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Repeated String

Problem

Submissions

Leaderboard

Editorial 

Lilah has a string, s , of lowercase English letters that she repeated infinitely many times.

Given an integer, n , find and print the number of letter a's in the first n letters of Lilah's infinite string.

For example, if the string $s = \text{'abcac'}$ and $n = 10$, the substring we consider is *abcacabcac*, the first 10 characters of her infinite string. There are 4 occurrences of a in the substring.

Function Description

Complete the `repeatedString` function in the editor below. It should return an integer representing the number of occurrences of a in the prefix of length n in the infinitely repeating string.

`repeatedString` has the following parameter(s):

- s : a string to repeat
- n : the number of characters to consider

Input Format

The first line contains a single string, s .

The second line contains an integer, n .

Constraints

- $1 \leq |s| \leq 100$
- $1 \leq n \leq 10^{12}$
- For 25% of the test cases, $n \leq 10^6$.

Output Format

Print a single integer denoting the number of letter a's in the first n letters of the infinite string created by repeating s infinitely many times.

Sample Input 0

```
aba
10
```

Sample Output 0

```
7
```

Explanation 0

The first $n = 10$ letters of the infinite string are abaabaabaa. Because there are 7 a's, we print 7 on a new line.

Sample Input 1

```
a
1000000000000
```

Sample Output 1



```
1000000000000000
```

Explanation 1

Because all of the first $n = 1000000000000$ letters of the infinite string are a, we print **1000000000000** on a new line.

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C++



```
1  #include <bits/stdc++.h>
2
3  using namespace std;
4
5  // Complete the repeatedString function below.
6  long repeatedString(string s, long n) {
7
8
9  }
10
11 int main()
12 {
13     ofstream fout(getenv("OUTPUT_PATH"));
14
15     string s;
16     getline(cin, s);
17
18     long n;
19     cin >> n;
20     cin.ignore(numeric_limits<streamsize>::max(), '\n');
21
22     long result = repeatedString(s, n);
23
24     fout << result << "\n";
25
26     fout.close();
27
28     return 0;
29 }
30
```

Line: 30 Col: 1

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