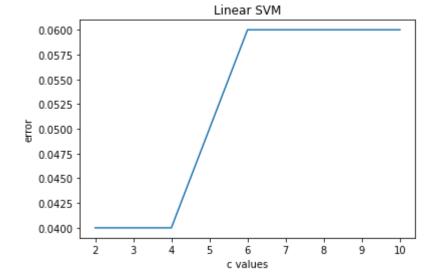
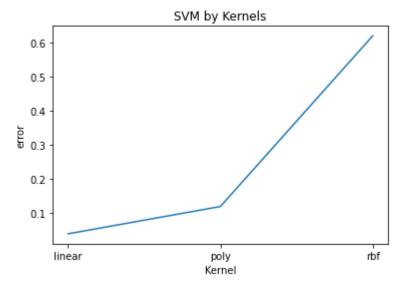
```
In [32]:
        H
               import numpy as np
               import download data as dl
             2
             3
               import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
             4 import sklearn.svm as svm
             5 from sklearn import metrics
             6 from conf matrix import func confusion matrix
               import pandas as pd
             1 ## step 1: load data from csv file.
In [3]:
             2
               data = dl.download data('crab.csv').values
             3
             4
               n = 200
             5
               #split data
             6 | S = np.random.permutation(n)
             7
               #100 training samples
             8 Xtr = data[S[:100], :6]
             9 Ytr = data[S[:100], 6:]
            10 # 100 testing samples
            11 X test = data[S[100:], :6]
            12 Y test = data[S[100:], 6:].ravel()
               data
In [3]:
             1
    Out[3]: array([[ 0. , 20.6, 14.4, ..., 46.5, 19.6, -1. ],
                  [ 1. , 13.3, 11.1, ..., 32.3, 11.3, -1. ],
                  [ 0. , 16.7, 14.3, ..., 37. , 14.7, 1. ],
                  [1., 8.8, 7.7, \ldots, 20.8, 7.4, -1.],
                  [1., 16.2, 15.2, \ldots, 40.1, 13.9, 1.],
                  [ 0. , 15.6, 14. , ..., 35.3, 13.8, 1. ]])
In [22]:
             1 | ## step 2 randomly split Xtr/Ytr into two even subsets: use one for tr
         M
             2
               3
               n2 = len(Xtr)
             5
               #split data
             6
               S = np.random.permutation(n2)
             7
             8
               # subsets for training models
               x_train= Xtr[S[:50], :]
            10 y_train= Ytr[S[:50], :]
            11 # subsets for validation
            12 x validation= Xtr[S[50:], :]
            13 y_validation= Ytr[S[50:], :]
```

```
In [24]:
                 c_range = [2,4,6,8,10]
                 svm_c_error = []
               2
               3
                 for c_value in c_range:
               4
                     model = svm.SVC(kernel='linear', C=c_value)
               5
                     model.fit(X=x_train, y=y_train.reshape(50,))
               6
                     error = 1. - model.score(x_validation, y_validation.reshape(50,))
               7
                     svm_c_error.append(error)
                 plt.plot(c_range, svm_c_error)
                 plt.title('Linear SVM')
               9
              10 plt.xlabel('c values')
              11 plt.ylabel('error')
              12 #plt.xticks(c_range)
              13 plt.show()
```



```
kernel types = ['linear', 'poly', 'rbf']
In [25]:
               2
                  svm kernel error = []
                  for kernel_value in kernel_types:
               3
               4
                      # your own codes
               5
                      model = svm.SVC(kernel=kernel value, C=2)
               6
                      model.fit(X=x_train, y=y_train.reshape(50,))
               7
                      error = 1. - model.score(x validation, y validation.reshape(50,))
               8
               9
                      svm kernel error.append(error)
              10
              11
                 plt.plot(kernel_types, svm_kernel_error)
                  plt.title('SVM by Kernels')
              12
              13 | plt.xlabel('Kernel')
              14 plt.ylabel('error')
              15 plt.xticks(kernel types)
              16 plt.show()
```



Testing Score: 0.94

Testing Error: 0.06000000000000005

```
In [28]:
                 y pred = model.predict(X test)
                  conf_matrix, accuracy, recall_array, precision_array = func_confusion_
               3
               4
                 print("Confusion Matrix: ")
                 print(conf_matrix)
               6 print("Average Accuracy: {}".format(accuracy))
                  print("Per-Class Precision: {}".format(precision_array))
                 print("Per-Class Recall: {}".format(recall array))
             Confusion Matrix:
             [[42 6]
              [ 0 52]]
             Average Accuracy: 0.94
             Per-Class Precision: [1.
                                               0.89655172]
             Per-Class Recall: [0.875 1.
In [34]:
                 d = {'Y':Y test,
               1
               2
                      'Yhat':y_pred}
               3
                 cf = pd.DataFrame(d)
                  cf['Error'] = 'NULL'
               5
                  for i in range(0,len(y_pred)):
                      if cf['Yhat'].values[i] > cf['Y'].values[i]:
               7
                          cf['Error'].values[i] = 'FALSE POSITVE'
               8
               9
                      if cf['Yhat'].values[i] < cf['Y'].values[i]:</pre>
                          cf['Error'].values[i] = 'FALSE NEGATIVE'
              10
                      if cf['Yhat'].values[i] == cf['Y'].values[i]:
              11
                          cf['Error'].values[i] = 'NO ERROR'
              12
              13
              14 cf.sort values(by=['Error'],inplace= True)
              15
```

Out[34]:		Y	Yhat	Error
	37	1.0	-1.0	FALSE NEGATIVE
	31	1.0	-1.0	FALSE NEGATIVE
	84	1.0	-1.0	FALSE NEGATIVE
	14	1.0	-1.0	FALSE NEGATIVE
	60	1.0	-1.0	FALSE NEGATIVE
	28	-1.0	-1.0	NO ERROR
	27	1.0	1.0	NO ERROR
	26	1.0	1.0	NO ERROR
	50	1.0	1.0	NO ERROR

100 rows × 3 columns

99 -1.0 -1.0

NO ERROR

1 cf.loc[cf['Error']!= 'NO ERROR'] In [35]: Out[35]: Y Yhat **Error 37** 1.0 -1.0 FALSE NEGATIVE **31** 1.0 -1.0 FALSE NEGATIVE **84** 1.0 -1.0 FALSE NEGATIVE **14** 1.0 -1.0 FALSE NEGATIVE -1.0 FALSE NEGATIVE 1.0 -1.0 FALSE NEGATIVE **73** 1.0 In []: ▶ 1