Lab 5

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- 1. The program first gets the shared memory id by allocating 4 bytes of space. Then, it creates a pointer by attaching to the newly created shared memory by id. Afterwards, it prints out the shared memory pointer at its originally allocated location and then the location plus an additional 4 bytes (the size of F00). The additional 4 bytes point to the end location of the memory in this allocation.
- 2. The shmget function call takes 3 aguments, the key, the size, and the flag. The key keeps track of the memory location of the data and points to it. This can be shared to different variables. The size argument takes the size in bytes for the memory segment and allocates for it. The flags do different things. In the context of the code segment provided, a private flag means it won't be able to have its previously shared memory segment available. The IPC_CREAT will create a new memory segment. S_IRUSR specifies the access level permission of this shared data, same with S_IWUSR.
- 3. The shmctl function performs commands onto the existing shared memory allocation defined by shmget. Two examples of this would be the <code>IPC_RMID</code> like we see in the example program. This command will specify that we are going to remove the shared memory identifier fro the system and deallocate the shared memory. Another use is the <code>IPC_INFO</code> flag. This returns information about the system wide memory limits into a struct. With this we can determine shared memory limits and parameters, this gives the programmer more knowledge when it comes to finally performing the allocation, or just working with shared memory in general.
- 4. When running sample1part4.c we can see that the shared memory is 4096 bytes.

```
ab5 α ipcs
  ---- Message Queues -----
                                           used-bytes messages
       msqid owner
                               perms
----- Shared Memory Segments --
0x00000000 14286848 hermes
                                                     nattch
                                                                status
                                perms
                                           bytes
                                600
                                           524288
                                                                 dest
0x00000000 262145
                     hermes
                                600
                                           1048576
                                                                 dest
                                           524288
                                                                dest
 ---- Semaphore Arrays ----
key
        semid
                               perms
lab5 α ipcrm --all
lab5 α ipcs
----- Message Queues -----
       msqid owner
                                          used-bytes messages
                              perms
----- Shared Memory Segments -----
key shmid owner perm
0x00000000 14286848 hermes 600
                                           bytes nattch 524288 2
                               perms
                                                                status
                                                                dest
0x00000000 262145 hermes
0x00000000 6651906 hermes
                                           1048576
                                                                dest
                                           524288
----- Semaphore Arrays -----
key
          semid
                               perms
                                           nsems
```

Project Code

read.c

```
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <sys/ipc.h>
#include <sys/shm.h>
#include <sys/stat.h>
#include <signal.h>
#include <string.h>
#define BIT_SIZE 4096

void sig_handler(int);

int shmid;
char* shm_ptr;
key_t key;

int main() {
    signal(SIGINT, sig_handler);
```

```
key = ftok("f", 3);
  if ((shmid = shmget (key, BIT_SIZE, IPC_CREAT|S_IRUSR|S_IWUSR)) < 0) {</pre>
   perror("Failed to make shared memory");
    return EXIT_FAILURE;
  }
 if ((shm_ptr = shmat(shmid, 0, 0)) == (void^*) -1) {
   perror("Can't attach");
   return EXIT_FAILURE;
  }
 for (;;) {
   if (*shm_ptr != '#') {
      printf("%s\n", shm_ptr);
      *shm_ptr = '#';
   }
  }
  return EXIT_SUCCESS;
}
void sig_handler(int i) {
 printf("Interrupted");
 if (shmctl(shmid, IPC_RMID, NULL) < 0) {</pre>
    perror("What??? We can't deallocate?!?! RUN, RUN NOW!!!");
   exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
 }
 exit(EXIT_SUCCESS);
}
```

write.c

```
#include <signal.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <sys/ipc.h>
#include <sys/shm.h>
#include <sys/stat.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#define BIT_SIZE 4096

void sig_handler(int);

int shmid;
char* shm_ptr;
key_t key;
int main() {
```

```
signal(SIGINT, sig_handler);
  key = ftok("f", 3);
 if ((shmid = shmget(key, BIT_SIZE, 0666|IPC_CREAT)) < 0) {</pre>
    perror("Failed to make shared memory");
    exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
  }
  if ((shm_ptr = shmat(shmid, 0, 0)) == (void^*) -1) {
    perror("Failed to attach");
    exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
  }
  for (;;) {
    if (*shm_ptr == '#') {
      printf("Whatcha wanna say? ");
      scanf("%s", shm_ptr);
      printf("\n");
    }
  }
  return EXIT_SUCCESS;
}
void sig_handler(int i) {
 printf("Interrupt called");
 if (i == SIGINT) {
    if (shmdt(shm_ptr) < 0) {</pre>
      perror("Failed to let go\n");
    }
  }
 exit(EXIT_SUCCESS);
}
```

Screenshot of output

```
| 0 | 0 | 2sh | 2
```