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# -*- coding: utf-8 -*-
Created on Wed Apr 28 17:46:50 2021
@author: User
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# -*- coding: utf-8 -*-
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@author: User
.....
import scipy.io
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import tensorflow as tf
from sklearn.metrics import confusion matrix, ConfusionMatrixDisplay
import numpy as np
import numpy
import tensorflow.keras as keras
from sklearn.model selection import train test split
from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelBinarizer
from sklearn.metrics import confusion matrix
from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing.image import ImageDataGenerator
from tensorflow.keras.utils import to categorical
import seaborn as sns
from keras.preprocessing.image import ImageDataGenerator, array to img, img to array, load img
if name ==" main ":
    #import data
    test data = scipy.io.loadmat('CAB420 Assessment 1B Data\Data\Q1\q1 test.mat')
    train_data = scipy.io.loadmat('CAB420_Assessment_1B_Data\Data\Q1\q1_train.mat')
    # Load images and labels
    test Y = np.array(test data['test Y'])
    test X = np.array(test data['test X'])
   train Y = np.array(train data['train Y'])
    train X = np.array(train data['train X']) /255.0
    # Check the shape of the data
   print(test X.shape)
   print(train X.shape)
    # Fix the axes of the images
    test X = np.moveaxis(test X, -1, 0)
    train X = np.moveaxis(train X, -1, 0)
   print(test X.shape)
   print(train X.shape)
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# Plot a random image and its label
plt.imshow(train X[350])
plt.show()
print(train Y[350])
#reshape train Y to vector format
print(test Y)
#replace 10 to 0s in ys
train Y = np.where(train Y==10, 0, train Y)
test Y = np.where(test Y==10, 0, test Y)
a = 5
print(test Y[a])
print(test_Y[a+1])
def unique(list1):
    x = np.array(list1)
    print(np.unique(x))
print("unique")
unique(test Y)
def build model (num classes, output activation=None): #week 4 lec/week 5 prac
    # our model, input in an image shape
    inputs = keras.Input(shape=(32, 32, 3,))
    # run pairs of conv layers, all 3s3 kernels
    x = keras.layers.Conv2D(filters=32, kernel size=(3,3), padding='same',
    activation=None) (inputs)
    x = keras.layers.Conv2D(filters=32, kernel size=(3,3), padding='same',
    activation=None) (x)
    x = keras.layers.BatchNormalization()(x)
    x = \text{keras.layers.SpatialDropout2D}(0.2)(x)
    x = keras.layers.MaxPool2D(pool size=(2, 2))(x)
    # rinse and repeat with 2D convs, batch norm, dropout and max pool
    x = keras.layers.Conv2D(filters=64, kernel size=(3,3), padding='same',
    activation=None) (x)
    x = keras.layers.Conv2D(filters=64, kernel_size=(3,3), padding='same',
    activation=None) (x)
    x = keras.layers.BatchNormalization()(x)
    x = keras.layers.SpatialDropout2D(0.2)(x)
    x = keras.layers.MaxPool2D(pool size=(2, 2))(x)
    # final conv2d, batch norm and spatial dropout
    x = keras.layers.Conv2D(filters=128, kernel size=(3,3), padding='same',
    activation=None) (x)
    x = keras.layers.Conv2D(filters=128, kernel size=(3,3), padding='same',
    activation=None) (x)
    x = keras.layers.BatchNormalization()(x)
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x = keras.layers.SpatialDropout2D(0.2)(x)
    x = keras.layers.MaxPool2D(pool size=(2, 2))(x)
    # flatten layer
    x = keras.layers.Flatten()(x)
    # we'll use a couple of dense layers here, mainly so that we can show what another
    dropout layer looks like
    # in the middle
    x = keras.layers.Dense(128, activation='relu')(x)
    x = keras.layers.Dense(128, activation='relu')(x)
    x = keras.layers.Dense(128, activation='relu')(x)
    x = keras.layers.Dense(64, activation='relu')(x)
    # the output
    outputs = keras.layers.Dense(num_classes, activation=output_activation)(x)
    # build the model, and print a summary
    model cnn = keras.Model(inputs=inputs, outputs=outputs, name='cnn model')
    return model cnn
model = build model(10)
model.summary()
model.compile(loss=keras.losses.SparseCategoricalCrossentropy(from logits=True),
           optimizer=keras.optimizers.Adam(),
           metrics=['accuracy'])
#Data augmentations
datagen = ImageDataGenerator(
                         rotation_range=10,
                         zoom range=[0.9, 1.1],
                         height shift range=0.10,
                         shear range=0.15,
                         #channel shift range=100,
                         #brightness range=(0.3,0.9)
                         )
#model.fit(train X, train Y, batch size = 32, epochs=50)
his = model.fit generator(datagen.flow(train X, train Y, batch size=40),epochs=250)
print("----")
#print(his.history)
print("----")
predictions = model.predict(test_X)
a = 5
print(predictions[a])
print(test Y[a])
print(predictions[a+1])
print(test Y[a+1])
print(predictions[a+2])
print(test Y[a+2])
```

```
def eval model(model, x test, y test):
   test scores = model.evaluate(x test, y test, verbose=2)
   print('Test loss:', test scores[0])
   print('Test accuracy:', test scores[1])
   pred = model.predict(x_test);
   indexes = tf.argmax(pred, axis=1)
   cm = confusion matrix(y test, indexes)
   fig = plt.figure(figsize=[20, 6])
   ax = fig.add subplot(1, 2, 1)
   c = ConfusionMatrixDisplay(cm, display labels=range(len(numpy.unique(y test))))
   c.plot(ax = ax)
   ax = fig.add subplot(1, 2, 2)
   ax.hist(y test, bins=len(numpy.diagonal(cm)), rwidth=0.95)
   ax.plot(numpy.diagonal(cm))
eval model (model, train X, train Y)
eval model (model, test X, test Y)
pred = model.predict(test X);
indexes = tf.argmax(pred, axis=1)
count = 0
print(" check ")
print(test Y[9])
print(indexes[9].numpy())
print(" test")
for i in range(10000):
    if test_Y[i] == indexes[i].numpy():
        count = count + 1
print(count)
print(len(indexes))
print((count/len(indexes))*100)
print(" train")
pred = model.predict(train X);
indexes = tf.argmax(pred, axis=1)
count = 0
for i in range (1000):
    if train Y[i] == indexes[i].numpy():
        count = count + 1
print(count)
print(len(indexes))
print((count/len(indexes))*100)
print("count elements")
print(np.count nonzero(test Y == 0))
print(np.count nonzero(test Y == 1))
print(np.count nonzero(test Y == 2))
print(np.count nonzero(test Y == 3))
print(np.count nonzero(test Y == 4))
print(np.count nonzero(test Y == 5))
print(np.count nonzero(test Y == 6))
print(np.count_nonzero(test_Y == 7))
print(np.count nonzero(test Y == 8))
print(np.count nonzero(test Y == 9))
```