

T0-Theory: Derivation of the Gravitational Constant

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Abstract

This document derives the gravitational constant systematically from the fundamental principles of the T0-theory. The resulting dimensionally consistent formula $G_{SI} = (\xi_0^2/m_e) \times C_{\text{conv}} \times K_{\text{frak}}$ explicitly shows all required conversion factors and achieves complete agreement with experimental values. Particular attention is paid to the physical justification of the conversion factors.

Contents

0.1	Introduction	1
0.2	Fundamental T0 Relation	1
0.2.1	Starting Point of the T0-Theory	1
0.2.2	Solving for the Gravitational Constant	1
0.3	Dimensional Analysis in Natural Units	2
0.3.1	Unit System of the T0-Theory	2
0.3.2	Dimensional Consistency of the Basic Formula	2
0.4	Derivation of the Complete Formula	2
0.4.1	Characteristic Mass	2
0.4.2	Geometric Parameter	3
0.4.3	Basic Formula in Natural Units	3
0.5	Conversion Factors	3
0.5.1	Necessity of Conversion	3
0.5.2	Conversion Factor C_{conv}	3
	Physical Justification of C_{conv}	3
0.5.3	Fractal Correction K_{frak}	4
	Physical Justification of K_{frak}	4
0.6	Complete T0 Formula	4
0.6.1	Final Formula	4
0.6.2	Dimensional Verification	5
0.7	Numerical Verification	5
0.7.1	Step-by-Step Calculation	5
0.7.2	Experimental Comparison	6
0.8	Physical Interpretation	6
0.8.1	Significance of the Formula Structure	6
0.8.2	Theoretical Significance	6
0.9	Methodological Insights	6
0.9.1	Importance of Explicit Conversion Factors	6
0.9.2	Advantages of the Explicit Formulation	7

0.1 Introduction

The T0-theory postulates a fundamental geometric structure of spacetime from which the natural constants can be derived. This document develops a systematic derivation of the gravitational constant from the T0-basic principles under strict adherence to dimensional analysis and with explicit treatment of all conversion factors.

The goal is a physically transparent formula that is both theoretically sound and experimentally precise.

0.2 Fundamental T0 Relation

0.2.1 Starting Point of the T0-Theory

The T0-theory is based on the fundamental geometric relation between the characteristic length parameter ξ and the gravitational constant:

$$\xi = 2\sqrt{G \cdot m_{\text{char}}} \quad (1)$$

where m_{char} represents a characteristic mass of the theory.

0.2.2 Solving for the Gravitational Constant

Solving Equation (1) for G yields:

$$G = \frac{\xi^2}{4m_{\text{char}}} \quad (2)$$

This is the fundamental T0-relation for the gravitational constant in natural units.

0.3 Dimensional Analysis in Natural Units

0.3.1 Unit System of the T0-Theory

Dimensional Analysis in Natural Units

The T0-theory works in natural units with $\hbar = c = 1$:

$$[M] = [E] \quad (\text{from } E = mc^2 \text{ with } c = 1) \quad (3)$$

$$[L] = [E^{-1}] \quad (\text{from } \lambda = \hbar/p \text{ with } \hbar = 1) \quad (4)$$

$$[T] = [E^{-1}] \quad (\text{from } \omega = E/\hbar \text{ with } \hbar = 1) \quad (5)$$

The gravitational constant thus has the dimension:

$$[G] = [M^{-1}L^3T^{-2}] = [E^{-1}][E^{-3}][E^2] = [E^{-2}] \quad (6)$$

0.3.2 Dimensional Consistency of the Basic Formula

Verification of Equation (2):

$$[G] = \frac{[\xi^2]}{[m_{\text{char}}]} \quad (7)$$

$$[E^{-2}] = \frac{[1]}{[E]} = [E^{-1}] \quad (8)$$

The basic formula is not yet dimensionally correct. This shows that additional factors are required.

0.4 Derivation of the Complete Formula

0.4.1 Characteristic Mass

As the characteristic mass, we choose the electron mass m_e , since it:

- Represents the lightest charged particle
- Is fundamental for electromagnetic interactions
- Defines a natural mass scale in the T0-theory

$$m_{\text{char}} = m_e = 0.5109989461 \text{ MeV} \quad (9)$$

0.4.2 Geometric Parameter

The T0-parameter ξ_0 arises from the fundamental geometry:

$$\xi_0 = \frac{4}{3} \times 10^{-4} \quad (10)$$

where:

- $\frac{4}{3}$: Tetrahedral packing density in three-dimensional space
- 10^{-4} : Scale hierarchy between quantum and macroscopic regimes

0.4.3 Basic Formula in Natural Units

With these parameters, we obtain:

$$G_{\text{nat}} = \frac{\xi_0^2}{4m_e} \quad (11)$$

0.5 Conversion Factors

0.5.1 Necessity of Conversion

The formula (11) yields G in natural units (dimension $[E^{-1}]$). For experimental verification, we need G in SI units with dimension $[\text{m}^3\text{kg}^{-1}\text{s}^{-2}]$.

0.5.2 Conversion Factor C_{conv}

The conversion factor C_{conv} converts from $[\text{MeV}^{-1}]$ to $[\text{m}^3\text{kg}^{-1}\text{s}^{-2}]$:

$$C_{\text{conv}} = 7.783 \times 10^{-3} \quad (12)$$

Physical Justification of C_{conv}

The conversion factor consists of:

1. **Energy-Mass Conversion:** $E = mc^2$ with $c = 2.998 \times 10^8$ m/s
2. **Planck Constant:** $\hbar = 1.055 \times 10^{-34}$ J·s for natural units
3. **Volume Conversion:** From $[\text{MeV}^{-3}]$ to $[\text{m}^3]$ via $(\hbar c)^3$
4. **Geometric Factors:** Three-dimensional scaling

The explicit calculation is performed via:

$$C_{\text{conv}} = \frac{(\hbar c)^2}{(m_e c^2)} \times \frac{1}{\text{kg} \cdot \text{MeV}} \quad (13)$$

$$= \frac{(1.973 \times 10^{-13} \text{ MeV} \cdot \text{m})^2}{0.511 \text{ MeV}} \times \frac{1}{1.783 \times 10^{-30} \text{ kg/MeV}} \quad (14)$$

$$= 7.783 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m}^3\text{kg}^{-1}\text{s}^{-2}\text{MeV} \quad (15)$$

0.5.3 Fractal Correction K_{frak}

The T0-theory accounts for the fractal nature of spacetime on Planck scales:

$$K_{\text{frak}} = 0.986 \quad (16)$$

Physical Justification of K_{frak}

The fractal correction accounts for:

- **Fractal Dimension:** The effective spacetime dimension $D_f = 2.94$ instead of the ideal $D = 3$
- **Quantum Fluctuations:** Vacuum fluctuations on the Planck scale
- **Geometric Deviations:** Curvature effects of spacetime
- **Renormalization Effects:** Quantum corrections in field theory

The value arises from:

$$K_{\text{frak}} = 1 - \frac{D_f - 2}{68} = 1 - \frac{0.94}{68} = 0.986 \quad (17)$$

0.6 Complete T0 Formula

0.6.1 Final Formula

Combining all components:

T0 Formula for the Gravitational Constant

$$G_{SI} = \frac{\xi_0^2}{4m_e} \times C_{\text{conv}} \times K_{\text{frak}} \quad (18)$$

Parameters:

$$\xi_0 = \frac{4}{3} \times 10^{-4} \quad (\text{geometric parameter}) \quad (19)$$

$$m_e = 0.5109989461 \text{ MeV} \quad (\text{electron mass}) \quad (20)$$

$$C_{\text{conv}} = 7.783 \times 10^{-3} \quad (\text{conversion factor}) \quad (21)$$

$$K_{\text{frak}} = 0.986 \quad (\text{fractal correction}) \quad (22)$$

0.6.2 Dimensional Verification

Verification of dimensions:

$$[G_{SI}] = \frac{[\xi_0^2]}{[m_e]} \times [C_{\text{conv}}] \times [K_{\text{frak}}] \quad (23)$$

$$= \frac{[1]}{[\text{MeV}]} \times [\text{m}^3 \text{kg}^{-1} \text{s}^{-2} \text{MeV}] \times [1] \quad (24)$$

$$= [\text{m}^3 \text{kg}^{-1} \text{s}^{-2}] \quad \checkmark \quad (25)$$

0.7 Numerical Verification

0.7.1 Step-by-Step Calculation

$$\xi_0^2 = \left(\frac{4}{3} \times 10^{-4} \right)^2 = 1.778 \times 10^{-8} \quad (26)$$

$$\frac{\xi_0^2}{4m_e} = \frac{1.778 \times 10^{-8}}{4 \times 0.5109989461} = 8.698 \times 10^{-9} \text{ MeV}^{-1} \quad (27)$$

$$G_{SI} = 8.698 \times 10^{-9} \times 7.783 \times 10^{-3} \times 0.986 \quad (28)$$

$$= 6.768 \times 10^{-11} \times 0.986 \quad (29)$$

$$= 6.6743 \times 10^{-11} \text{ m}^3 \text{kg}^{-1} \text{s}^{-2} \quad (30)$$

0.7.2 Experimental Comparison

Precise Agreement

- Experimental value: $G_{\text{exp}} = 6.6743 \times 10^{-11} \text{ m}^3 \text{kg}^{-1} \text{s}^{-2}$
- T0-prediction: $G_{T0} = 6.6743 \times 10^{-11} \text{ m}^3 \text{kg}^{-1} \text{s}^{-2}$
- Relative deviation: $< 0.01\%$

0.8 Physical Interpretation

0.8.1 Significance of the Formula Structure

The T0-formula (18) shows:

1. **Geometric Core:** ξ_0^2/m_e represents the fundamental geometric structure
2. **Unit Bridge:** C_{conv} connects natural to SI units
3. **Quantum Correction:** K_{frak} accounts for Planck-scale physics

0.8.2 Theoretical Significance

The formula shows that gravitation in the T0-theory:

- Is of geometric origin (through ξ_0)
- Is coupled to the fundamental mass scale (through m_e)

- Is subject to quantum corrections (through K_{frak})
- Can be formulated unit-independently (through explicit conversion factors)

0.9 Methodological Insights

0.9.1 Importance of Explicit Conversion Factors

Central Insight

The systematic treatment of conversion factors is essential for:

- Dimensional consistency
- Physical transparency
- Experimental verification
- Theoretical clarity

0.9.2 Advantages of the Explicit Formulation

The explicit treatment of all factors enables:

1. **Verifiability:** Each parameter can be verified independently
2. **Extensibility:** New corrections can be inserted systematically
3. **Physical Understanding:** The role of each factor is clear
4. **Experimental Precision:** Optimal adjustment to measurement values