Execute the sprint
- The length of the sprint is 10 minutes
 - When you start a task, move the post-it to the in-progress column
 - When you are done with the task, move it to the done column
 - When the story is accepted, move the story to the accepted column

User story	To Do	In Process	Done	Accepted
			