



To clarify the UML diagram, here is the corresponding code:

```

public class Application {

    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Drive cdrive = new Drive("C");
        Directory appdir = new Directory("applications");
        Directory datadir = new Directory("my data");
        Directory coursedir = new Directory("cs525");
        File excelfile = new File("msexcel.exe", 2353256);
        File wordfile = new File("msword.exe", 3363858);
        File studentsfile = new File("students.doc", 34252);
        cdrive.addComponent(appdir);
        cdrive.addComponent(datadir);
        datadir.addComponent(coursedir);
        appdir.addComponent(excelfile);
        appdir.addComponent(wordfile);
        coursedir.addComponent(studentsfile);
        cdrive.print();
    }
}

public abstract class FileSystemComponent {
    protected String name;

    public FileSystemComponent(String name) {
        this.name = name;
    }

    public abstract void print();
    public abstract int getSizeInBytes();
}

```

```

public abstract class FileSystemComposite extends FileSystemComponent{
    protected Collection<FileSystemComponent> list = new
        ArrayList<FileSystemComponent>();

    public FileSystemComposite(String name) {
        super(name);
    }

    public void addComponent(FileSystemComponent component){
        list.add(component);
    }

    public int getSizeInBytes(){
        int sizeInBytes=0;
        for (FileSystemComponent component : list){
            sizeInBytes+=component.getSizeInBytes();
        }
        return sizeInBytes;
    }
}

public class Directory extends FileSystemComposite{
    public Directory(String name) {
        super(name);
    }
    public void print(){
        System.out.println("-- dir "+name+" size="+getSizeInBytes()+"
bytes");
        for (FileSystemComponent component : list){
            component.print();
        }
    }
}

public class Drive extends FileSystemComposite{
    public Drive(String name) {
        super(name);
    }
    public void print(){
        System.out.println("- drive "+name+" size="+getSizeInBytes()+"
bytes");
        for (FileSystemComponent component : list){
            component.print();
        }
    }
}

public class File extends FileSystemComponent{
    private int sizeInBytes;

    public File(String name, int sizeInBytes) {
        super(name);
        this.sizeInBytes = sizeInBytes;
    }

    public int getSizeInBytes() {
        return sizeInBytes;
    }

    public void print(){

```

```
        System.out.println("--- file "+name+" size="+getSizeInBytes()+"  
bytes");  
    }  
}
```

Important here is that you have a (abstract)composite class that has a list of objects of type (abstract)component so it is easy to add new File system types.