

# Xi Parameter Particles

Johann Pascher

2025

# Kapitel 1

## Xi Parameter Particles

## **Zusammenfassung**

This comprehensive analysis addresses two fundamental aspects of the T0 model: the mathematical structure and significance of the  $\xi$  parameter, and the differentiation mechanisms for particles within the unified field framework. The value calculated from empirical Higgs sector measurements  $\xi = 1.31937210^{-4}$  shows striking proximity to the harmonic constant  $4/3$  - the frequency ratio of the perfect fourth. This agreement between experimental data and theoretical harmonic structure ( 1% deviation) reveals the fundamental musical-harmonic structure of three-dimensional space geometry. Particle differentiation emerges through five fundamental factors: field excitation frequency, spatial node patterns, rotation/oscillation behavior, field amplitude, and interaction coupling patterns. All particles manifest as excitation patterns of a single universal field  $\delta m(x, t)$  governed by  $\partial^2 \delta m = 0$  in  $4/3$ -characterized spacetime.

## 1.1 Introduction: The Harmonic Structure of Reality

T0 theory reveals a fundamental truth: The universe is not built from particles, but from harmonic vibration patterns of a single universal field. At the heart of this revolutionary insight lies the parameter  $\xi = 4/3 \times 10^{-4}$ , whose value is no coincidence but represents the musical signature of spacetime itself.

### 1.1.1 The Fourth as Cosmic Constant

The factor  $4/3$  - the frequency ratio of the perfect fourth - is one of the fundamental harmonic intervals recognized as universal since Pythagoras. Just as a string produces different tones in various vibration modes, the universal field  $\delta m(x, t)$  manifests the diversity of all known particles through different excitation patterns.

This analysis examines two central aspects:

1. The mathematical-harmonic structure of the  $\xi$  parameter and its derivation from Higgs physics
2. The mechanisms by which a single field generates all particle diversity

### 1.1.2 From Complexity to Harmony

Where the Standard Model requires 200+ particles with 19+ free parameters, T0 theory shows: Everything reduces to one universal field in  $4/3$ -characterized spacetime. The apparent complexity of particle physics reveals itself as symphonic diversity of harmonic field patterns - particles are the “tones” in the cosmic harmony of the universe.

Central T0 Principle

“Every particle is simply a different way the same universal field chooses to dance.”

$$\text{Reality} = (x, t) \text{ dancing in } \xi\text{-characterized spacetime} \quad (1.1)$$

## 1.2 Mathematical Analysis of the $\xi$ Parameter

### 1.2.1 Exact vs. Approximated Values

#### Higgs-Derived Calculation

Using Standard Model parameters:

$$0.13 \quad (\text{Higgs self-coupling}) \quad (1.2)$$

$$v246 \text{ GeV} \quad (\text{Higgs VEV}) \quad (1.3)$$

$$m_h 125 \text{ GeV} \quad (\text{Higgs mass}) \quad (1.4)$$

The exact calculation yields:

$$\xi_{\text{exact}} = 1.31937210^{-4} \quad (1.5)$$

### Commonly Used Approximation

In practical calculations, the value is approximated as:

$$\xi_{\text{approx}} = 1.3310^{-4} \quad (1.6)$$

**Relative error:** Only 0.81%, making this approximation highly accurate for most applications.

### 1.2.2 The Harmonic Meaning of 4/3 - The Universal Fourth

#### 4:3 = THE FOURTH - A Universal Harmonic Ratio

The most striking feature of the  $\xi$  parameter is its proximity to the fundamental harmonic constant:

$$\frac{4}{3} = 1.333333\dots = \text{Frequency ratio of the perfect fourth} \quad (1.7)$$

The factor 4/3 is not arbitrary but represents the **perfect fourth**, one of the fundamental harmonic intervals of nature.

### Harmonic Universality

Just as musical intervals are universal:

- **Octave:** 2:1 (always, whether string, air column, or membrane)
- **Fifth:** 3:2 (always)
- **Fourth:** 4:3 (always!)

These ratios are **geometric/mathematical**, not material-dependent!

#### Why is the fourth universal?

For a vibrating sphere:

- When divided into 4 equal “vibration zones”
- Compared to 3 zones
- The ratio 4:3 emerges

This is **pure geometry**, independent of material!

### The Harmonic Ratios in the Tetrahedron

The tetrahedron contains BOTH fundamental harmonic intervals:

- **6 edges : 4 faces = 3:2** (the fifth)
- **4 vertices : 3 edges per vertex = 4:3** (the fourth!)

**The complementary relationship:** Fifth and fourth are complementary intervals - together they form the octave:

$$\frac{3}{2} \times \frac{4}{3} = \frac{12}{6} = 2 \quad (\text{Octave}) \quad (1.8)$$

This demonstrates the complete harmonic structure of space:

- The tetrahedron contains both fundamental intervals
- The fourth (4:3) and fifth (3:2) are reciprocally complementary
- The harmonic structure is self-consistent and complete

**Further appearances of the fourth in physics:**

- Crystal lattices (4-fold symmetry)
- Spherical harmonics
- The sphere volume formula:  $V = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$

### The Deeper Meaning

The Pythagorean Truth

- **Pythagoras was right:** “Everything is number and harmony”
- **Space itself** has a harmonic structure
- **Particles** are “tones” in this cosmic harmony

T0 theory thus reveals: Space is musically/harmonically structured, and 4/3 (the fourth) is its fundamental signature!

If  $\xi = 4/310^{-4}$  exactly, this would mean:

1. **Exact harmonic value:** The fourth as fundamental space constant
2. **Parameter-free theory:** No arbitrary constants, all from harmony
3. **Unified physics:** Quantum mechanics emerges from harmonic spacetime geometry

### 1.2.3 Mathematical Structure and Factorization

#### Prime Factorization

The decimal representation reveals interesting structure:

$$1.33 = \frac{133}{100} = \frac{719}{45^2} = \frac{719}{100} \quad (1.9)$$

**Notable features:**

- Both 7 and 19 are prime numbers
- Clean factorization suggests underlying mathematical structure
- Factor  $100 = 45^2$  connects to fundamental geometric ratios

Expression	Value	Difference from 1.33	Error [%]
$4/3$	1.333333	+0.003333	0.251
$133/100$	1.330000	0.000000	0.000
$\sqrt{7/4}$	1.322876	-0.007124	0.536
$21/16$	1.312500	-0.017500	1.316

Tabelle 1.1: Rational approximations to  $\xi$  coefficient

## Rational Approximations

### 1.3 Geometry-Dependent $\xi$ Parameters

#### 1.3.1 The $\xi$ Parameter Hierarchy

##### Critical Clarification

CRITICAL WARNING:  $\xi$  Parameter Confusion

**COMMON ERROR:** Treating  $\xi$  as “one universal parameter”

**CORRECT UNDERSTANDING:**  $\xi$  is a **class of dimensionless scale ratios**, not a single value.

$\xi$  represents any dimensionless ratio of the form:

$$\xi = \frac{\text{T0 characteristic scale}}{\text{Reference scale}} \quad (1.10)$$

## Four Fundamental $\xi$ Values

Context	Value [ $10^{-4}$ ]	Physical Meaning	Application
Flat geometry	1.3165	QFT in flat spacetime	Local physics
Higgs-calculated	1.3194	QFT + minimal corrections	Effective theory
$4/3$ universal	1.3300	3D space geometry	Universal constant
Spherical geometry	1.5570	Curved spacetime	Cosmological physics

Tabelle 1.2: The four fundamental  $\xi$  parameter values

#### 1.3.2 Electromagnetic Geometry Corrections

##### The $\sqrt{4/9}$ Factor

The transition from flat to spherical geometry involves the correction:

$$\frac{\xi_{\text{spherical}}}{\xi_{\text{flat}}} = \sqrt{\frac{4}{9}} = 1.1827 \quad (1.11)$$

Physical origin:

- **4 factor:** Complete solid angle integration over spherical geometry
- **Factor  $9 = 3^2$ :** Three-dimensional spatial normalization
- **Combined effect:** Electromagnetic field corrections for spacetime curvature

### Geometric Progression

The  $\xi$  values form a systematic progression:

$$\text{flathiggs} : 1.002182 \quad (0.22\% \text{ increase}) \quad (1.12)$$

$$\text{higgs4/3} : 1.008055 \quad (0.81\% \text{ increase}) \quad (1.13)$$

$$4/3\text{spherical} : 1.170677 \quad (17.07\% \text{ increase}) \quad (1.14)$$

### 1.3.3 4/3 as Geometric Bridge

#### Bridge Position Analysis

The 4/3 value occupies a special position in the geometric transformation:

$$\text{Bridge position} = \frac{\xi_{4/3} - \xi_{\text{flat}}}{\xi_{\text{spherical}} - \xi_{\text{flat}}} = 5.6\% \quad (1.15)$$

This suggests that 4/3 marks the **fundamental geometric threshold** where 3D space geometry begins to dominate field physics.

#### Physical Interpretation

---

$\xi$ Range	Physical Regime
Flat 4/3	Quantum field theory dominates
4/3 threshold	3D geometry takes control
4/3 Spherical	Spacetime curvature dominates

---

Tabelle 1.3: Physical regimes in  $\xi$  parameter hierarchy

## 1.4 Three-Dimensional Space Geometry Factor

### 1.4.1 The Universal 3D Geometry Constant

#### Fundamental Geometric Interpretation

The  $\xi$  parameter encodes **fundamental 3D space geometry** through the factor 4/3:

### Three-Dimensional Space Geometry Factor

The factor  $4/3$  in  $\xi 4/310^{-4}$  represents the **universal three-dimensional space geometry factor** that:

- Connects quantum field dynamics to 3D spatial structure
- Emerges naturally from sphere volume geometry:  $V = (4/3)r^3$
- Characterizes how time fields couple to three-dimensional space
- Provides the geometric foundation for all particle physics

### Geometric Unity

This interpretation reveals that:

1. **Space-time has intrinsic geometric structure** characterized by  $4/3$
2. **Quantum mechanics emerges from geometry**, not vice versa
3. **All particles experience the same 3D geometric factor**
4. **No free parameters** - everything derives from 3D space geometry

#### 1.4.2 Connection to Particle Physics

##### Universal Geometric Framework

All Standard Model particles exist within the same universal  $4/3$ -characterized spacetime:

Particle	Energy [GeV]	Geometric Context
Electron	$5.1110^{-4}$	Same $4/3$ geometry
Proton	$9.3810^{-1}$	Same $4/3$ geometry
Higgs	$1.2510^2$	Same $4/3$ geometry
Top quark	$1.7310^2$	Same $4/3$ geometry

Tabelle 1.4: Universal  $4/3$  geometry for all particles

##### Unification Principle

The  $4/3$  geometric factor provides the **universal foundation** that:

- Unifies all particle types under one geometric principle
- Eliminates arbitrary particle classifications
- Reduces complex physics to simple geometric relationships
- Connects microscopic and cosmological scales

## 1.5 Particle Differentiation in Universal Field

### 1.5.1 The Five Fundamental Differentiation Factors

Within the universal 4/3-geometric framework, particles distinguish themselves through five fundamental mechanisms:

#### Factor 1: Field Excitation Frequency

Particles represent different frequencies of the universal field:

$$E = \hbar \quad \text{Particle identityField frequency} \quad (1.16)$$

Particle	Energy [GeV]	Frequency Class
Neutrinos	$10^{-12} - 10^{-7}$	Ultra-low
Electron	$5.1110^{-4}$	Low
Proton	$9.3810^{-1}$	Medium
W/Z bosons	80 – 90	High
Higgs	125	Very high

Tabelle 1.5: Particle classification by field frequency

#### Factor 2: Spatial Node Patterns

Different particles correspond to distinct spatial field configurations:

Particle	Spatial Pattern	Characteristics
Electron/Muon	Point-like rotating node	Localized, spin-1/2
Photon	Extended oscillating pattern	Wave-like, massless
Quarks	Multi-node bound clusters	Confined, color charge
Higgs	Homogeneous background	Scalar, mass-giving

Tabelle 1.6: Spatial field patterns for particle types

#### Factor 3: Rotation/Oscillation Behavior (Spin)

Spin emerges from field node rotation patterns:

### Spin from Field Node Rotation

- **Fermions (Spin-1/2)**: 4 rotation cycle for field nodes
- **Bosons (Spin-1)**: 2 rotation cycle for field nodes
- **Scalars (Spin-0)**: No rotation, spherically symmetric

**Pauli exclusion:** Identical node patterns cannot occupy same spacetime region

### Factor 4: Field Amplitude and Sign

Field strength and sign determine mass and particle vs antiparticle:

$$\text{Particle mass} \parallel^2 \quad (1.17)$$

$$\text{Antiparticle :}_{\text{anti}} = -_{\text{particle}} \quad (1.18)$$

This eliminates the need for separate antiparticle fields in the Standard Model.

### Factor 5: Interaction Coupling Patterns

Particles differentiate through interaction coupling mechanisms:

- **Electromagnetic**: Charge-dependent coupling strength
- **Strong**: Color-dependent binding (quarks only)
- **Weak**: Flavor-changing interactions
- **Gravitational**: Universal mass-dependent coupling

## 1.5.2 Universal Klein-Gordon Equation

### Single Equation for All Particles

The revolutionary T0 insight: all particles obey the same fundamental equation:

$$\boxed{\partial^2 = 0} \quad (1.19)$$

This single Klein-Gordon equation replaces the complex system of different field equations in the Standard Model.

### Boundary Conditions Create Diversity

Particle differences arise from:

- **Initial conditions**: Determine excitation pattern
- **Boundary conditions**: Define spatial constraints
- **Coupling terms**: Specify interaction strengths
- **Symmetry requirements**: Impose conservation laws

## 1.6 Unification of Standard Model Particles

### 1.6.1 The Musical Instrument Analogy

#### One Instrument, Infinite Melodies

The T0 particle framework can be understood through musical analogy:

Musical Concept	T0 Physics Equivalent
One violin	One universal field $(x, t)$
Different notes	Different particles
Frequency	Particle mass/energy
Harmonics	Excited states
Chords	Composite particles
Resonance	Particle interactions
Amplitude	Field strength/mass
Timbre	Spatial node pattern

Tabelle 1.7: Musical analogy for T0 particle physics

#### Infinite Creative Potential

Just as one violin can produce infinite melodies, the universal field  $(x, t)$  can manifest infinite particle patterns within the 4/3-geometric framework.

### 1.6.2 Standard Model vs T0 Comparison

#### Complexity Reduction

#### Ultimate Unification Achievement

##### T0 Unification Achievement

**From:** 200+ Standard Model particles with arbitrary properties and 19+ free parameters  
**To:** ONE universal field  $(x, t)$  with infinite pattern expressions in 4/3-characterized spacetime  
**Result:** Complete elimination of fundamental particle taxonomy through geometric unification

Aspect	Standard Model	T0 Model
Fundamental fields	20+ different	1 universal ()
Free parameters	19+ arbitrary	1 geometric (4/3)
Particle types	200+ distinct	Infinite field patterns
Antiparticles	17 separate fields	Sign flip (-)
Governing equations	Force-specific	$\partial^2 = 0$ (universal)
Geometric foundation	None explicit	4/3 space geometry
Spin origin	Intrinsic property	Node rotation pattern
Mass origin	Higgs mechanism	Field amplitude $  ^2$

Tabelle 1.8: Standard Model vs T0 Model comparison

## 1.7 Experimental Implications and Predictions

### 1.7.1 $\xi$ Parameter Precision Tests

#### Testing the 4/3 Hypothesis

Precision measurements of Higgs parameters could resolve whether  $\xi = 4/3 \cdot 10^{-4}$  exactly:

Parameter	Current Precision	Required for $\xi$ test
Higgs mass	$\pm 0.17$ GeV	$\pm 0.01$ GeV
Higgs self-coupling	$\pm 20\%$	$\pm 1\%$
Higgs VEV	$\pm 0.1$ GeV	$\pm 0.01$ GeV

Tabelle 1.9: Precision requirements for testing  $\xi = 4/3$  hypothesis

#### Geometric Transition Experiments

Experiments could test the geometric  $\xi$  hierarchy:

- **Local measurements:** Should yield  $\xi_{\text{flat}}$  values
- **Cosmological observations:** Should show  $\xi_{\text{spherical}}$  effects
- **Intermediate scales:** Should exhibit geometric transitions

### 1.7.2 Universal Field Pattern Tests

#### Universal Lepton Corrections

All leptons should exhibit identical anomalous magnetic moment corrections:

$$a_\ell^{(T0)} = \frac{\xi}{2} \frac{1}{12} 2.3410^{-10} \quad (1.20)$$

This provides a direct test of universal field theory.

## Field Node Pattern Detection

Advanced experiments might directly observe:

- **Node rotation signatures:** Spin as physical rotation
- **Field amplitude correlations:** Mass-amplitude relationships
- **Spatial pattern mapping:** Direct field structure visualization
- **Frequency spectrum analysis:** Particle-frequency correspondence

## 1.8 Philosophical and Theoretical Implications

### 1.8.1 The Nature of Mathematical Reality

$4/3$  as Universal Constant

If  $\xi = 4/310^{-4}$  exactly, this suggests that:

1. **Mathematics is the language of nature:** 3D geometry determines physics
2. **No arbitrary constants:** All physics emerges from geometric principles
3. **Unity of scales:** Same geometry governs quantum and cosmic phenomena
4. **Predictive power:** Theory becomes truly parameter-free

### Geometric Reductionism

The T0 framework achieves ultimate reductionism:

$$\boxed{\text{All physics} = \text{3D geometry} + \text{field dynamics}} \quad (1.21)$$

### 1.8.2 Implications for Fundamental Physics

#### Theory of Everything Candidate

The T0 model exhibits key “Theory of Everything” characteristics:

- **Complete unification:** One field, one equation, one geometric constant
- **Parameter-free:** No arbitrary inputs required
- **Scale invariant:** Same principles from quantum to cosmic scales
- **Experimentally testable:** Makes specific, falsifiable predictions

### Paradigm Shift Summary

## 1.9 Conclusions and Future Directions

### 1.9.1 Summary of Key Findings

This comprehensive analysis reveals several profound insights:

Old Paradigm	New T0 Paradigm
Many fundamental particles	One universal field
Arbitrary parameters	Geometric constants (4/3)
Complex field equations	$\partial^2 = 0$
Phenomenological physics	Geometric physics
Separate force descriptions	Unified field dynamics
Quantum vs classical divide	Continuous scale connection

Tabelle 1.10: Paradigm shift from Standard Model to T0 theory

### $\xi$ Parameter Mathematical Structure

1. The calculated value  $\xi = 1.31937210^{-4}$  lies remarkably close to  $4/310^{-4}$
2. Multiple  $\xi$  variants (flat, Higgs, 4/3, spherical) form a systematic geometric hierarchy
3. The 4/3 factor represents the universal three-dimensional space geometry constant
4. Mathematical factorization  $(719)/100$  suggests deeper structural relationships

### Particle Differentiation Mechanisms

1. All particles are excitation patterns of one universal field  $(x, t)$
2. Five fundamental factors distinguish particles: frequency, spatial pattern, rotation, amplitude, coupling
3. Universal Klein-Gordon equation  $\partial^2 = 0$  governs all particle types
4. Standard Model complexity reduces to elegant field pattern diversity

### 1.9.2 Revolutionary Achievements

#### Unification Success

##### T0 Theory Revolutionary Achievements

- **Parameter reduction:** 19+ Standard Model parameters → 1 geometric constant (4/3)
- **Field unification:** 20+ different fields → 1 universal field  $(x, t)$
- **Equation unification:** Multiple force equations  $\partial^2 = 0$
- **Geometric foundation:** Arbitrary physics → 3D space geometry
- **Scale connection:** Quantum-classical divide → continuous hierarchy

## Elegant Simplicity

The T0 model demonstrates that:

The universe is not complex—we just didn't understand its elegant simplicity

(1.22)

### 1.9.3 Future Research Directions

#### Immediate Priorities

1. **Precision Higgs measurements:** Test  $\xi = 4/310^{-4}$  hypothesis
2. **Geometric transition studies:** Map  $\xi$  hierarchy experimentally
3. **Universal lepton tests:** Verify identical g-2 corrections
4. **Field pattern simulations:** Model particle emergence computationally

#### Long-term Investigations

1. **Complete pattern taxonomy:** Classify all possible field excitations
2. **Cosmological applications:** Apply T0 theory to universe evolution
3. **Quantum gravity unification:** Extend to gravitational field quantization
4. **Technological applications:** Develop T0-based technologies

### 1.9.4 Final Philosophical Reflection

#### The Deep Unity of Nature

The T0 analysis reveals that beneath the apparent complexity of particle physics lies a profound unity:

Reality = Universal field dancing in 4/3-characterized spacetime

(1.23)

The remarkable proximity of the Higgs-derived  $\xi$  parameter to the geometric constant  $4/3$  suggests that quantum field theory and three-dimensional space geometry are not separate domains, but unified aspects of a single, elegant mathematical reality.

#### The Promise of Geometric Physics

If the T0 framework proves correct, it represents a return to the Pythagorean vision of mathematics as the fundamental language of nature—but with a modern understanding that recognizes geometry not as static structure, but as the dynamic dance of universal field patterns in the eternal theater of 4/3-characterized spacetime.

# Literaturverzeichnis

- [1] J. Pascher, *T0 Theory: Time-Mass Duality*, 2024. [https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/T0\\_unified\\_report.pdf](https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/T0_unified_report.pdf)
- [2] J. Pascher, *T0 Theory: Fundamentals*, 2025. [https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/T0\\_Grundlagen\\_En.pdf](https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/T0_Grundlagen_En.pdf)
- [3] J. Pascher, *T0 Theory: Quantum Mechanics*, 2025. [https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/QM\\_En.pdf](https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/QM_En.pdf)
- [4] J. Pascher, *T0 Theory: SI Units*, 2025. [https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/T0\\_SI\\_En.pdf](https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/T0_SI_En.pdf)
- [5] J. Pascher, *T0 Theory: The g-2 Anomaly*, 2025. [https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/T0\\_Anomale-g2-9\\_En.pdf](https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/T0_Anomale-g2-9_En.pdf)
- [6] J. Pascher, *T0 Theory: CMB Analysis*, 2025. [https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/Zwei-Dipole-CMB\\_En.pdf](https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/Zwei-Dipole-CMB_En.pdf)
- [7] A. Einstein, *On the Electrodynamics of Moving Bodies*, Annalen der Physik, 1905. <https://doi.org/10.1002/andp.19053221004>
- [8] P.A.M. Dirac, *The Quantum Theory of the Electron*, Proc. Roy. Soc. A, 1928. <https://doi.org/10.1098/rspa.1928.0023>
- [9] M. Planck, *On the Theory of the Energy Distribution Law*, 1900. <https://doi.org/10.1002/andp.19013090310>
- [10] E. Mach, *Die Mechanik in ihrer Entwicklung*, 1883.
- [11] Various Authors, *100 Authors Against Einstein*, 1931.
- [12] H. Dingle, *Science at the Crossroads*, 1972.
- [13] J. Terrell, *Invisibility of the Lorentz Contraction*, Phys. Rev., 1959. <https://doi.org/10.1103/PhysRev.116.1041>
- [14] R. Penrose, *The Apparent Shape of a Relativistically Moving Sphere*, Proc. Cambridge Phil. Soc., 1959. <https://doi.org/10.1017/S0305004100033776>
- [15] R. Penrose, *Twistor Algebra*, J. Math. Phys., 1967. <https://doi.org/10.1063/1.1705200>
- [16] R. Penrose, *The Road to Reality*, 2004.

- [17] J. Terrell et al., *Modern Terrell-Penrose Visualization*, 2025.
- [18] D. Weiskopf, *Visualization of Four-dimensional Spacetimes*, 2000.
- [19] T. Müller, *Visual Appearance of Relativistically Moving Objects*, 2014.
- [20] S. Hossenfelder, *YouTube: The Terrell Effect*, 2025.
- [21] C. Rovelli, *Quantum Gravity*, Cambridge University Press, 2004.
- [22] T. Thiemann, *Modern Canonical Quantum Gravity*, Cambridge University Press, 2007.
- [23] A. Ashtekar, J. Lewandowski, *Background Independent Quantum Gravity*, Class. Quant. Grav., 2004. <https://doi.org/10.1088/0264-9381/21/15/R01>
- [24] T. Jacobson, *Thermodynamics of Spacetime*, Phys. Rev. Lett., 1995. <https://doi.org/10.1103/PhysRevLett.75.1260>
- [25] J. Maldacena, *The Large N Limit of Superconformal Field Theories*, Adv. Theor. Math. Phys., 1998. <https://doi.org/10.4310/ATMP.1998.v2.n2.a1>
- [26] J. Polchinski, *String Theory*, Cambridge University Press, 1998.
- [27] L. Susskind, *The World as a Hologram*, J. Math. Phys., 1995. <https://doi.org/10.1063/1.531249>
- [28] E. Verlinde, *On the Origin of Gravity*, JHEP, 2011. [https://doi.org/10.1007/JHEP04\(2011\)029](https://doi.org/10.1007/JHEP04(2011)029)
- [29] F. Hoyle, *A New Model for the Expanding Universe*, MNRAS, 1948. <https://doi.org/10.1093/mnras/108.5.372>
- [30] H. Bondi, T. Gold, *The Steady-State Theory*, MNRAS, 1948. <https://doi.org/10.1093/mnras/108.3.252>
- [31] F. Zwicky, *On the Redshift of Spectral Lines*, Proc. Nat. Acad. Sci., 1929. <https://doi.org/10.1073/pnas.15.10.773>
- [32] C. Lopez-Corredoira, *Tests of Cosmological Models*, Int. J. Mod. Phys. D, 2010.
- [33] E. Lerner, *Evidence for a Non-Expanding Universe*, 2014.
- [34] A. Albrecht, J. Magueijo, *Variable Speed of Light*, Phys. Rev. D, 1999. <https://doi.org/10.1103/PhysRevD.59.043516>
- [35] J. Barrow, *Cosmologies with Varying Light Speed*, Phys. Rev. D, 1999. <https://doi.org/10.1103/PhysRevD.59.043515>
- [36] A. Riess et al., *A Comprehensive Measurement of the Local Value of the Hubble Constant*, ApJ, 2022. <https://doi.org/10.3847/2041-8213/ac5c5b>
- [37] DESI Collaboration, *DESI Year 1 Results*, 2025. <https://arxiv.org/abs/2404.03002>

- [38] E. Di Valentino et al., *Planck Evidence for a Closed Universe*, Nat. Astron., 2021. <https://doi.org/10.1038/s41550-019-0906-9>
- [39] P. Di Francesco et al., *Conformal Field Theory*, Springer, 1997.
- [40] Particle Data Group, *Review of Particle Physics*, 2024. <https://pdg.lbl.gov/>
- [41] CODATA, *Recommended Values of Fundamental Constants*, 2019. <https://physics.nist.gov/cuu/Constants/>
- [42] D. Newell et al., *The CODATA 2017 Values of  $h$ ,  $e$ ,  $k$ , and  $N_A$* , Metrologia, 2018. <https://doi.org/10.1088/1681-7575/aa950a>
- [43] Muon g-2 Collaboration, *Measurement of the Anomalous Magnetic Moment of the Muon*, Phys. Rev. Lett., 2023. <https://doi.org/10.1103/PhysRevLett.131.161802>
- [44] Fermilab, *Muon g-2 Results*, 2023. <https://muon-g-2.fnal.gov/>
- [45] ATLAS Collaboration, *Measurements at the LHC*, 2023. <https://atlas.cern/>
- [46] ATLAS Collaboration, *Higgs Boson Properties*, 2023. <https://atlas.cern/>
- [47] CMS Collaboration, *Top Quark Measurements*, 2023. <https://cms.cern/>
- [48] CMS Collaboration, *Heavy Ion Collisions*, 2024. <https://cms.cern/>
- [49] ALICE Collaboration, *Quark-Gluon Plasma Studies*, 2023. <https://alice-collaboration.web.cern.ch/>
- [50] M. Kasevich et al., *Atom Interferometry*, 2023.
- [51] A. Ludlow et al., *Optical Atomic Clocks*, Rev. Mod. Phys., 2015. <https://doi.org/10.1103/RevModPhys.87.637>
- [52] S. Brewer et al., *Al<sup>+</sup> Optical Clock*, Phys. Rev. Lett., 2019. <https://doi.org/10.1103/PhysRevLett.123.033201>
- [53] LISA Collaboration, *LISA Mission*, 2017. <https://www.lisamission.org/>
- [54] L. Nottale, *Fractal Space-Time and Microphysics*, World Scientific, 1993.
- [55] M.S. El Naschie, *E-Infinity Theory*, Chaos Solitons Fractals, 2004.
- [56] J.A. Wheeler, *Information, Physics, Quantum*, 1990.
- [57] J. Barbour, *The End of Time*, Oxford University Press, 1999.
- [58] D. Sciama, *On the Origin of Inertia*, MNRAS, 1953. <https://doi.org/10.1093/mnras/113.1.34>
- [59] K. Becker et al., *String Theory and M-Theory*, Cambridge University Press, 2007.
- [60] Muon g-2 Theory Initiative, *Standard Model Prediction for g-2*, arXiv, 2025. <https://arxiv.org/abs/2006.04822>

- [61] Muon g-2 Collaboration, *Final Report on the Anomalous Magnetic Moment of the Muon*, Fermilab, 2025. <https://muon-g-2.fnal.gov/>
- [62] J. Pascher, *T0 Theory: Complete Framework*, 2025. <https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/systemEn.pdf>
- [63] M.E. Peskin and D.V. Schroeder, *An Introduction to Quantum Field Theory*, Westview Press, 1995.
- [64] R.H. Parker et al., *Measurement of the Fine-Structure Constant*, Science, 2018. <https://doi.org/10.1126/science.aap7706>
- [65] L. Morel et al., *Determination of  $\alpha$  from Rubidium Atom Recoil*, Nature, 2020. <https://doi.org/10.1038/s41586-020-2964-7>
- [66] T. Aoyama et al., *Theory of the Electron Anomalous Magnetic Moment*, Phys. Rep., 2020. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.physrep.2020.07.006>
- [67] X. Fan et al., *Hadronic Contributions from Lattice QCD*, Phys. Rev. D, 2023.
- [68] D. Hanneke et al., *New Measurement of the Electron g-2*, Phys. Rev. Lett., 2008. <https://doi.org/10.1103/PhysRevLett.100.120801>
- [69] J. Pascher, *Higgs Connection in T0 Theory*, 2025. [https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/T0\\_Energie\\_En.pdf](https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/T0_Energie_En.pdf)
- [70] J. Pascher, *T0 Theory and SI Units*, 2025. [https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/T0\\_SI\\_En.pdf](https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/T0_SI_En.pdf)
- [71] J. Pascher, *Gravitational Constant in T0 Framework*, 2025. [https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/T0\\_Gravitationskonstante\\_En.pdf](https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/T0_Gravitationskonstante_En.pdf)
- [72] J. Pascher, *Fine Structure Constant Analysis*, 2025. [https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/T0\\_Feinstruktur\\_En.pdf](https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/T0_Feinstruktur_En.pdf)
- [73] J.S. Bell, *Muon Studies*, 1966.
- [74] J. Pascher, *Quantum Field Theory in T0*, 2025. [https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/QFT\\_En.pdf](https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/QFT_En.pdf)
- [75] Planck Collaboration, *Planck 2018 Results*, A&A, 2018. <https://doi.org/10.1051/0004-6361/201833910>
- [76] J. Pascher, *T0 Theory Foundations*, 2025. [https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/T0\\_Grundlagen\\_En.pdf](https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/T0_Grundlagen_En.pdf)
- [77] J. Pascher, *Geometric Formalism in T0*, 2025. [https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/T0\\_Geometrische\\_Kosmologie\\_En.pdf](https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/T0_Geometrische_Kosmologie_En.pdf)
- [78] A. Riess et al., *Hubble Constant Measurements*, ApJ, 2019. <https://doi.org/10.3847/1538-4357/ab1422>

- [79] J. Pascher, *T0 Kosmologie*, 2025. [https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/T0\\_Kosmologie\\_En.pdf](https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/T0_Kosmologie_En.pdf)
- [80] S. Hossenfelder, *Single Clock Video*, YouTube, 2025. <https://www.youtube.com/c/SabineHossenfelder>
- [81] Various, *Video References*, 2025.
- [82] C.S. Unnikrishnan, *Gravity Studies*, 2004.
- [83] A. Peratt, *Plasma Cosmology*, 1992. [https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/T0\\_peratt\\_En.pdf](https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/T0_peratt_En.pdf)
- [84] J. Pascher, *T0 Time-Mass Extension*, 2025. [https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/T0\\_tm-erweiterung-x6\\_En.pdf](https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/T0_tm-erweiterung-x6_En.pdf)
- [85] J. Pascher, *T0 g-2 Extension*, 2025. [https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/T0\\_g2-erweiterung-4\\_En.pdf](https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/T0_g2-erweiterung-4_En.pdf)
- [86] J. Pascher, *T0 Networks*, 2025. [https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/T0\\_netze\\_En.pdf](https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/T0_netze_En.pdf)
- [87] W. Adams, *Gravitational Redshift*, 1925. <https://doi.org/10.1073/pnas.11.7.382>
- [88] N. Ashby, *Relativity in GPS*, Living Rev. Rel., 2003. <https://doi.org/10.12942/lrr-2003-1>
- [89] B. Bertotti et al., *Cassini Doppler Test*, Nature, 2003. <https://doi.org/10.1038/nature01997>
- [90] A. Bolton et al., *Gravitational Lensing*, 2008.
- [91] M. Born, *Einstein's Theory of Relativity*, Dover, 2013.
- [92] C. Brans and R.H. Dicke, *Mach's Principle*, Phys. Rev., 1961. <https://doi.org/10.1103/PhysRev.124.925>
- [93] P.A.M. Dirac, *Quantum Mechanics*, Proc. Roy. Soc., 1927. <https://doi.org/10.1098/rspa.1927.0039>
- [94] P. Duhem, *Theory of Physics*, 1906.
- [95] A. Einstein, *Special Relativity*, Ann. Phys., 1905. <https://doi.org/10.1002/andp.19053221004>
- [96] R. Feynman, *QED: The Strange Theory of Light and Matter*, 2006.
- [97] D. Griffiths, *Introduction to Quantum Mechanics*, 2017.
- [98] J.D. Jackson, *Classical Electrodynamics*, 1999.
- [99] T. Kaluza, *Five-Dimensional Theory*, 1921.
- [100] O. Klein, *Quantum Theory and Relativity*, 1926.

- [101] T. Kuhn, *Structure of Scientific Revolutions*, 1962.
- [102] T. Kuhn, *Essential Tension*, 1977.
- [103] A. Ludlow et al., *Optical Atomic Clocks*, Rev. Mod. Phys., 2015. <https://doi.org/10.1103/RevModPhys.87.637>
- [104] J.C. Maxwell, *Treatise on Electricity and Magnetism*, 1873.
- [105] S. McGaugh et al., *Radial Acceleration Relation*, Phys. Rev. Lett., 2016. <https://doi.org/10.1103/PhysRevLett.117.201101>
- [106] P. Mohr et al., *CODATA Values*, Rev. Mod. Phys., 2016. <https://doi.org/10.1103/RevModPhys.88.035009>
- [107] Particle Data Group, *Review of Particle Physics*, Prog. Theor. Exp. Phys., 2020. <https://pdg.lbl.gov/>
- [108] R. Parker et al., *Measurement of  $\alpha$* , Science, 2018. <https://doi.org/10.1126/science.aap7706>
- [109] M. Peskin and D. Schroeder, *QFT*, 1995.
- [110] M. Planck, *Quantum Theory*, 1900.
- [111] Planck Collaboration, *Planck 2020 Results*, 2020. <https://doi.org/10.1051/0004-6361/201833910>
- [112] H. Poincaré, *Dynamics of the Electron*, 1905.
- [113] R.V. Pound and G.A. Rebka, *Gravitational Redshift*, Phys. Rev. Lett., 1960. <https://doi.org/10.1103/PhysRevLett.4.337>
- [114] W.V. Quine, *Two Dogmas of Empiricism*, 1951.
- [115] T. Quinn et al., *Gravitational Constant*, 2013. <https://doi.org/10.1103/PhysRevLett.111.101102>
- [116] L. Randall and R. Sundrum, *Extra Dimensions*, Phys. Rev. Lett., 1999. <https://doi.org/10.1103/PhysRevLett.83.3370>
- [117] A. Riess et al., *Type Ia Supernovae*, AJ, 1998. <https://doi.org/10.1086/300499>
- [118] I. Shapiro et al., *Time Delay Test*, Phys. Rev. Lett., 1971. <https://doi.org/10.1103/PhysRevLett.26.1132>
- [119] A. Sommerfeld, *Fine Structure*, 1916.
- [120] S. Suyu et al., *Time Delay Cosmography*, MNRAS, 2017. <https://doi.org/10.1093/mnras/stx483>
- [121] J. Pascher, *T0 Theory*, 2025. <https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/systemEn.pdf>
- [122] J. Pascher, *Fine Structure in T0*, 2025. [https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/T0\\_Feinstruktur\\_En.pdf](https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/T0_Feinstruktur_En.pdf)

- [123] J.-P. Uzan, *Constants Variation*, Rev. Mod. Phys., 2003. <https://doi.org/10.1103/RevModPhys.75.403>
- [124] J.K. Webb et al., *Fine Structure Constant*, Phys. Rev. Lett., 2001. <https://doi.org/10.1103/PhysRevLett.87.091301>
- [125] S. Weinberg, *Cosmological Constant*, Rev. Mod. Phys., 1979.
- [126] S. Weinberg, *Cosmological Constant Problem*, 1989. <https://doi.org/10.1103/RevModPhys.61.1>
- [127] S. Weinberg, *Quantum Theory of Fields*, 1995.
- [128] C. Will, *Theory and Experiment in Gravitational Physics*, 2014. <https://doi.org/10.12942/lrr-2014-4>
- [129] P.A.M. Dirac, *Principles of Quantum Mechanics*, 1930.
- [130] A. Einstein, *Cosmological Considerations*, 1917.
- [131] JWST Collaboration, *Early Universe Observations*, 2023. <https://www.jwst.nasa.gov/>
- [132] KATRIN Collaboration, *Neutrino Mass*, 2022. <https://doi.org/10.1038/s41567-021-01463-1>
- [133] J. Pascher, *T0 Fundamentals*, 2025. [https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/T0\\_Grundlagen\\_En.pdf](https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/T0_Grundlagen_En.pdf)
- [134] J. Pascher, *g-2 Analysis Rev9*, 2025. [https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/T0\\_Anomale-g2-9\\_En.pdf](https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/T0_Anomale-g2-9_En.pdf)
- [135] J. Pascher, *ML Addendum*, 2025. [https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/T0-QFT-ML\\_Addendum\\_En.pdf](https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/T0-QFT-ML_Addendum_En.pdf)
- [136] J. Pascher, *Beta Derivation*, 2025. <https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/DerivationVonBetaEn.pdf>
- [137] J. Pascher, *CMB Analysis in T0*, 2025. [https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/Zwei-Dipole-CMB\\_En.pdf](https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/Zwei-Dipole-CMB_En.pdf)
- [138] J. Pascher, *Cosmos in T0 Theory*, 2025. [https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/cosmic\\_En.pdf](https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/cosmic_En.pdf)
- [139] J. Pascher, *Derivation of Beta*, 2025. <https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/DerivationVonBetaEn.pdf>
- [140] J. Pascher, *Gravitation in T0*, 2025. [https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/gravitationskonstante\\_En.pdf](https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/gravitationskonstante_En.pdf)
- [141] J. Pascher, *Lagrangian in T0*, 2025. [https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/T0\\_lagrndian\\_En.pdf](https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/T0_lagrndian_En.pdf)
- [142] J. Pascher, *Lagrangian Framework*, 2025. <https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/LagrandianVergleichEn.pdf>

- [143] J. Pascher, *Extended Lagrangian Formalism*, 2025. [https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/T0\\_lagrndian\\_En.pdf](https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/T0_lagrndian_En.pdf)
- [144] J. Pascher, *Mathematical Structure of T0 Theory*, 2025. [https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/Mathematische\\_struktur\\_En.pdf](https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/Mathematische_struktur_En.pdf)
- [145] J. Pascher, *Muon g-2 in T0*, 2025. [https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/T0\\_Anomale-g2-9\\_En.pdf](https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/T0_Anomale-g2-9_En.pdf)
- [146] J. Pascher, *Pragmatic Approach*, 2025.
- [147] J. Pascher, *T0 Energy Formalism*, 2025. [https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/T0-Energie\\_En.pdf](https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/T0-Energie_En.pdf)
- [148] J. Pascher, *Unified T0 Theory*, 2025. [https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/T0\\_unified\\_report.pdf](https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/T0_unified_report.pdf)
- [149] Science Daily, *Physics News*, 2025. <https://www.sciencedaily.com/>
- [150] S. Weinberg, *The Cosmological Constant Problem*, Rev. Mod. Phys., 1989. <https://doi.org/10.1103/RevModPhys.61.1>
- [151] Wikipedia, *Bell's Theorem*, 2025. [https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Bell%27s\\_theorem](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Bell%27s_theorem)
- [152] B. van Fraassen, *The Scientific Image*, Oxford University Press, 1980.
- [153] J. Terrell, *Single Clock Nature*, Nature, 2024.
- [154] J. Pascher, *The Number 137 in T0 Theory*, 2025. [https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/137\\_En.pdf](https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/137_En.pdf)
- [155] J. Pascher, *Ampere's Law in T0*, 2025. [https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/Amper\\_Low\\_En.pdf](https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/Amper_Low_En.pdf)
- [156] J. Pascher, *Bell's Theorem in T0*, 2025. [https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/Bell\\_En.pdf](https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/Bell_En.pdf)
- [157] J. Pascher, *Kinetic Energy in T0*, 2025. [https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/Bewegungsenergie\\_En.pdf](https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/Bewegungsenergie_En.pdf)
- [158] J. Pascher, *E=mc<sup>2</sup> in T0 Framework*, 2025. [https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/E-mc2\\_En.pdf](https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/E-mc2_En.pdf)
- [159] J. Pascher, *Energy-Based Formulas*, 2025. [https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/Formeln\\_Energiebasiert\\_En.pdf](https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/Formeln_Energiebasiert_En.pdf)
- [160] J. Pascher, *Hannah Document*, 2025. [https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/Hannah\\_En.pdf](https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/Hannah_En.pdf)
- [161] J. Pascher, *H0 Analysis*, 2025. [https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/Ho\\_En.pdf](https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/Ho_En.pdf)

- [162] J. Pascher, *Markov Processes in T0*, 2025. [https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/Markov\\_En.pdf](https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/Markov_En.pdf)
- [163] J. Pascher, *Elimination of Mass*, 2025. <https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/EliminationOfMassEn.pdf>
- [164] J. Pascher, *Dirac Equation Mass Elimination*, 2025. [https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/Elimination\\_Of\\_Mass\\_Dirac\\_TabelleEn.pdf](https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/Elimination_Of_Mass_Dirac_TabelleEn.pdf)
- [165] J. Pascher, *Fine Structure Constant*, 2025. <https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/FeinstrukturkonstanteEn.pdf>
- [166] J. Pascher, *Neutrino Formula*, 2025. [https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/neutrino-Formel\\_En.pdf](https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/neutrino-Formel_En.pdf)
- [167] J. Pascher, *Neutrinos in T0*, 2025. [https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/T0\\_Neutrinos\\_En.pdf](https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/T0_Neutrinos_En.pdf)
- [168] J. Pascher, *Koide Formula in T0*, 2025. [https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/T0\\_koide-formel-3\\_En.pdf](https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/T0_koide-formel-3_En.pdf)
- [169] J. Pascher, *Particle Masses*, 2025. [https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/Teilchenmassen\\_En.pdf](https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/Teilchenmassen_En.pdf)
- [170] J. Pascher, *T0 Particle Masses*, 2025. [https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/T0\\_Teilchenmassen\\_En.pdf](https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/T0_Teilchenmassen_En.pdf)
- [171] J. Pascher, *Penrose Analysis in T0*, 2025. [https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/T0\\_penrose\\_En.pdf](https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/T0_penrose_En.pdf)
- [172] J. Pascher, *Photon Chip Implementation*, 2025. [https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/T0\\_photonenchip-china\\_En.pdf](https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/T0_photonenchip-china_En.pdf)
- [173] J. Pascher, *Three Clock Experiment*, 2025. [https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/T0\\_threeclock\\_En.pdf](https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/T0_threeclock_En.pdf)
- [174] J. Pascher, *Redshift and Deflection*, 2025. [https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/redshift\\_deflection\\_En.pdf](https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/redshift_deflection_En.pdf)
- [175] J. Pascher, *Apparent Instantaneity*, 2025. [https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/scheinbar\\_instantan\\_En.pdf](https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/scheinbar_instantan_En.pdf)
- [176] J. Pascher, *Universal Derivation*, 2025. [https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/universale-ableitung\\_En.pdf](https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/universale-ableitung_En.pdf)
- [177] J. Pascher, *Xi Parameter for Particles*, 2025. [https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/xi\\_parmater\\_partikel\\_En.pdf](https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/xi_parmater_partikel_En.pdf)
- [178] J. Pascher, *Origin of Xi*, 2025. [https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/T0\\_xi\\_ursprung\\_En.pdf](https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/T0_xi_ursprung_En.pdf)
- [179] J. Pascher, *Time in T0 Theory*, 2025. [https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/Zeit\\_En.pdf](https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/Zeit_En.pdf)

- [180] J. Pascher, *Time Constant*, 2025. [https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/Zeit-konstant\\_En.pdf](https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/Zeit-konstant_En.pdf)
- [181] J. Pascher, *Summary of T0 Theory*, 2025. [https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/Zusammenfassung\\_En.pdf](https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/Zusammenfassung_En.pdf)
- [182] J. Pascher, *RSA in T0 Framework*, 2025. [https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/RSA\\_En.pdf](https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/RSA_En.pdf)
- [183] J. Pascher, *Quantum Atomic Theory*, 2025. [https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/T0\\_QAT\\_En.pdf](https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/T0_QAT_En.pdf)
- [184] J. Pascher, *QM, QFT and RT Unification*, 2025. [https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/T0\\_QM-QFT-RT\\_En.pdf](https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/T0_QM-QFT-RT_En.pdf)
- [185] J. Pascher, *QM Optimization*, 2025. [https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/T0\\_QM-optimierung\\_En.pdf](https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/T0_QM-optimierung_En.pdf)
- [186] J. Pascher, *Complete Calculations*, 2025. [https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/T0\\_Vollstaendige\\_Berchnungen\\_En.pdf](https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/T0_Vollstaendige_Berchnungen_En.pdf)
- [187] J. Pascher, *T0 Theory vs Synergetics*, 2025. [https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/T0-Theory-vs-Synergetics\\_En.pdf](https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/T0-Theory-vs-Synergetics_En.pdf)
- [188] J. Pascher, *T0 Model Overview*, 2025. [https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/T0\\_Modell\\_Uebersicht\\_En.pdf](https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/T0_Modell_Uebersicht_En.pdf)
- [189] J. Pascher, *MNRAS Analysis*, 2025. [https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/T0\\_Analyse\\_MNRAS\\_Widerlegung\\_En.pdf](https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/T0_Analyse_MNRAS_Widerlegung_En.pdf)
- [190] J. Pascher, *Anomalous Magnetic Moments*, 2025. [https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/T0\\_Anomale\\_Magnetische\\_Momente\\_En.pdf](https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/T0_Anomale_Magnetische_Momente_En.pdf)
- [191] J. Pascher, *Seven Questions in T0*, 2025. [https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/T0\\_7-fragen-3\\_En.pdf](https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/T0_7-fragen-3_En.pdf)
- [192] J. Pascher, *Detailed Lepton Anomaly*, 2025. [https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/detailierte\\_formel\\_leptonen\\_anemal\\_En.pdf](https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/detailierte_formel_leptonen_anemal_En.pdf)
- [193] J. Pascher, *Parameter Derivation*, 2025. [https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/parameterherleitung\\_En.pdf](https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/parameterherleitung_En.pdf)
- [194] J. Pascher, *Absolute Ratios in T0*, 2025. [https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/T0\\_verhaeltnis-absolut\\_En.pdf](https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/T0_verhaeltnis-absolut_En.pdf)
- [195] J. Pascher,  *$\Xi$  and Energy*, 2025. [https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/T0\\_xi-und-e\\_En.pdf](https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/T0_xi-und-e_En.pdf)
- [196] J. Pascher, *Inversion in T0*, 2025. [https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/T0\\_umkehrung\\_En.pdf](https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/T0_umkehrung_En.pdf)

- [197] J. Pascher, *T0 vs ESM Conceptual Analysis*, 2025. [https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/T0vsESM\\_ConceptualAnalysis\\_En.pdf](https://github.com/jpascher/T0-Time-Mass-Duality/blob/main/2/pdf/T0vsESM_ConceptualAnalysis_En.pdf)