

Apiman article

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1. Abstract

This article provides a basic example of Apiman, and WildFly application server. Based on echoservice quickstart, demonstrating how to configure an API Provider and Consumer, through the API Manager. And test a defined usage policy, through the API Gateway.

2. OVERVIEW

In an ever-growing would of modern technology, from Cloud-based services to IoT. There has never been a greater need to secure services. API Management is becoming a necessity to secure business assets. The vulnerabilities that can arise from malicious hackers. If they can gain access to APIs. Could have a serious impact on an organization. With a powerful Open Source API Management platform, such as Apiman. It makes it possible, to secure these assets. Through the use of an API Manager, with a rich user interface. The Governance of APIs is straightforward. Through a provider role. Organizations created, have Plans and Policies applied to them. Providing authentication, and IP filtering for security. These Policies are then Governed by the API Gateway at runtime. Apiman has a quota-based management system, for API requests. This provides metric based statistics. Which allows for the Provider, to adjust APIs, to support consumer trends such as that of application developers.

3. ADMINISTERING WILDFLY 10 AND APIMAN

To run this demonstration. You will need to install Java JDK, and Apache Maven. Download and install WildFly 10 application server, and the latest version of Apiman.

3.1. PREREQUISITES

To build and run the echo-service quickstart demonstration, install the following prerequisites:

 A supported version of the Java Developer Kit (JDK). See the Supported Configurations page for details.

```
$ sudo yum install -y java-1.8.0-openjdk-devel
```

• Apache Maven 3.3.x or later. See the Maven Installation page.

3.2. INSTALL AND CONFIGURE APIMAN ON WILDFLY 10

Apiman uses WildFly 10 as a runtime environment. This section outlines how to download and unarchive both Apiman and WildFly 10 on Fedora Linux.

- 1. Download the .zip archive files:
 - WildFly 10.1.0.Final
 - Apiman 1.4.3.Final overlay for WildFly 10
 - Alternatively download the .zip files using cURL:

```
$ curl http://download.jboss.org/wildfly/10.1.0.Final/wildfly-10.1.0.Final.zip
-o wildfly-10.1.0.Final.zip
$ curl http://downloads.jboss.org/apiman/1.2.9.Final/apiman-distro-wildfly10-
1.2.9.Final-overlay.zip -o apiman-distro-wildfly10-1.2.9.Final-overlay.zip
```

2. Unzip each .zip archive file into the wildfly-10.1.0.Final directory:

```
$ unzip wildfly-10.1.0.Final.zip
$ unzip -o apiman-distro-wildfly10-1.2.9.Final-overlay.zip -d wildfly-10.1.0.Final
```

3.3. CREATE A NEW USER IN WILDFLY 10

• WildFly does not provide a default password. Create a new user to access the console:

```
$ cd path/to/work/dir/wildfly-<version>/bin
$ ./add-user.sh
```

- Create your username, and password.
- Select the type of user a) Management User or b) Application User.
- Choose a **group**, or default to blank and click enter.

For more detailed instructions see WildFly Server Administration Guide.

NOTE

For this demonstration. We use the unername: **Admin** and password: **Admin123** with default values, or select **yes**.

3.4. STARTING THE SERVER

This section outlines how to start the Wildfly server and standalone version of Apiman. Access the Management UI, and shutdown the server when finished.

1. Start the Wildfly server and Apiman:

```
$ cd wildfly-10.1.0.Final
$ ./bin/standalone.sh -c standalone-apiman.xml
```

- 2. Access http://localhost:8080/apimanui/ in your browser.
- 3. Stop the Wildfly server and Apiman:

```
$ ./bin/jboss-cli.sh --connect command=:shutdown
```

NOTE

Press Ctrl+C on the keyboard to stop the server.

3.5. INSTALL ECHO-SERVICE QUICKSTART

1. Download quickstarts into the **apiman** directory:

```
$ cd /wildfly-10.1.0.Final/apiman/
$ git clone https://github.com/apiman/apiman-quickstarts.git
```

```
[john@fedoralinux apiman]$ git clone https://github.com/apiman/apiman-quickstarts.git
Cloning into 'apiman-quickstarts'...
remote: Counting objects: 556, done.
remote: Total 556 (delta 0), reused 0 (delta 0), pack-reused 556
Receiving objects: 100% (556/556), 75.60 KiB | 766.00 KiB/s, done.
Resolving deltas: 100% (268/268), done.
```

Figure 1. Clone Quickstarts

2. Echo quickstarts directory structure

```
echo-service/
    — pom.xml
     README.md
     - Src
      └── main
              — java
                   — io
                      —— apiman
                       —— quickstarts
                               — echo
                               EchoResponse.java
EchoServlet.java
               webapp
              WEB-INF
                  ├── jboss-web.xml
└── web.xml
     - target
     —— apidocs
```

1. Change to the **echo-service** directory, and build the API, with Maven:

```
$ cd apiman-quickstarts/echo-service
$ mvn package
```

Figure 2. Successful Maven build

4. APIMAN USE CASE

This section outlines how to create new users, for API service **Provider** and **Consumer** roles. It demonstrates how to configure basic authentication Policies, a username, and password, to get access to an API.

Some of the main concepts of Apiman, used in this demonstration, are Policies, Organization, Plans, and Applications:

- You can apply **Policies** to applications, plans, and services. This ensures the governance of the services. You can apply Policies to API requests at runtime, by the API Gateway.
- An **Organization** is a Role based container, for all entities, such as policies plans and APIs.
- A **Plan** allows for multiple levels of access to a service. By applying multiple policies to the plan.
- Client **Applications** consume APIs. Users can create Contracts to set up communication between the application and service.

Table 1. Overview of the API Managers and API Gateways function

API Manager	API Gateway
Configures Policies for Aplications, Plans and Services	The API Gateway enforces configured Polices at runtime
Provider and Consumer roles can manage and configure APIs. through a UI	Security, Limiting, and Modification policies are applied

Table 2. Outline of the Provider and Consumer use case for this demonstration

Provider Role	Consumer Role
Creates the organization ABC APIs	Creates the organization AJAX API Consumer
Creates a Gold plan	Create a client application eat-echo
Applies a rate-limiting policy	Consumes the echo API
Creates the API called echo	Apply a contract
Applies the APIs endpoint	Register the application with the API Gateway
Adds an authentication policy	Selects which plan to apply
Publish the API	Create a client application eat-echo to consume API services, Governed by a Contract.

4.1. CREATE PROVIDER AND CONSUMER USER PROFILES

Create Provider and Consumer user accounts in the API Manager UI: http://localhost:8080/apimanui/

• Select **New user/Register**, to register, the new users:



Figure 3. Provider account



Figure 4. Consumer account

4.2. CONFIGURATION FOR THE PROVIDER

4.2.1. Configure the Provider's Organization, Plan and Policy

• Login to the Provider account. Select Create a New Organization.

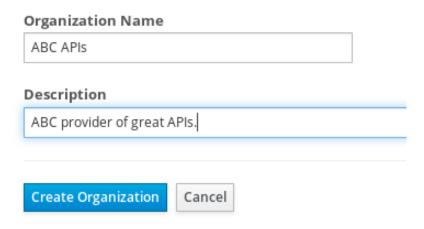


Figure 5. Create the Organization, for the API Provider.

• Select **Plans** from the menu. Click **New Plan** and enter plan details.

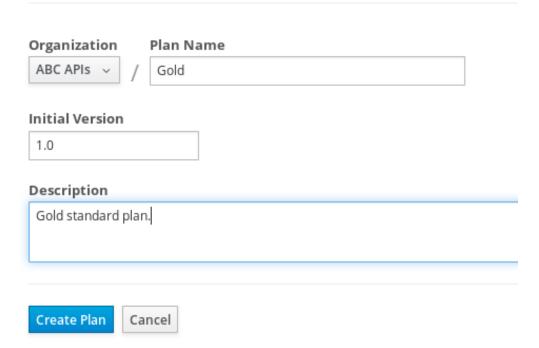


Figure 6. Create a gold plan

• Select **Policies** from the menu. Click **Add Policy** and add the policy configuration.

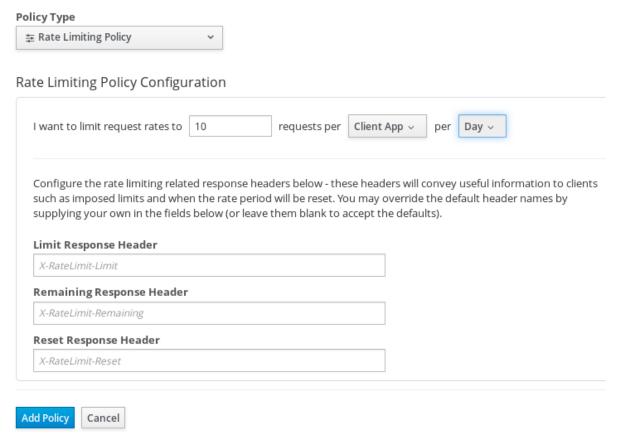


Figure 7. Create a gold plan policy

• Click Lock Plan in the header

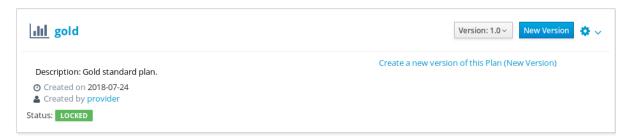


Figure 8. Lock the plan

NOTE Create multiple plans the same way as required.

4.2.2. Create a new API

• Select **APIs** from the menu. Click **New API** to add the API configuration.

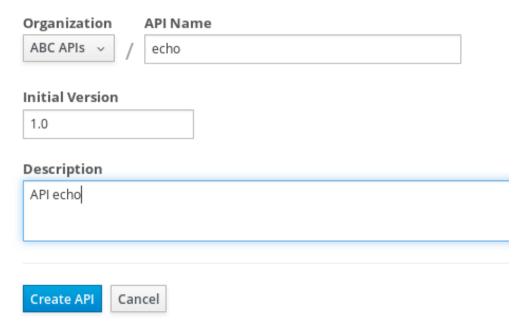


Figure 9. Create a new API

• Select Implementation from the menu. Add details for the back-end API. Click Save.

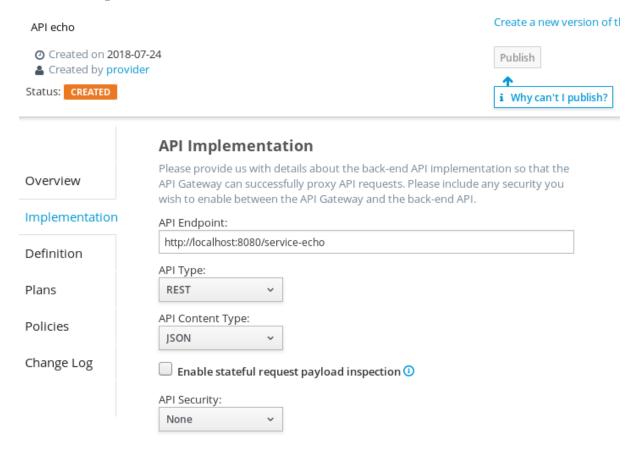


Figure 10. Create the APIs Endpoint

• Select Plans from the menu. Choose the Plan required. Click Save.

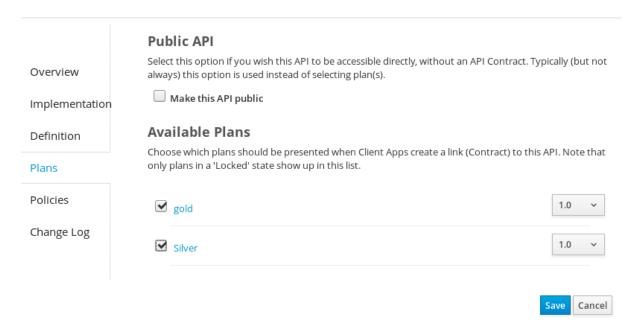


Figure 11. Choose a Plan

• Select **Policies** from the menu. Choose a **Policy Type**. Add a descriptive **Realm** name. Add an **Identity. Source** and create a new User.

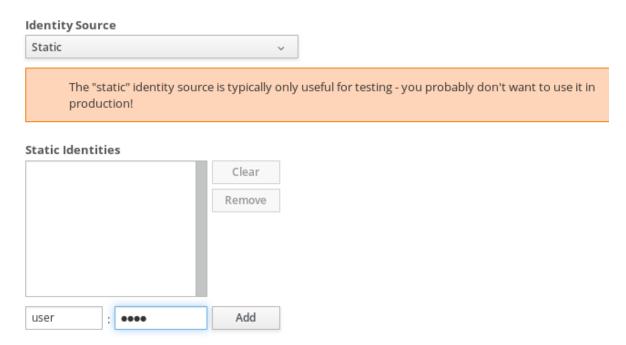


Figure 12. Add an authentication policy

• Click Publish. At the top of the page, to publish the API.

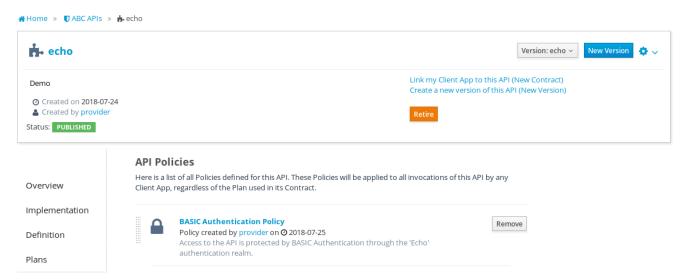


Figure 13. Publish the API

4.3. CONFIGURATION FOR THE CONSUMER

• Login to the Consumer account. Select Create a New Organization.

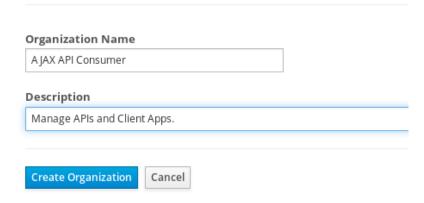


Figure 14. Create an API consumer organization

• Select Client App from the menu. Click New Client App.

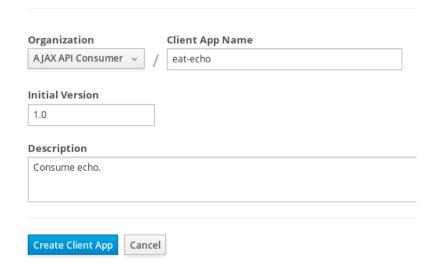


Figure 15. Create a client application

• Select **Search for APIs to consume**. Enter the name of the API. Click **Search**.

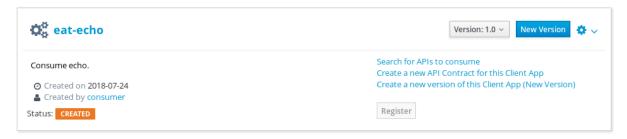


Figure 16. Search for APIs to consume



Figure 17. Search for echo

• Select Contracts from the menu. Click Create Contract to add the Client contract to the API.

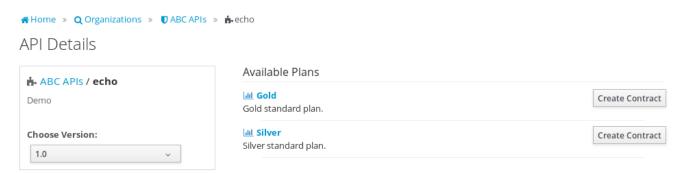


Figure 18. Client application details

• Select **Policies** from the menu. Choose a **Policy Type**.

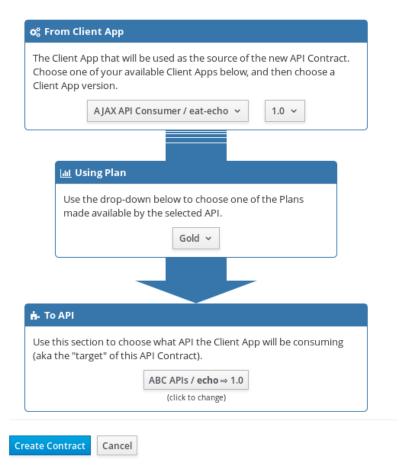


Figure 19. Create a new contract

4.3.1. Register the application with the API Gateway

• Select **Contracts** from the menu. Click **Register** the application.

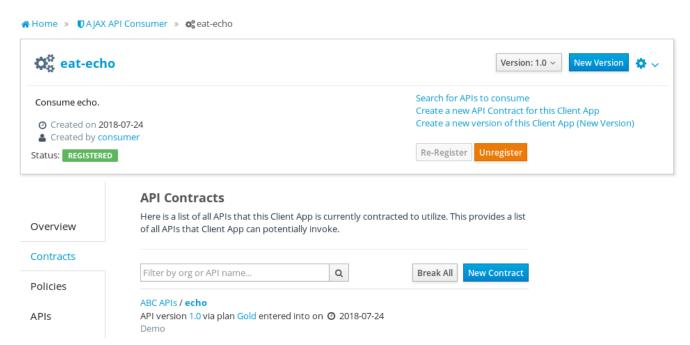


Figure 20. Register the client application

• Select APIs from the menu. Click on the Information icon. To display the API key and endpoint.

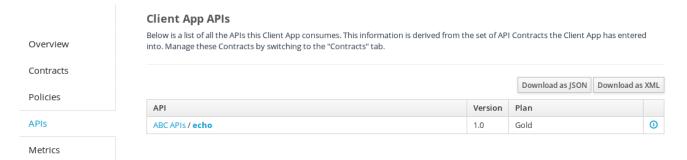


Figure 21. Client applications API

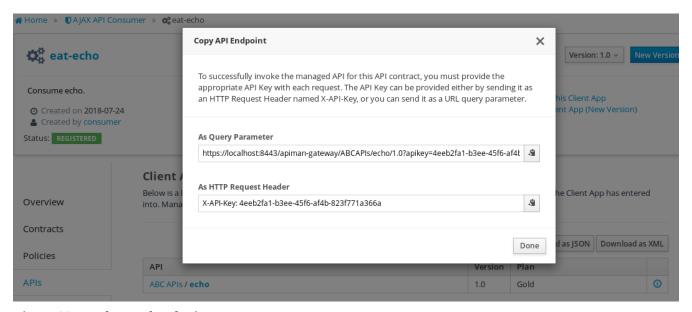


Figure 22. API key and endpoint

4.3.2. Test the rate limiting policy

The **rate limiting policy** is configured to provide authentication and to limit the client application to ten requests per day.

• Copy the displayed endpoint into a browser to test authentication and login.

https://localhost:8443/apiman-gateway/ABCAPIs/echo/6.0?apikey=0eeba35e-b1f8-4265-ab47-ed440bac83bf

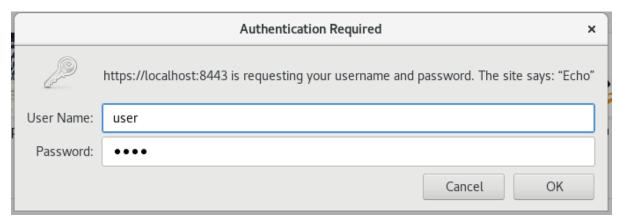


Figure 23. Authentication show this Policy works

5. REFERENCE

Apiman: http://www.apiman.io/