ETH zürich



Programming for Robotics Introduction to ROS

Course 1

Péter Fankhauser, Dominic Jud, Martin Wermelinger Prof. Dr. Marco Hutter







Overview

Course 1

- ROS architecture & philosophy
- ROS master, nodes, and topics
- Console commands
- Catkin workspace and build system
- Launch-files
- Gazebo simulator

Course 2

- ROS package structure
- Integration and programming with Eclipse
- ROS C++ client library (roscpp)
- ROS subscribers and publishers
- ROS parameter server
- RViz visualization

Course 3

- TF Transformation System
- rqt User Interface
- Robot models (URDF)
- Simulation descriptions (SDF)

Course 4

- ROS services
- ROS actions (actionlib)
- ROS time
- ROS bags

Course 5

Case study





Course Structure

Course 1

Lecture 1

Exercise 1 Intro.

Exercise 1

Course 2

Deadline for Ex. 1.

Lecture 2

Exercise 2 Intro.

Exercise 2

Course 3

Deadline for Ex. 2.

Lecture 3

Exercise 3 Intro.

Exercise 3

Course 4

Deadline for Ex. 3.

Lecture 4

Exercise 4 Intro.

Exercise 4

Course 5

Deadline for Ex. 4.

Case Study

Exercise 5 Intro.

Exercise 5

Deadline for Ex. 5.





Exercise Evaluation

- Each exercise has several check questions
- Each exercise counts for 20% of the final grade
- We encourage team work, but every student has the show the results on his own PC and is evaluated individually
- Exercises are check by the teaching assistants when you are read, but latest the following course day in the morning (08:15–08:45, except for exercise 5)
- Let the teaching assistant know once you are reading to present your results
- The lectures start at 08:45





Overview Course 1

- ROS architecture & philosophy
- ROS master, nodes, and topics
- Console commands
- Catkin workspace and build system
- Launch-files
- Gazebo simulator

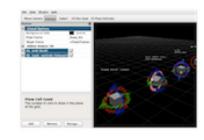




What is ROS?

ROS = Robot Operating System









ros.org

Plumbing

- Process management
- Inter-process communication
- Device drivers

Tools

- Simulation
- Visualization
- Graphical user interface
- Data logging

Capabilities

- Control
- Planning
- Perception
- Mapping
- Manipulation

Ecosystem

- Package organization
- Software distribution
- Documentation
- **Tutorials**





History of ROS

- Originally developed in 2007 at the Stanford Artificial Intelligence Laboratory
- Since 2013 managed by OSRF
- Today used by many robots, universities and companies
- De facto standard for robot programming



ros.org





ROS Philosophy

Peer to peer

Individual programs communicate over defined API (ROS *messages*, *services*, etc.).

Distributed

Programs can be run on multiple computers and communicate over the network.

Multi-lingual

ROS modules can be written in any language for which a client library exists (C++, Python, MATLAB, Java, etc.).

Light-weight

Stand-alone libraries are wrapped around with a thin ROS layer.

Free and open-source

Most ROS software is open-source and free to use.





ROS Workspace Environment

- Defines context for the current workspace
- Default workspace loaded with
 - > source /opt/ros/indigo/setup.bash

Overlay your *catkin workspace* with

- > cd ~/catkin ws
- > source devel/setup.bash

Check your workspace with

> echo \$ROS_PACKAGE_PATH

This is already setup in the provided installation.

See setup with

> cat ~/.bashrc

More info http://wiki.ros.org/indigo/Installation/Ubuntu http://wiki.ros.org/catkin/workspaces





ROS Master

- Manages the communication between nodes
- Every node registers at startup with the master

Start a master with

> roscore

ROS Master

More info http://wiki.ros.org/Master





ROS Nodes

- Single-purpose, executable program
- Individually compiled, executed, and managed
- Organized in packages

Run a node with

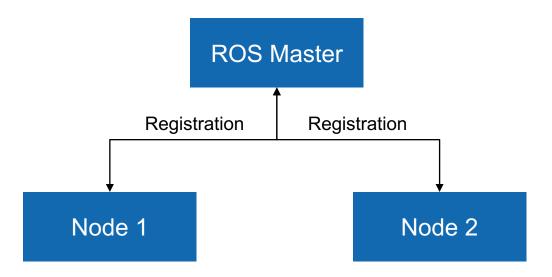
> rosrun package_name node_name

See active nodes with

> rosnode list

Retrieve information about a node with

> rosnode info node_name



More info http://wiki.ros.org/rosnode





ROS Topics

- Nodes communicate over *topics*
 - Nodes can publish or subscribe to a topic
 - Typically, 1 publisher and n subscribers
- Topic is a name for a stream of *messages*

List active topics with

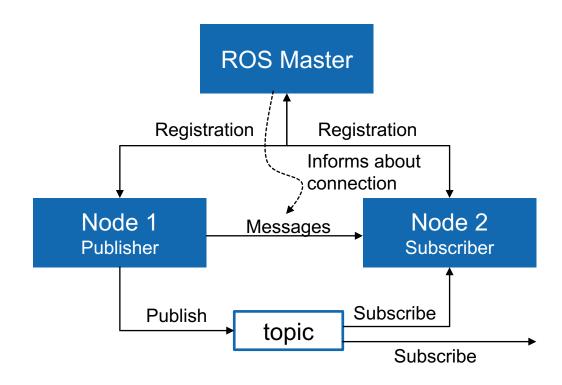
> rostopic list

Subscribe and print the contents of a topic with

> rostopic echo /topic

Show information about a topic with

> rostopic info /topic



More info http://wiki.ros.org/rostopic





ROS Messages

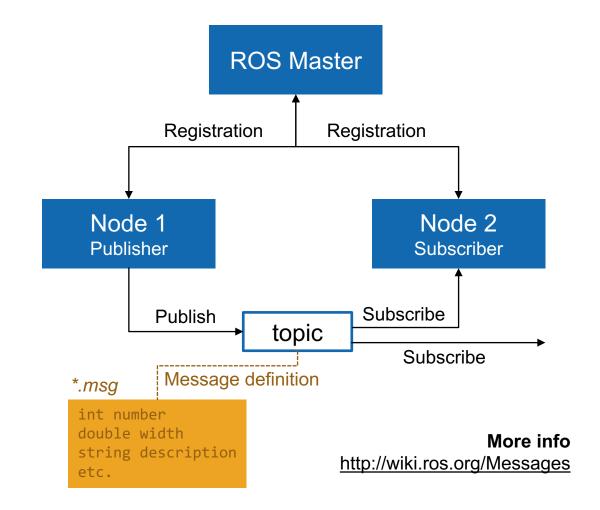
- Data structure defining the *type* of a topic
- Compromised of a nested structure of integers, floats, booleans, strings etc. and arrays of objects
- Defined in *.msg files

See the type of a topic

> rostopic type /topic

Publish a message to a topic

> rostopic pub /topic type args







ROS Messages Pose Stamped Example

geometry msgs/Point.msg

```
float64 x
float64 y
float64 z
```

sensor msgs/lmage.msg

```
std msgs/Header header
  uint32 seq
  time stamp
  string frame_id
uint32 height
uint32 width
string encoding
uint8 is bigendian
uint32 step
uint8[] data
```

geometry msgs/PoseStamped.msg

```
std msgs/Header header
 uint32 seq
 time stamp
 string frame id
geometry_msgs/Pose pose

→ geometry_msgs/Point position
    float64 x
    float64 y
    float64 z
  geometry_msgs/Quaternion orientation
    float64 x
    float64 y
    float64 z
    float64 w
```





Console Tab Nr. 1 – Starting a roscore

Start a roscore with

> roscore

```
student@ubuntu:~/catkin ws$ roscore
 .. logging to /home/student/.ros/log/6c1852aa-e961-11e6-8543-000c297bd368/ros
launch-ubuntu-6696.log
Checking log directory for disk usage. This may take awhile.
Press Ctrl-C to interrupt
Done checking log file disk usage. Usage is <1GB.
started roslaunch server http://ubuntu:34089/
ros comm version 1.11.20
SUMMARY
 ____
PARAMETERS
 * /rosdistro: indigo
 * /rosversion: 1.11.20
NODES
auto-starting new master
process[master]: started with pid [6708]
ROS MASTER URI=http://ubuntu:11311/
setting /run id to 6c1852aa-e961-11e6-8543-000c297bd368
process[rosout-1]: started with pid [6721]
started core service [/rosout]
```





Console Tab Nr. 2 – Starting a *talker* node

Run a talker demo node with

> rosrun roscpp_tutorials talker

```
student@ubuntu:~/catkin_ws$ rosrun roscpp_tutorials talker
[ INFO] [1486051708.424661519]: hello world 0
[ INFO] [1486051708.525227845]: hello world 1
[ INFO] [1486051708.624747612]: hello world 2
[ INFO] [1486051708.724826782]: hello world 3
[ INFO] [1486051708.825928577]: hello world 4
[ INFO] [1486051708.925379775]: hello world 5
[ INFO] [1486051709.024971132]: hello world 6
[ INFO] [1486051709.125450960]: hello world 7
[ INFO] [1486051709.225272747]: hello world 8
[ INFO] [1486051709.325389210]: hello world 9
```





Console Tab Nr. 3 – Analyze *talker* node

See the list of active nodes

> rosnode list

Show information about the *talker* node

> rosnode info /talker

See information about the *chatter* topic

> rostopic info /chatter

```
student@ubuntu:~/catkin ws$ rosnode list
/rosout
/talker
student@ubuntu:~/catkin ws$ rosnode info /talker
Node [/talker]
Publications:
 * /chatter [std msgs/String]
 * /rosout [rosgraph msgs/Log]
Subscriptions: None
Services:
 * /talker/get loggers
  /talker/set logger level
```

```
student@ubuntu:~/catkin ws$ rostopic info /chatter
Type: std msgs/String
Publishers:
 * /talker (http://ubuntu:39173/)
Subscribers: None
```





Console Tab Nr. 3 – Analyze *chatter* topic

Check the type of the *chatter* topic

> rostopic type /chatter

student@ubuntu:~/catkin ws\$ rostopic type /chatter std msgs/String

Show the message contents of the topic

> rostopic echo /chatter

student@ubuntu:~/catkin ws\$ rostopic echo /chatter data: hello world 11874 data: hello world 11875 data: hello world 11876

Analyze the frequency

> rostopic hz /chatter

```
student@ubuntu:~/catkin ws$ rostopic hz /chatter
subscribed to [/chatter]
average rate: 9.991
        min: 0.099s max: 0.101s std dev: 0.00076s window: 10
average rate: 9.996
        min: 0.099s max: 0.101s std dev: 0.00069s window: 20
```





Console Tab Nr. 4 – Starting a *listener* node

Run a listener demo node with

```
> rosrun roscpp_tutorials listener
```

```
student@ubuntu:~/catkin ws$ rosrun roscpp tutorials listener
       [1486053802.204104598]: I heard: [hello world 19548]
       [1486053802.304538827]: I heard: [hello world 19549]
       [1486053802.403853395]: I heard: [hello world 19550]
       [1486053802.504438133]: I heard: [hello world 19551]
         [1486053802.604297608]: I heard: [hello world 19552]
```





Example Console Tab Nr. 3 – Analyze

See the new *listener* node with

> rosnode list

Show the connection of the nodes over the chatter topic with

> rostopic info /chatter

```
student@ubuptu:~/catkin ws$ rosnode list
/listener
'rosout
'talker
```

```
student@ubuntu:~/catkin ws$ rostopic info /chatter
Type: std msgs/String
Publishers:
 * /talker (http://ubuntu:39173/)
Subscribers:
 * /listener (http://ubuntu:34664/)
```





Console Tab Nr. 3 – Publish Message from Console

Close the talker node in console nr. 2 with Ctrl + C

Publish your own message with

```
> rostopic pub /chatter std_msgs/String
"data: 'ETH Zurich ROS Course'"
```

student@ubuntu:~/catkin_ws\$ rostopic pub /chatter std_msgs/String "data: 'ETH Zurich ROS Course'" publishing and latching message. Press ctrl-C to terminate

Check the output of the listener in console nr. 4

```
[ INFO] [1486054667.604322265]: I heard: [hello world 28202]
[ INFO] [1486054667.704264199]: I heard: [hello world 28203]
[ INFO] [1486054667.804389058]: I heard: [hello world 28204]
[ INFO] [1486054707.646404558]: I heard: [ETH Zurich ROS Course]
```





catkin Build System

- catkin is the ROS build system to generate executables, libraries, and interfaces
- We suggest to use the Catkin Command Line Tools

→ Use catkin build instead of catkin make

Navigate to your catkin workspace with

> cd ~/catkin ws

Build a package with

> catkin build package name

Whenever you build a **new** package, update your environment

> source devel/setup.bash

The catkin command line tools are preinstalled in the provided installation.

> More info http://wiki.ros.org/catkin/Tutorials https://catkin-tools.readthedocs.io/





catkin Build System

The catkin workspace contains the following spaces

Work here



SEC

The *source space* contains the source code. This is where you can clone, create, and edit source code for the packages you want to build.

Don't touch



The build space is where CMake is invoked to build the packages in the source space. Cache information and other intermediate files are kept here.

Don't touch



The development (devel) space is where built targets are placed (prior to being installed).

If necessary, clean the entire build and devel space with

> catkin clean

More info http://wiki.ros.org/catkin/workspaces





catkin Build System

The catkin workspace setup can be checked with

> catkin config

For example, to set the *CMake build type* to Release (or Debug etc.), use

More info

http://catkin-tools.readthedocs.io/en/latest/verbs/catkin_config.html http://catkin-tools.readthedocs.io/en/latest/cheat_sheet.html

```
student@ubuntu:~/catkin ws$ catkin config
Profile:
                            default
                       [env] /opt/ros/indigo:/home/student/catkin ws/devel
Extendina:
Workspace:
                             /home/student/catkin ws
Source Space:
                    [exists] /home/student/catkin ws/src
Log Space:
                    [exists] /home/student/catkin ws/logs
                    [exists] /home/student/catkin ws/build
Build Space:
Devel Space:
                    [exists] /home/student/catkin ws/devel
Install Space:
                    [unused] /home/student/catkin ws/install
                    [unused] None
ESTDIR:
                            linked
Devel Space Layout:
Install Space Layout:
                             None
                             -GEclipse CDT4 - Unix Makefiles -DCMAKE CXX COM
Additional CMake Args:
ILER ARG1=-std=c++11 -DCMAKE BUILD TYPE=Release
Additional Make Args:
                             None
Additional catkin Make Args: None
                                                              Already
Internal Make Job Server:
                             True
Cache Job Environments:
                            False
                                                           setup in the
Whitelisted Packages:
                            None
                                                             provided
Blacklisted Packages:
                             None
                                                           installation.
Workspace configuration appears valid.
```





Open a terminal and browse to your git folder

> cd ~/git

Clone the Git repository with

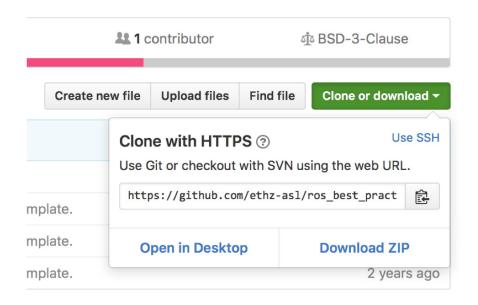
> git clone https://github.com/ethzasl/ros best practices.git

Symlink the new package to your catkin workspace

> ln -s ~/git/ros_best_practices/ ~/catkin_ws/src/

Note: You could also directly clone to your catkin workspace, but using a common git folder is convenient if you have multiple catkin workspaces.

https://github.com/ethz-asl/ros best practices







Go to your catkin workspace

> cd ~/catkin ws

Build the package with

> catkin build ros_package_template

Re-source your workspace setup

> source devel/setup.bash

Launch the node with

> roslaunch ros package template ros package template.launch

```
L: Forcing CMake to run for each package.
[build] Found '1' packages in 0.0 seconds.
[build] Updating package table.
Starting >>> catkin tools prebuild
                                                  [ 1.0 seconds ]
Finished <<< catkin tools prebuild
Starting >>> ros package template
Finished <<< ros package template
                                                  [ 4.1 seconds ]
[build] Summary: All 2 packages succeeded!
[build] Ignored: None.
         Warnings: None.
[build]
[build] Abandoned: None.
[build] Failed:
                    None.
[build] Runtime: 5.2 seconds total.
[build] Note: Workspace packages have changed, please re-source setup files to u
se them.
student@ubuntu:~/catkin ws$
```

```
package temptate/subscriber topic, /temperat
  /rosdistro: indigo
  /rosversion: 1.11.20
NODES
   ros package template (ros package template/ros package template)
auto-starting new master
process[master]: started with pid [27185]
ROS MASTER URI=http://localhost:11311
setting /run id to e43f937a-ed52-11e6-9789-000c297bd368
process[rosout-1]: started with pid [27198]
started core service [/rosout]
process[ros_package_template-2]: started with pid [27201]
 INFO1 [1486485095.843512614]: Successfully launched node.
```





ROS Launch

- launch is a tool for launching multiple nodes (as well as setting parameters)
- Are written in XML as *.launch files
- If not yet running, launch automatically starts a roscore

Browse to the folder and start a launch file with

> roslaunch file_name.launch

Start a launch file from a package with

> roslaunch package_name file_name.launch

More info

http://wiki.ros.org/roslaunch



Example console output for roslaunch roscpp_tutorials talker_listener.launch

```
student@ubuntu:~/catkin ws$ roslaunch roscpp tutorials talker listener.launch
 .. logging to /home/student/.ros/log/794321aa-e950-11e6-95db-000c297bd368/ros
Checking log directory for disk usage. This may take awhile.
Press Ctrl-C to interrupt
Done checking log file disk usage. Usage is <1GB.
started roslaunch server http://ubuntu:37592/
SUMMARY
 PARAMETERS
  /rosdistro: indigo
 * /rosversion: 1.11.20
NODES
   listener (roscpp tutorials/listener)
   talker (roscpp tutorials/talker)
auto-starting new master
process[master]: started with pid [5772]
ROS MASTER URI=http://localhost:11311
setting /run id to 794321aa-e950-11e6-95db-000c297bd368
process[rosout-1]: started with pid [5785]
started core service [/rosout]
process[listener-2]: started with pid [5788]
process[talker-3]: started with pid [5795]
 INFO] [1486044252.537801350]: hello world 0
 INFO] [1486044252.638886504]: hello world 1
 INFO] [1486044252.738279674]: hello world 2
       [1486044252.838357245]: hello world 3
```



ROS LaunchFile Structure

Attention when copy & pasting code from the internet

talker listener.launch

- Notice the syntax difference for self-closing tags:
 - <tag></tag> and <tag/>

- launch: Root element of the launch file
- node: Each <node> tag specifies a node to be launched
- name: Name of the node (free to choose)
- pkg: Package containing the node
- type: Type of the node, there must be a corresponding executable with the same name
- output: Specifies where to output log messages (screen: console, log: log file)

More info

http://wiki.ros.org/roslaunch/XML http://wiki.ros.org/roslaunch/Tutorials/Roslaunch%20tips%20for%20larger%20projects





ROS Launch Arguments

Create re-usable launch files with <arg> tag, which works like a parameter (default optional)

```
<arg name="arg name" default="default value"/>
```

Use arguments in launch file with

```
$(arg arg name)
```

When launching, arguments can be set with

```
> roslaunch launch_file.launch arg_name:=value
```

range world.launch (simplified)

```
<?xml version="1.0"?>
<launch>
 <arg name="use sim time" default="true"/>
  <arg name="world" default="gazebo ros range"/>
  <arg name="debug" default="false"/>
  <arg name="physics" default="ode"/>
 <group if="$(arg use sim time)">
    <param name="/use sim time" value="true" />
  </group>
  <include file="$(find gazebo ros)</pre>
                               /launch/empty world.launch">
    carg name="world name" value="$(find gazebo plugins)/
                     test/test worlds/$(arg world).world"/>
    <arg name="debug" value="$(arg debug)"/>
    <arg name="physics" value="$(arg physics)"/>
  </include>
</launch>
```

More info

http://wiki.ros.org/roslaunch/XML/arg





ROS Launch Including Other Launch Files

Include other launch files with <include> tag to organize large projects

```
<include file="package name"/>
```

Find the system path to other packages with

```
$(find package name)
```

Pass arguments to the included file

```
<arg name="arg name" value="value"/>
```

range world.launch (simplified)

```
<?xml version="1.0"?>
<launch>
  <arg name="use sim time" default="true"/>
  <arg name="world" default="gazebo ros range"/>
  <arg name="debug" default="false"/>
  <arg name="physics" default="ode"/>
  <group if="$(arg use sim time)">
    <param name="/use sim time" value="true" />
  </group>
  <include file="$(find gazebo ros)</pre>
                                /launch/empty world.launch">
    <arg name="world_name" value="$(find gazebo plugins)/</pre>
                     test/test_worlds/$(arg world).world"/>
    <arg name="debug" value="$(arg debug)"/>
    <arg name="physics" value="$(arg physics)"/>
  </include>
</launch>
```

More info

http://wiki.ros.org/roslaunch/XML/include



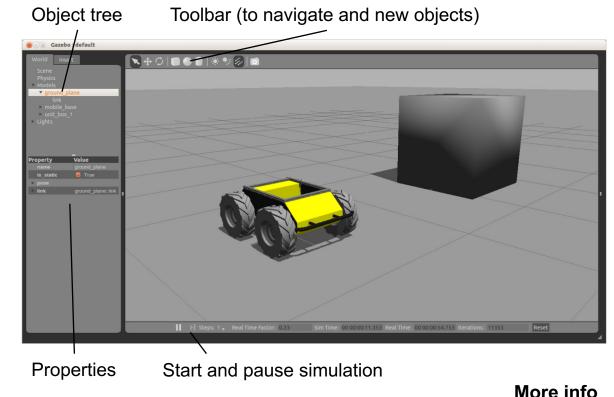


Gazebo Simulator

- Simulate 3d rigid-body dynamics
- Simulate a variety of sensors including noise
- 3d visualization and user interaction
- Includes a database of many robots and environments (Gazebo worlds)
- Provides a ROS interface
- Extensible with plugins

Run Gazebo with

> rosrun gazebo_ros gazebo



http://gazebosim.org/ http://gazebosim.org/tutorials





Further References

- **ROS Wiki**
 - http://wiki.ros.org/
- Installation
 - http://wiki.ros.org/ROS/Installation
- **Tutorials**
 - http://wiki.ros.org/ROS/Tutorials
- **Available packages**
 - http://www.ros.org/browse/

- **ROS Cheat Sheet**
 - https://github.com/ros/cheatsheet/releases/dow nload/0.0.1/ROScheatsheet catkin.pdf
- **ROS Best Practices**
 - https://github.com/ethzasl/ros best practices/wiki
- **ROS Package Template**
 - https://github.com/ethzasl/ros best practices/tree/master/ros packag e template





Contact Information

ETH Zurich

Robotic Systems Lab

Prof. Dr. Marco Hutter

LEE H 303

Leonhardstrasse 21

8092 Zurich

Switzerland

http://www.rsl.ethz.ch

Lecturers

Péter Fankhauser (pfankhauser@ethz.ch)

Dominic Jud

Martin Wermelinger

Course website:

http://www.rsl.ethz.ch/education-

students/lectures/ros.html

