

```
#Importing the various libraries required for the code to run
```

```
import gspread
import RPi.GPIO as GPIO
import drivers
import random
from time import sleep
from datetime import datetime, timedelta
from oauth2client.service_account import ServiceAccountCredentials
```

```
#Setting up google sheets API
```

```
scope = ['https://spreadsheets.google.com/feeds',
         'https://www.googleapis.com/auth/drive']
creds = ServiceAccountCredentials.from_json_keyfile_name('/home/pi/Desktop/LiterallyAnything/Credentials.json', scope)
client = gspread.authorize(creds)
global sheet
sheet=client.open("Jashanpreet")
```

```
#Setting up general purpose input/output pins (GPIO pins) for the pressure pad, buttons and peizo buzzer
```

```
GPIO.setmode(GPIO.BOARD)
GPIO.setwarnings(False)
GPIO.setup(10, GPIO.IN, pull_up_down=GPIO.PUD_DOWN)
GPIO.setup(7, GPIO.IN, pull_up_down=GPIO.PUD_DOWN)
GPIO.setup(8, GPIO.IN, pull_up_down=GPIO.PUD_DOWN)
GPIO.setup(11, GPIO.IN, pull_up_down=GPIO.PUD_DOWN)
GPIO.setup(12, GPIO.OUT)
```

```
#Setting up the LCD display
```

```
display = drivers.Lcd()
```

```
#Defining a function which will run the first activity when executed
```

```
#In this first activity the user will be given instructions on the lcd display
```

```
#In this activity the user gets a limited time to punch/kick/hit the target as many times possible
```

#This score is then stored on a google sheets file and stats are displayed onto the lcd display (latest score, best score, average score)

```
def activity1():
```

#The first block of code opens the correct page of the google sheet and displays the instructions on the lcd display

```
display lcd_clear()
worksheet = sheet.get_worksheet(0)
dataPosition1 = worksheet.cell(2, 3).value
hitCounter = 0
display lcd_display_string("Activity 1", 1)
display lcd_display_string("In this activity", 2)
sleep(1)
display lcd_display_string("try to hit the ", 2)
sleep(1)
display lcd_display_string("target as many ", 2)
sleep(1)
display lcd_display_string("times possible ", 2)
sleep(1)
display lcd_display_string("in 30 seconds. ", 2)
sleep(1)
display lcd_display_string("Begin", 2)
sleep(1)
display lcd_clear()
display lcd_display_string("Times Hit:", 1)
```

#This block of code is the activity and uses while loop and if statements to work

#The while loop uses the time library to run for only a certain amount of time (30 seconds)

#Inside the while loop there is a counter which increases everytime there is a signal coming from the pressure pad

```
end_time = datetime.now() + timedelta(seconds = 30)
while datetime.now() < end_time:
    display lcd_display_string(str(hitCounter), 2)
    sleep(0.25)
    if GPIO.input(7) == GPIO.HIGH:
        hitCounter += 1
```

```
display lcd_clear()
```

#This block of code updates the information on the spreadsheet and displays the latest score, best score and average score on the lcd display

```
worksheet.update_cell(dataPosition1, 1, hitCounter)
dataPosition1 = int(dataPosition1)
dataPosition1 += 1
worksheet.update_cell(2, 3, dataPosition1)
display lcd_display_string("Final Score:   ", 1)
display lcd_display_string(str(hitCounter), 2)
sleep(3)
bestScore = worksheet.cell(2, 6).value
display lcd_display_string("Best Score:   ", 1)
display lcd_display_string(bestScore, 2)
sleep(3)
avgScore = worksheet.cell(3, 6).value
display lcd_display_string("Avg Score:   ", 1)
display lcd_display_string(avgScore, 2)
sleep(3)
display lcd_clear()
```

#Defining a function which will run the second activity when executed
#In this second activity the user will be given instructions on the lcd display
#In this activity the user will measure their reaction time by hitting the target as soon as the buzzer beeps
#This score is then stored on a google sheets file and stats are displayed onto the lcd display (latest score, best score, average score)

```
def activity2():
```

#The first block of code opens the correct page of the google sheet and displays the instructions on the lcd display

```
display lcd_clear()
worksheet = sheet.get_worksheet(1)
dataPosition2 = worksheet.cell(2, 3).value
display lcd_display_string("Activity 2", 1)
```

```

display lcd_display_string("In this activity", 2)
sleep(1)
display lcd_display_string("try to hit the ", 2)
sleep(1)
display lcd_display_string("target as fast ", 2)
sleep(1)
display lcd_display_string("as possible when", 2)
sleep(1)
display lcd_display_string("the peizo sounds", 2)
sleep(1)
display lcd_display_string("Begin          ", 2)
sleep(1)
display lcd_clear()
sleep(2)

```

#This block of code is the activity and uses while loop and if statements to work

#The while loop uses the time library to run for only a certain amount of time (3 seconds)

#Inside the while loop there is an if statement which checks for an input from the pressure sensor and sets a time for it

#There is also an output signal which turns the peizo buzzer on and off

```

end_time = datetime.now() + timedelta(seconds = 3)
initialTime = datetime.now()
finalTime = 0
GPIO.output(12, GPIO.HIGH)
sleep(0.2)
GPIO.output(12, GPIO.LOW)
while datetime.now() < end_time:
    if GPIO.input(7) == GPIO.HIGH:
        finalTime = datetime.now()
        sleep(0.25)

```

#This block of code updates the information on the spreadsheet and displays the latest score, best score and average score on the lcd display

#This block also makes some calculations using the results from the previous block of code to find out the reaction time which would be the activity's score

```

sleep(1)
timeTaken = finalTime - initialTime

```

```

timeTaken = str(timeTaken)
timeTaken = timeTaken.replace(":", "0")
worksheet.update_cell(dataPosition2, 1, timeTaken)
dataPosition2 = int(dataPosition2)
dataPosition2 += 1
worksheet.update_cell(2, 3, dataPosition2)
display lcd_display_string("Reaction time: ", 1)
display lcd_display_string(str(timeTaken), 2)
sleep(3)
bestScore = worksheet.cell(2, 6).value
display lcd_display_string("Best Score:      ", 1)
display lcd_display_string(bestScore, 2)
sleep(3)
avgScore = worksheet.cell(3, 6).value
display lcd_display_string("Avg Score:      ", 1)
display lcd_display_string(avgScore, 2)
sleep(3)
display lcd_clear()

```

#Defining a function which will run the third activity when executed
 #In this third activity the user will be given instructions on the lcd display
 #In this activity there will be beeps at random times which the user will have to
 me their hits with in order to secure a point
 #This score is then stored on a google sheets file and stats are displayed onto the
 he lcd display (latest score, best score, average score)

```
def activity3():
```

#The first block of code opens the correct page of the google sheet and displays
 the instructions on the lcd display

```

display lcd_clear()
worksheet = sheet.get_worksheet(2)
dataPosition3 = worksheet.cell(2, 3).value
display lcd_display_string("Activity 3", 1)
display lcd_display_string("In this activity", 2)
sleep(1)
display lcd_display_string("try to hit the ", 2)
sleep(1)
display lcd_display_string("target whenever ", 2)
sleep(1)

```

```

display lcd_display_string("the peizo sounds", 2)
sleep(1)
display lcd_display_string("which will be at", 2)
sleep(1)
display lcd_display_string("random times for", 2)
sleep(1)
display lcd_display_string("60 seconds      ", 2)
sleep(1)
display lcd_display_string("Begin          ", 2)
sleep(1)
display lcd_clear()
sleep(2)
display lcd_display_string("Times Hit:", 1)

```

#This block of code is the activity and uses while loop and if statements to work

#The while loop uses the time library to run for only a certain amount of time (60 seconds) and there is another while loop which checks for a hit after the buzzer goes off which will only run for half a second (0.5 seconds)

#Inside the second while loop there is an if statement which checks for an input from the pressure sensor and adds a value of 1 to the counter for successful hits

#There is also an output signal which turns the peizo buzzer on and off

```

successfulHits = 0
totalChances = 0
display lcd_display_string(str(successfulHits), 2)
end_time = datetime.now() + timedelta(seconds = 60)
while datetime.now() < end_time:
    sleep(random.randrange(2, 7))
    totalChances += 1.0
    GPIO.output(12, GPIO.HIGH)
    sleep(0.2)
    GPIO.output(12, GPIO.LOW)
    finish_time = datetime.now() + timedelta(seconds = 0.5)
    while datetime.now() < finish_time:
        if GPIO.input(7) == GPIO.HIGH:
            successfulHits += 1.0
            display lcd_display_string(str(successfulHits), 2)
            sleep(0.25)

```

#This block of code updates the information on the spreadsheet and displays the latest score, best score and average score on the lcd display

#This block also makes some calculations using the results from the previous block of code to find out the success rate of the user which would be the activity's score

```
display lcd_clear()
successRate = (successfulHits/totalChances)*100
worksheet.update_cell(dataPosition3, 1, successRate)
successRate = worksheet.cell(dataPosition3, 1).value
dataPosition3 = int(dataPosition3)
dataPosition3 += 1
worksheet.update_cell(2, 3, dataPosition3)
display lcd_display_string("Final Score: ", 1)
display lcd_display_string(str(successRate) + "%", 2)
sleep(3)
bestScore = worksheet.cell(2, 6).value
display lcd_display_string("Best Score: ", 1)
display lcd_display_string(bestScore, 2)
sleep(3)
avgScore = worksheet.cell(3, 6).value
display lcd_display_string("Avg Score: ", 1)
display lcd_display_string(avgScore, 2)
sleep(3)
display lcd_clear()
```

#This block of code is what is actually being run

#The next 2 blocks use the try and except functions

#The code in the try function just simply runs

#In this case the code is just a while loop that constantly runs so it is always going to be checking for the if statements

#Each if statement is simply looking for an input from 1 of 3 buttons and if the condition is met one of the functions created above will run

```
try:
    display lcd_clear()
    while True:
        display lcd_display_string("Choose Activity ", 1)

        if GPIO.input(10) == GPIO.HIGH:
            activity1()

        if GPIO.input(8) == GPIO.HIGH:
```

```
activity2()
```

```
if GPIO.input(11) == GPIO.HIGH:  
    activity3()
```

#The except function interrupts the try function and the code in it and the code then moves on to what is in the except function

#In this case the condition required to activate the except function is KeyboardInterrupt meaning whenever there is an input of ctrl + c in the terminal the code running in the try function will be stopped and we will continue on to the code in the except function

#In this function the lcd display will simply display "turning off" signaling that the code has finished and the code will end after clearing the lcd display

```
except KeyboardInterrupt:  
    display lcd_clear()  
    display lcd_display_string("Turning Off", 1)  
    sleep(2)  
    display lcd_clear()
```