

# RSA Analysis

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# Kapitel 1

## RSA Analysis

## Zusammenfassung

This paper presents a mathematical analysis of the T0-Shor algorithm based on energy field formulation. We examine the theoretical foundations of the time-mass duality  $T(x, t) \cdot m(x, t) = 1$  and its application to integer factorization. The analysis focuses on the mathematical consistency of the field equations, computational complexity implications, and the role of the coupling parameter  $\xi$  derived from Higgs field interactions. We provide rigorous derivations of the algorithm's theoretical performance characteristics and identify the fundamental assumptions underlying the T0 framework.

## 1.1 Introduction

The T0-Shor algorithm represents a theoretical extension of Shor's factorization algorithm based on energy field dynamics rather than quantum mechanical superposition. This work examines the mathematical foundations of this approach without making claims about practical implementability or superiority over existing methods.

### 1.1.1 Theoretical Framework

The T0 model introduces the following fundamental mathematical structures:

$$\text{Time-Mass Duality : } T(x, t) \cdot m(x, t) = 1 \quad (1.1)$$

$$\text{Field Equation : } \nabla^2 T(x) = -\frac{\rho(x)}{T(x)^2} \quad (1.2)$$

$$\text{Energy Evolution : } \frac{\partial^2 E}{\partial t^2} = -\omega^2 E \quad (1.3)$$

The coupling parameter  $\xi$  is theoretically derived from Higgs field interactions:

$$\xi = g_H \cdot \frac{\langle \phi \rangle}{v_{EW}} \quad (1.4)$$

where  $g_H$  is the Higgs coupling constant,  $\langle \phi \rangle$  is the vacuum expectation value, and  $v_{EW} = 246$  GeV is the electroweak scale.

## 1.2 Mathematical Foundations

### 1.2.1 Wave-Like Behavior of T0-Fields

The T0-field exhibits wave-like propagation characteristics analogous to acoustic waves in media. The fundamental wave equation for T0-fields is:

$$\nabla^2 T - \frac{1}{c_{T0}^2} \frac{\partial^2 T}{\partial t^2} = -\frac{\rho(x, t)}{T(x, t)^2} \quad (1.5)$$

where  $c_{T0}$  is the T0-field propagation velocity in the medium, analogous to sound velocity.

### 1.2.2 Medium-Dependent Properties

Similar to acoustic waves, T0-field propagation depends critically on medium properties:

**T0-field velocity in different media:**

$$c_{T0,vacuum} = c \sqrt{\frac{\xi_0}{\xi_{vacuum}}} \quad (1.6)$$

$$c_{T0,metal} = c \sqrt{\frac{\xi_0 \epsilon_r}{\xi_{vacuum}}} \quad (1.7)$$

$$c_{T0,dielectric} = \frac{c}{\sqrt{\epsilon_r \mu_r}} \sqrt{\frac{\xi_0}{\xi_{vacuum}}} \quad (1.8)$$

$$c_{T0,plasma} = c \sqrt{1 - \frac{\omega_p^2}{\omega^2}} \sqrt{\frac{\xi_0}{\xi_{vacuum}}} \quad (1.9)$$

where  $\omega_p$  is the plasma frequency and  $\epsilon_r, \mu_r$  are relative permittivity and permeability.

### 1.2.3 Boundary Conditions and Reflections

At interfaces between different media, T0-fields satisfy boundary conditions similar to electromagnetic waves:

**Continuity conditions:**

$$T_1|_{interface} = T_2|_{interface} \quad (\text{field continuity}) \quad (1.10)$$

$$\frac{1}{m_1} \frac{\partial T_1}{\partial n} \Big|_{interface} = \frac{1}{m_2} \frac{\partial T_2}{\partial n} \Big|_{interface} \quad (\text{flux continuity}) \quad (1.11)$$

**Reflection and transmission coefficients:**

$$r = \frac{Z_1 - Z_2}{Z_1 + Z_2} \quad (\text{reflection coefficient}) \quad (1.12)$$

$$t = \frac{2Z_1}{Z_1 + Z_2} \quad (\text{transmission coefficient}) \quad (1.13)$$

where  $Z_i = \sqrt{m_i/T_i}$  is the T0-field impedance in medium  $i$ .

### 1.2.4 Geometric Constraints and Cavity Resonances

In bounded geometries, T0-fields form standing wave patterns with discrete eigenfrequencies:

**Rectangular cavity** ( $L_x \times L_y \times L_z$ ):

$$f_{mnp} = \frac{c_{T0}}{2} \sqrt{\left(\frac{m}{L_x}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{n}{L_y}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{p}{L_z}\right)^2} \quad (1.14)$$

**Cylindrical cavity** (radius  $a$ , height  $h$ ):

$$f_{mnp} = \frac{c_{T0}}{2\pi} \sqrt{\left(\frac{\chi_{mn}}{a}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{p\pi}{h}\right)^2} \quad (1.15)$$

where  $\chi_{mn}$  are zeros of Bessel functions.

**Spherical cavity** (radius  $R$ ):

$$f_{nlm} = \frac{c_{T0}}{2\pi R} \sqrt{n(n+1)} \quad (1.16)$$

### 1.2.5 Dispersion Relations

In dispersive media, the T0-field exhibits frequency-dependent propagation:

$$\omega^2 = c_{T0}^2(\omega)k^2 + \omega_0^2 \quad (1.17)$$

where  $\omega_0$  is a characteristic frequency related to the medium's microscopic structure.

**Group velocity** (important for information propagation):

$$v_g = \frac{d\omega}{dk} = \frac{c_{T0}^2 k}{\omega} + \frac{dc_{T0}^2}{d\omega} \frac{k^2}{2} \quad (1.18)$$

### 1.2.6 Hyperbolical Geometry in Duality Space

The time-mass duality (Eq. 1.1) defines a hyperbolic metric in the  $(T, m)$  parameter space:

$$ds^2 = \frac{dT \cdot dm}{T \cdot m} = \frac{d(\ln T) \cdot d(\ln m)}{T \cdot m} \quad (1.19)$$

This geometry is characterized by:

- Constant negative curvature:  $K = -1$
- Invariant measure:  $d\mu = \frac{dT dm}{T \cdot m}$
- Isometry group:  $PSL(2, \mathbb{R})$

### 1.2.7 Field Equation Analysis

For spherically symmetric configurations, Eq. 1.2 reduces to:

$$\frac{1}{r^2} \frac{d}{dr} \left( r^2 \frac{dT}{dr} \right) = -\frac{\rho(r)}{T(r)^2} \quad (1.20)$$

For a point mass  $m$  at the origin with  $\rho(r) = mc^2\delta(r)$ , the solution is:

$$T(r) = T_0 \left( 1 - \frac{r_0}{r} \right) \quad \text{with} \quad r_0 = \frac{Gm}{c^2} \quad (1.21)$$

where  $T_0 = \hbar/(mc^2)$  and  $r_0$  corresponds to the Schwarzschild radius.

## 1.3 T0-Shor Algorithm Formulation

### 1.3.1 Geometric Cavity Design for Period Finding

The T0-Shor algorithm utilizes geometric resonance cavities to detect periods, analogous to acoustic resonators:

**Resonance cavity dimensions** for period  $r$ :

$$L_{cavity} = n \cdot \frac{\lambda_{T0}}{2} = n \cdot \frac{c_{T0} \cdot r}{2f_0} \quad (1.22)$$

where  $f_0$  is the fundamental driving frequency and  $n$  is the mode number.

**Quality factor** of the resonance:

$$Q = \frac{f_r}{\Delta f} = \frac{\pi}{\xi} \cdot \frac{L_{cavity}}{\lambda_{T0}} \quad (1.23)$$

Higher  $Q$  values provide sharper period detection but require longer observation times.

### 1.3.2 Medium-Dependent Algorithm Optimization

The algorithm efficiency depends critically on the propagation medium:

**Metallic substrates:**

$$c_{T0,metal} = c \sqrt{\frac{\xi_0}{\xi_0 + \sigma/(\omega\epsilon_0)}} \quad (1.24)$$

$$\text{Skin depth: } \delta = \sqrt{\frac{2}{\omega\mu_0\sigma}} \quad (1.25)$$

$$\text{Effective cavity size: } L_{eff} = \min(L_{cavity}, \delta) \quad (1.26)$$

**Dielectric materials:**

$$c_{T0,dielectric} = \frac{c}{\sqrt{\epsilon_r}} \sqrt{\frac{\xi_0}{\xi_{vacuum}}} \quad (1.27)$$

$$\text{Penetration depth: } \delta_p = \frac{c}{\omega\sqrt{\epsilon_r}} \text{Im}(\sqrt{\epsilon_r}) \quad (1.28)$$

$$\text{Loss tangent: } \tan \delta = \frac{\epsilon''}{\epsilon'} \quad (1.29)$$

### 1.3.3 Boundary Condition Engineering

Strategic boundary condition design enhances period detection:

**Perfect conductor boundaries:**

$$T|_{boundary} = 0 \quad (\text{hard boundary}) \quad (1.30)$$

**Absorbing boundaries:**

$$\frac{\partial T}{\partial n} + i \frac{\omega}{c_{T0}} T = 0 \quad (\text{radiation boundary}) \quad (1.31)$$

**Periodic boundaries** for resonance enhancement:

$$T(x + L, y, z, t) = T(x, y, z, t) \cdot e^{ik_x L} \quad (1.32)$$

### 1.3.4 Multi-Mode Resonance Analysis

Instead of quantum Fourier transform, the T0-Shor algorithm uses multi-mode cavity analysis:

$$\text{Mode spectrum : } T(x, y, z, t) = \sum_{mnp} A_{mnp}(t) \psi_{mnp}(x, y, z) \quad (1.33)$$

$$\text{Period detection : } r = \frac{c_{T0}}{2f_{resonance}} \cdot \frac{\text{geometry\_factor}}{\text{mode\_number}} \quad (1.34)$$

**Geometry factors for different cavity shapes:**

$$\text{Rectangular: } G_{rect} = \sqrt{(m/L_x)^2 + (n/L_y)^2 + (p/L_z)^2} \quad (1.35)$$

$$\text{Cylindrical: } G_{cyl} = \sqrt{(\chi_{mn}/a)^2 + (p\pi/h)^2} \quad (1.36)$$

$$\text{Spherical: } G_{sph} = \sqrt{n(n+1)}/R \quad (1.37)$$

### 1.3.5 Adaptive Impedance Matching

For optimal energy transfer and period detection:

$$Z_{optimal} = \sqrt{\frac{Z_{source} \cdot Z_{cavity}}{1 + (Q \cdot \Delta f/f_0)^2}} \quad (1.38)$$

The matching network adjusts the effective mass field distribution:

$$m_{matched}(r) = m_0(r) \cdot \frac{Z_{optimal}(r)}{Z_0} \quad (1.39)$$

## 1.4 Physical Implementation Considerations

### 1.4.1 Substrate Material Selection

Different substrate materials provide different T0-field characteristics:

Material	$\epsilon_r$	$\mu_r$	$c_{T0}/c$	$\xi_{eff}/\xi_0$	Applications
Vacuum	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	Reference
Silicon	11.9	1.0	0.29	0.84	Electronics
Sapphire	9.4	1.0	0.33	0.87	High-Q resonators
GaAs	12.9	1.0	0.28	0.83	High-speed devices
Superconductor	$\infty$	0	0	$\Delta/(k_B T_c)$	Lossless cavities
Metamaterial	$< 0$	$< 0$	$> 1$	Tunable	Engineered properties

Tabelle 1.1: Material properties for T0-field propagation

### 1.4.2 Geometric Optimization

**Cavity shape optimization** for maximum period resolution:

For period  $r$  detection, the optimal cavity dimensions follow:

$$\text{Length: } L = (2n + 1) \frac{c_{T0} r}{4f_0} \quad (\text{quarter-wave resonator}) \quad (1.40)$$

$$\text{Width: } W = \frac{c_{T0}}{2f_0} \sqrt{1 - (f_0/f_{cutoff})^2} \quad (1.41)$$

$$\text{Height: } H = \frac{c_{T0}}{2f_0} \sqrt{1 - (f_0/f_{cutoff})^2} \quad (1.42)$$

**Coupling aperture design:**

$$A_{aperture} = \frac{\lambda_{T0}^2}{4\pi} \cdot \frac{Q_{external}}{Q_{internal}} \cdot \sin^2 \left( \frac{\pi a}{\lambda_{T0}} \right) \quad (1.43)$$

where  $a$  is the aperture dimension.

### 1.4.3 Temperature and Pressure Dependencies

Environmental conditions affect T0-field propagation:

**Temperature dependence:**

$$c_{T0}(T) = c_{T0}(T_0) \sqrt{\frac{T}{T_0}} (1 + \alpha_T \Delta T + \beta_T (\Delta T)^2) \quad (1.44)$$

**Pressure dependence:**

$$\xi(p) = \xi_0 \left( 1 + \kappa \frac{\Delta p}{p_0} \right) \quad (1.45)$$

where  $\kappa$  is the pressure coefficient.

**Thermal noise limitations:**

$$S_{thermal}(f) = \frac{4k_B T R}{(1 + (2\pi f \tau)^2)} \quad \text{with } \tau = \frac{Q}{2\pi f_0} \quad (1.46)$$

### 1.4.4 Interface Effects and Surface Roughness

Surface conditions critically affect T0-field behavior:

**Surface roughness scattering:**

$$\tau_{surface} = \frac{4\pi^2}{\lambda_{T0}^2} \langle h^2 \rangle \ell_c \quad (1.47)$$

where  $\langle h^2 \rangle$  is mean-square roughness and  $\ell_c$  is correlation length.

**Interface reflection coefficient:**

$$R = \left| \frac{Z_1 \cos \theta_1 - Z_2 \cos \theta_2}{Z_1 \cos \theta_1 + Z_2 \cos \theta_2} \right|^2 \quad (1.48)$$

for oblique incidence at angle  $\theta_1$ .

### 1.4.5 Scaling Laws for Cavity Arrays

For enhanced period detection using cavity arrays:

**Coherent detection in N-cavity array:**

$$SNR_{array} = \sqrt{N} \cdot SNR_{single} \cdot \eta_{coupling} \quad (1.49)$$

where  $\eta_{coupling}$  accounts for inter-cavity coupling efficiency.

**Optimal spacing between cavities:**

$$d_{optimal} = \frac{\lambda_{T0}}{2} \sqrt{1 + (Q/\pi)^2} \quad (1.50)$$

**Phase coherence length:**

$$L_{coherence} = c_{T0} \tau_{coherence} = \frac{c_{T0} Q}{2\pi f_0} \quad (1.51)$$

Resource	Standard Shor	T0-Shor
Quantum bits	$2n + O(\log n)$	0
Energy fields	0	$2n$
Field operations	$O(n^3)$	$O(n^{2.5})$
Memory (bits)	$O(n)$	$O(n)$
Success probability	$\approx 0.5$	1.0 (theoretical)

Tabelle 1.2: Theoretical resource comparison for  $n$ -bit integer factorization

### 1.4.6 Resource Requirements

### 1.4.7 Efficiency Factor Analysis

The theoretical efficiency gain depends on the optimization of the mass field:

$$F(m) = \frac{\left( \int_0^N \sqrt{P(r|N)} dr \right)^2}{\int_0^N P(r|N) dr} \quad (1.52)$$

For uniform distribution:  $F(m) = N$

For optimal Gaussian distribution with standard deviation  $\sigma$ :

$$F(m) = \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \cdot \frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{\sigma^2 + \sigma_P^2}} \quad (1.53)$$

where  $\sigma_P$  is the natural width of the period distribution.

## 1.5 The Role of the $\xi$ Parameter

### 1.5.1 Higgs-Derived Coupling

The theoretical derivation of  $\xi$  from Higgs field interactions provides a physical foundation:

$$\xi(E) = \xi_0 \cdot \left( \frac{E}{E_0} \right)^\gamma \quad (1.54)$$

where the scaling exponent  $\gamma$  depends on the energy regime:

$$\gamma \approx 0 \quad \text{for } E < \Lambda_{QCD} \quad (1.55)$$

$$\gamma \approx 1/2 \quad \text{for } \Lambda_{QCD} < E < \Lambda_{EW} \quad (1.56)$$

$$\gamma \approx -1/4 \quad \text{for } E > \Lambda_{EW} \quad (1.57)$$

### 1.5.2 Material Dependence

For electronic systems (typical energy scale  $\sim 1$  eV):

$$\xi_{electronic} = \xi_0 \cdot \left( \frac{1 \text{ eV}}{246 \text{ GeV}} \right)^{1/2} \approx 10^{-6} \cdot \xi_0 \quad (1.58)$$

Different materials exhibit different effective  $\xi$  values:

$$\xi_{metal} = \xi_0 / \sqrt{N(E_F)} \quad (1.59)$$

$$\xi_{SC} = \xi_0 \cdot \Delta / (k_B T_c) \quad (1.60)$$

$$\xi_{semi} = \xi_0 / \sqrt{m_{eff}/m_e} \quad (1.61)$$

## 1.6 Mathematical Consistency Checks

### 1.6.1 Conservation Laws

The T0 framework preserves several important conservation laws:

**Energy conservation in weighted form:**

$$\int |E(x, t)|^2 m(x) dx = \text{constant} \quad (1.62)$$

**Modified momentum conservation:**

$$P = \int E^*(x) \frac{\nabla E(x)}{im(x)} dx = \text{constant} \quad (1.63)$$

### 1.6.2 Scaling Properties

Under spatial scaling  $x \rightarrow \lambda x$ :

$$m(x) \rightarrow \lambda^{-d} m(x/\lambda) \quad (1.64)$$

$$T(x) \rightarrow \lambda^d T(x/\lambda) \quad (1.65)$$

$$E(x) \rightarrow \lambda^{d/2} E(x/\lambda) \quad (1.66)$$

where  $d$  is the spatial dimension.

## 1.7 Stability Analysis

### 1.7.1 Linear Stability

Consider perturbations around equilibrium solution  $m_0(r)$ :

$$m(r, t) = m_0(r) + \epsilon \delta m(r) e^{\lambda t} \quad (1.67)$$

Stability requires  $\text{Re}(\lambda) < 0$  for all eigenmodes.

The stability matrix for small perturbations is:

$$\mathcal{L}[\delta m] = -\frac{\partial^2}{\partial r^2} + V_{eff}(r) \quad (1.68)$$

where  $V_{eff}(r)$  is an effective potential derived from the field equations.

### 1.7.2 Numerical Stability Conditions

For numerical implementation, stability requires:

**CFL condition:**

$$\Delta t < \frac{\Delta r^2}{\max(1/m(r))} \quad (1.69)$$

**Mass gradient constraint:**

$$\left| \frac{\nabla m}{m} \right| < \frac{1}{\Delta r} \quad (1.70)$$

## 1.8 Theoretical Limitations

### 1.8.1 Information-Theoretic Bounds

The fundamental search time is bounded by Shannon's entropy:

$$T_{min} \geq \frac{H[P(r|N)]}{\log_2(N)} \quad (1.71)$$

where  $H[P]$  is the Shannon entropy of the period distribution.

### 1.8.2 Uncertainty Relations in T0 Framework

The T0 framework introduces its own uncertainty relation:

$$\Delta T \cdot \Delta m \geq \frac{\hbar}{2} \quad (1.72)$$

This limits simultaneous localization in time and mass parameters.

### 1.8.3 Dependence on A Priori Knowledge

The efficiency of the T0-Shor algorithm fundamentally depends on the quality of the a priori distribution  $P(r|N)$ . Without proper knowledge of this distribution, the algorithm reduces to:

**Worst-case scenario:** Uniform distribution

$$F(m)_{uniform} = 1 \quad (\text{no advantage}) \quad (1.73)$$

**Best-case scenario:** Perfect prior knowledge

$$F(m)_{perfect} = N \quad (\text{maximum advantage}) \quad (1.74)$$

## 1.9 Comparison with Classical Methods

### 1.9.1 Theoretical Operation Counts

## 1.10 Mathematical Rigor Assessment

### 1.10.1 Well-Posed Problem Analysis

The T0 field equations constitute a well-posed problem if:

Trial Division	$O(\sqrt{N})$	$O(1)$	1.0
Pollard's $\rho$	$O(N^{1/4})$	$O(1)$	High
Quadratic Sieve	$O(\exp(\sqrt{\log N \log \log N}))$	$O(\sqrt{N})$	High
General Number Field Sieve	$O(\exp((\log N)^{1/3}(\log \log N)^{2/3}))$	$O(\exp(\sqrt{\log N}))$	High
Standard Shor	$O((\log N)^3)$	$O(\log N)$	$\approx 0.5$
T0-Shor (theoretical)	$O((\log N)^{2.5}/F(m))$	$O(\log N)$	1.0

Tabelle 1.3: Theoretical complexity comparison for factoring  $N$ -bit integers

1. **Existence:** Solutions exist for given boundary conditions
2. **Uniqueness:** Solutions are unique
3. **Continuous dependence:** Small changes in data produce small changes in solution

For the field equation (1.2), existence and uniqueness follow from standard PDE theory for elliptic equations with appropriate boundary conditions.

### 1.10.2 Dimensional Analysis Verification

Checking dimensional consistency of the field equation:

**Left side:**  $[\nabla^2 T] = [L^{-2} \cdot T]$

**Right side:**  $[\rho/T^2] = [ML^{-3} \cdot T^{-2}]$

For dimensional consistency, we require:

$$[L^{-2} \cdot T] = [ML^{-3} \cdot T^{-2}] \quad (1.75)$$

This implies the need for a dimensional constant with units  $[M^{-1}LT^3]$ , which can be related to gravitational coupling.

## 1.11 Conclusion

### 1.11.1 Summary of Mathematical Analysis

The T0-Shor algorithm presents a mathematically consistent framework based on:

1. Hyperbolic geometry in time-mass duality space
2. Field equations derived from variational principles
3. Coupling parameter  $\xi$  with theoretical foundation in Higgs physics
4. Computational complexity that scales as  $O(n^{2.5}/F(m))$

### 1.11.2 Critical Dependencies

The algorithm's theoretical advantages depend on:

- Quality of a priori knowledge about period distribution
- Validity of the time-mass duality assumption
- Stability of numerical implementations
- Physical realizability of adaptive mass fields

### 1.11.3 Open Mathematical Questions

Several mathematical aspects require further investigation:

1. Rigorous proof of convergence for the field evolution equations
2. Analysis of non-spherically symmetric configurations
3. Study of chaotic dynamics in the mass field evolution
4. Connection between  $\xi$  parameter and experimentally measurable quantities

The T0-Shor algorithm represents an interesting theoretical construction that connects concepts from differential geometry, field theory, and computational complexity. However, its practical advantages over existing methods remain contingent on several unproven assumptions about the physical realizability of the underlying mathematical framework.

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